#### As Introduced

# 132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 352

### Representatives Rezabek, Huffman

## A BILL

То	amend sections 109.73, 955.11, 955.12, 955.22,	1
	955.222, 955.44, 955.54, and 955.99 and to enact	2
	sections 955.13, 955.223, 955.224, 955.225, and	3
	955.60 of the Revised Code to revise provisions	4
	of the Dogs Law governing nuisance, dangerous,	5
	and vicious dogs, to revise enforcement of that	6
	Law, and to establish a notification process	7
	regarding complaints of certain violations of	8
	that Law.	9

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.73, 955.11, 955.12, 955.22,	10
955.222, 955.44, 955.54, and 955.99 be amended and sections	11
955.13, 955.223, 955.224, 955.225, and 955.60 of the Revised	12
Code be enacted to read as follows:	13
Sec. 109.73. (A) The Ohio peace officer training	14
commission shall recommend rules to the attorney general with	15
respect to all of the following:	16
(1) The approval, or revocation of approval, of peace	17
officer training schools administered by the state, counties,	18
municipal corporations, public school districts, technical	1 9

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college districts, and the department of natural resources;	20
(2) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and	21
equipment and facilities to be required at approved state,	22
county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace	23
officer training schools;	24
(3) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved	25
state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources	26
<pre>peace officer training schools;</pre>	27
(4) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace	28
officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before	29
being eligible for permanent appointment, which requirements	30
shall include training in the handling of the offense of	31
domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related	32
offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent	33
agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31	34
of the Revised Code; crisis intervention training; and training	35
in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect	36
cases; and training in handling violations of section 2905.32 of	37
the Revised Code; and the time within which such basic training	38
shall be completed following appointment to a probationary term;	39
(5) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace	40
officers not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on	41
other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be	42
eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment,	43
which requirements shall include training in the handling of the	44
offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-	45
related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and	46
consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or	47
3113.31 of the Revised Code, crisis intervention training, and	48
training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and	49

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neglect cases, and training in handling violations of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, and the time within which such basic training shall be completed following appointment on other than a permanent basis;

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- (6) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs for peace officers, including programs in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, in crisis intervention, and in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and in handling violations of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to such categories or classifications;
- (7) Permitting persons, who are employed as members of a 64 campus police department appointed under section 1713.50 of the 65 Revised Code; who are employed as police officers by a qualified 66 nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section 67 1702.80 of the Revised Code; who are appointed and commissioned 68 as bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit 69 union, or association of banks, savings and loan associations, 70 savings banks, or credit unions police officers, as railroad 71 72 police officers, or as hospital police officers pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code; or who are 73 appointed and commissioned as amusement park police officers 74 pursuant to section 4973.17 of the Revised Code, to attend 75 approved peace officer training schools, including the Ohio 76 peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of 77 satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if the 78 private college or university that established the campus police 79 department; qualified nonprofit corporation police department; 80

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bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union,	81
or association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings	82
banks, or credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or	83
amusement park sponsoring the police officers pays the entire	84
cost of the training and certification and if trainee vacancies	85
are available;	86
(8) Permitting undercover drug agents to attend approved	87
peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio peace	88
officer training academy, and to receive certificates of	89
satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if, for each	90
undercover drug agent, the county, township, or municipal	91
corporation that employs that undercover drug agent pays the	92
entire cost of the training and certification;	93
(9)(a) The requirements for basic training programs for	94
bailiffs and deputy bailiffs of courts of record of this state	95
and for criminal investigators employed by the state public	96
defender that those persons shall complete before they may carry	97
a firearm while on duty;	98
(b) The requirements for any training received by a	99
bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state or	100
by a criminal investigator employed by the state public defender	101
prior to June 6, 1986, that is to be considered equivalent to	102
the training described in division (A)(9)(a) of this section.	103
(10) Establishing minimum qualifications and requirements	104
for certification for dogs utilized by law enforcement agencies;	105
(11) Establishing minimum requirements for certification	106
of persons who are employed as correction officers in a full-	107
service jail, five-day facility, or eight-hour holding facility	108
or who provide correction services in such a jail or facility;	109

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(12) Establishing requirements for the training of agents	110
of a county humane society under section 1717.06 of the Revised	111
Code, including, without limitation, a requirement that the	112
agents receive instruction on traditional animal husbandry	113
methods and training techniques, including customary owner-	114
performed practices;	115
(13) Establishing requirements for the training of dog	116
wardens and deputies for the purposes of division (E) of section	117
955.12 of the Revised Code that include forty-two hours of	118
initial training and ten hours of continuing education within a	119
time period established by the commission.	120
(B) The commission shall appoint an executive director,	121
with the approval of the attorney general, who shall hold office	122
during the pleasure of the commission. The executive director	123
shall perform such duties assigned by the commission. The	124
executive director shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to	125
Chapter 124. of the Revised Code and reimbursement for expenses	126
within the amounts available by appropriation. The executive	127
director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and	128
consultants as the executive director considers necessary,	129
prescribe their duties, and provide for reimbursement of their	130
expenses within the amounts available for reimbursement by	131
appropriation and with the approval of the commission.	132
(C) The commission may do all of the following:	133
(1) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by	134
the executive director regarding the carrying out of the	135
objectives and purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the	136
Revised Code;	137
(2) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school	138

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that has been approved by the executive director or for which	139
application for approval has been made;	140
(3) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the	141
executive director, the attorney general, and the general	142
assembly regarding the carrying out of the purposes of sections	143
109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code;	144
(4) Report to the attorney general from time to time, and	145
to the governor and the general assembly at least annually,	146
concerning the activities of the commission;	147
(5) Establish fees for the services the commission offers	148
under sections 109.71 to 109.79 of the Revised Code, including,	149
but not limited to, fees for training, certification, and	150
testing;	151
(6) Perform such other acts as are necessary or	152
appropriate to carry out the powers and duties of the commission	153
as set forth in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code.	154
(D) In establishing the requirements, under division (A)	155
(12) of this section, the commission may consider any portions	156
of the curriculum for instruction on the topic of animal	157
husbandry practices, if any, of the Ohio state university	158
college of veterinary medicine. No person or entity that fails	159
to provide instruction on traditional animal husbandry methods	160
and training techniques, including customary owner-performed	161
practices, shall qualify to train a humane agent for appointment	162
under section 1717.06 of the Revised Code.	163
Sec. 955.11. (A)—As used in this—section_chapter:	164
(A)(1)(a) "Vicious dog" means a dog that has done any of	165
the following:	166

(a) Caused serious injury or death to any person;	167
(b) Caused injury to any person after being designated a	168
dangerous dog in accordance with section 955.222 of the Revised	169
Code;	170
(c) Caused serious injury or death to another dog after	171
being designated a dangerous dog in accordance with section	172
955.222 of the Revised Code, including death by euthanasia when	173
recommended by a veterinarian, registered veterinary technician,	174
or county dog warden after evaluation of the dog's injuries.	175
(2) "Vicious dog" does not include any of the following:	176
(a) A police dog that has caused injury, serious injury,	177
or death to any person or dog while the police dog is being used	178
to assist one or more law enforcement officers in the	179
performance of their official duties;	180
(b) A dog that has injured, seriously injured, or killed	181
any person or dog while a person was committing or attempting to	182
commit a trespass or other criminal offense on the property of	183
the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog;	184
(c) A dog that is kept or harbored on a farm that has	185
injured, seriously injured, or killed another dog that has	186
either come onto the property of the farm or disrupted the	187
duties of the farm dog.	188
(B)(1) "Dangerous dog" means a dog that, without	189
provocation, and subject to division (A)(1)(b) of this section,	190
has done any of the following:	191
(i) (a) Caused injury, other than killing or serious	192
injury, to any person;	193
(ii) Killed another dog.	1 9 2

