116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1404

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To strengthen the United States response to Russian interference by providing transparency on the corruption of Russian President Vladimir Putin.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 27, 2019

Mrs. DEMINGS (for herself and Ms. STEFANIK) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and in addition to the Committees on Foreign Affairs, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To strengthen the United States response to Russian interference by providing transparency on the corruption of Russian President Vladimir Putin.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Vladimir Putin Trans-
- 5 parency Act".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

(1) According to an Intelligence Community As-1 2 sessment dated January 6, 2017, "Russian Presi-3 dent Vladimir Putin ordered an influence campaign in 2016 aimed at the US presidential election. Rus-4 5 sia's goals were to undermine public faith in the US 6 democratic process . . . Moscow's influence cam-7 paign followed a Russian messaging strategy that 8 blends covert intelligence operations—such as cyber 9 activity—with overt efforts by Russian Government 10 agencies. state-funded media, third-party inter-11 mediaries, and paid social media users or 'trolls'.".

12 (2) According to the indictment issued by the 13 Attorney General on February 16, 2018, Russian 14 actors conspired "to defraud the United States by 15 impairing, obstructing, and defeating the lawful 16 functions of the government through fraud and de-17 ceit for the purpose of interfering with the U.S. po-18 litical and electoral processes, including the presi-19 dential election of 2016".

20 (3) Notwithstanding the enactment of the
21 Countering Adversaries of America through Sanc22 tions Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–44), Russia con23 tinues to support efforts to sow and exacerbate divi24 sions among Americans, and to undermine demo25 cratic societies around the world.

1	(4) The government of Russian President
2	Vladimir Putin employs a system of corruption and
3	illicit financial ties as a tool for consolidating its do-
4	mestic political control and projecting power abroad
5	to weaken other democratic countries.
6	(5) Russia has also significantly stepped up its
7	efforts to confront the United States and its allies
8	politically and militarily, and to counter American
9	influence worldwide, including by the following:
10	(A) Invading and illegally occupying Cri-
11	mea.
12	(B) Intervening in and occupying parts of
13	eastern Ukraine.
14	(C) Deploying substantial military forces
15	and undertaking a ruthless bombing campaign
16	in Syria to prop up the regime of Bashar al-
17	Assad and defeat the American-supported oppo-
18	sition.
19	(D) Significantly expanding its armed
20	forces and deploying missiles in violation of
21	treaty commitments.
22	(E) Undertaking large military exercises
23	designed to intimidate other countries.
24	(F) Interfering in the political systems of
25	democracies around the world.

(G) Using the threat of cutting off gas
 supplies as leverage over the most energy-de pendent European countries.

4 SEC. 3. REPORT ON KREMLIN-LINKED CORRUPTION.

5 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-6 gress that—

7 (1) the intelligence community should dedicate
8 resources to further expose key networks that the
9 corrupt political class in Russia uses to hide the
10 money it steals;

(2) the President should pursue efforts to stifle
Russian use of hidden financial channels, including
anonymous shell companies and real estate investments, in a manner similar to the efforts undertaken
to tighten banking regulations after the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001; and

17 (3) the United States should do more to expose
18 the corruption of Vladimir Putin, whose ill-gotten
19 wealth is the most powerful symbol of the corrupt
20 nature of his government.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the personal

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net worth of and assets owned by Russian President Vladi mir Putin, including—

3 (1) the estimated net worth and known sources
4 of income of Vladimir Putin and his family mem5 bers, including assets, investments, bank accounts,
6 other business interests, and relevant beneficial own7 ership information;

8 (2) with respect to bank accounts, real estate 9 holdings, and other financial assets, including those 10 outside of Russia, that are owned by or accessible to 11 Putin—

12 (A) the location of such accounts, holdings,13 or assets; and

14 (B) the contents of such accounts or the15 amount held through such holdings or assets;

16 (3) any "front" or shell companies, or other
17 intermediaries, used by Vladimir Putin to hide as18 sets from public disclosure; and

(4) an identification of the most significant senior Russian political figures and oligarchs who facilitate the corrupt practices of Vladimir Putin.

(c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b)
shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include
a classified annex.

(d) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES
 DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate con gressional committees" means—

4 (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
5 Committee on Financial Services, and the Com6 mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep7 resentatives; and

8 (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
9 Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af10 fairs, and the Committee on Finance of the Senate.

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