As Introduced

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

S. B. No. 287

Senator Schaffer

Cosponsors: Senators Sykes, Williams, Fedor

A BILL

То	amend sections 9.44, 124.181, 4112.02, and	1
	4117.10 of the Revised Code to permit state	2
	employees to receive longevity and vacation	3
	credit for prior military service.	2

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1 . That sections 9.44, 124.181, 4112.02, and	5
4117.10 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 9.44. (A) As used in this section, "uniformed	7
services" includes all of the following:	8
(1) The armed forces of the United States;	9
(2) The army nurse corps, navy nurse corps, red cross	10
nurse serving with the army, navy, air force, or hospital	11
service of the United States, full-time service with the	12
American red cross in a combat zone, and any other service as is	13
designated by the congress as included therein;	14
(3) The commissioned corps of the national oceanic and	15
<pre>atmospheric administration;</pre>	16
(4) The commissioned corps of the public health service;	17

(5) Personnel of the Ohio national guard and the reserve	18
components of the forces in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this	19
section who are called to active duty pursuant to an executive	20
order issued by the president of the United States or an act of	21
congress.	22
(B)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, $\frac{1}{8}$	23
purposes of computing the amount of an employee's vacation	24
<pre>leave:</pre>	25
(a) A person employed, other than as an elective officer,	26
by the state or any political subdivision of the state, earning	27
vacation credits currently, is entitled to have the employee's	28
prior service with any of these employers counted as service	29
with the state or any political subdivision of the state, for-	30
the purpose of computing the amount of the employee's vacation	31
leave .	32
(b) A person employed, other than as an elective officer,	33
by the state, earning vacation credits currently, may have up to	34
five years of the employee's prior service as a member of the	35
uniformed services counted as service with the state. A partial_	36
year of service as a member of the uniformed services of eight	37
continuous months or more shall be counted as a full year of	38
service with the state.	39
(2) An employee shall submit proof to the director of	40
administrative services of the employee's prior service under	41
division (B) (1) (b) of this section within ninety days after the	42
date of the employee's hiring to have the employee's prior_	43
service counted for purposes of computing vacation leave. If the	44
employee submits the proof to the director after that time, the	45
employee shall not receive any amount of vacation leave for the	46
period prior to the date of the director's approval of the grant	47

of credit for prior service.	48
(3) The anniversary date of employment for the purpose of	49
computing the amount of the an employee's vacation leave, unless	50
deferred pursuant to the appropriate law, ordinance, or	51
regulation, is the anniversary date of such prior service.	52
(B) (C) To determine prior service for the purpose of	53
computing the amount of vacation leave for a person initially	54
employed on or after July 5, 1987, by:	55
(1) A municipal corporation, the person shall have only	56
prior service within that municipal corporation counted;	57
(2) A township, the person shall have only prior service	58
with a township counted.	59
$\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ An employee who has retired in accordance with the	60
provisions of any retirement plan offered by the state and who	61
is employed by the state or any political subdivision of the	62
state on or after June 24, 1987, shall not have prior service	63
with the state, any political subdivision of the state, or a	64
regional council of government established in accordance with	65
Chapter 167. of the Revised Code counted for the purpose of	66
computing vacation leave.	67
Sec. 124.181. (A) Except as provided in divisions (M) and	68
(P) of this section, any employee paid in accordance with	69
schedule B of section 124.15 or schedule E-1 of section 124.152	70
of the Revised Code is eligible for the pay supplements provided	71
in this section upon application by the appointing authority	72
substantiating the employee's qualifications for the supplement	73
and with the approval of the director of administrative services	74
except as provided in division (E) of this section.	75
(B)(1) In computing any of the pay supplements provided in	76

this section for an employee paid in accordance with schedule B	77
of section 124.15 of the Revised Code, the classification salary	78
base shall be the minimum hourly rate of the pay range, provided	79
in that section, in which the employee is assigned at the time	80
of computation.	81
(2) In computing any of the pay supplements provided in	82
this section for an employee paid in accordance with schedule E-	83
1 of section 124.152 of the Revised Code, the classification	84
salary base shall be the minimum hourly rate of the pay range,	85
provided in that section, in which the employee is assigned at	86
the time of computation.	87
(C) The effective date of any pay supplement, except as	88
provided in section 124.183 of the Revised Code or unless	89
otherwise provided in this section, shall be determined by the	90
director.	91
(D) The director shall, by rule, establish standards	92
regarding the administration of this section.	93
(E) (1) Event on otherwise provided in this division	94
(E) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	95
beginning on the first day of the pay period within which the	96
employee completes five years of total service with the state	
government or any of its political subdivisions, each employee	97
in positions paid in accordance with schedule B of section	98
124.15 of the Revised Code or in accordance with schedule E-1 of	99
section 124.152 of the Revised Code shall receive an automatic	100
salary adjustment equivalent to two and one-half per cent of the	101

classification salary base, to the nearest whole cent. Each

classification salary base, to the nearest whole cent, for each

additional year of qualified employment until a maximum of ten

employee shall receive thereafter an annual adjustment

equivalent to one-half of one per cent of the employee's

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per cent of the employee's classification salary base is	107
reached. The granting of longevity adjustments shall not be	108
affected by promotion, demotion, or other changes in	109
classification held by the employee, nor by any change in pay	110
range for the employee's class or grade. Longevity pay	111
adjustments shall become effective at the beginning of the pay	112
period within which the employee completes the necessary length	113
of service, except that when an employee requests credit for	114
prior service, the effective date of the prior service credit	115
and of any longevity adjustment shall be the first day of the	116
pay period following approval of the credit by the director of	117
administrative services. No employee, other than an employee who	118
submits proof of prior service within ninety days after the date	119
of the employee's hiring, shall receive any longevity adjustment	120
for the period prior to the director's approval of a prior	121
service credit. Time spent on authorized leave of absence shall	122
be counted for this purpose.	123