(iii) (b) Caused injury, serious injury, or death to	195
another dog, including death by euthanasia when recommended by a	196
veterinarian, registered veterinary technician, or county dog	197
warden after evaluation of the dog's injuries;	198
(c) Been the subject of a third or subsequent violation of	199
division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$ of section 955.22 of the Revised Code.	200
(b) (2) "Dangerous dog" does not include a any of the	201
<pre>following:</pre>	202
(a) A police dog that has caused injury, other than	203
killing or serious injury, or death to any person or has killed	204
another—dog while the police dog is being used to assist one or	205
more law enforcement officers in the performance of their	206
official duties;	207
(b) A dog that has caused injury to any person while a	208
person was committing or attempting to commit a trespass or	209
other criminal offense on the property of the owner, keeper, or	210
harborer of the dog;	211
(c) A dog that is kept or harbored on a farm that has	212
injured, seriously injured, or killed another dog that has	213
either come onto the property of the farm or disrupted the	214
duties of the farm dog.	215
(2) "Menacing fashion" means that a dog would cause any	216
person being chased or approached to reasonably believe that the	217
dog will cause physical injury to that person.	218
(3) (a) Subject to division (A) (3) (b) of this section,	219
"nuisance (C) (1) "Nuisance dog" means a dog that without	220
provocation and while off the premises of its owner, keeper, or	221
harborer has chased or approached a person in either a menacing	222
fashion or an apparent attitude of attack or has attempted to	223

bite or otherwise endanger any person.	224
$\frac{(b)-(2)}{(2)}$ "Nuisance dog" does not include a police dog that	225
while being used to assist one or more law enforcement officers	226
in the performance of <u>their</u> official duties has chased or	227
approached a person in either a menacing fashion or an apparent	228
attitude of attack or has attempted to bite or otherwise	229
endanger any person.	230
(4) (D) "Menacing fashion" means that a dog would cause	231
any person being chased or approached to reasonably believe that	232
the dog will cause physical injury to that person.	233
(E) "Police dog" means a dog that has been trained, and	234
may be used, to assist one or more law enforcement officers in	235
the performance of their official duties.	236
(5) (F) "Serious injury" means any of the following:	237
(a) (1) Any physical harm that carries a substantial risk	238
of death;	239
(b) (2) Any physical harm that involves a permanent	240
incapacity, whether partial or total, or a temporary,	241
substantial incapacity;	242
(c) (3) Any physical harm that involves a permanent	243
disfigurement or a temporary, serious disfigurement;	244
$\frac{(d)}{(d)}$ Any physical harm that involves acute pain of a	245
duration that results in substantial suffering or any degree of	246
prolonged or intractable pain.	247
(6)(a) "Vicious dog" means a dog that, without provocation	248
and subject to division (A)(6)(b) of this section, has killed or	249
caused serious injury to any person.	250

(b) "Vicious dog" does not include either of the	251
following:	252
(i) A police dog that has killed or caused serious injury	253
to any person while the police dog is being used to assist one	254
or more law enforcement officers in the performance of their-	255
official duties;	256
(ii) A dog that has killed or saysed serious injury to any	257
(ii) A dog that has killed or caused serious injury to any	
person while a person was committing or attempting to commit a	258
trespass or other criminal offense on the property of the owner,	259
keeper, or harborer of the dog.	260
(7) "Without provocation" means that a dog was not teased,	261
tormented, or abused by a person, or that the dog was not coming	262
to the aid or the defense of a person who was not engaged in	263
illegal or criminal activity and who was not using the dog as a	264
means of carrying out such activity.	265
(B) Upon the transfer of ownership of any dog, the seller	266
of the dog shall give the buyer a transfer of ownership	267
certificate that shall be signed by the seller. The certificate	268
shall contain the registration number of the dog, the name of	269
the seller, and a brief description of the dog. Blank forms of	270
the certificate may be obtained from the county auditor. A-	271
transfer of ownership shall be recorded by the auditor upon-	272
presentation of a transfer of ownership certificate that is	273
signed by the former owner of a dog and that is accompanied by a	274
fee of five dollars.	275
(C) Prior to the transfer of ownership or possession of	276
any dog, upon the buyer's or other transferee's request, the	277
seller or other transferor of the dog shall give to the person a	278
written notice relative to the behavior and prepareities of the	270

<del>dog.</del>	280
(D) Within ten days after the transfer of ownership or	281
possession of any dog, if the seller or other transferor of the	282
dog has knowledge that the dog is a dangerous dog, the seller or	283
other transferor shall give to the buyer or other transferee,	284
the board of health for the district in which the buyer or other-	285
transferee resides, and the dog warden of the county in which	286
the buyer or other transferee resides, a completed copy of a	287
written form on which the seller shall furnish the following	288
<pre>information:</pre>	289
(1) (2)	0.00
(1) The name and address of the buyer or other transferee	290
of the dog;	291
(2) The age, sex, color, breed, and current registration	292
number of the dog.	293
In addition, the seller shall answer the following	294
	294
questions, which shall be specifically stated on the form as	
follows:	296
"Has the dog ever chased or attempted to attack or bite a	297
person? If yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior-	298
occurred."	299
"Has the dog ever bitten a person? If yes, describe the	300
incident(s) in which the behavior occurred."	300
Therdene (3) in which the behavior occurred.	301
"Has the dog ever seriously injured or killed a person? If	302
yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior occurred."	303
The dog warden of the county in which the seller resides-	304
shall furnish the form to the seller at no cost.	305
Shall fallitsh the form to the Selfer at no cost.	300
(E) No seller or other transferor of a dog shall fail to	306
comply with the applicable requirements of divisions (B) to (D)	307

<del>of</del>	f this section.	308

Sec. 955.12. (A) Except as provided in section 955.121 of 309

Revised Code, a board of county commissioners shall appoint or 310

employ a county dog warden and deputies in such number, for such 311

periods of time, and at such compensation as the board considers 312

necessary to enforce sections 955.01 to 955.27—and, 955.50 to 313

955.53—955.54, and 955.60 of the Revised Code. 314

The warden and deputies shall give bond in a sum not less

than five hundred dollars and not more than two thousand

dollars, as set by the board, conditioned for the faithful

performance of their duties. The bond or bonds may, in the

discretion of the board, be individual or blanket bonds. The

bonds shall be filed with the county auditor of their respective

counties.

