

117TH CONGRESS H. R. 6117

To increase access to pre-exposure prophylaxis to reduce the transmission of HIV.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 1, 2021

Mr. Schiff (for himself, Mr. Nadler, Ms. Titus, Mr. Cohen, Ms. Lee of California, Ms. Porter, Ms. Speier, Mr. Pocan, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Mr. Welch, Mr. Tonko, Mr. Casten, Mr. Takano, Mr. Rush, Ms. Sewell, Mr. Khanna, Ms. Pressley, Mr. Quigley, Mr. Moulton, Mr. Soto, Ms. Manning, Ms. Pingree, Mr. Payne, Ms. Jackson Lee, Mr. Lynch, Mr. Cicilline, Mr. Torres of New York, Ms. Velázquez, Mr. Jones, Ms. Tlaib, Mr. Swalwell, Ms. Norton, and Mr. Blumenauer) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Reform, Ways and Means, Veterans' Affairs, Armed Services, Natural Resources, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To increase access to pre-exposure prophylaxis to reduce the transmission of HIV.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "PrEP Access and Cov-
- 3 erage Act".

- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds as follows:
- 6 (1) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that approximately 1,100,000 people in the United States are living with HIV.
- 9 (2) In 2019, there were 36,398 new diagnoses 10 of HIV in the United States.
 - (3) HIV disproportionately impacts gay and bisexual men, transgender women, and, in particular, people of color. For example, in 2019, approximately 66 percent of new HIV diagnoses were among gay and bisexual men, 42 percent of new HIV diagnoses were among Black people, and 22 percent of new HIV diagnoses were among Latinx people. Recent studies suggest that transgender women are up to 49 times more likely to be diagnosed with HIV than the general population. Members of communities at the intersections of these groups are most heavily impacted.
 - (4) Pre-exposure prophylaxis (referred to in this section as "PrEP") is a daily antiretroviral medication that helps prevent individuals from acquiring HIV. Daily PrEP use reduces the risk of getting

- HIV from sex by about 99 percent. It reduces the risk of getting HIV from injection drug use by at least 74 percent.
 - (5) Many individuals at risk of exposure to HIV do not use PrEP. Of the approximately 1,100,000 people in the United States who could benefit from PrEP, only 23 percent, or nearly 285,000 individuals, filled prescriptions for the drug in 2019.
 - (6) PrEP usage is inconsistent across racial and gender lines. In 2019, only 8 percent of Black/African American and 14 percent of Hispanic/Latinx persons who were eligible for PrEP were prescribed it, compared to 63 percent of White persons. Additionally, slightly less than 10 percent of women eligible for PrEP received a prescription in 2019.
 - (7) There are currently 2 brand name drugs and 1 generic drug approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the use of PrEP on a daily basis. Other types of HIV prevention treatments, including a long-acting injectable, which is currently under FDA review, and long-acting oral pills, implants, and vaginal rings are in the research pipeline. These new innovations can increase widespread use of PrEP along with adherence, which can speed the

- Nation's goal to end HIV and address inequities in health care.
- (8) Section 2713 of the Public Health Service 3 Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-13) requires most private 5 health insurance plans to cover preventive services 6 without cost-sharing, including such services with a rating of "A" or "B" under recommendations of the 7 8 United States Preventive Services Task Force. On 9 June 11, 2019, the United States Preventive Serv-10 ices Task Force issued a final recommendation giv-11 ing an "A" grade for PrEP for individuals at high 12 risk of HIV; non-grandfathered private health insur-13 ance plans have to cover PrEP for such individuals 14 without cost-sharing effective January 2021.
 - (9) Joint guidance issued by the Department of Labor, the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Department of the Treasury on July 19, 2021, clarifies that ancillary services necessary to maintain the PrEP regime, including subsequent provider visits, clinical testing, and other services, is required to be covered by health insurers without cost-sharing.
 - (10) Permanently expanding access to cost-free PrEP and ancillary services for all individuals, including individuals who do not have health insur-

