- 1 SB166
- 2 204481-2
- 3 By Senator Shelnutt
- 4 RFD: Banking and Insurance
- 5 First Read: 11-FEB-20

204481-2:n:02/11/2020:PMG/cr LSA2020-406R1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 This bill would allow a financial 8 SYNOPSIS: institution to refuse or delay a financial 9 10 transaction on an account of an elderly or 11 vulnerable adult, on an account on which an elderly 12 or vulnerable adult is a beneficiary, or on an 13 account of a person suspected of perpetrating 14 financial exploitation when a financial institution 15 has reasonable cause to suspect that financial 16 exploitation may have occurred, may have been 17 attempted, or is being attempted. This bill would also allow a financial 18 19 institution to offer to an elderly or vulnerable 20 adult the opportunity to submit and periodically 21 update a list of persons that may be contacted when 22 the financial institution has reasonable cause to 23 suspect that financial exploitation may have 24 occurred, may have been attempted, or is being 25 attempted. 26 27 A BILL

1	TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT
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4	Relating to the protection of elderly and vulnerable
5	adults; to allow a financial institution to refuse or delay a
6	financial transaction when the financial institution has
7	reasonable cause to suspect that financial exploitation may
8	have occurred, may have been attempted, or is being attempted;
9	to allow a financial institution to offer to an elderly or
10	vulnerable adult the opportunity to submit and periodically
11	update a list of persons that may be contacted when the
12	financial institution has reasonable cause to suspect that
13	financial exploitation may have occurred or been attempted;
14	and to provide immunity to a financial institution or an
15	officer or employee of a financial institution for certain
16	actions taken.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Elderly and Vulnerable Adult Financial Protection Act of 2020.

21 Section 2. The Legislature finds that instances of 22 financial exploitation are on the rise in Alabama and 23 elsewhere, particularly among elderly and vulnerable adults. 24 The Legislature recognizes that while financial institutions 25 are uniquely positioned to potentially uncover instances of 26 financial exploitation, they are also subject to duties 27 imposed by contract and law to conduct financial transactions

in accordance with their customers' instructions. While all instances of financial exploitation cannot be exposed, delayed, or thwarted, it is the intent of the Legislature that this act furnish financial institutions with additional tools to protect elderly and vulnerable adults from financial exploitation.

Section 3. As used in this act, unless the context
requires otherwise, the following terms have the following
meanings:

10 (1) ACCOUNT. Funds or assets held by a financial service provider, including, but not limited to, a deposit 11 account, checking account, money market account, savings 12 13 account, share account, certificate of deposit, trust account, 14 individual retirement account or other type of retirement account, guardianship or conservatorship account, investment 15 or securities account, loan, credit card, or any extension of 16 credit, including a home equity line of credit. 17

18 (2) ELDERLY ADULT. An individual 65 years of age or19 older.

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(3) FINANCIAL EXPLOITATION. Any of the following:

a. The wrongful or unauthorized taking, withholding,
appropriation, or use of money, assets, or property of an
elderly or vulnerable adult, including incurring debt in the
name of an elderly or vulnerable adult for the benefit of a
third party.

26 b. Any act or omission taken by a person, including
27 through the use of a power of attorney, guardianship, or

1 conservatorship of an elderly or vulnerable adult, to either
2 of the following:

Obtain control through deception, intimidation,
 or undue influence over the elderly or vulnerable adult's
 money, assets, or property to deprive the elderly or
 vulnerable adult of the ownership, use, benefit, or possession
 of his or her money, assets, or property.

8 2. Convert money, assets, or property of the elderly 9 or vulnerable adult to deprive the elderly or vulnerable adult 10 of the ownership, use, benefit, or possession of his or her 11 money, assets, or property.

12 (4) FINANCIAL SERVICE PROVIDER. Any entity, 13 including its employees and officers, regulated by the Alabama Credit Union Administration or the State Banking Department, 14 15 or similar federal regulatory agency, engaged in or transacting business in this state, including, but not limited 16 17 to, a state or national bank or trust company; a state or 18 federal savings and loan association; a state or federal credit union; an industrial loan and thrift company; a 19 20 mortgage loan lender, broker, originator, or servicer; a title 21 pledge lender; a deferred presentment services provider; a pawnbroker; or a small loan lender. 22

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(5) FINANCIAL TRANSACTION. Any of the following:

a. A transfer or request to transfer or disbursefunds or assets in an account.

- b. A request to initiate a wire transfer, initiate
   an automated clearing house transfer, or issue a money order,
   cashier's check, or official check.
- c. A request to negotiate a check or other
  negotiable instrument.

d. A request to change the ownership of an account.
e. A request for a loan, extension of credit, or
draw on a line of credit.

9 f. A request to transfer the title to any real 10 property or the title of any motor vehicle or mobile home, or 11 to encumber such real property, motor vehicle, or mobile home.

12 (6) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. Any municipal, county,
13 state, or federal agency the personnel of which have the power
14 to arrest and to perform law enforcement functions, including
15 prosecutorial entities.

(7) VULNERABLE ADULT. An individual 18 years of age
or older who, because of mental or physical impairment, is
unable to fully manage the his or her own resources, carry out
all or a portion of the activities of daily living, or is
unable to fully protect against neglect, exploitation, or
hazardous or abusive situations without assistance from
others.