(B) The warden and deputies shall make a record of all 322 dogs owned, kept, and harbored in their respective counties. 323 They shall patrol their respective counties and seize and 324 impound on sight all dogs found running at large and all dogs 325 more than three months of age found not wearing a valid 326 registration tag, except any dog that wears a valid registration 327 tag and is: on the premises of its owner, keeper, or harborer, 328 under the reasonable control of its owner or some other person, 329 hunting with its owner or its handler at a field trial, kept 330 constantly confined in a dog kennel registered under this 331 chapter or one licensed under Chapter 956. of the Revised Code, 332 or acquired by, and confined on the premises of, an institution 333 or organization of the type described in section 955.16 of the 334 Revised Code. A dog that wears a valid registration tag may be 335 seized on the premises of its owner, keeper, or harborer and 336 impounded only in the event of a natural disaster. 337

(C) If a dog warden has reason to believe that a dog is	338
being treated inhumanely on the premises of its owner, keeper,	339
or harborer, the warden shall apply to the court of common pleas	340
for the county in which the premises are located for an order to	341
enter the premises, and if necessary, seize the dog. If the	342
court finds probable cause to believe that the dog is being	343
treated inhumanely, it shall issue such an order.	344
(D) The warden and deputies shall also make weekly	345
reports, in writing, to the board in their respective counties	346
of all dogs seized, impounded, redeemed, and destroyed.	347
(E) The wardens and deputies shall have the same police	348
powers, including the authority to make arrests, as are	349
conferred upon sheriffs and police officers in the performance	350
of their duties as prescribed by sections 955.01 to 955.27—and $_{\it L}$	351
955.50 to $\frac{955.53}{955.54}$ , and $\frac{955.60}{955.60}$ of the Revised Code. They	352
shall also have power to summon the assistance of bystanders in	353
performing their duties and may serve writs and other legal	354
processes issued by any court in their respective counties with	355
reference to enforcing those sections. County auditors may	356
deputize the wardens or deputies to issue dog licenses as	357
provided in sections 955.01 and 955.14 of the Revised Code.	358
(F) Whenever any person files an affidavit in a court of	359
competent jurisdiction that there is a dog running at large that	360
is not kept constantly confined either in a dog kennel	361
registered under this chapter or one licensed under Chapter 956.	362
of the Revised Code or on the premises of an institution or	363
organization of the type described in section 955.16 of the	364
Revised Code or that a dog is kept or harbored in the warden's	365
jurisdiction without being registered as required by law, the	366
court shall immediately order the warden to seize and impound	367

the dog. Thereupon the warden shall immediately seize and	368
impound the dog complained of. The warden shall give immediate	369
notice by certified mail to the owner, keeper, or harborer of	370
the dog seized and impounded by the warden, if the owner,	371
keeper, or harborer can be determined from the current year's	372
registration list maintained by the warden and the county	373
auditor of the county where the dog is registered, that the dog	374
has been impounded and that, unless the dog is redeemed within	375
fourteen days of the date of the notice, it may thereafter be	376
sold or destroyed according to law. If the owner, keeper, or	377
harborer cannot be determined from the current year's	378
registration list maintained by the warden and the county	379
auditor of the county where the dog is registered, the officer	380
shall post a notice in the pound or animal shelter both	381
describing the dog and place where seized and advising the	382
unknown owner that, unless the dog is redeemed within three	383
days, it may thereafter be sold or destroyed according to law.	384
Sec. 955.13. (A) Upon the transfer of ownership of any	385
dog, the seller of the dog shall give the buyer a transfer of	386
ownership certificate signed by the seller. The seller shall	387
include on the certificate the registration number of the dog,	388
the name of the seller, and a brief description of the dog. The	389
county auditor shall provide blank forms of the certificate upon	390
request. The county auditor shall record a transfer of ownership	391
upon presentation of a transfer of ownership certificate that is	392
signed by the former owner of a dog and that is accompanied by a	393
fee of five dollars.	394
(B) Prior to the transfer of ownership or possession of a	395
dog, upon the buyer's or other transferee's request, the seller	396
or other transferor of the dog shall give to the person a	397
written notice relative to the behavior and propensities of the	398

dog.	399
(C) Not later than ten days after the transfer of	400
ownership or possession of any dog, if the seller or other	401
transferor of the dog has knowledge that the dog is a dangerous	402
dog, the seller or other transferor shall give to the buyer or	403
other transferee, the board of health of the health district in	404
which the buyer or other transferee resides, and the dog warden	405
of the county in which the buyer or other transferee resides a	406
completed copy of a written form on which the seller shall	407
<pre>furnish the following information:</pre>	408
(1) The name and address of the buyer or other transferee	409
of the dog;	410
(2) The age, sex, color, breed, and current registration	411
number of the dog.	412
In addition, the seller shall answer the following	413
questions that shall be specifically stated on the form as	414
<pre>follows:</pre>	415
"Has the dog ever chased or attempted to attack or bite a	416
person? If yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior	417
occurred."	418
"Has the dog ever bitten a person? If yes, describe the	419
<pre>incident(s) in which the behavior occurred."</pre>	420
"Has the dog ever seriously injured or killed a person? If	421
yes, describe the incident(s) in which the behavior occurred."	422
The dog warden of the county in which the seller resides	423
shall furnish the form to the seller at no cost.	424
(D) No seller or other transferor of a dog shall fail to	425
comply with the applicable requirements of this section.	426

Sec. 955.22. (A) As used in this section, "dangerous dog"	427
has the same meaning as in section 955.11 of the Revised Code.	428
(B) No owner, keeper, or harborer of any female dog shall	429
permit it the dog to go beyond the premises of the owner,	430
keeper, or harborer at any time the dog is in heat unless the	431
dog is properly in leash.	432
(C) (B) Except when a dog is lawfully engaged in hunting	433
and accompanied by the owner, keeper, harborer, or handler of	434
the dog, no owner, keeper, or harborer of any dog shall fail at	435
any time to do either of the following:	436
(1) Keep the dog physically confined or restrained upon	437
the premises of the owner, keeper, or harborer by a leash,	438
tether, adequate fence, supervision, or secure enclosure to	439
prevent escape;	440
(2) Keep the dog under the reasonable control of some	441
person.	442
(D) Except when a dangerous dog is lawfully engaged in	443
hunting or training for the purpose of hunting and is-	444
accompanied by the owner, keeper, harborer, or handler of the	445
dog, no owner, keeper, or harborer of a dangerous dog shall fail	446
to do either of the following:	447
(1) While that dog is on the premises of the owner,	448
keeper, or harborer, securely confine it at all times in a	449
locked pen that has a top, locked fenced yard, or other locked	450
enclosure that has a top;	451
(2) While that dog is off the premises of the owner,	452
keeper, or harborer, keep that dog on a chain link leash or-	453
tether that is not more than six feet in length and additionally-	454
do at least one of the following:	455

(a) Keep that dog in a locked pen that has a top, locked	456
fenced yard, or other locked enclosure that has a top;	457
(b) Have the leash or tether controlled by a person who is	458
of suitable age and discretion or securely attach, tie, or affix	459
the leash or tether to the ground or a stationary object or	460
fixture so that the dog is adequately restrained and station	461
such a person in close enough proximity to that dog so as to-	462
prevent it from causing injury to any person;	463
(c) Muzzle that dog.	464
(E) No person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	465
to three or more violations of division (C) of this section	466
involving the same dog and no owner, keeper, or harborer of a	467
dangerous dog shall fail to do the following:	468
(1) Obtain liability insurance with an insurer authorized	469
to write liability insurance in this state providing coverage in	470
each occurrence because of damage or bodily injury to or death	471
of a person caused by the dangerous dog if so ordered by a court	472
and provide proof of that liability insurance upon request to-	473
any law enforcement officer, county dog warden, or public health	474
official charged with enforcing this section;	475
(2) Obtain a dangerous dog registration certificate from-	476
the county auditor pursuant to division (I) of this section,	477
affix a tag that identifies the dog as a dangerous dog to the	478
dog's collar, and ensure that the dog wears the collar and tag-	479
at all times;	480
(3) Notify the local dog warden immediately if any of the	481
following occurs:	482
(a) The dog is loose or unconfined.	483