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- ance, through legislation, is a critical step towards
 eliminating HIV transmission.
 - (11) Post-exposure prophylaxis (referred to in this section as "PEP") is a daily antiretroviral treatment which, when initiated promptly after a sexual or other exposure to blood or body fluids that is associated with a high risk of HIV transmission, is highly effective at preventing HIV infection.
 - (12) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention recommends PEP for an individual who has experienced a high-risk exposure incident, provided that the individual tests HIV-negative, initiates such treatment no later than 72 hours after exposure, and continues the treatment for 28 days.
 - (13) Despite PEP's proven effectiveness in preventing HIV infection after high-risk sexual exposures, awareness of PEP is low among individuals who would benefit from the treatment. Studies suggest that awareness of PEP and of the importance of its prompt initiation is particularly low among young gay and bisexual men of color, transgender persons, and women of all gender identities.
 - (14) Adequate knowledge of guidelines issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for assessing indications for PEP and for initiating

- and sustaining PEP are low among health care pro-
- 2 viders and staff. Because PEP is an emergency
- 3 intervention, insufficient knowledge among providers
- 4 and staff in hospital emergency rooms, urgent care
- 5 centers, community health centers, and primary care
- 6 physicians is of particular concern.
- 7 (15) Private and public health insurance plans
- 8 and programs frequently impose requirements for
- 9 coverage of PEP, including pre-authorization re-
- quirements and requirements to obtain the medica-
- tions through designated specialty pharmacies and
- mail-order programs that pose significant obstacles
- to timely initiation of treatment.
- 14 (16) Insurance deductibles and co-payments for
- 15 PEP medications create significant barriers to PEP
- 16 utilization by many individuals who have experienced
- high-risk incidents.
- 18 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 19 gress that the Department of Labor, the Department of
- 20 Health and Human Services, and the Department of the
- 21 Treasury should ensure compliance with the requirements
- 22 described in paragraphs (8) and (9) of subsection (a).
- 23 SEC. 3. COVERAGE OF HIV TESTING AND PREVENTION
- 24 SERVICES.
- 25 (a) Private Insurance.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 2713(a)of the Public
2	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-13(a)) is
3	amended—
4	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "; and"
5	and inserting a semicolon;
6	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking the pe-
7	riod and inserting a semicolon;
8	(C) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
9	riod and inserting a semicolon;
10	(D) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
11	riod and inserting "; and; and
12	(E) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(6) any prescription drug approved by the
14	Food and Drug Administration for the prevention of
15	HIV (other than a drug subject to preauthorization
16	requirements consistent with section 2729A), admin-
17	istrative fees for such drugs, laboratory and other
18	diagnostic procedures associated with the use of
19	such drugs, and clinical follow up and monitoring,
20	including any related services recommended in cur-
21	rent United States Public Health Service clinical
22	practice guidelines, without limitation.".
23	(2) Prohibition on preauthorization re-
24	QUIREMENTS.—Subpart II of part A of title XXVII
25	of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-

- 1 11 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 2 lowing:
- 3 "SEC. 2729A. PROHIBITION ON PREAUTHORIZATION RE-
- 4 QUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN
- 5 SERVICES.
- 6 "A group health plan or a health insurance issuer of-
- 7 fering group or individual health insurance coverage shall
- 8 not impose any preauthorization requirements with re-
- 9 spect to coverage of the services described in section
- 10 2713(a)(6), except that a plan or issuer may impose
- 11 preauthorization requirements with respect to coverage of
- 12 a particular drug approved under section 505(c) of the
- 13 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or section 351(a)
- 14 of this Act if such plan or issuer provides coverage without
- 15 any preauthorization requirements for a drug that is ther-
- 16 apeutically equivalent.".
- 17 (b) Coverage Under Federal Employees
- 18 HEALTH BENEFITS PROGRAM.—Section 8904 of title 5,
- 19 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
- 20 following:
- 21 "(c) Any health benefits plan offered under this chap-
- 22 ter shall include benefits for, and may not impose any cost
- 23 sharing requirements for, any prescription drug approved
- 24 by the Food and Drug Administration for the prevention
- 25 of HIV, administrative fees for such drugs, laboratory and