- (2) An employee who has retired in accordance with the 124 provisions of any retirement system offered by the state and who 125 is employed by the state or any political subdivision of the 126 state on or after June 24, 1987, shall not have prior service 127 with the state or any political subdivision of the state counted 128 for the purpose of determining the amount of the salary 129 adjustment provided under this division.
- (3) There shall be a moratorium on employees' receipt

 under this division of credit for service with the state

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 government or any of its political subdivisions during the

 period from July 1, 2003, through June 30, 2005. In calculating

 the number of years of total service under this division, no

 135
 credit shall be included for service during the moratorium. The

 moratorium shall apply to the employees of the secretary of

state, the auditor of state, the treasurer of state, and the	138
attorney general, who are subject to this section unless the	139
secretary of state, the auditor of state, the treasurer of	140
state, or the attorney general decides to exempt the office's	141
employees from the moratorium and so notifies the director of	142
administrative services in writing on or before July 1, 2003.	143
If an employee is exempt from the moratorium, receives	144
credit for a period of service during the moratorium, and takes	145
a position with another entity in the state government or any of	146
its political subdivisions, either during or after the	147
moratorium, and if that entity's employees are or were subject	148
to the moratorium, the employee shall continue to retain the	149
credit. However, if the moratorium is in effect upon the taking	150
of the new position, the employee shall cease receiving	151
additional credit as long as the employee is in the position,	152
until the moratorium expires.	153
(4) An employee who has completed one year of service with	154
the state may have up to five years of the employee's prior	155
service as a member of the uniformed services, as defined in	156
section 9.44 of the Revised Code, counted for the purpose of	157
determining the amount of the salary adjustment provided under_	158
this division. A partial year of service as a member of the	159
uniformed services of eight continuous months or more shall be	160
counted as a full year of service with the state.	161
(F) When an exceptional condition exists that creates a	162
temporary or a permanent hazard for one or more positions in a	163
class paid in accordance with schedule B of section 124.15 of	164
the Revised Code or in accordance with schedule E-1 of section	165
124.152 of the Revised Code, a special hazard salary adjustment	166
may be granted for the time the employee is subjected to the	167

hazardous condition. All special hazard conditions shall be	168
identified for each position and incidence from information	169
submitted to the director on an appropriate form provided by the	170
director and categorized into standard conditions of: some	171
unusual hazard not common to the class; considerable unusual	172
hazard not common to the class; and exceptional hazard not	173
common to the class.	174
(1) A hazardous salary adjustment of five per cent of the	175
employee's classification salary base may be applied in the case	176
of some unusual hazardous condition not common to the class for	177
those hours worked, or a fraction of those hours worked, while	178
the employee was subject to the unusual hazard condition.	179
(2) A hazardous salary adjustment of seven and one-half	180
per cent of the employee's classification salary base may be	181
applied in the case of some considerable hazardous condition not	182
common to the class for those hours worked, or a fraction of	183
those hours worked, while the employee was subject to the	184
considerable hazard condition.	185
(3) A hazardous salary adjustment of ten per cent of the	186
employee's classification salary base may be applied in the case	187
of some exceptional hazardous condition not common to the class	188
for those hours worked, or a fraction of those hours worked,	189
when the employee was subject to the exceptional hazard	190
condition.	191
(4) Each claim for temporary hazard pay shall be submitted	192
as a separate payment and shall be subject to an administrative	193
audit by the director as to the extent and duration of the	194
employee's exposure to the hazardous condition.	195

(G) When a full-time employee whose salary or wage is paid 196

directly by warrant of the director of budget and management and	197
who also is eligible for overtime under the "Fair Labor	198
Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C.A. 207, 213, as	199
amended, is ordered by the appointing authority to report back	200
to work after termination of the employee's regular work	201
schedule and the employee reports, the employee shall be paid	202
for such time. The employee shall be entitled to four hours at	203
the employee's total rate of pay or overtime compensation for	204
the actual hours worked, whichever is greater. This division	205
does not apply to work that is a continuation of or immediately	206
preceding an employee's regular work schedule.	207

- (H) When a certain position or positions paid in 208 accordance with schedule B of section 124.15 of the Revised Code 209 or in accordance with schedule E-1 of section 124.152 of the 210 Revised Code require the ability to speak or write a language 211 other than English, a special pay supplement may be granted to 212 attract bilingual individuals, to encourage present employees to 213 become proficient in other languages, or to retain qualified 214 bilingual employees. The bilingual pay supplement provided in 215 this division may be granted in the amount of five per cent of 216 the employee's classification salary base for each required 217 foreign language and shall remain in effect as long as the 218 bilingual requirement exists. 219
- (I) The director of administrative services may establish 220 a shift differential for employees. The differential shall be 221 paid to employees in positions working in other than the regular 222 or first shift. In those divisions or agencies where only one 223 shift prevails, no shift differential shall be paid regardless 224 of the hours of the day that are worked. The director and the 225 appointing authority shall designate which positions shall be 226 covered by this division. 227