(b) The dog bites a person, unless the dog is on the	484
property of the owner of the dog, and the person who is bitten-	485
is unlawfully trespassing or committing a criminal act within-	486
the boundaries of that property.	487
(c) The dog attacks another animal while the dog is off	488
the property of the owner of the dog.	489
(4) If the dog is sold, given to another person, or dies,	490
notify the county auditor within ten days of the sale, transfer,	491
or death.	492
(F) No person shall do any of the following:	493
(1) Debark or surgically silence a dog that the person-	494
knows or has reason to believe is a dangerous dog;	495
(2) Possess a dangerous dog if the person knows or has	496
reason to believe that the dog has been debarked or surgically	497
silenced;	498
(3) Falsely attest on a waiver form provided by the	499
veterinarian under division (G) of this section that the	500
person's dog is not a dangerous dog or otherwise provide false-	501
information on that written waiver form.	502
(G) Before a veterinarian debarks or surgically silences a	503
dog, the veterinarian may give the owner of the dog a written	504
waiver form that attests that the dog is not a dangerous dog.	505
The written waiver form shall include all of the following:	506
(1) The veterinarian's license number and current business	507
address;	508
(2) The number of the license of the dog if the dog is	509
licensed;	510

(3) A reasonable description of the age, coloring, and	511
gender of the dog as well as any notable markings on the dog;	512
(4) The signature of the owner of the dog attesting that	513
the owner's dog is not a dangerous dog;	514
(5) A statement that division (F) of section 955.22 of the	515
Revised Code prohibits any person from doing any of the	516
following:	517
(a) Debarking or surgically silencing a dog that the	518
person knows or has reason to believe is a dangerous dog;	519
(b) Possessing a dangerous dog if the person knows or has	520
reason to believe that the dog has been debarked or surgically	521
silenced;	522
(c) Falsely attesting on a waiver form provided by the	523
veterinarian under division (G) of section 955.22 of the Revised	524
Code that the person's dog is not a dangerous dog or otherwise	525
provide false information on that written waiver form.	526
(H) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a	527
violation of division (F) of this section that the veterinarian	528
who is charged with the violation obtained, prior to debarking	529
or surgically silencing the dog, a written waiver form that	530
complies with division (G) of this section and that attests that	531
the dog is not a dangerous dog.	532
(I) (1) The county auditor shall issue a dangerous dog	533
registration certificate to a person who is the owner of a dog,	534
who is eighteen years of age or older, and who provides the	535
following to the county auditor:	536
(a) A fee of fifty dollars;	537
(b) The person's address, phone number, and other	538

appropriate means for the local dog warden or county auditor to-	539
contact the person;	540
(c) With respect to the person and the dog for which the	541
registration is sought, all of the following:	542
(i) Either satisfactory evidence of the dog's current	543
rabies vaccination or a statement from a licensed veterinarian	544
that a rabies vaccination is medically contraindicated for the	545
<del>dog;</del>	546
(ii) Either satisfactory evidence of the fact that the dog-	547
has been neutered or spayed or a statement from a licensed	548
veterinarian that neutering or spaying of the dog is medically	549
contraindicated;	550
(iii) Satisfactory evidence of the fact that the person-	551
has posted and will continue to post clearly visible signs at	552
the person's residence warning both minors and adults of the	553
presence of a dangerous dog on the property;	554
(iv) Satisfactory evidence of the fact that the dog has	555
been permanently identified by means of a microchip and the	556
dog's microchip number.	557
(2) Upon the issuance of a dangerous dog registration	558
certificate to the owner of a dog, the county auditor shall-	559
provide the owner with a uniformly designed tag that identifies	560
the animal as a dangerous dog. The owner shall renew the	561
certificate annually for the same fee and in the same manner as	562
the initial certificate was obtained. If a certificate holder	563
relocates to a new county, the certificate holder shall follow	564
the procedure in division (I) (3) (b) of this section and, upon	
	565
the expiration of the certificate issued in the original county,	566
shall renew the certificate in the new county.	567

(3)(a) If the owner of a dangerous dog for whom a	568
registration certificate has previously been obtained relocates-	569
to a new address within the same county, the owner shall provide-	570
notice of the new address to the county auditor within ten days-	571
of relocating to the new address.	572
(b) If the owner of a dangerous dog for whom a	573
registration certificate has previously been obtained relocates-	574
to a new address within another county, the owner shall do both-	575
of the following within ten days of relocating to the new	576
address:	577
(i) Provide written notice of the new address and a copy	578
of the original dangerous dog registration certificate to the-	579
<pre>county auditor of the new county;</pre>	580
(ii) Provide written notice of the new address to the	581
county auditor of the county where the owner previously resided.	582
(4) The owner of a dangerous dog shall present the	583
dangerous dog registration certificate upon being requested to	584
do so by any law enforcement officer, dog warden, or public-	585
health official charged with enforcing this section.	586
(5) The fees collected pursuant to this division shall be	587
deposited in the dog and kennel fund of the county.	588
(C) In a prosecution for a violation of division (B) of	589
this section in connection with a dog that has caused injury or	590
serious injury to or the death of a person or dog, any of the	591
following may be asserted as an affirmative defense, as	592
applicable:	593
(1) The dog or the dog's offspring was willfully teased,	594
tormented, or abused by a person.	595

(2) The dog was coming to the aid or defense of a person	596
who was not engaged in illegal or criminal activity and who was	597
not using the dog as a means of carrying out such activity.	598
(3) The dog was responding to its own pain or injury.	599
(4) The person toward whom the dog's behavior was directed	600
was intervening between two or more animals engaged in	601
aggressive behavior or fighting.	602
(5) The dog caused injury or serious injury to a person or	603
killed a person while the person was committing or attempting to	604
commit a trespass or other criminal offense on the property of	605
the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog.	606
Sec. 955.222. (A) The municipal court or county court that	607
has territorial jurisdiction over the residence of the owner,	608
keeper, or harborer of a dog location where the alleged incident	609
occurred that gave rise to a designation under division (B) of	610
this section that a dog is a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or	611
vicious dog shall conduct any hearing concerning the designation	612
of the dog as a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog.	613
(B) If a person who is authorized to enforce this chapter	614
has reasonable cause to believe that a dog in the person's	615
jurisdiction is a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog,	616
the person shall notify the owner, keeper, or harborer of that	617
dog, by certified mail or in person, of both of the following:	618
(1) That the person has designated the dog a nuisance dog,	619
dangerous dog, or vicious dog, as applicable;	620
(2) That the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog may	621
request a hearing regarding the designation in accordance with	622
this section. The notice shall include instructions for filing a	623
request for a hearing in the county in which the dog's owner,	624

keeper, or harborer resides with the court with jurisdiction	625
over the location where the alleged incident occurred that gave	626
rise to the designation that the dog is a nuisance dog,	627
dangerous dog, or vicious dog.	628
Reasonable cause may be supported by one or more notarized_	629
affidavits of a witness describing the incident or incidents in	630
which the witness saw the dog engage in behavior that warrants	631
designation of the dog as a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or	632
vicious dog.	633
<u></u>	
(C) If the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog disagrees	634
with the designation of the dog as a nuisance dog, dangerous	635
dog, or vicious dog, <del>as applicable,</del> the owner, keeper, or	636
harborer, not later than ten days after receiving notification	637
of the designation, may request a hearing regarding the	638
determination. The request for a hearing shall be in writing and	639
shall be filed with the municipal court or county court that has	640
territorial jurisdiction over the residence of the dog's owner,	641
keeper, or harborer alleged incident that gave rise to the	642
determination that the dog is a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or	643
vicious dog. At the hearing, the person who designated the dog	644
as a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog has the burden	645
of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the dog is a	646
nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog.	647
The owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog or the person	648
who designated the dog as a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or	649
vicious dog may appeal the court's final determination as in any	650
other case filed in that court.	651
(D) A court, upon motion of an owner, keeper, or harborer	652
or an attorney representing the owner, keeper, or harborer, may	653
order that the dog designated as a nuisance dog, dangerous dog,	654