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other diagnostic procedures associated with the use of
   such drugs, and clinical follow up and monitoring, includ-
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   ing any related services recommended in current United
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   States Public Health Service clinical practice guidelines,
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   without limitation.".
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        (c) Medicaid.—
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             (1) In General.—Section 1905 of the Social
 8
        Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d) is amended—
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                  (A) in subsection (a)(4)—
                      (i) by striking "; and (D)" and insert-
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                 ing "; (D)";
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                      (ii) by striking "; and (E)" and in-
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                  serting "; (E)";
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                      (iii) by striking "; and (F)" and in-
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                  serting "; (F)"; and
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                       (iv) by striking the semicolon at the
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                  end and inserting "; and (G) HIV preven-
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                  tion services;"; and
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                  (B) by adding at the end the following new
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             subsection:
        "(jj) HIV PREVENTION SERVICES.—For purposes of
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    subsection (a)(4)(G), the term 'HIV prevention services'
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   means prescription drugs for the prevention of HIV acqui-
   sition, administrative fees for such drugs, laboratory and
   other diagnostic procedures associated with the use of
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1	such drugs, and clinical follow up and monitoring, includ-
2	ing any related services recommended in current United
3	States Public Health Service clinical practice guidelines
4	without limitation.".
5	(2) No cost-sharing.—Title XIX of the So-
6	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) is amend-
7	ed —
8	(A) in section 1916, by inserting "HIV
9	prevention services described in section
10	1905(a)(4)(G)," after "section 1905(a)(4)(C),"
11	each place it appears; and
12	(B) in section 1916A(b)(3)(B), by adding
13	at the end the following new clause:
14	"(xii) HIV prevention services de-
15	scribed in section 1905(a)(4)(G).".
16	(3) Inclusion in Benchmark Coverage.—
17	Section 1937(b)(7) of the Social Security Act (42
18	U.S.C. 1396u-7(b)(7)) is amended—
19	(A) in the paragraph header, by inserting
20	"AND HIV PREVENTION SERVICES" after "SUP-
21	PLIES"; and
22	(B) by striking "includes for any individual
23	described in section 1905(a)(4)(C), medical as-
24	sistance for family planning services and sup-
25	plies in accordance with such section" and in-

serting "includes medical assistance for HIV 1 2 services described prevention in section 3 1905(a)(4)(G), and includes, for any individual 4 described in section 1905(a)(4)(C), medical as-5 sistance for family planning services and sup-6 plies in accordance with such section". 7 (d) CHIP.— 8 (1) In General.—Section 2103 of the Social 9 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397cc) is amended— 10 (A) in subsection (a), by striking "and 11 (8)" and inserting "(8), (10), (11), and (12)"; 12 and 13 (B) in subsection (c), by adding at the end 14 the following new paragraph: 15 "(12) HIV PREVENTION SERVICES.—Regard-16 less of the type of coverage elected by a State under 17 subsection (a), the child health assistance provided 18 for a targeted low-income child, and, in the case of 19 a State that elects to provide pregnancy-related as-20 sistance pursuant to section 2112, the pregnancy-re-21 lated assistance provided for a targeted low-income 22 pregnant woman (as such terms are defined for pur-23 poses of such section), shall include coverage of HIV 24 prevention services (as defined in section 1905(jj)).".

(2) No Cost-sharing.—Section 2103(e)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397cc(e)(2)) is amended by inserting "HIV prevention services described in subsection (c)(12)," before "or for pregnancy-related assistance".

(3) Effective date.—

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- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (A), the amendments made by subsection(c) and this subsection shall take effect on January 1, 2023.
- (B) Delay Permitted if State Legisla-Tion Required.—In the case of a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act which the Secretary of Health and Human Services determines requires State legislation (other than legislation appropriating funds) in order for the plan to meet the additional requirements imposed by this section, the State plan shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of such title solely on the basis of the failure of the plan to meet such additional requirements before the 1st day of the 1st calendar quarter beginning after the close of the 1st regular session of the State legislature that ends after the 1-year period beginning

