	CHILD ABUSE AND ENDANGERMENT AMENDMENTS
	2020 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Christine F. Watkins
	Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
LON	NG TITLE
Gen	eral Description:
	This bill modifies provisions relating to child abuse and neglect and endangerment of a
child	l or vulnerable adult.
Higł	nlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 defines terms;
	 for the offense of endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult:
	• modifies the circumstances under which an individual may be found guilty of
the c	offense; and
	• clarifies the circumstances under which an affirmative defense is applicable;
	 modifies provisions relating to a finding of abuse or neglect and determining the
best	interests of a child in a child welfare case based on the parent's or guardian's
use o	of cannabis; and
	 makes technical changes.
Mon	ey Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Oth	er Special Clauses:
	None
Utał	a Code Sections Affected:
AMI	ENDS:
	76-5-112.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 320

 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 76-5-112.5 is amended to read: 76-5-112.5. Endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult. (1) As used in this section: (a) (i) "Chemical substance" means: (A) a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the manufacture of a controlled
 Section 1. Section 76-5-112.5 is amended to read: 76-5-112.5. Endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult. (1) As used in this section: (a) (i) "Chemical substance" means: (A) a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the manufacture of a controlled
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(A) a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the manufacture of a controlled
substance;
(B) a substance intended to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance; or
(C) any fumes or by-product resulting from the manufacture of a controlled substanc
(ii) Intent under this Subsection (1)(a) may be demonstrated by:
(A) the use, quantity, or manner of storage of the substance; or
(B) the proximity of the substance to other precursors or to manufacturing equipmen
(b) "Child" means [a human being] an individual who is under 18 years of age.
(c) "Controlled substance" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
58-37-2.
(d) "Drug paraphernalia" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
58-37a-3.
(e) "Exposed to" means that the child or vulnerable adult:
(i) is able to access [or view] an unlawfully possessed:
(A) controlled substance; or
(B) chemical substance;
(ii) has the reasonable capacity to access drug paraphernalia; or
(iii) is able to smell an odor produced during, or as a result of, the manufacture or
production of a controlled substance.
(f) "Prescription" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

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56	(g) "Vulnerable adult" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
57	76-5-111(1).
58	(2) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided by law:
59	(a) except as provided in [Subsection] Subsections (2)(b) [or], (c), [a person], and (3),
60	an individual is guilty of a felony of the third degree if the [person] individual knowingly or
61	intentionally causes or permits a child or a vulnerable adult to be exposed to, inhale, ingest, or
62	have contact with a controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug paraphernalia;
63	(b) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) and (3), [a person] an individual is guilty of
64	a felony of the second degree, if:
65	(i) the [person] individual engages in the conduct described in Subsection (2)(a); and
66	(ii) as a result of the conduct described in Subsection $(2)(a)[, a], the child or [a] the$
67	vulnerable adult suffers bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or serious bodily injury; or
68	(c) [a person] an individual is guilty of a felony of the first degree, if:
69	(i) the [person] individual engages in the conduct described in Subsection (2)(a); and
70	(ii) as a result of the conduct described in Subsection $(2)(a)[, a], the child or [a] the$
71	vulnerable adult dies.
72	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a child may not be subjected to delinquency
73	proceedings for a violation of Subsection (2) unless:
74	(a) the child is 15 years old or older; and
75	(b) the other child who is exposed to or inhales, ingests, or has contact with the
76	controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug paraphernalia, is under 12 years old.
77	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this section that the controlled
78	substance:
79	(a) was obtained by lawful prescription or in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a,
80	Utah Medical Cannabis Act; and
81	(b) is used or possessed by the [person] individual to whom [it] the controlled
82	substance was lawfully prescribed or recommended to under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah

83	Medical Cannabis Act.
84	[(4)] (5) The penalties described in this section are separate from, and in addition to,
85	the penalties and enhancements described in Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
86	Section 2. Section 78A-6-115 is amended to read:
87	78A-6-115. Hearings Record County attorney or district attorney
88	responsibilities Attorney general responsibilities Disclosure Admissibility of
89	evidence Cannabis.
90	(1) (a) A verbatim record of the proceedings shall be taken in all cases that might result
91	in deprivation of custody as defined in this chapter. In all other cases a verbatim record shall
92	also be made unless dispensed with by the court.
93	(b) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(b):
94	(A) "Record of a proceeding" does not include documentary materials of any type
95	submitted to the court as part of the proceeding, including items submitted under Subsection
96	<u>(4)(a).</u>
97	(B) "Subjects of the record" includes the child's guardian ad litem, the child's legal
98	guardian, the Division of Child and Family Services, and any other party to the proceeding.
99	[(i)] (ii) Notwithstanding any other provision, including Title 63G, Chapter 2,
100	Government Records Access and Management Act, the court shall release a record of a
101	proceeding made under Subsection (1)(a) [shall be released by the court] to any person upon a
102	finding on the record for good cause.
103	[(iii)] (iii) Following a petition for a record of a proceeding made under Subsection
104	(1)(a), the court shall:
105	(A) provide notice to all subjects of the record that a request for release of the record
106	has been made; and
107	(B) allow sufficient time for the subjects of the record to respond before making a
108	finding on the petition.
109	[(iii)] (iv) A record of a proceeding may not be released under this Subsection (1)(b) if

110 the court's jurisdiction over the subjects of the proceeding ended more than 12 months before

111 the <u>day on which the</u> request <u>is made</u>.

112 [(iv) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(b):]

113 [(A) "record of a proceeding" does not include documentary materials of any type

submitted to the court as part of the proceeding, including items submitted under Subsection

115 (4)(a); and]

116 [(B) "subjects of the record" includes the child's guardian ad litem, the child's legal

117 guardian, the Division of Child and Family Services, and any other party to the proceeding.]

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the county attorney or, if within a
prosecution district, the district attorney shall represent the state in any proceeding in a minor's

120 case.

(b) Subject to the attorney general's prosecutorial discretion in civil enforcement
actions, the attorney general shall enforce all provisions of Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and
Family Services, and this chapter, relating to:

- 124 (i) protection or custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent child; and
- 125 (ii) petitions for termination of parental rights.

(c) The attorney general shall represent the Division of Child and Family Services in
actions involving a minor who is not adjudicated as abused or neglected, but who is receiving
in-home family services under Section 78A-6-117.5. Nothing in this Subsection (2)(c) may be
construed to affect the responsibility of the county attorney or district attorney to represent the
state in those matters, in accordance with Subsection (2)(a).

(3) The board may adopt special rules of procedure to govern proceedings involving
violations of traffic laws or ordinances, wildlife laws, and boating laws. However, proceedings
involving offenses under Section 78A-6-606 are governed by that section regarding suspension
of driving privileges.

(4) (a) For the purposes of determining proper disposition of the minor in dispositional
hearings and establishing the fact of abuse, neglect, or dependency in adjudication hearings and

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138 relating to the minor's mental, physical, and social history and condition may be received in 139 evidence and may be considered by the court along with other evidence. The court may require 140 that the [person] individual who wrote the report or prepared the material appear as a witness if 141 the [person] individual is reasonably available. 142 (b) For the purpose of determining proper disposition of a minor alleged to be or 143 adjudicated as abused, neglected, or dependent, dispositional reports prepared by the division 144 under Section 78A-6-315 may be received in evidence and may be considered by the court 145 along with other evidence. The court may require any [person] individual who participated in 146 preparing the dispositional report to appear as a witness, if the [person] individual is reasonably 147 available. 148 (5) (a) In an abuse, neglect, or dependency proceeding occurring after the 149 commencement of a shelter hearing under Section 78A-6-306 or the filing of a petition under 150 Section 78A-6-304, each party to the proceeding shall provide in writing to the other parties or 151 their counsel any information which the party: 152 (i) plans to report to the court at the proceeding; or 153 (ii) could reasonably expect would be requested of the party by the court at the 154 proceeding. 155 (b) The disclosure required under Subsection (5)(a) shall be made: 156 (i) for dispositional hearings under Sections 78A-6-311 and 78A-6-312, no less than 157 five days before the proceeding: 158 (ii) for proceedings under Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act, in 159 accordance with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and 160 (iii) for all other proceedings, no less than five days before the proceeding. (c) If a party to a proceeding obtains information after the deadline in Subsection 161 162 (5)(b), the information is exempt from the disclosure required under Subsection (5)(a) if the 163 party certifies to the court that the information was obtained after the deadline.