or vicious dog be held in the possession of the owner, keeper,	655
or harborer until the court makes a final determination under	656
this section or during the pendency of an appeal, as applicable.	657
Until the court makes a final determination and during the	658
pendency of any appeal, the dog shall be confined or restrained	659
in accordance with $\frac{\text{the provisions of-}}{\text{division}}$ division $\frac{\text{(D)-}\underline{\text{(A)}}}{\text{of section}}$	660
955.22 955.223 of the Revised Code that apply to dangerous dogs	661
regardless of whether the dog has been designated as a vicious	662
dog or a nuisance dog rather than a dangerous dog. The owner,	663
keeper, or harborer of the dog shall—is not be—required to	664
comply with any other requirements established in the Revised	665
Code that concern a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious $dog_{\overline{\iota}}$	666
as applicable, until the court makes a final determination and	667
during the pendency of any appeal.	668
(E) It is an affirmative defense to the designation of a	669
dog as a nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog if any of	670
the following apply:	671
(1) The dog or the dog's offspring was willfully teased,	672
tormented, or abused by a person.	673
(2) The dog was coming to the aid or defense of a person	674
who was not engaged in illegal or criminal activity and who was	675
not using the dog as a means of carrying out such activity.	676
(3) The dog was responding to its own pain or injury.	677
(4) The person toward whom the dog's behavior was directed	678
was intervening between two or more animals engaged in	679
aggressive behavior or fighting.	680
(5) The dog caused injury or serious injury to a person or	681
killed a person while the person was committing or attempting to	682
commit a trespass or other criminal offense on the property of	683

the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog.	684
(F)(1) If a dog is finally determined under this section,	685
or on appeal as described in this section, to be a vicious dog	686
and the dog did not kill a person or another dog during the	687
incident that gave rise to that determination, division (D) of	688
section 955.11 and divisions (D) to (I) of section 955.22 of the	689
Revised Code apply with respect to the dog and the owner,	690
keeper, or harborer of the dog as if the dog were a dangerous	691
dog, and section 955.54 of the Revised Code applies with respect	692
to the dog as if it were a dangerous dog, and the court shall-	693
issue an order that specifies that those provisions apply with-	694
respect to the dog and the owner, keeper, or harborer in that	695
manner. As part of the order, the court shall require the owner,	696
keeper, or harborer to obtain the liability insurance required	697
under division (E)(1) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code in-	698
an amount described in division (H)(2) of section 955.99 of the	699
Revised Code the court may order the dog to be humanely	700
destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog warden, or	701
the county humane society at the owner's expense.	702
(F) As used in this section, "nuisance dog," "dangerous	703
dog," and "vicious dog" have the same meanings as in section	704
955.11 of the Revised Code.	705
(2) If a dog is finally determined under this section, or	706
on appeal as described in this section, to be a vicious dog and	707
the dog killed a person or another dog during the incident that	708
gave rise to that determination, the court shall order the dog	709
to be humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county	710
dog warden, or the county humane society at the owner's expense.	711
(3) If the court does not order a vicious dog to be	712
destroyed under division (F)(1) of this section, the court shall	713

issue an order that specifies that division (C) of section	714
955.13 and sections 955.223, 955.224, 955.225, and 955.54 of the	715
Revised Code apply with respect to the dog and to the owner,	716
keeper, or harborer of the dog as if the dog were a dangerous	717
dog.	718
Sec. 955.223. (A) Except when a dangerous dog is lawfully	719
engaged in hunting or training for the purpose of hunting and is	720
accompanied by the owner, keeper, harborer, or handler of the	721
dog, no owner, keeper, or harborer of a dangerous dog shall fail	722
to do either of the following:	723
(1) While the dog is on the premises of the owner, keeper,	724
or harborer, securely confine it at all times in a locked pen	725
that has a top, locked fenced yard, or other locked enclosure	726
that has a top;	727
(2) While the dog is off the premises of the owner,	728
keeper, or harborer, keep the dog on a chain-link leash or	729
tether that is not more than six feet in length and additionally	730
do at least one of the following:	731
(a) Keep the dog in a locked pen that has a top, locked	732
fenced yard, or other locked enclosure that has a top;	733
(b) Have the leash or tether controlled by a person who is	734
of suitable age and discretion and station such a person in	735
close enough proximity to the dog so as to prevent it from	736
<pre>causing injury to any person;</pre>	737
(c) Securely attach, tie, or affix the leash or tether to	738
the ground or a stationary object or fixture so that the dog is	739
adequately restrained;	740
(d) Muzzle the dog.	741

(B) No owner, keeper, or harborer of a dangerous dog shall	742
fail to do any of the following:	743
(1) Obtain liability insurance with an insurer authorized,	744
approved, or otherwise eliqible to write liability insurance in	745
this state providing at least one hundred thousand dollars of	746
coverage in each occurrence because of damage or bodily injury	747
to or death of a person caused by the dangerous dog if so	748
ordered by a court and provide proof of that liability insurance	749
upon request to any law enforcement officer, county dog warden,	750
or public health official authorized to enforce this chapter;	751
(2) Obtain a dangerous dog registration certificate from	752
the county dog warden pursuant to section 955.224 of the Revised	753
Code, affix a tag that identifies the dog as a dangerous dog to	754
the dog's collar, and ensure that the dog wears the collar and	755
tag at all times;	756
(3) Notify the county dog warden immediately if any of the	757
following occurs:	758
(a) The dog is loose or unconfined.	759
(b) The dog bites a person unless the dog is on the	760
property of the owner of the dog and the person who is bitten is	761
unlawfully trespassing or committing a criminal act within the	762
boundaries of that property.	763
(c) The dog attacks another animal while the dog is off	764
the property of the owner of the dog.	765
(4) If the dog is sold, given to another person, or dies,	766
notify the county dog warden within ten days of the sale,	767
transfer, or death.	768
Sec. 955.224. (A)(1) Not later than thirty days after a	769

dog has been designated a dangerous dog under section 955.222 of	770
the Revised Code or a person acquires ownership of a dangerous	771
dog, the owner of the dog shall file an application for a	772
dangerous dog registration certificate in the office of the	773
county dog warden of the county in which the owner resides. The	774
owner shall renew the certificate annually by filing an	775
application on or after the first day of December, but not later	776
than the thirty-first day of January each year.	777
(2) If an application for a dangerous dog registration	778
certificate is not filed and the registration fee established in	779
this section paid by the applicable deadline established in	780
division (A)(1) of this section, the county dog warden shall	781
assess a penalty in an amount equal to the dangerous dog	782
registration fee.	783
(3) Registration of a dangerous dog required by this	784
section is in addition to the registration required by section	785
955.01 of the Revised Code.	786
(B) The county dog warden shall issue a dangerous dog	787
registration certificate to a person who is the owner of a dog,	788
who is eighteen years of age or older, and who provides the	789
<pre>following to the warden:</pre>	790
(1) A fee of fifty dollars for the initial registration	791
and annual renewal, or, if the initial registration period is	792
less than twelve months, a fee equal to a prorated amount as	793
determined by the county dog warden;	794
(2) The person's address, telephone number, and other	795
appropriate means for the county dog warden to contact the	796
person;	797
(3) With respect to the person and the dog for which the	798