1	with the date of the enactment of this section.
2	For purposes of the preceding sentence, in the
3	case of a State that has a 2-year legislative ses-
4	sion, each year of the session is deemed to be
5	a separate regular session of the State legisla-
6	ture.
7	(e) COVERAGE AND ELIMINATION OF COST-SHARING
8	Under Medicare.—
9	(1) Coverage of hiv prevention services
10	UNDER PART B.—
11	(A) Coverage.—
12	(i) In general.—Section 1861(s)(2)
13	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
14	1395x(s)(2)) is amended—
15	(I) in subparagraph (GG), by
16	striking "and" at the end;
17	(II) in subparagraph (HH), by
18	striking the period at the end and in-
19	serting "; and"; and
20	(III) by adding at the end the
21	following new subparagraph:
22	"(II) HIV prevention services (as defined in
23	subsection (lll));".
24	(ii) Definition.—Section 1861 of
25	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x)

1	is amended by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing new subsection:
3	"(lll) HIV PREVENTION SERVICES.—The term 'HIV
4	prevention services' means—
5	"(1) drugs or biologicals approved by the Food
6	and Drug Administration for the prevention of HIV;
7	"(2) administrative fees for such drugs;
8	"(3) laboratory and other diagnostic procedures
9	associated with the use of such drugs; and
10	"(4) clinical follow up and monitoring, including
11	any related services recommended in current United
12	States Public Health Service clinical practice guide-
13	lines, without limitation.".
14	(B) Elimination of Coinsurance.—Sec-
15	tion 1833(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (42
16	U.S.C. 1395l(a)(1)) is amended—
17	(i) by striking "and (DD)" and in-
18	serting "(DD)"; and
19	(ii) by inserting before the semicolon
20	at the end the following: "and (EE) with
21	respect to HIV prevention services (as de-
22	fined in section 1861(lll)), the amount paid
23	shall be 100 percent of (i) except as pro-
24	vided in clause (ii), the lesser of the actual
25	charge for the service or the amount deter-

1	mined under the fee schedule that applies
2	to such services under this part, and (ii) in
3	the case of such services that are covered
4	OPD services (as defined in subsection
5	(t)(1)(B)), the amount determined under
6	subsection (t)".
7	(C) Exemption from part b deduct-
8	IBLE.—Section 1833(b) of the Social Security
9	Act (42 U.S.C. 1395l(b)) is amended—
10	(i) in paragraph (11), by striking
11	"and" at the end; and
12	(ii) in paragraph (12), by striking the
13	period at the end and inserting ", and (13)
14	such deductible shall not apply with re-
15	spect to HIV prevention services (as de-
16	fined in section 1861(lll).".
17	(D) Effective date.—The amendments
18	made by this paragraph shall apply to items
19	and services furnished on or after January 1,
20	2023.
21	(2) Elimination of cost-sharing for
22	DRUGS FOR THE PREVENTION OF HIV UNDER PART
23	D.—

1	(A) In General.—Section 1860D-2(b) of
2	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-
3	102(b)) is amended—
4	(i) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking
5	"The coverage" and inserting "Subject to
6	paragraph (8), the coverage";
7	(ii) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking
8	"and (D)" and inserting "and (D) and
9	paragraph (8)";
10	(iii) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking
11	"and (4)" and inserting "(4), and (8)";
12	(iv) in paragraph (4)(A)(i), by strik-
13	ing "The coverage" and inserting "Subject
14	to paragraph (8), the coverage"; and
15	(v) by adding at the end the following
16	new paragraph:
17	"(8) Elimination of cost-sharing for
18	DRUGS FOR THE PREVENTION OF HIV.—
19	"(A) In general.—For plan year 2023
20	and each subsequent plan year, there shall be
21	no cost-sharing under this part (including
22	under section 1814D–14) for covered part D
23	drugs that are for the prevention of HIV.

1	"(B) Cost-sharing.—For purposes of
2	subparagraph (A), the elimination of cost-shar-
3	ing shall include the following:
4	"(i) No application of deduct-
5	IBLE.—The waiver of the deductible under
6	paragraph (1).
7	"(ii) No application of coinsur-
8	ANCE.—The waiver of coinsurance under
9	paragraph (2).
10	"(iii) No application of initial
11	COVERAGE LIMIT.—The initial coverage
12	limit under paragraph (3) shall not apply.
13	"(iv) No cost sharing above an-
14	NUAL OUT-OF-POCKET THRESHOLD.—The
15	waiver of cost sharing under paragraph
16	(4).".
17	(B) Conforming amendments to cost-
18	SHARING FOR LOW-INCOME INDIVIDUALS.—Sec-
19	tion 1860D-14(a) of the Social Security Act
20	(42 U.S.C. 1395w-114(a)) is amended—
21	(i) in paragraph (1), in the matter
22	preceding subparagraph (A), by striking
23	"In the case" and inserting "Subject to
24	section 1860D-2(b)(8), in the case'': and