(J) An appointing authority may assign an employee to work	228
in a higher level position for a continuous period of more than	229
two weeks but no more than two years. The employee's pay shall	230
be established at a rate that is approximately four per cent	231
above the employee's current base rate for the period the	232
employee occupies the position, provided that this temporary	233
assignment is approved by the director. Employees paid under	234
this division shall continue to receive any of the pay	235
supplements due them under other divisions of this section based	236
on the step one base rate for their normal classification.	237
(K) If a certain position, or positions, within a class	238
paid in accordance with schedule B of section 124.15 of the	239
Revised Code or in accordance with schedule E-1 of section	240
124.152 of the Revised Code are mandated by state or federal law	241
or regulation or other regulatory agency or other certification	242
authority to have special technical certification, registration,	243
or licensing to perform the functions which are under the	244
mandate, a special professional achievement pay supplement may	245
be granted. This special professional achievement pay supplement	246
shall not be granted when all incumbents in all positions in a	247
class require a license as provided in the classification	248
description published by the department of administrative	249
services; to licensees where no special or extensive training is	250
required; when certification is granted upon completion of a	251
stipulated term of in-service training; when an appointing	252
authority has required certification; or any other condition	253
prescribed by the director.	254
(1) Before this supplement may be applied, evidence as to	255
the requirement must be provided by the agency for each position	256
involved, and certification must be received from the director	257

as to the director's concurrence for each of the positions so

affected.	259
(2) The professional achievement pay supplement provided	260
in this division shall be granted in an amount up to ten per	261
cent of the employee's classification salary base and shall	262
remain in effect as long as the mandate exists.	263
(L) Those employees assigned to teaching supervisory,	264
principal, assistant principal, or superintendent positions who	265
have attained a higher educational level than a basic bachelor's	266
degree may receive an educational pay supplement to remain in	267
effect as long as the employee's assignment and classification	268
remain the same.	269
(1) An educational pay supplement of two and one-half per	270
cent of the employee's classification salary base may be applied	271
upon the achievement of a bachelor's degree plus twenty quarter	272
hours of postgraduate work.	273
(2) An educational pay supplement of an additional five	274
per cent of the employee's classification salary base may be	275
applied upon achievement of a master's degree.	276
(3) An educational pay supplement of an additional two and	277
one-half per cent of the employee's classification salary base	278
may be applied upon achievement of a master's degree plus thirty	279
quarter hours of postgraduate work.	280
(4) An educational pay supplement of five per cent of the	281
employee's classification salary base may be applied when the	282
employee is performing as a master teacher.	283
(5) An educational pay supplement of five per cent of the	284
employee's classification salary base may be applied when the	285
employee is performing as a special education teacher.	286

(6) Those employees in teaching supervisory, principal,	287
assistant principal, or superintendent positions who are	288
responsible for specific extracurricular activity programs shall	289
receive overtime pay for those hours worked in excess of their	290
normal schedule, at their straight time hourly rate up to a	291
maximum of five per cent of their regular base salary in any	292
calendar year.	293
(M)(1) A state agency, board, or commission may establish	294
a supplementary compensation schedule for those licensed	295
physicians employed by the agency, board, or commission in	296
positions requiring a licensed physician. The supplementary	297
compensation schedule, together with the compensation otherwise	298
authorized by this chapter, shall provide for the total	299
compensation for these employees to range appropriately, but not	300
necessarily uniformly, for each classification title requiring a	301
licensed physician, in accordance with a schedule approved by	302
the state controlling board. The individual salary levels	303
recommended for each such physician employed shall be approved	304
by the director. Notwithstanding section 124.11 of the Revised	305
Code, such personnel are in the unclassified civil service.	306
(2) The director of administrative services may approve	307
supplementary compensation for the director of health, if the	308
director is a licensed physician, in accordance with a	309
supplementary compensation schedule approved under division (M)	310
(1) of this section or in accordance with another supplementary	311
compensation schedule the director of administrative services	312
considers appropriate. The supplementary compensation shall not	313
exceed twenty per cent of the director of health's base rate of	314
pay.	315

(N) Notwithstanding sections 117.28, 117.30, 117.33,

117.36, 117.42, and 131.02 of the Revised Code, the state shall	317
not institute any civil action to recover and shall not seek	318
reimbursement for overpayments made in violation of division (E)	319
of this section or division $\frac{(C)}{(D)}$ of section 9.44 of the	320
Revised Code for the period starting after June 24, 1987, and	321
ending on October 31, 1993.	322
(O) Employees of the office of the treasurer of state who	323
are exempt from collective bargaining coverage may be granted a	324
merit pay supplement of up to one and one-half per cent of their	325
step rate. The rate at which this supplement is granted shall be	326
based on performance standards established by the treasurer of	327
state. Any supplements granted under this division shall be	328
administered on an annual basis.	329
(P) Intermittent employees appointed under section 124.30	330
of the Revised Code are not eligible for the pay supplements	331
provided by this section.	332
Sec. 4112.02. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory	333
practice:	334
(A) For any employer, because of the race, color,	335
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability,	336
age, or ancestry of any person, to discharge without just cause,	337
to refuse to hire, or otherwise to discriminate against that	338
person with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or	339
privileges of employment, or any matter directly or indirectly	340
related to employment.	341
(B) For an employment agency or personnel placement	342
service, because of race, color, religion, sex, military status,	343
national origin, disability, age, or ancestry, to do any of the	344
following:	345

(1) Refuse or fail to accept, register, classify properly,	346
or refer for employment, or otherwise discriminate against any	347
person;	348
(2) Comply with a request from an employer for referral of	349
applicants for employment if the request directly or indirectly	350
indicates that the employer fails to comply with the provisions	351
of sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.	352
(C) For any labor organization to do any of the following:	353
(1) Limit or classify its membership on the basis of race,	354
color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,	355
disability, age, or ancestry;	356
(2) Discriminate against, limit the employment	357
opportunities of, or otherwise adversely affect the employment	358
status, wages, hours, or employment conditions of any person as	359
an employee because of race, color, religion, sex, military	360
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry.	361
(D) For any employer, labor organization, or joint labor-	362
management committee controlling apprentice training programs to	363
discriminate against any person because of race, color,	364
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, or	365
ancestry in admission to, or employment in, any program	366
established to provide apprentice training.	367
(E) Except where based on a bona fide occupational	368
qualification certified in advance by the commission, for any	369
employer, employment agency, personnel placement service, or	370
labor organization, prior to employment or admission to	371
membership, to do any of the following:	372
(1) Elicit or attempt to elicit any information concerning	373
the race, color, religion, sex, military status, national	374