registration is sought, all of the following:	799
(a) Either satisfactory evidence of the dog's current	800
rabies vaccination or a statement from a licensed veterinarian	801
that a rabies vaccination is medically contraindicated for the	802
dog;	803
(b) Either satisfactory evidence of the fact that the dog	804
has been neutered or spayed or a statement from a licensed	805
veterinarian that neutering or spaying of the dog is medically	806
<pre>contraindicated;</pre>	807
(c) Satisfactory evidence of the fact that the person has	808
posted and will continue to post clearly visible signs at the	809
person's residence warning both minors and adults of the	810
presence of a dangerous dog on the property;	811
(d) Satisfactory evidence of the fact that the dog has	812
been permanently identified by means of a microchip and the	813
<pre>dog's microchip number.</pre>	814
(C) Upon the issuance of a dangerous dog registration	815
certificate to the owner of a dog, the county dog warden shall	816
provide the owner with a uniformly designed tag that identifies	817
the animal as a dangerous dog. If a certificate holder relocates	818
to a new county, the certificate holder shall follow the	819
procedure established in division (D)(2) of this section and,	820
upon the expiration of the certificate issued in the original	821
county, shall renew the certificate in the new county.	822
(D)(1) If the owner of a dangerous dog for whom a	823
registration certificate has previously been obtained relocates	824
to a new address within the same county with the dangerous dog,	825
the owner shall provide notice of the new address to the county	826
dog warden within ten days of relocating to the new address.	827

(2) If the owner of a dangerous dog for whom a	828
registration certificate has previously been obtained relocates	829
to a new address within another county with the dangerous dog,	830
the owner shall do both of the following within ten days of	831
relocating to the new address:	832
(a) Provide written notice of the new address and a copy	833
of the original dangerous dog registration certificate to the	834
<pre>county dog warden of the new county;</pre>	835
(b) Provide written notice of the new address to the	836
county dog warden of the county where the owner previously	837
resided.	838
(E) The owner of a dangerous dog shall present the	839
dangerous dog registration certificate upon request by any law	840
enforcement officer, dog warden, or public health official	841
authorized to enforce this chapter.	842
(F) The fees and penalties collected pursuant to this	843
section shall be deposited in the dog and kennel fund of the	844
applicable county.	845
Sec. 955.225. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	846
(1) Debark or surgically silence a dog that the person	847
knows or has reason to believe is a dangerous dog;	848
(2) Possess a dangerous dog if the person knows or has	849
reason to believe that the dog has been debarked or surgically	850
silenced;	851
(3) Falsely attest on a waiver form provided by a	852
veterinarian under division (B) of this section that the	853
person's dog is not a dangerous dog or otherwise provide false	854
information on that written waiver form.	855

(B) Before a veterinarian debarks or surgically silences a	856
dog, the veterinarian may give the owner of the dog a written	857
waiver form that attests that the dog is not a dangerous dog.	858
The written waiver form shall include all of the following:	859
(1) The veterinarian's license number and current business	860
address;	861
(2) The number of the dog's registration issued under	862
section 955.01 of the Revised Code if the dog is so registered;	863
(3) A reasonable description of the age, coloring, and	864
gender of the dog as well as any notable markings on the dog;	865
(4) The signature of the owner of the dog attesting that	866
the owner's dog is not a dangerous dog;	867
(5) A statement that division (A) of section 955.225 of	868
the Revised Code prohibits any person from doing any of the	869
<pre>following:</pre>	870
(a) Debarking or surgically silencing a dog that the	871
person knows or has reason to believe is a dangerous dog;	872
(b) Possessing a dangerous dog if the person knows or has	873
reason to believe that the dog has been debarked or surgically	874
silenced;	875
(c) Falsely attesting on a waiver form provided by a	876
veterinarian under division (B) of section 955.225 of the	877
Revised Code that the person's dog is not a dangerous dog or	878
otherwise providing false information on that written waiver	879
<pre>form.</pre>	880
(C) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a	881
violation of division (A) of this section that the veterinarian	882
who is charged with the violation obtained, prior to debarking	883

<u>or surgically silencing the dog, a written waiver form that</u>	884
complies with division (B) of this section and that attests that	885
the dog is not a dangerous dog.	886
Sec. 955.44. All fines collected for violations of	887
sections— <u>955.11</u> _955.13, 955.21, 955.22, <u>955.223, 955.224,</u>	888
955.225, 955.23, 955.25, and 955.261, and 955.60 of the Revised	889
Code shall be deposited in the county treasury to the credit of	890
the dog and kennel fund.	891
Sec. 955.54. (A) No person who is convicted of or pleads	892
guilty to a felony offense of violence committed on or after the-	893
effective date of this section or May 22, 2012, a felony	894
violation of any provision of Chapter 959., 2923., or 2925. of	895
the Revised Code committed on or after the effective date of	896
this section May 22, 2012, or a violation of division (B) of	897
section 2919.22 of the Revised Code committed on or after the	898
effective date of this amendment shall knowingly own, possess,	899
have custody of, or reside in a residence with either of the	900
following for a period of <a href="mailto:three-five">three-five</a> years commencing either	901
upon the date of release of the person from any period of	902
incarceration imposed for the offense or violation or, if the	903
person is not incarcerated for the offense or violation, upon	904
the date of the person's final release from the other sanctions	905
imposed for the offense or violation:	906
(1) An unspayed or unneutered dog older than twelve weeks	907
of age;	908
(2) Any dog that has been determined to be a dangerous dog	909
under-Chapter 955. of the Revised Code this chapter.	910
(B) A person described in division (A) of this section	911
shall microchip for permanent identification any dog owned,	912

possessed by, or in the custody of the person.	913
(C)(1) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any	914
person who is confined in a correctional institution of the	915
department of rehabilitation and correction.	916
(2) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any	917
person with respect to any dog that the person owned, possessed,	918
had custody of, or resided in a residence with prior to the	919
effective date of this section May 22, 2012, or, with regard to	920
a violation of division (B) of section 2919.22 of the Revised	921
Code, prior to the effective date of this amendment.	922
Sec. 955.60. (A) Any person authorized to enforce this	923
chapter shall investigate any complaint that indicates a	924
possible violation of any provision of this chapter involving a	925
dog.	926
(B) If, after investigating an alleged violation of this	927
(B) If, after investigating an alleged violation of this chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person	927 928
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person	928
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation,	928
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division	928 929 930
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog	928 929 930 931
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog that there has been a complaint regarding the dog and that the	928 929 930 931 932
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog that there has been a complaint regarding the dog and that the authorized person investigated a possible violation. The notice	928 929 930 931 932 933
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog that there has been a complaint regarding the dog and that the authorized person investigated a possible violation. The notice shall specify all of the following:	928 929 930 931 932 933
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog that there has been a complaint regarding the dog and that the authorized person investigated a possible violation. The notice shall specify all of the following:  (1) A citation to the applicable provision or provisions	928 929 930 931 932 933 934
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog that there has been a complaint regarding the dog and that the authorized person investigated a possible violation. The notice shall specify all of the following:  (1) A citation to the applicable provision or provisions of law at issue;	928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935
chapter under division (A) of this section, an authorized person does not cite a person for or charge a person with a violation, the authorized person shall notify, in accordance with division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog that there has been a complaint regarding the dog and that the authorized person investigated a possible violation. The notice shall specify all of the following:  (1) A citation to the applicable provision or provisions of law at issue;  (2) Contact information for the authorized person;	928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936