1	(ii) in paragraph (2), in the matter
2	preceding subparagraph (A), by striking
3	"In the case" and inserting "Subject to
4	section 1860D-2(b)(8), in the case".
5	(f) COVERAGE OF HIV PREVENTION TREATMENT BY
6	DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.—
7	(1) Elimination of medication copay-
8	MENTS.—Section 1722A(a) of title 38, United
9	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
10	following new paragraph:
11	"(5) Paragraph (1) does not apply to a medication
12	for the prevention of HIV.".
13	(2) Elimination of Hospital care and Med-
14	ICAL SERVICES COPAYMENTS.—Section 1710 of such
15	title is amended—
16	(A) in subsection (f)—
17	(i) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
18	paragraph (6); and
19	(ii) by inserting after paragraph (4)
20	the following new paragraph (5):
21	"(5) A veteran shall not be liable to the United States
22	under this subsection for any amounts for laboratory and
23	other diagnostic procedures associated with the use of any
24	prescription drug approved by the Food and Drug Admin-
25	istration for the prevention of HIV, administrative fees for

1	such drugs, or for laboratory or other diagnostic proce-
2	dures associated with the use of such drugs, or clinical
3	follow up and monitoring, including any related services
4	recommended in current United States Public Health
5	Service clinical practice guidelines, without limitation.";
6	and
7	(B) in subsection (g)(3), by adding at the
8	end the following new subparagraph:
9	"(C) Any prescription drug approved by the
10	Food and Drug Administration for the prevention of
11	HIV, administrative fees for such drugs, laboratory
12	and other diagnostic procedures associated with the
13	use of such drugs, and clinical follow up and moni-
14	toring, including any related services recommended
15	in current United States Public Health Service clin-
16	ical practice guidelines, without limitation.".
17	(3) Inclusion as preventive health serv-
18	ICE.—Section 1701(9) of such title is amended—
19	(A) in subparagraph (K), by striking ";
20	and" and inserting a semicolon;
21	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (L) as
22	subparagraph (M); and
23	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (K)
24	the following new subparagraph (L):

- "(L) any prescription drug approved by 1 2 the Food and Drug Administration for the prevention of HIV, administrative fees for such 3 4 drugs, laboratory and other diagnostic proce-5 dures associated with the use of such drugs, 6 and clinical follow up and monitoring, including 7 any related services recommended in current 8 United States Public Health Service clinical 9 practice guidelines, without limitation; and".
- 10 (g) Coverage of HIV Prevention Treatment by
 11 Department of Defense.—
- 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 55 of title 10, 13 United States Code, is amended by inserting after 14 section 1079c the following new section:

15 "§ 1079d. Coverage of HIV prevention treatment

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall rensure coverage under the TRICARE program of HIV prevention treatment described in subsection (b) for any beneficiary under section 1074(a) of this title.
- 20 "(b) HIV PREVENTION TREATMENT DESCRIBED.— 21 HIV prevention treatment described in this subsection in-
- 22 cludes any prescription drug approved by the Food and
- 23 Drug Administration for the prevention of HIV, adminis-
- 24 trative fees for such drugs, laboratory and other diagnostic
- 25 procedures associated with the use of such drugs, and clin-

- 1 ical follow up and monitoring, including any related serv-
- 2 ices recommended in current United States Public Health
- 3 Service clinical practice guidelines, without limitation.
- 4 "(c) No Cost-Sharing.—Notwithstanding section
- 5 1075, 1075a, or 1074g(a)(6) of this title or any other pro-
- 6 vision of law, there is no cost-sharing requirement for HIV
- 7 prevention treatment covered under this section.".
- 8 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
- 9 tions at the beginning of such chapter is amended
- by inserting after the item relating to section 1079c
- 11 the following new item:

"1079d. Coverage of HIV prevention treatment.".