origin, disability, age, or ancestry of an applicant for	375
employment or membership;	376
(2) Make or keep a record of the race, color, religion,	377
sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or	378
ancestry of any applicant for employment or membership;	379
(3) Use any form of application for employment, or	380
personnel or membership blank, seeking to elicit information	381
regarding race, color, religion, sex, military status, national	382
origin, disability, age, or ancestry; but an employer holding a	383
contract containing a nondiscrimination clause with the	384
government of the United States, or any department or agency of	385
that government, may require an employee or applicant for	386
employment to furnish documentary proof of United States	387
citizenship and may retain that proof in the employer's	388
personnel records and may use photographic or fingerprint	389
identification for security purposes;	390
(4) Print or publish or cause to be printed or published	391
any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership	392
indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or	393
discrimination, based upon race, color, religion, sex, military	394
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry;	395
(5) Announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting,	396
through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership	397
opportunities of any group because of the race, color, religion,	398
sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or	399
ancestry of that group;	400
(6) Utilize in the recruitment or hiring of persons any	401
employment agency, personnel placement service, training school	402
or center, labor organization, or any other employee-referring	403

source known to discriminate against persons because of their	404
race, color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,	405
disability, age, or ancestry.	406
(F) For any person seeking employment to publish or cause	407
to be published any advertisement that specifies or in any	408
manner indicates that person's race, color, religion, sex,	409
military status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry,	410
or expresses a limitation or preference as to the race, color,	411
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability,	412
age, or ancestry of any prospective employer.	413
(G) For any proprietor or any employee, keeper, or manager	414
of a place of public accommodation to deny to any person, except	415
for reasons applicable alike to all persons regardless of race,	416
color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,	417
disability, age, or ancestry, the full enjoyment of the	418
accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of the	419
place of public accommodation.	420
(H) Subject to section 4112.024 of the Revised Code, for	421
any person to do any of the following:	422
(1) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease,	423
sublease, or finance housing accommodations, refuse to negotiate	424
for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, or otherwise	425
deny or make unavailable housing accommodations because of race,	426
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status,	427
ancestry, disability, or national origin;	428
(2) Represent to any person that housing accommodations	429
are not available for inspection, sale, or rental, when in fact	430
they are available, because of race, color, religion, sex,	431
military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or	432

national origin;	433
(3) Discriminate against any person in the making or	434
purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial	435
assistance for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation,	436
repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations, or any person	437
in the making or purchasing of loans or the provision of other	438
financial assistance that is secured by residential real estate,	439
because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial	440
status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of	441
the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing	442
accommodations are located, provided that the person, whether an	443
individual, corporation, or association of any type, lends money	444
as one of the principal aspects or incident to the person's	445
principal business and not only as a part of the purchase price	446
of an owner-occupied residence the person is selling nor merely	447
casually or occasionally to a relative or friend;	448
(4) Discriminate against any person in the terms or	449
conditions of selling, transferring, assigning, renting,	450
leasing, or subleasing any housing accommodations or in	451
furnishing facilities, services, or privileges in connection	452
with the ownership, occupancy, or use of any housing	453
accommodations, including the sale of fire, extended coverage,	454
or homeowners insurance, because of race, color, religion, sex,	455
military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or	456
national origin or because of the racial composition of the	457
neighborhood in which the housing accommodations are located;	458
(5) Discriminate against any person in the terms or	459
conditions of any loan of money, whether or not secured by	460
mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction,	461
rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations	462

because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial	463
status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of	464
the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing	465
accommodations are located;	466
(6) Refuse to consider without prejudice the combined	467
income of both husband and wife for the purpose of extending	468
mortgage credit to a married couple or either member of a	469
married couple;	470
(7) Print, publish, or circulate any statement or	471
advertisement, or make or cause to be made any statement or	472
advertisement, relating to the sale, transfer, assignment,	473
rental, lease, sublease, or acquisition of any housing	474
accommodations, or relating to the loan of money, whether or not	475
secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition,	476
construction, rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing	477
accommodations, that indicates any preference, limitation,	478
specification, or discrimination based upon race, color,	479
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	480
disability, or national origin, or an intention to make any such	481
preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination;	482
(8) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(8) or	483
(17) of this section, make any inquiry, elicit any information,	484
make or keep any record, or use any form of application	485
containing questions or entries concerning race, color,	486
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	487
disability, or national origin in connection with the sale or	488
lease of any housing accommodations or the loan of any money,	489
whether or not secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the	490
acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair, or	491
maintenance of housing accommodations. Any person may make	492

inquiries, and make and keep records, concerning race, color,	493
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	494
disability, or national origin for the purpose of monitoring	495
compliance with this chapter.	496
(9) Include in any transfer, rental, or lease of housing	497
accommodations any restrictive covenant, or honor or exercise,	498
or attempt to honor or exercise, any restrictive covenant;	499
(10) Induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a	500
housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction by	501
representing that a change has occurred or may occur with	502
respect to the racial, religious, sexual, military status,	503
familial status, or ethnic composition of the block,	504
neighborhood, or other area in which the housing accommodations	505
are located, or induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or	506
solicit, a housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction	507
by representing that the presence or anticipated presence of	508
persons of any race, color, religion, sex, military status,	509
familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin, in	510
the block, neighborhood, or other area will or may have results	511
including, but not limited to, the following:	512
(a) The lowering of property values;	513
(b) A change in the racial, religious, sexual, military	514
status, familial status, or ethnic composition of the block,	515
neighborhood, or other area;	516
(c) An increase in criminal or antisocial behavior in the	517
block, neighborhood, or other area;	518
(d) A decline in the quality of the schools serving the	519
block, neighborhood, or other area.	520
(11) Deny any person access to or membership or	521

participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate	522
brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or	523
facility relating to the business of selling or renting housing	524
accommodations, or discriminate against any person in the terms	525
or conditions of that access, membership, or participation, on	526
account of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial	527
status, national origin, disability, or ancestry;	528
(12) Coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any	529
person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of that	530
person's having exercised or enjoyed or having aided or	531
encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any	532
right granted or protected by division (H) of this section;	533
(13) Discourage or attempt to discourage the purchase by a	534
prospective purchaser of housing accommodations, by representing	535
that any block, neighborhood, or other area has undergone or	536
might undergo a change with respect to its religious, racial,	537
sexual, military status, familial status, or ethnic composition;	538
(14) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease,	539
sublease, or finance, or otherwise deny or withhold, a burial	540
lot from any person because of the race, color, sex, military	541
status, familial status, age, ancestry, disability, or national	542
origin of any prospective owner or user of the lot;	543
(15) Discriminate in the sale or rental of, or otherwise	544
make unavailable or deny, housing accommodations to any buyer or	545
renter because of a disability of any of the following:	546
(a) The buyer or renter;	547
(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the	548
housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made	549
available;	550

(c) Any individual associated with the person described in	551
division (H)(15)(b) of this section.	552
(16) Discriminate in the terms, conditions, or privileges	553
of the sale or rental of housing accommodations to any person or	554
in the provision of services or facilities to any person in	555
connection with the housing accommodations because of a	556
disability of any of the following:	557
(a) That person;	558
(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the	559
housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made	560
available;	561
(c) Any individual associated with the person described in	562
division (H)(16)(b) of this section.	563
(17) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(17) of	564
this section, make an inquiry to determine whether an applicant	565
for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, a person	566
residing in or intending to reside in the housing accommodations	567
after they are sold, rented, or made available, or any	568
individual associated with that person has a disability, or make	569
an inquiry to determine the nature or severity of a disability	570
of the applicant or such a person or individual. The following	571
inquiries may be made of all applicants for the sale or rental	572
of housing accommodations, regardless of whether they have	573
disabilities:	574
(a) An inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet the	575
requirements of ownership or tenancy;	576
(b) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is	577
qualified for housing accommodations available only to persons	578
with disabilities or persons with a particular type of	579

disability;	580
(c) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is	581
qualified for a priority available to persons with disabilities	582
or persons with a particular type of disability;	583
(d) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant currently	584
uses a controlled substance in violation of section 2925.11 of	585
the Revised Code or a substantively comparable municipal	586
ordinance;	587
(e) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant at any	588
time has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense, an	589
element of which is the illegal sale, offer to sell,	590
cultivation, manufacture, other production, shipment,	591
transportation, delivery, or other distribution of a controlled	592
substance.	593
(18)(a) Refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with	594
a disability, reasonable modifications of existing housing	595
a disability, reasonable modifications of existing nousing	333
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person	596
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person	596
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to	596 597
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the	596 597 598
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a	596 597 598 599
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be	596 597 598 599 600
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a	596 597 598 599 600 601
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a proposed modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or	596 597 598 599 600 601 602
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a proposed modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or more of the following:	596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a proposed modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or more of the following: (i) Providing a reasonable description of the proposed	596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a proposed modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or more of the following: (i) Providing a reasonable description of the proposed modification and reasonable assurances that the proposed	596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603

(ii) Agreeing to restore at the end of the tenancy the	609
interior of the housing accommodations to the condition they	610
were in prior to the proposed modification, but subject to	611
reasonable wear and tear during the period of occupancy, if it	612
is reasonable for the landlord to condition permission for the	613
proposed modification upon the agreement;	614
(iii) Paying into an interest-bearing escrow account that	615
is in the landlord's name, over a reasonable period of time, a	616
reasonable amount of money not to exceed the projected costs at	617
the end of the tenancy of the restoration of the interior of the	618
housing accommodations to the condition they were in prior to	619
the proposed modification, but subject to reasonable wear and	620
tear during the period of occupancy, if the landlord finds the	621
account reasonably necessary to ensure the availability of funds	622
for the restoration work. The interest earned in connection with	623
an escrow account described in this division shall accrue to the	624
benefit of the disabled tenant who makes payments into the	625
account.	626
(b) A landlord shall not condition permission for a	627
proposed modification upon a disabled tenant's payment of a	628
security deposit that exceeds the customarily required security	629
deposit of all tenants of the particular housing accommodations.	630
(19) Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules,	631
policies, practices, or services when necessary to afford a	632
person with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a	633
dwelling unit, including associated public and common use areas;	634
(20) Fail to comply with the standards and rules adopted	635
under division (A) of section 3781.111 of the Revised Code;	636
(21) Discriminate against any person in the selling,	637

brokering, or appraising of real property because of race,	638
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status,	639
ancestry, disability, or national origin;	640
(22) Fail to design and construct covered multifamily	641
dwellings for first occupancy on or after June 30, 1992, in	642
accordance with the following conditions:	643
(a) The dwellings shall have at least one building	644
entrance on an accessible route, unless it is impractical to do	645
so because of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the	646
site.	647
(b) With respect to dwellings that have a building	648
entrance on an accessible route, all of the following apply:	649
(i) The public use areas and common use areas of the	650
dwellings shall be readily accessible to and usable by persons	651
with a disability.	652
(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and	653
within all premises shall be sufficiently wide to allow passage	654
by persons with a disability who are in wheelchairs.	655
(iii) All premises within covered multifamily dwelling	656
units shall contain an accessible route into and through the	657
dwelling; all light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats,	658
and other environmental controls within such units shall be in	659
accessible locations; the bathroom walls within such units shall	660
contain reinforcements to allow later installation of grab bars;	661
and the kitchens and bathrooms within such units shall be	662
designed and constructed in a manner that enables an individual	663
in a wheelchair to maneuver about such rooms.	664
For purposes of division (H)(22) of this section, "covered	665
multifamily dwellings" means buildings consisting of four or	666