(C) The authorized person shall post the notice on the	941
door of the dwelling at which the dog resides within twenty-four	942
hours of the authorized person's investigation. The owner,	943
keeper, or harborer of the dog shall respond within forty-eight	944
hours to the authorized person via email, facsimile, telephone,	945
or social media correspondence, indicating that the owner,	946
keeper, or harborer has received the notice. If the owner,	947
keeper, or harborer of the dog responds within a reasonable time	948
after the forty-eight-hour period, the person is not subject to	949
division (D)(1) of this section, provided that the response is	950
accompanied with a reasonable explanation of why the forty-	951
eight-hour response deadline was not met.	952
(D) If the owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog does not	953
respond within:	954
(1) Forty-eight hours or does not respond within a	955
reasonable time after the notice is posted as provided in	956
division (C) of this section, the owner, keeper, or harborer of	957
the dog shall be fined twenty-five dollars.	958
(2) Ninety-six hours after the notice is posted, the	959
owner, keeper, or harborer of the dog shall be fined forty	960
dollars.	961
(3) Seven days after the notice is posted, a court may	962
issue a summons or warrant for the arrest of the owner, keeper,	963
or harborer of the dog.	964
(E) The fines collected under this section shall be	965
deposited in the dog and kennel fund of the applicable county.	966
<b>Sec. 955.99.</b> (A) $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ Whoever violates division $\frac{(E)}{(D)}$ of	967
section 955.11-955.13 of the Revised Code because of a failure-	968
to comply with division (B) of that section is guilty of a minor	969

misdemeanor.	970
(2) Whoever violates division (E) of section 955.11 of the	971
Revised Code because of a failure to comply with division (C) or	972
(D) of that section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first	973
offense and of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first	974
offense and a misdemeanor of the third degree on each subsequent	975
offense.	976
(B) Whoever violates section 955.10, 955.23, 955.24, or	977
955.25 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	978
(C) Whoever violates section 955.261, 955.39, or 955.50 of	979
the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on a first	980
offense and of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on each	981
subsequent offense.	982
(D) Whoever violates division (F) of section 955.16 or	983
division (B) of section 955.43 of the Revised Code is guilty of	984
a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	985
(E)(1) Whoever violates section 955.21 of the Revised	986
Code, violates division $\frac{(B)-(A)}{(A)}$ of section 955.22 of the Revised	987
Code, or commits a violation of division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$ of section	988
955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a dog that is not a	989
nuisance dog, dangerous dog, or vicious dog shall be fined not	990
less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars	991
on a first offense, and on each subsequent offense shall be	992
fined not less than seventy-five dollars or more than two	993
hundred fifty dollars and may be imprisoned for not more than	994
thirty days.	995
(2) In addition to the penalties prescribed in division	996
(E)(1) of this section, if the offender is guilty of a violation	997
of division $\frac{(B)-(A)}{(B)}$ of section 955.22 of the Revised Code or a	998

violation of division $\frac{(C)-(B)}{(B)}$ of section 955.22 of the Revised	999
Code that involves a dog that is not a nuisance dog, dangerous	1000
dog, or vicious dog, the court may order the offender to	1001
personally supervise the dog that the offender owns, keeps, or	1002
harbors, to cause that dog to complete dog obedience training,	1003
or to do both.	1004
(F)(1) Whoever commits a violation of division $\frac{(C)-(B)}{(C)}$ of	1005
section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a nuisance dog	1006
is guilty of a minor misdemeanor on the first offense and of a	1007
misdemeanor of the fourth degree on each subsequent offense	1008
involving the same dog. Upon a person being convicted of or	1009
pleading guilty to a third violation of division $\frac{(C)-(B)}{(C)}$ of	1010
section 955.22 of the Revised Code involving the same dog, the	1011
court shall require the offender to register the involved dog as	1012
a dangerous dog.	1013
(2) In addition to the penalties prescribed in division	1014
(F) (1) of this section, if a violation of division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$ of	1015
section 955.22 of the Revised Code involves a nuisance dog, the	1016
court may order the offender to personally supervise the	1017
nuisance dog that the offender owns, keeps, or harbors, to cause	1018
that dog to complete dog obedience training, or to do both.	1019
(G) $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ Whoever commits a violation of division $\underline{\text{(C)}}$ of	1020
section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a dangerous dog	1021
or a violation of division $\frac{\text{(D)}_{\text{(A)}}}{\text{(A)}}$ of $\frac{\text{55.223 of}}{\text{(D)}}$	1022
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree	1023
on a first offense and of a misdemeanor of the third degree on	1024
each subsequent offense. Additionally, the court may order the	1025
offender to personally supervise the dangerous dog that the	1026

offender owns, keeps, or harbors, to cause that dog to complete

dog obedience training, or to do both, and the court may order

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1028

the offender to obtain liability insurance pursuant to division	1029
(E) of section $955.22$ $955.223$ of the Revised Code. The	1030
court, in the alternative, may order the dangerous dog to be	1031
humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog	1032
warden, or the county humane society at the owner's expense.	1033
With-	1034
(2) With respect to a violation of division (C) of	1035
section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a dangerous	1036
dog, until the court makes a final determination and during the	1037
pendency of any appeal of a violation of that division and at	1038
the discretion of the dog warden, the dog shall be confined or	1039
restrained in accordance with division $\frac{\text{(D)}}{\text{(A)}}$ of section $\frac{955.22}{\text{(D)}}$	1040
955.223 of the Revised Code or at the county dog pound at the	1041
owner's expense.	1042
(H)(1) Whoever commits a A violation of division (C) (B)	1043
of section 955.22 of the Revised Code that involves a vicious	
	1044
<pre>dog is guilty of one of the following:</pre>	1045
(a) A felony of the fourth fifth degree if the dog kills	1046
or causes serious injury to a person. Additionally, if the dog	1047
kills a person, the court shall order that the vicious dog be	1048
humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog	1049
warden, or the county humane society at the owner's expense. <u>If</u>	1050
the dog causes serious injury to a person, the court may order	1051
that the dog be humanely destroyed in such a manner.	1052
(b) A felony of the fourth degree if the dog kills or	1053
causes serious injury to a person and the person in violation	1054
has previously pleaded quilty to or been convicted of division	1055
(H)(1)(a) or (c) of this section. Additionally, if the dog kills	1056
a person, the court shall order that the dog be humanely	1057
destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog warden, or	1058