23 Section 4. (a)(1) If a financial service provider 24 has reasonable cause to suspect that financial exploitation 25 may have occurred, may have been attempted, or is being 26 attempted, the financial service provider may, but is not 27 required to, refuse or delay the execution of a financial transaction on an account of an elderly or vulnerable adult;
on an account on which the elderly or vulnerable adult is a
beneficiary, including a trust, guardianship, or
conservatorship account; or on an account of a person
suspected of perpetrating the financial exploitation.

6 (2) A financial service provider may also refuse or 7 delay the execution of a financial transaction under this 8 section if the Department of Human Resources or a law 9 enforcement agency provides information to the financial 10 service provider demonstrating that it is reasonable to 11 believe that financial exploitation may have occurred, may 12 have been attempted, or is being attempted.

(b) Except as ordered by a court, a financial service provider is not required to refuse or delay the execution of a financial transaction under this section and may use its discretion to determine whether to refuse or delay the execution of a financial transaction based on the information available to the financial service provider.

(c) A financial service provider that refuses to execute a financial transaction or places a hold on a financial transaction based on reasonable cause to suspect that financial exploitation may have occurred, may have been attempted, or is being attempted shall do both of the following:

(1) Except with regard to an account administered by
a bank or trust company in a fiduciary capacity, make a

1 reasonable effort to notify one or more parties authorized to 2 transact business on the account orally or in writing.

3 (2) If the incident involves financial exploitation,
4 report the incident to the Department of Human Resources and
5 the appropriate law enforcement agency.

6 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c), notice to any 7 party authorized to conduct business on the account is not 8 required if the party is the suspected perpetrator of 9 financial exploitation.

10 (e) A refusal by a financial service provider to execute a financial transaction or place a hold on a financial 11 12 transaction as authorized by this section, based on the 13 financial service provider's reasonable cause to suspect that 14 financial exploitation may have occurred, may have been 15 attempted, or is being attempted, expires when the financial service provider reasonably believes that the financial 16 transaction will not result in financial exploitation unless 17 18 earlier terminated by an order of a court of competent jurisdiction. 19

(f) A financial service provider or an officer or
employee of a financial service provider, acting in a
reasonable manner, is immune from all criminal, civil, and
administrative liability for the following:

(1) Refusing or not refusing to execute a financial
 transaction, or holding or not holding a financial transaction
 under this section.

(2) Actions taken in furtherance of the
 determination made under subdivision (1) if the determination
 was based upon a reasonable belief.

Section 5. (a) A financial service provider may 4 5 offer to a customer who is an elderly or vulnerable adult the opportunity to submit and periodically update a list of 6 7 individuals or entities that the elderly or vulnerable adult authorizes the financial service provider to contact when the 8 9 financial service provider has reasonable cause to suspect 10 that the elderly or vulnerable adult is a victim or a target of financial exploitation. 11

(b) A financial service provider that has reasonable
cause to suspect that an elderly or vulnerable adult is the
victim or target of financial exploitation may convey the
suspicion to one or more of the following, provided that the
person is not the suspected perpetrator:

17 (1) An individual or entity on the list described in
18 subsection (a), if a list has been provided by the elderly or
19 vulnerable adult to the financial service provider.

(2) A co-owner, additional authorized signatory, or
 beneficiary on the elderly or vulnerable adult's account at
 the financial institution.

(3) A third party reasonably associated with theelderly or vulnerable adult.

(c) When providing information under this section, a
financial service provider may limit the information and
disclose only that the financial service provider has

reasonable cause to suspect that the elderly or vulnerable adult may be a victim or target of financial exploitation without disclosing any other details or confidential personal information regarding the financial affairs of the elderly or vulnerable adult.

6 (d) A financial service provider may choose not to 7 contact one or more individuals or entities on the list 8 provided pursuant to subsection (a) if the financial service 9 provider suspects that the person or persons are engaged in 10 financial exploitation.

(e) A financial service provider may rely on information provided by the customer in compiling a list of contact persons.

(f) A financial service provider or an officer or employee of a financial service provider, acting in a reasonable manner, is immune from all criminal, civil, and administrative liability for contacting a person or electing not to contact a person under this section and for actions taken in furtherance of that determination.

(g) Any contact or disclosure of information made
 pursuant to this section is exempt from any applicable state
 customer consent and customer notice statutes or regulations.

23 Section 6. (a) All laws or parts of laws which 24 conflict with this act are repealed. Notwithstanding the 25 previous sentence, nothing in this act shall be construed as 26 altering or amending Article 7 commencing with Section 27 8-6-170, of Chapter 6 of Title 8, Code of Alabama 1975, the

Protection of Vulnerable Adults from Financial Exploitation
 Act, which relates to broker-dealers and investment advisors
 protecting vulnerable adults from financial exploitation.

4 (b) Nothing in this act shall be construed as
5 altering or amending a contract, including a deposit
6 agreement, to which a financial service provider is a party.
7 Section 7. This act shall become effective January
8 1, 2021, following its passage and approval by the Governor,
9 or its otherwise becoming law.