more units if such buildings have one or more elevators and	667
ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more	668
units.	669
(I) For any person to discriminate in any manner against	670
any other person because that person has opposed any unlawful	671
discriminatory practice defined in this section or because that	672
person has made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated	673
in any manner in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing under	674
sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.	675
(J) For any person to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce	676
the doing of any act declared by this section to be an unlawful	677
discriminatory practice, to obstruct or prevent any person from	678
complying with this chapter or any order issued under it, or to	679
attempt directly or indirectly to commit any act declared by	680
this section to be an unlawful discriminatory practice.	681
(K) Nothing in divisions (A) to (E) of this section shall	682
be construed to require a person with a disability to be	683
employed or trained under circumstances that would significantly	684
increase the occupational hazards affecting either the person	685
with a disability, other employees, the general public, or the	686
facilities in which the work is to be performed, or to require	687
the employment or training of a person with a disability in a	688
job that requires the person with a disability routinely to	689
undertake any task, the performance of which is substantially	690
and inherently impaired by the person's disability.	691
(L) An aggrieved individual may enforce the individual's	692
rights relative to discrimination on the basis of age as	693
provided for in this section by instituting a civil action,	694
within one hundred eighty days after the alleged unlawful	695

discriminatory practice occurred, in any court with jurisdiction

for any legal or equitable relief that will effectuate the	697
individual's rights.	698
A person who files a civil action under this division is	699
barred, with respect to the practices complained of, from	700
instituting a civil action under section 4112.14 of the Revised	701
Code and from filing a charge with the commission under section	702
4112.05 of the Revised Code.	703
(M) With regard to age, it shall not be an unlawful	704
discriminatory practice and it shall not constitute a violation	705
of division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code for any	706
employer, employment agency, joint labor-management committee	707
controlling apprenticeship training programs, or labor	708
organization to do any of the following:	709
(1) Establish bona fide employment qualifications	710
reasonably related to the particular business or occupation that	711
may include standards for skill, aptitude, physical capability,	712
intelligence, education, maturation, and experience;	713
(2) Observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or	714
any bona fide employee benefit plan, including, but not limited	715
to, a retirement, pension, or insurance plan, that is not a	716
subterfuge to evade the purposes of this section. However, no	717
such employee benefit plan shall excuse the failure to hire any	718
individual, and no such seniority system or employee benefit	719
plan shall require or permit the involuntary retirement of any	720
individual, because of the individual's age except as provided	721
for in the "Age Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of	722
1978," 92 Stat. 189, 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended by the "Age	723
Discrimination in Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat.	724

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3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended.

(3) Retire an employee who has attained sixty-five years	726
of age who, for the two-year period immediately before	727
retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or a high	728
policymaking position, if the employee is entitled to an	729
immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit from a	730
pension, profit-sharing, savings, or deferred compensation plan,	731
or any combination of those plans, of the employer of the	732
employee, which equals, in the aggregate, at least forty-four	733
thousand dollars, in accordance with the conditions of the "Age	734
Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 1978," 92 Stat.	735
189, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended by the "Age Discrimination in	736
Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 3342, 29 U.S.C.A.	737
631, as amended;	738
(4) Observe the terms of any bona fide apprenticeship	739
program if the program is registered with the Ohio	740
apprenticeship council pursuant to sections 4139.01 to 4139.06	741
of the Revised Code and is approved by the federal committee on	742
apprenticeship of the United States department of labor.	743
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(N) Nothing in this chapter prohibiting age discrimination	744
and nothing in division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised	745
Code shall be construed to prohibit the following:	746
(1) The designation of uniform age the attainment of which	747
is necessary for public employees to receive pension or other	748
retirement benefits pursuant to Chapter 145., 742., 3307.,	749
3309., or 5505. of the Revised Code;	750
(2) The mandatory retirement of uniformed patrol officers	751
of the state highway patrol as provided in section 5505.16 of	752
the Revised Code;	753

(3) The maximum age requirements for appointment as a

patrol officer in the state highway patrol established by	755
section 5503.01 of the Revised Code;	756
(4) The maximum age requirements established for original	757
appointment to a police department or fire department in	758
sections 124.41 and 124.42 of the Revised Code;	759
(5) Any maximum age not in conflict with federal law that	760
may be established by a municipal charter, municipal ordinance,	761
or resolution of a board of township trustees for original	762
appointment as a police officer or firefighter;	763
(6) Any mandatory retirement provision not in conflict	764
with federal law of a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or	765
resolution of a board of township trustees pertaining to police	766
officers and firefighters;	767
(7) Until January 1, 1994, the mandatory retirement of any	768
employee who has attained seventy years of age and who is	769
serving under a contract of unlimited tenure, or similar	770
arrangement providing for unlimited tenure, at an institution of	771
higher education as defined in the "Education Amendments of	772
1980," 94 Stat. 1503, 20 U.S.C.A. 1141(a).	773
(0)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (0)(1)(b) of this	774
section, for purposes of divisions (A) to (E) of this section, a	775
disability does not include any physiological disorder or	776
condition, mental or psychological disorder, or disease or	777
condition caused by an illegal use of any controlled substance	778
by an employee, applicant, or other person, if an employer,	779
employment agency, personnel placement service, labor	780
organization, or joint labor-management committee acts on the	781
basis of that illegal use.	782
(b) Division $(0)(1)(3)$ of this section does not apply to	7.9.3

