

## Calendar No. 473

116TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. RES. 542

Commemorating the 75th anniversary of the liberation of the Dachau  
concentration camp during World War II.

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### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 12, 2020

Mr. GARDNER (for himself, Ms. SINEMA, Ms. MCSALLY, Mr. BENNET, Mr.  
INHOFE, Mr. CARDIN, and Ms. ROSEN) submitted the following resolu-  
tion; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JUNE 3, 2020

Reported by Mr. RISCH, with an amendment and an amendment to the  
preamble

[Strike out all after the resolving clause and insert the part printed in *italic*]

[Strike the preamble and insert the part printed in *italic*]

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## RESOLUTION

Commemorating the 75th anniversary of the liberation of  
the Dachau concentration camp during World War II.

Whereas the ~~Dachau concentration camp~~, established in  
~~March 1933~~—

(1) ~~was the first concentration camp established by  
the German National Socialist, or “Nazi”, government;~~  
and

(2) ~~operated continuously until the end of World  
War II in 1945;~~

Whereas the Dachau concentration camp housed Germans who were deemed political, racial, or social threats by the Nazi regime, including Communists, Social Democrats, Jews, Roma, members of the clergy, Jehovah's Witnesses, and other religious and cultural minorities;

Whereas, in addition to Germans, prisoners at the Dachau concentration camp included Poles, Hungarians, Austrians, Italians, Lithuanians, Czechs, Slovenes, Belgians, and other foreign nationals from countries occupied or invaded by Germany;

Whereas the Nazis imprisoned more than 200,000 civilians in the Dachau concentration camp and the more than 100 subcamps of the Dachau concentration camp;

Whereas the Nazis murdered tens of thousands of innocent civilians at the Dachau concentration camp, one of many camps where the Nazis brutally killed millions of people, including 6,000,000 Jews, during the Holocaust;

Whereas the Nazis tortured and conducted medical experiments on civilian prisoners at the Dachau concentration camp, including by—

- (1) subjecting the prisoners to pressure extremes;
- (2) submersing the prisoners in freezing water;
- (3) forcing the prisoners to drink salt water; and
- (4) infecting the prisoners with malaria;

Whereas the Nazis subjected civilian prisoners at the Dachau concentration camp to forced labor—

- (1) first for the initial construction and expansion of the camp; and
- (2) later primarily for armaments production to supply the German military;

Whereas, following the advance of Allied Forces, the Nazi regime began the systematic transfer of prisoners from evacuated concentration camps to the Dachau concentration camp for continued imprisonment;

Whereas, in December 1943, Dwight D. Eisenhower was appointed as Supreme Commander of the Allied Expeditionary Forces and led the formal coordination of the Allied Forces, with the mission to liberate Europe;

Whereas, on April 29, 1945, the 45th Infantry “Thunderbird” Division of the Seventh Army of the United States (referred to in this preamble as the “45th Infantry Division”), under the leadership of Lieutenant Colonel Felix Sparks, member of the Colorado Army National Guard and Commander of the Third Battalion of the 157th Infantry Regiment of the 45th Infantry Division, along with units of the 42nd Infantry Division and the 20th Armored Division, led the liberation of the main Dachau concentration camp;

Whereas the 45th Infantry Division—

- (1) was composed of National Guard units from Colorado, Oklahoma, Arizona, and New Mexico; and
- (2) deployed in June 1943 in support of the Allied Forces during World War II;

Whereas, in the European theater of operation, the 45th Infantry Division suffered—

- (1) 1,831 deaths in battle; and
- (2) 7,791 casualties;

Whereas, in 1985, the United States Army Center of Military History and the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum honored the 45th Infantry Division with recognition as a “liberating unit”; and

~~Whereas commemoration of the liberation of the Dachau concentration camp will instill in all people of the United States a greater awareness of the unspeakable tragedies of the Holocaust. Now, therefore, be it~~

*Whereas the Dachau concentration camp, established in March 1933—*

*(1) was the first concentration camp established by the German National Socialist, or “Nazi”, government;*

*(2) served as a model for all subsequent Nazi concentration camps;*

*(3) was a training center for the notoriously brutal SS concentration camp guards; and*

*(4) operated continuously until the end of World War II in 1945;*

*Whereas the Dachau concentration camp housed Germans who were deemed political, racial, or social threats by the Nazi regime, including Communists, Social Democrats, Jews, Roma, members of the clergy, Jehovah’s Witnesses, and other religious and cultural minorities;*

*Whereas, in addition to Germans, prisoners at the Dachau concentration camp included Poles, Hungarians, Austrians, Italians, Lithuanians, Czechs, Slovenes, Belgians, and other foreign nationals from countries occupied or invaded by Germany;*

*Whereas the Nazis imprisoned more than 200,000 civilians in the Dachau concentration camp and the more than 100 subcamps of the Dachau concentration camp;*

*Whereas the Nazis murdered tens of thousands of innocent civilians, and allowed countless others to die from disease, starvation, malnutrition, and exhaustion, at the Dachau concentration camp, one of many camps where the Nazis*