- 12 (h) Indian Health Service Testing, Moni-
- 13 Toring, and Prescription Drugs for the Preven-
- 14 TION OF HIV.—The Indian Health Care Improvement Act
- 15 is amended by inserting after section 223 (25 U.S.C.
- 16 1621v) the following:
- 17 "SEC. 224. TESTING, MONITORING, AND PRESCRIPTION
- 18 DRUGS FOR THE PREVENTION OF HIV.
- 19 "(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
- 20 the Service, Indian tribes, and tribal organizations, shall
- 21 provide funding for any prescription drug approved by the
- 22 Food and Drug Administration for the prevention of
- 23 human immunodeficiency virus (commonly known as
- 24 'HIV'), administrative fees for such a drug, laboratory and
- 25 other diagnostic procedures associated with the use of

- 1 such a drug, and clinical follow up and monitoring, includ-
- 2 ing any related services recommended in current United
- 3 States Public Health Service clinical practice guidelines,
- 4 without limitation.
- 5 "(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 6 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 7 necessary to carry out this section.".
- 8 (i) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 9 subsections (a), (b), (e), (f), (g), and (h) shall take effect
- 10 with respect to plan years beginning on or after January
- 11 1, 2023.
- 12 SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON DENIAL OF COVERAGE OR IN-
- 13 CREASE IN PREMIUMS OF LIFE, DISABILITY,
- 14 OR LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE FOR INDI-
- 15 VIDUALS TAKING MEDICATION FOR THE PRE-
- 16 VENTION OF HIV ACQUISITION.
- 17 (a) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 18 sion of law, it shall be unlawful to—
- 19 (1) decline or limit coverage of a person under
- any life insurance policy, disability insurance policy,
- or long-term care insurance policy, on account of the
- individual taking medication for the purpose of pre-
- venting the acquisition of HIV;
- 24 (2) preclude an individual from taking medica-
- 25 tion for the purpose of preventing the acquisition of

- HIV as a condition of receiving a life insurance policy, disability insurance policy, or long-term care insurance policy;
- 4 (3) consider whether an individual is taking 5 medication for the purpose of preventing the acquisi-6 tion of HIV in determining the premium rate for 7 coverage of such individual under a life insurance 8 policy, disability insurance policy, or long-term care 9 insurance policy; or
 - (4) otherwise discriminate in the offering, issuance, cancellation, amount of such coverage, price, or any other condition of a life insurance policy, disability insurance policy, or long-term care insurance policy for an individual, based solely and without any additional actuarial risks upon whether the individual is taking medication for the purpose of preventing the acquisition of HIV.
- 18 (b) Enforcement.—A State insurance regulator
 19 may take such actions to enforce subsection (a) as are spe20 cifically authorized under the laws of such State.
- 21 (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- 22 (1) DISABILITY INSURANCE POLICY.—The term 23 "disability insurance policy" means a contract under 24 which an entity promises to pay a person a sum of

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1 money in the event that an illness or injury resulting 2 in a disability prevents such person from working. (2) LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.—The term "life 3 insurance policy" means a contract under which an 4 5 entity promises to pay a designated beneficiary a 6 sum of money upon the death of the insured. 7 (3) Long-term care insurance policy.— 8 The term "long-term care insurance policy" means 9 a contract for which the only insurance protection 10 provided under the contract is coverage of qualified 11 long-term care services (as defined in section 7702B(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986). 12 13 SEC. 5. PUBLIC EDUCATION CAMPAIGN. 14 Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act 15 (42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: 16 "SEC. 399V-7. PRE-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS AND POST-EX-18 **POSURE** PROPHYLAXIS EDUCATION CAM-19 PAIGNS. 20 "(a) Public Education Campaign.— 21 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, 22 through the Director of the Centers for Disease 23 Control and Prevention, in consultation with the Di-24 rector of the Office of Infectious Disease and HIV/

AIDS Policy, shall establish a public health cam-

paign for the purpose of educating the public on
 medication for the prevention of HIV acquisition.