in hearings upon petitions for termination of parental rights, written reports and other material

164	(d) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to:
165	(i) pretrial hearings; and
166	(ii) the frequent, periodic review hearings held in a dependency drug court case to
167	assess and promote the parent's progress in substance use disorder treatment.
168	(6) For the purpose of establishing the fact of abuse, neglect, or dependency, the court
169	may, in [its] the court's discretion, consider evidence of statements made by a child under eight
170	years of age to [a person] an individual in a trust relationship.
171	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7):
172	(i) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>26-61a-102</u> .
173	[(i)] (ii) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
174	26-61a-102.
175	(iii) (A) "Chronic" means repeated or patterned.
176	(B) "Chronic" does not mean an isolated incident.
177	[(ii)] (iv) "Dosing parameters" means the same as that term is defined in Section
178	26-61a-102.
179	[(iii)] (v) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section
180	26-61a-102.
181	[(iv)] (vi) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means the same as that term is defined in
182	Section 26-61a-102.
183	[(v)] (vii) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in
184	Section 26-61a-102.
185	(b) In any child welfare proceeding in which the court makes a finding, determination,
186	or otherwise considers an individual's possession or use of medical cannabis, a cannabis
187	product, or a medical cannabis device, the court may not consider or treat the individual's
188	possession or use any differently than the lawful possession or use of any prescribed controlled
189	substance if the individual's use or possession complies with:
	substance if the individual's use of possession complies with.

191	(ii) the individual's possession or use complies with Subsection $58-37-3.7(2)$ or (3); or
192	(iii) (A) the individual's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah
193	Medical Cannabis Act; and
194	(B) the individual reasonably complies with the dosing parameters determined by the
195	individual's qualified medical provider or through a consultation described in Subsection
196	26-61a-502(4) or (5).
197	(c) In a child welfare proceeding, a parent's or guardian's use of cannabis or a cannabis
198	product is not abuse or neglect of a child under Section 78A-6-105 unless there is evidence
199	showing that:
200	(i) the child is harmed because of the child's inhalation or ingestion of cannabis, or
201	because of cannabis being introduced to the child's body in another manner; or
202	(ii) the child is at an unreasonable risk of harm because of chronic inhalation or
203	ingestion of cannabis or chronic introduction of cannabis to the child's body in another manner.
204	[(c)] (d) [A] Unless there is harm or an unreasonable risk of harm to the child as
205	described in Subsection (7)(c), in a child welfare proceeding a parent's or guardian's use of
206	medical cannabis or a cannabis product is not [abuse or neglect of a child under Section
207	78A-6-105, nor is it] contrary to the best interests of a child[,] if:
208	(i) $[(A)]$ for a medical cannabis cardholder after January 1, 2021, the parent's or
209	guardian's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act,
210	and there is no evidence that the parent's or guardian's use of medical cannabis unreasonably
211	deviates from the dosing parameters determined by the parent's or guardian's qualified medical
212	provider or through a consultation described in Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5); or
213	[(B)] (ii) before January 1, 2021, the parent's or guardian's possession or use complies
214	with Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3)[; and].
215	[(ii) (A) there is no evidence showing that the child has inhaled, ingested, or otherwise
216	had cannabis introduced to the child's body; or]
217	[(B) there is no evidence showing a nexus between the parent's or guardian's use of

- 218 medical cannabis or a cannabis product and behavior that would separately constitute abuse or
- 219 neglect of the child.]
- 220 (e) Subsection (7)(c) does not prohibit a finding of abuse or neglect of a child under
- 221 Section 78A-6-105, and Subsection (7)(d) does not prohibit a finding that a parent's or
- 222 guardian's use of medical cannabis or a cannabis product is contrary to the best interests of a
- 223 child, if there is evidence showing a nexus between the parent's or guardian's use of cannabis or
- 224 <u>a cannabis product and behavior that would separately constitute abuse or neglect of the child.</u>