the county humane society at the owner's expense. If the dog	1059
causes serious injury to a person, the court may order that the	1060
dog be humanely destroyed in such a manner.	1061
(c) A misdemeanor of the first degree if the dog causes	1062
serious injury, other than serious injury, to a person or causes	1063
injury, serious injury, or death to another dog. Additionally,	1064
if the dog causes injury to a person or injury or serious injury	1065
to another dog, the court may order that the vicious dog to be	1066
humanely destroyed by a licensed veterinarian, the county dog	1067
warden, or the county humane society at the owner's expense. <u>If</u>	1068
the dog kills another dog, the court shall order that the dog be	1069
humanely destroyed in such a manner.	1070
(d) A felony of the fifth degree if the dog causes injury,	1071
other than serious injury, to a person or causes injury, serious	1072
injury, or death to another dog and the person in violation has	1073
previously pleaded guilty to or been convicted of division (H)	1074
(1) (a) or (c) of this section. Additionally, if the dog causes	1075
injury to a person or injury or serious injury to another dog,	1076
the court may order that the dog be humanely destroyed by a	1077
licensed veterinarian, the county dog warden, or the county	1078
humane society at the owner's expense. If the dog kills another	1079
dog, the court shall order that the dog be humanely destroyed in	1080
<pre>such a manner.</pre>	1081
(2) If the court <del>-does not order the vicious dog to be-</del>	1082
destroyed under division (H) (1) (b) of this section, the court	1083
shall issue an order that specifies that division (D) of section-	1084
955.11 and divisions (D) to (I) of section 955.22 of the Revised-	1085
Code apply with respect to the dog and the owner, keeper, or	1086
harborer of the dog as if the dog were a dangerous dog and that-	1087
section 955.54 of the Revised Code applies with respect to the	1088

dog as if it were a dangerous dog. As part of the order, the	1089
court shall order the offender to obtain the liability insurance-	1090
required under division (E)(1) of section 955.22 of the Revised	1091
Code in an amount, exclusive of interest and costs, that equals-	1092
or exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, when authorized to do	1093
so, does not order a dog to be humanely destroyed under division	1094
(H) (1) of this section, the court shall issue an order that	1095
specifies that division (C) of section 955.13 and sections	1096
955.223, 955.224, 955.225, and 955.54 of the Revised Code apply	1097
with respect to the dog and the owner, keeper, or harborer of	1098
the dog as if the dog were a dangerous dog.	1099
(3) Until the court makes a final determination and during	1100
the pendency of any appeal of a violation of division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$ of	1101
section 955.22 of the Revised Code and at the discretion of the	1102
dog warden, the dog shall be confined or restrained in	1103
accordance with the provisions described in division $\frac{(D)}{(A)}$ of	1104
section $955.22-955.223$ of the Revised Code or at the county dog	1105
pound at the owner's expense.	1106
(I) Whoever violates division (A)(2) of section 955.01 of	1107
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	1108
(J) Whoever violates division $\frac{\text{(E)}(B)}{\text{(B)}}$ (2) of section $\frac{955.22}{\text{(B)}}$	1109
955.223 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	1110
fourth degree.	1111
(K) Whoever violates division (C) of section 955.221 of	1112
the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. Each day of	1113
continued violation constitutes a separate offense. Fines levied	1114
and collected for violations of that division shall be	1115
distributed by the mayor or clerk of the municipal or county	1116
court in accordance with section 733.40, division (F) of section	1117
1901.31, or division (C) of section 1907.20 of the Revised Code	1118

to the treasury of the county, township, or municipal	1119
corporation whose resolution or ordinance was violated.	1120
(L) Whoever violates division $\frac{(F)(A)}{(A)}(1)$ , (2), or (3) of	1121
section 955.22-955.225 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony	1122
of the fourth degree. Additionally, the court shall order that	1123
the dog involved in the violation be humanely destroyed by a	1124
licensed veterinarian, the county dog warden, or the county	1125
humane society. Until the court makes a final determination and	1126
during the pendency of any appeal of a violation of division $\overline{\text{(F)}}$	1127
<u>(A)</u> (1), (2), or (3) of section $955.22-955.225$ of the Revised	1128
Code and at the discretion of the dog warden, the dog shall be	1129
confined or restrained in accordance with the provisions of	1130
division $\frac{\text{(D)}-\text{(A)}}{\text{(A)}}$ of section $\frac{955.22}{955.225}$ of the Revised Code	1131
or at the county dog pound at the owner's expense.	1132
(M) Whoever violates division $\frac{(E)}{(B)}(1)$ , (3), or (4) of	1133
section $955.22 - 955.223$ of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor	1134
misdemeanor.	1135
(N) Whoever violates division $\frac{(I)(4)-(E)}{(E)}$ of section $\frac{955.22}{(E)}$	1136
955.224 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	1137
(O) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of section 955.54	1138
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first	1139
degree.	1140
(P)(1) If a dog is confined at the county dog pound	1141
pursuant to division $(G)$ , $(H)$ , or $(L)$ of this section, the	1142
county dog warden shall give written notice of the confinement	1143
to the owner of the dog. If the county dog warden is unable to	1144
give the notice to the owner of the dog, the county dog warden	1145
shall post the notice on the door of the residence of the owner	1146
of the dog or in another conspicuous place on the premises at	1147

which the dog was seized. The notice shall include a statement	1148
that a security in the amount of one hundred dollars is due to	1149
the county dog warden within ten days to secure payment of all	1150
reasonable expenses, including medical care and boarding of the	1151
dog for sixty days, expected to be incurred by the county dog	1152
pound in caring for the dog pending the determination. The	1153
county dog warden may draw from the security any actual costs	1154
incurred in caring for the dog.	1155
(2) If the person ordered to post security under division	1156
(P)(1) of this section does not do so within ten days of the	1157
confinement of the animal, the dog is forfeited, and the county	1158
dog warden may determine the disposition of the dog unless the	1159
court issues an order that specifies otherwise.	1160
(3) Not more than ten days after the court makes a final	1161
determination under division (G), (H), or (L) of this section,	1162
the county dog warden shall provide the owner of the dog with	1163
the actual cost of the confinement of the dog. If the county dog	1164
warden finds that the security provided under division (P)(1) of	1165
this section is less than the actual cost of confinement of the	1166
dog, the owner shall remit the difference between the security	1167
provided and the actual cost to the county dog warden within	1168
thirty days after the court's determination. If the county dog	1169
warden finds that the security provided under division (P)(1) of	1170
this section is greater than that actual cost, the county dog	1171
warden shall remit the difference between the security provided	1172
and the actual cost to the owner within thirty days after the	1173
court's determination.	1174
(Q) As used in this section, "nuisance dog," "dangerous	1175
dog," and "vicious dog" have the same meanings as in section	1176

1177

955.11 of the Revised Code.

Section 2. That existing sections 109.73, 955.11, 955.12,	1178
955.22, 955.222, 955.44, 955.54, and 955.99 of the Revised Code	1179
are hereby repealed.	1180
Section 3. The owner of a dog who holds a valid dangerous	1181
dog registration certificate for the dog that was issued under	1182
division (I) of section 955.22 of the Revised Code as that	1183
section existed prior to its amendment by this act shall renew	1184
the certificate beginning December 1 of the year in which this	1185
act takes effect, but not later than January 31 of the	1186
subsequent year regardless of when the owner would have been	1187
required to renew the certificate under former law. Except as	1188
otherwise provided in this section, the owner shall file the	1189
application in accordance with section 955.224 of the Revised	1190
Code as enacted by this act.	1191
If the renewal required by this section results in a	1192
reduction of the registration period for which the owner paid	1193
fifty dollars under former law, the owner shall pay a	1194
registration fee for the renewal required by this section in an	1195
amount that is prorated as determined by the county auditor of	1196
the county in which the owner resides. Thereafter, the owner	1197
shall renew the dangerous dog registration certificate in	1198
accordance with section 955.224 of the Revised Code as enacted	1199
by this act.	1200
Section 4. This act shall be known as the Klonda Richey	1201
Act.	1202