an employee, applicant, or other person who satisfies any of the	784
following:	785
(i) The employee, applicant, or other person has	786
successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program	787
and no longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled	788
substance, or the employee, applicant, or other person otherwise	789
successfully has been rehabilitated and no longer is engaging in	790
that illegal use.	791
(ii) The employee, applicant, or other person is	792
participating in a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no	793
longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled	794
substance.	795
(iii) The employee, applicant, or other person is	796
erroneously regarded as engaging in the illegal use of any	797
controlled substance, but the employee, applicant, or other	798
person is not engaging in that illegal use.	799
(2) Divisions (A) to (E) of this section do not prohibit	800
an employer, employment agency, personnel placement service,	801
labor organization, or joint labor-management committee from	802
doing any of the following:	803
(a) Adopting or administering reasonable policies or	804
procedures, including, but not limited to, testing for the	805
illegal use of any controlled substance, that are designed to	806
ensure that an individual described in division (0)(1)(b)(i) or	807
(ii) of this section no longer is engaging in the illegal use of	808
any controlled substance;	809
(b) Prohibiting the illegal use of controlled substances	810
and the use of alcohol at the workplace by all employees;	811
(c) Requiring that employees not be under the influence of	812

alcohol or not be engaged in the illegal use of any controlled	813
substance at the workplace;	814
(d) Requiring that employees behave in conformance with	815
the requirements established under "The Drug-Free Workplace Act	816
of 1988," 102 Stat. 4304, 41 U.S.C.A. 701, as amended;	817
(e) Holding an employee who engages in the illegal use of	818
any controlled substance or who is an alcoholic to the same	819
qualification standards for employment or job performance, and	820
the same behavior, to which the employer, employment agency,	821
personnel placement service, labor organization, or joint labor-	822
management committee holds other employees, even if any	823
unsatisfactory performance or behavior is related to an	824
employee's illegal use of a controlled substance or alcoholism;	825
(f) Exercising other authority recognized in the	826
"Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990," 104 Stat. 327, 42	827
U.S.C.A. 12101, as amended, including, but not limited to,	828
requiring employees to comply with any applicable federal	829
standards.	830
(3) For purposes of this chapter, a test to determine the	831
illegal use of any controlled substance does not include a	832
medical examination.	833
(4) Division (0) of this section does not encourage,	834
prohibit, or authorize, and shall not be construed as	835
encouraging, prohibiting, or authorizing, the conduct of testing	836
for the illegal use of any controlled substance by employees,	837
applicants, or other persons, or the making of employment	838
decisions based on the results of that type of testing.	839
(P) This section does not apply to a religious	840
corporation, association, educational institution, or society	841

with respect to the employment of an individual of a particular	842
religion to perform work connected with the carrying on by that	843
religious corporation, association, educational institution, or	844
society of its activities.	845
(Q) The unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this	846
section do not make it unlawful for a person or an appointing	847
authority administering an examination under section 124.23 of	848
the Revised Code to obtain information about an applicant's or	849
employee's military status for the purpose of determining either	850
of the following purposes:	851
(1) To determine if the an applicant is eligible for the	852
additional credit that is available under section 124.23 of the	853
Revised Code when administering an examination under that	854
section;	855
(2) To determine if an employee is eligible to have the	856
employee's prior service as a member of the uniformed services	857
counted as service with the state to compute vacation leave	858
under section 9.44 of the Revised Code or determine the salary	859
adjustment under section 124.181 of the Revised Code.	860
Sec. 4117.10. (A) An agreement between a public employer	861
and an exclusive representative entered into pursuant to this	862
chapter governs the wages, hours, and terms and conditions of	863
public employment covered by the agreement. If the agreement	864
provides for a final and binding arbitration of grievances,	865
public employers, employees, and employee organizations are	866
subject solely to that grievance procedure and the state	867
personnel board of review or civil service commissions have no	868
jurisdiction to receive and determine any appeals relating to	869
matters that were the subject of a final and binding grievance	870
procedure. Where no agreement exists or where an agreement makes	871

no specification about a matter, the public employer and public	872
employees are subject to all applicable state or local laws or	873
ordinances pertaining to the wages, hours, and terms and	874
conditions of employment for public employees. All of the	875
following prevail over conflicting provisions of agreements	876
between employee organizations and public employers:	877
(1) Laws pertaining to any of the following subjects:	878
(a) Civil rights;	879
(b) Affirmative action;	880
(c) Unemployment compensation;	881
(d) Workers' compensation;	882
(e) The retirement of public employees;	883
(f) Residency requirements;	884
(g) The minimum educational requirements contained in the	885
Revised Code pertaining to public education including the	886
requirement of a certificate by the fiscal officer of a school	887
district pursuant to section 5705.41 of the Revised Code;	888
(h) The provisions of division (A) of section 124.34 of	889
the Revised Code governing the disciplining of officers and	890
employees who have been convicted of a felony;	891
(i) The minimum standards promulgated by the state board	892
of education pursuant to division (D) of section 3301.07 of the	893
Revised Code.	894
(2) The law pertaining to the leave of absence and	895
compensation provided under section 5923.05 of the Revised Code,	896
if the terms of the agreement contain benefits which are less	897
than those contained in that section or the agreement contains	898