"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall ensure cultural competency and efficacy within high-need communities in which PrEP or PEP are underutilized by developing the campaign in collaboration with organizations that are indigenous to communities that are overrepresented in the domestic HIV epidemic, including communities of color and the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer community. The Secretary shall ensure that the campaign is designed to increase awareness of the safety and effectiveness of PrEP and PEP, the recommended clinical practices for providing PrEP-related and PEP-related clinical care, and the local availability of PrEP and PEP providers, and to counter stigma associated with the use of PrEP and PEP.

"(3) EVALUATION OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall develop measures to evaluate the effectiveness of activities conducted under this subsection that are aimed at reducing disparities in access to PrEP and PEP and supporting the local community. Such measures shall evaluate community outreach activities, language services, workforce cultural

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1 competence, and other areas as determined by the 2 Secretary.

"(b) Provider Education Campaign.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Administration of the Health Resources Services Administration and the Office of Infectious Disease and HIV/AIDS Policy, shall establish a provider campaign for the purpose of educating prescribers and other associated health professionals on medication for the prevention of HIV acquisition.
- "(2) Requirements.—In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall increase awareness and readiness among health care providers to offer Prep or Pep, as appropriate, with a focus on areas of high-need communities in which Prep or Pep is underutilized by developing an educational campaign with input from health care providers and organizations that are indigenous to communities that are overrepresented in the domestic HIV epidemic, including communities of color and the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer community. The Secretary shall ensure that the campaign is designed to increase awareness of the safety and effectiveness

- of PrEP and PEP, the recommended clinical prac-
- 2 tices for providing PrEP-related and PEP-related
- 3 clinical care, cultural competency among PrEP and
- 4 PEP prescribers, and to counter stigma associated
- 5 with the use of PrEP and PEP.
- 6 "(3) EVALUATION OF PROGRAM.—The Sec-
- 7 retary shall develop measures to evaluate the effec-
- 8 tiveness of activities conducted under this subsection
- 9 that are aimed at increasing the number of health
- care professionals offering PrEP and PEP and re-
- ducing disparities in access to PrEP and PEP. Such
- measures shall evaluate availability of PrEP and
- 13 PEP services, education and outreach activities, lan-
- 14 guage services, workforce cultural competence, and
- other areas as determined by the Secretary.
- 16 "(c) Definitions.—In this section and section
- 17 399V-8—
- 18 "(1) the term 'PEP' means any drug or com-
- bination of drugs approved by the Food and Drug
- Administration for preventing HIV infection after a
- sexual or other exposure associated with a high risk
- of HIV transmission; and
- 23 "(2) the term 'PrEP' means any drug approved
- by the Food and Drug Administration for the pur-

- 1 pose of pre-exposure prophylaxis with respect to
- 2 HIV.
- 3 "(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—To
- 4 carry out this section, there are authorized to be appro-
- 5 priated such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal
- 6 years 2023 through 2028.".

7 SEC. 6. PATIENT CONFIDENTIALITY.

- 8 The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall
- 9 amend the regulations promulgated under section 264(c)
- 10 of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
- 11 Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d-2 note), as necessary, to
- 12 ensure that individuals are able to access the benefits de-
- 13 scribed in section 2713(a)(6) under a family plan without
- 14 any other individual enrolled in such family plan, including
- 15 a primary subscriber of or policyholder, being informed of
- 16 such use of such benefits.
- 17 SEC. 7. PRE-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS AND POST-EXPO-
- 18 SURE PROPHYLAXIS FUNDING.
- 19 Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
- 20 (42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.), as amended by section 5, is fur-
- 21 ther amended by adding at the end the following:
- 22 "SEC. 399V-8. PRE-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS AND POST-EX-
- 23 POSURE PROPHYLAXIS FUNDING.
- 24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 25 date of enactment of the PrEP Access and Coverage Act,