*brutally killed millions of people, including 6,000,000 Jews during the Holocaust;*

*Whereas the Nazis tortured, and conducted medical experiments that led to the death or permanent disabling of, hundreds of civilian prisoners at the Dachau concentration camp, including by—*

- (1) subjecting the prisoners to pressure extremes;*
- (2) submersing the prisoners in freezing water;*
- (3) forcing the prisoners to drink salt water; and*
- (4) infecting the prisoners with malaria;*

*Whereas the Nazis subjected civilian prisoners at the Dachau concentration camp to forced labor—*

- (1) first for the initial construction and expansion of the camp; and*
- (2) later primarily for armaments production to supply the German military;*

*Whereas, following the advance of Allied Forces, the Nazi regime began the systematic transfer of prisoners from evacuated concentration camps to the Dachau concentration camp for continued imprisonment, resulting in the deaths of thousands of weakened and malnourished prisoners and leading to the discovery of the infamous “Dachau death train”, consisting of nearly 40 railroad cars containing the bodies of approximately 2,310 prisoners;*

*Whereas, in December 1943, Dwight D. Eisenhower was appointed as Supreme Commander of the Allied Expeditionary Forces and led the formal coordination of the Allied Forces, with the mission to liberate Europe;*

*Whereas the main Dachau concentration camp was liberated on April 29, 1945;*

*Whereas that liberation was led by—*

(1) *the 45th Infantry “Thunderbird” Division of the Seventh Army of the United States (referred to in this preamble as the “45th Infantry Division”), under the leadership of Lieutenant Colonel Felix Sparks, member of the Colorado Army National Guard and Commander of the Third Battalion of the 157th Infantry Regiment of the 45th Infantry Division;*

(2) *the 42nd Infantry “Rainbow” Division of the Seventh Army of the United States (referred to in this preamble as the “42nd Infantry Division”), under the leadership of Brigadier General Henning Linden; and*

(3) *the 20th Armored Division of the Seventh Army of the United States (referred to in this preamble as the “20th Armored Division”);*

*Whereas the 45th Infantry Division—*

*(1) was composed of National Guard units from Colorado, Oklahoma, Arizona, and New Mexico; and*

*(2) deployed in June 1943 in support of the Allied Forces during World War II;*

*Whereas the 42nd Infantry Division—*

*(1) was composed of personnel from every State of the United States; and*

*(2) deployed in December 1944 in support of the Allied Forces during World War II;*

*Whereas the 20th Armored Division—*

*(1) was activated at Fort Campbell and, until October of 1944, trained soldiers and qualified those soldiers for overseas shipment as replacement soldiers for armored units; and*

*(2) deployed in February 1945 in support of the Allied Forces during World War II;*

*Whereas, in the European theater of operation, the 45th Infantry Division suffered—*

- (1) 1,831 deaths in battle; and*
- (2) 7,791 battle casualties;*

*Whereas, in the European theater of operation, the 42nd Infantry Division suffered—*

- (1) 655 deaths in battle; and*
- (2) 3,971 battle casualties;*

*Whereas, in the European theater of operation, the 20th Armored Division suffered—*

- (1) 59 deaths in battle; and*
- (2) 186 battle casualties;*

*Whereas, in 1985, the United States Army Center of Military History and the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum honored the 45th Infantry Division, the 42nd Infantry Division, and the 20th Armored Division with recognition as “liberating units”; and*

*Whereas commemoration of the liberation of the Dachau concentration camp will instill in all people of the United States a greater awareness of the unspeakable tragedies of the Holocaust: Now, therefore, be it*

1       *Resolved, That the Senate—*

2               (1) commemorates April 29, 2020, as the 75th  
3       anniversary of the liberation of the Dachau con-  
4       centration camp during World War II;

5               (2) condemns the crimes against humanity com-  
6       mitted by the Nazi regime; and

7               (3) recognizes the valorous efforts of the 45th  
8       Infantry Division, the 42nd Infantry Division, and

1       the 20th Armored Division of the Seventh Army of  
2       the United States in the liberation of the thousands  
3       of individuals imprisoned at the Dachau concentra-  
4       tion camp.

5   *That the Senate—*

6           (1) commemorates April 29, 2020, as the 75th  
7       anniversary of the liberation of the Dachau con-  
8       centration camp during World War II;

9           (2) calls on all people of the United States to re-  
10      member the tens of thousands of innocent victims  
11      murdered at the Dachau concentration camp as part  
12      of the Holocaust, the 6,000,000 Jews killed throughout  
13      the Holocaust, and all of the victims of the Nazi reign  
14      of terror; and

15          (3) recognizes the valorous efforts of the 45th In-  
16      fantry Division, the 42nd Infantry Division, and the  
17      20th Armored Division of the Seventh Army of the  
18      United States in the liberation of the thousands of in-  
19      dividuals imprisoned at the Dachau concentration  
20      camp.





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