no such terms and the public authority is the state or any	899
agency, authority, commission, or board of the state or if the	900
public authority is another entity listed in division (B) of	901
section 4117.01 of the Revised Code that elects to provide leave	902
of absence and compensation as provided in section 5923.05 of	903
the Revised Code;	904
(3) The law pertaining to the leave established under	905
section 5906.02 of the Revised Code, if the terms of the	906
agreement contain benefits that are less than those contained in	907
section 5906.02 of the Revised Code;	908
(4) The law pertaining to excess benefits prohibited under	909
section 3345.311 of the Revised Code with respect to an	910
agreement between an employee organization and a public employer	911
entered into on or after the effective date of this amendment	912
<u>September 29, 2015;</u>	913
(5) The law pertaining to computing vacation leave for a	914
state employee for prior service as a member of the uniformed	915
services under section 9.44 of the Revised Code, if the terms of	916
the agreement contain benefits that are less than those	917
contained in section 9.44 of the Revised Code;	918
(6) The law pertaining to the salary adjustment for a	919
state employee for prior service as a member of the uniformed	920
services under section 124.181 of the Revised Code, if the terms	921
of the agreement contain benefits that are less than those	922
contained in section 124.181 of the Revised Code.	923
Except for sections 306.08, 306.12, 306.35, and 4981.22 of	924
the Revised Code and arrangements entered into thereunder, and	925
section 4981.21 of the Revised Code as necessary to comply with	926
section 13(c) of the "Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964," 87	927

Stat. 295, 49 U.S.C.A. 1609(c), as amended, and arrangements	928
entered into thereunder, this chapter prevails over any and all	929
other conflicting laws, resolutions, provisions, present or	930
future, except as otherwise specified in this chapter or as	931
otherwise specified by the general assembly. Nothing in this	932
section prohibits or shall be construed to invalidate the	933
provisions of an agreement establishing supplemental workers'	934
compensation or unemployment compensation benefits or exceeding	935
minimum requirements contained in the Revised Code pertaining to	936
public education or the minimum standards promulgated by the	937
state board of education pursuant to division (D) of section	938
3301.07 of the Revised Code.	939

(B) The public employer shall submit a request for funds 940 necessary to implement an agreement and for approval of any 941 other matter requiring the approval of the appropriate 942 legislative body to the legislative body within fourteen days of 943 the date on which the parties finalize the agreement, unless 944 otherwise specified, but if the appropriate legislative body is 945 not in session at the time, then within fourteen days after it 946 convenes. The legislative body must approve or reject the 947 submission as a whole, and the submission is deemed approved if 948 the legislative body fails to act within thirty days after the 949 public employer submits the agreement. The parties may specify 950 that those provisions of the agreement not requiring action by a 951 legislative body are effective and operative in accordance with 952 the terms of the agreement, provided there has been compliance 953 with division (C) of this section. If the legislative body 954 rejects the submission of the public employer, either party may 955 reopen all or part of the entire agreement. 956

As used in this section, "legislative body" includes the 957 governing board of a municipal corporation, school district, 958

college or university, village, township, or board of county

commissioners or any other body that has authority to approve

the budget of their public jurisdiction and, with regard to the

state, "legislative body" means the controlling board.

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- (C) The chief executive officer, or the chief executive 963 officer's representative, of each municipal corporation, the 964 designated representative of the board of education of each 965 school district, college or university, or any other body that 966 967 has authority to approve the budget of their public 968 jurisdiction, the designated representative of the board of county commissioners and of each elected officeholder of the 969 county whose employees are covered by the collective 970 971 negotiations, and the designated representative of the village or the board of township trustees of each township is 972 responsible for negotiations in the collective bargaining 973 process; except that the legislative body may accept or reject a 974 proposed collective bargaining agreement. When the matters about 975 which there is agreement are reduced to writing and approved by 976 the employee organization and the legislative body, the 977 agreement is binding upon the legislative body, the employer, 978 979 and the employee organization and employees covered by the agreement. 980
- (D) There is hereby established an office of collective 981 bargaining in the department of administrative services for the 982 purpose of negotiating with and entering into written agreements 983 between state agencies, departments, boards, and commissions and 984 the exclusive representative on matters of wages, hours, terms 985 and other conditions of employment and the continuation, 986 modification, or deletion of an existing provision of a 987 collective bargaining agreement. Nothing in any provision of law 988 to the contrary shall be interpreted as excluding the bureau of 989

workers' compensation and the industrial commission from the	990
preceding sentence. This office shall not negotiate on behalf of	991
other statewide elected officials or boards of trustees of state	992
institutions of higher education who shall be considered as	993
separate public employers for the purposes of this chapter;	994
however, the office may negotiate on behalf of these officials	995
or trustees where authorized by the officials or trustees. The	996
staff of the office of collective bargaining are in the	997
unclassified service. The director of administrative services	998
shall fix the compensation of the staff.	999
The office of collective bargaining shall:	1000
(1) Assist the director in formulating management's	1001
philosophy for public collective bargaining as well as planning	1002
bargaining strategies;	1003
(2) Conduct negotiations with the exclusive	1004
representatives of each employee organization;	1005
(3) Coordinate the state's resources in all mediation,	1006
fact-finding, and arbitration cases as well as in all labor	1007
disputes;	1008
(4) Conduct systematic reviews of collective bargaining	1009
agreements for the purpose of contract negotiations;	1010
(5) Coordinate the systematic compilation of data by all	1011
agencies that is required for negotiating purposes;	1012
(6) Prepare and submit an annual report and other reports	1013
as requested to the governor and the general assembly on the	1014
implementation of this chapter and its impact upon state	1015
government.	1016
Section 2. That existing sections 9.44, 124.181, 4112.02,	1017

and 4117.10 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1018
Section 3. An individual who is employed in the service of	1019
the state, as defined in section 124.01 of the Revised Code, on	1020
the effective date of this section may have the individual's	1021
prior service as a member of the uniformed services counted as	1022
service with the state for purposes of sections 9.44 and 124.181	1023
of the Revised Code, as amended by this act. To have the service	1024
counted as service with the state, an individual shall submit	1025
proof of the individual's prior military service to the Director	1026
of Administrative Services not later than ninety days after the	1027
effective date of this section.	1028