- 1 the Secretary shall establish a program that awards grants
- 2 to States, territories, Indian Tribes, and directly eligible
- 3 entities for the establishment and support of pre-exposure
- 4 prophylaxis (referred to in this section as 'PrEP') and
- 5 post-exposure prophylaxis (referred to in this section as
- 6 'PEP') programs.
- 7 "(b) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
- 8 grant under subsection (a), a State, territory, Indian
- 9 Tribe, or directly eligible entity shall—
- 10 "(1) submit an application to the Secretary at
- such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
- formation as the Secretary may require, including a
- plan describing how any funds awarded will be used
- to increase access to PrEP for uninsured and under-
- insured individuals and reduce disparities in access
- to PrEP and PEP for uninsured and underinsured
- individuals and reduce disparities in access to PrEP
- and PEP; and
- "(2) appoint a PrEP and PEP grant adminis-
- trator to manage the program.
- 21 "(c) Directly Eligible Entity.—For purposes of
- 22 this section, the term 'directly eligible entity'—
- "(1) means a Federally qualified health center
- or other nonprofit entity engaged in providing PrEP
- and PEP information and services; and

1	"(2) may include—
2	"(A) a Federally qualified health center
3	(as defined in section 1861(aa)(4) of the Social
4	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(aa)(4)));
5	"(B) a family planning grantee (other than
6	States) funded under section 1001 of the Public
7	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300);
8	"(C) a rural health clinic (as defined in
9	section 1861(aa)(2) of the Social Security Act
10	(42 U.S.C. 1395x(aa)(2));
11	"(D) a health facility operated by or pur-
12	suant to a contract with the Indian Health
13	Service;
14	"(E) a community-based organization, clin-
15	ic, hospital, or other health facility that pro-
16	vides services to individuals at risk for or living
17	with HIV; and
18	"(F) a nonprofit private entity providing
19	comprehensive primary care to populations at
20	risk of HIV, including faith-based and commu-
21	nity-based organizations.
22	"(d) Awards.—In determining whether to award ϵ
23	grant, and the grant amount for each grant awarded, the
24	Secretary shall consider the grant application and the
25	need for PrEP and PEP services in the area, the number

- of uninsured and underinsured individuals in the area, and how the State, territory, or Indian Tribe coordinates PrEP and PEP activities with the directly funded entity, if the State, territory, or Indian Tribe applies for the 5 funds. 6 "(e) Use of Funds.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any State, territory, Indian 7 8 Tribe, or directly eligible entity that is awarded 9 funds under subsection (a) shall use such funds for 10 eligible PrEP and PEP expenses. 11 "(2) Eligible prep expenses.—The Sec-12 retary shall publish a list of expenses that qualify as 13 eligible PrEP and PEP expenses for purposes of this 14 section, which shall include— "(A) any prescription drug approved by 15 16 the Food and Drug Administration for the pre-17 vention of HIV, administrative fees for such 18 drugs, laboratory and other diagnostic proce-19 dures associated with the use of such drugs, 20 and clinical follow up and monitoring, including 21 any related services recommended in current 22 United States Public Health Service clinical 23 practice guidelines, without limitation; "(B) outreach and public education activi-24
- 25 ties directed toward populations overrepresented

in the domestic HIV epidemic that increase
awareness about the existence of PrEP and
PEP, provide education about access to and
health care coverage of PrEP and PEP, PrEP
and PEP adherence programs, and counter
stigma associated with the use of PrEP and
PEP; and

8 "(C) outreach activities directed toward 9 physicians and other providers that provide 10 education about PrEP and PEP.

- "(f) Report to Congress.—The Secretary shall, in each of the first 5 years beginning one year after the date of the enactment of the Prep Access and Coverage Act, submit to Congress, and make public on the internet website of Department of Health and Human Services, a report on the impact of any grants provided to States, territories, and Indian Tribes and directly eligible entities for the establishment and support of pre-exposure prophylaxis programs under this section.
- 20 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To 21 carry out this section, there are authorized to be appro-22 priated such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal 23 years 2023 through 2028.".

1 SEC. 8. CLARIFICATION.

- 2 This Act, including the amendments made by this
- 3 Act, shall apply notwithstanding any other provision of
- 4 law, including Public Law 103–141.

5 SEC. 9. PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.

- 6 Any person aggrieved by a violation of this Act, in-
- 7 cluding the amendments made by this Act, may commence
- 8 a civil action in an appropriate United States District
- 9 Court or other court of competent jurisdiction to obtain
- 10 relief as allowed by law as either an individual or member
- 11 of a class. If the plaintiff is the prevailing party in such
- 12 an action, the court shall order the defendant to pay the
- 13 costs and reasonable attorney fees of the plaintiff.

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