1	AN ACT relating to hate crimes.
2	WHEREAS, the purpose of this Act is to provide increased penalties for those
3	persons convicted of crimes in which the victim was selected because of his or her actual
4	or perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or physical disability,
5	gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation; and
6	WHEREAS, the commission of hate crimes remains a prevalent issue to be
7	addressed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky; and
8	WHEREAS, on October 24, 2018, the Commonwealth of Kentucky was devastated
9	by the tragic loss of life at the Jeffersontown Kroger as the result of a hate crime; and
10	WHEREAS, according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's 2017 Hate Crime
11	Statistics Report, law enforcement officials reported 378 hate crime incidents in the
12	Commonwealth of Kentucky; and
13	WHEREAS, according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's 2017 Hate Crime
14	Statistics Report, the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement officers
15	increased by 83.5 percent in the Commonwealth of Kentucky from the years of 2016 to
16	2017; and
17	WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Kentucky statutorily requires the reporting of
18	crimes which appear to be the result of or reasonably related to race, color, religion, sex,
19	or national origin; and
20	WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Kentucky statutorily requires law enforcement
21	and certified peace officers to undergo training relating to the investigation of, response
22	to, and reporting of hate crimes;
23	NOW, THEREFORE,

→ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 532 IS CREATED TO

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

26 READ AS FOLLOWS:

24

## 27 (1) A defendant shall be subject to an enhanced term of imprisonment under

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1	<u>sub</u>	<u>sectio</u>	n (3) of this section if:
2	<u>(a)</u>	1.	He or she is convicted of a crime under KRS Chapter 507, 507A, 508,
3			509, 510, or 525, or of the attempt to commit a crime under those
4			chapters; and
5		<u>2.</u>	It is proven beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant
6			intentionally selected the person against whom the crime was
7			committed because, in whole or in part, of that person's actual or
8			perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or
9			physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual
10			orientation; or
11	<u>(b)</u>	1.	He or she is convicted of a crime under KRS 512.020, 512.030,
12			512.040, 513.020, 513.030, or 513.040; and
13		<u>2.</u>	It is proven beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant
14			intentionally defaced, destroyed, damaged, or started a fire or
15			explosion on, property associated with a person because, in whole or
16			in part, of that person's actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity,
17			national origin, religion, mental or physical disability, gender identity
18			or expression, or sexual orientation.
19	(2) Unl	less a	jury trial has been waived, when a defendant is convicted of a crime
20	<u>out</u>	lined	in subsection (1) of this section and the defendant is charged with
21	<u>inte</u>	ntion	ally committing the underlying offense because of a person's actual or
22	<u>per </u>	<u>ceived</u>	race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or physical
23	<u>disa</u>	ibility.	gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation:
24	<u>(a)</u>	The	court shall conduct a hearing, separate from the proceeding that
25		resi	ulted in the defendant's conviction for the underlying offense, to
26		<u>dete</u>	ermine whether the person intentionally committed the underlying
27		<u>offe</u>	ense because of a person's actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity,

1	national origin, religion, mental or physical disability, gender identity or
2	expression, or sexual orientation;
3	(b) The hearing shall be conducted by the same court and jury that convicted
4	the defendant of the underlying offense, unless the court for good cause
5	discharges that jury and impanels a new jury for that purpose; and
6	(c) The jury shall determine:
7	1. Whether, beyond a reasonable doubt, the person intentionally
8	committed the underlying offense because of a person's actual or
9	perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or
10	physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual
11	orientation; and
12	2. The enhanced term of imprisonment to be imposed pursuant to
13	subsection (3) of this section, if any.
14	(3) When a defendant has been found to have intentionally committed an offense
15	outlined in subsection (1) of this section because of a person's actual or perceived
16	race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or physical disability,
17	gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation, his or her sentence for the
18	underlying offense shall be enhanced as follows:
19	(a) If the underlying offense is a Class A or B misdemeanor, the term of
20	imprisonment shall be increased by at least half of the maximum
21	imprisonment sentence for that misdemeanor and the fine shall be at least
22	half of the maximum fine amount for that misdemeanor as provided in KRS
23	<u>534.040;</u>
24	(b) If the underlying offense is a Class D felony, the term of imprisonment
25	shall be increased by one (1) to five (5) years;
26	(c) If the underlying offense is a Class C felony, the term of imprisonment shall
27	be increased by five (5) to ten (10) years; and

1	<u>(d)</u>	If the underlying offense is a Class A or B felony, the term of imprisonment
2		shall be increased by ten (10) to twenty (20) years.

- 3 (4) Any defendant who receives an enhanced term of imprisonment under this
  4 section shall not be eligible for probation, shock probation, conditional
  5 discharge, parole, or any other form of early release.
- 6 → Section 2. KRS 15.334 is amended to read as follows:

- 7 (1) The Kentucky Law Enforcement Council shall approve mandatory training subjects 8 to be taught to all students attending a law enforcement basic training course that 9 include but are not limited to:
  - (a) Abuse, neglect, and exploitation of the elderly and other crimes against the elderly, including the use of multidisciplinary teams in the investigation and prosecution of crimes against the elderly;
    - The dynamics of domestic violence, pediatric abusive head trauma, as defined in KRS 620.020, child physical and sexual abuse, and rape; child development; the effects of abuse and crime on adult and child victims, including the impact of abuse and violence on child development; legal remedies for protection; lethality and risk issues; profiles of offenders and offender treatment; model protocols for addressing domestic violence, rape, pediatric abusive head trauma, as defined in KRS 620.020, and child abuse; available community resources and victim services; and reporting requirements. This training shall be developed in consultation with legal, victim services, victim advocacy, and mental health professionals with expertise in domestic violence, child abuse, and rape. Training in recognizing pediatric abusive head trauma may be designed in collaboration with organizations and agencies that specialize in the prevention and recognition of pediatric abusive head trauma approved by the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;

1		(c)	Human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immunodeficiency
2			virus syndrome;
3		(d)	Identification and investigation of, responding to, and reporting bias-related
4			crime, victimization, or intimidation that is a result of or reasonably related to
5			race, color, ethnicity, [religion, sex, or] national origin, religion, mental or
6			physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation;
7		(e)	The characteristics and dynamics of human trafficking, state and federal laws
8			relating to human trafficking, the investigation of cases involving human
9			trafficking, including but not limited to screening for human trafficking, and
10			resources for assistance to the victims of human trafficking; and
11		(f)	Beginning January 1, 2017, the council shall require that a law enforcement
12			basic training course include at least eight (8) hours of training relevant to
13			sexual assault.
14	(2)	(a)	The council shall develop and approve mandatory in-service training courses
15			to be presented to all certified peace officers. The council may promulgate
16			administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A setting forth
17			the deadlines by which all certified peace officers shall attend the mandatory
18			in-service training courses.
19		(b)	Beginning January 1, 2017, the council shall establish a forty (40) hour sexual
20			assault investigation training course. After January 1, 2019, agencies shall
21			maintain officers on staff who have completed the forty (40) hour sexual
22			assault investigation training course in accordance with the following:
23			1. Agencies with more than ten (10) but fewer than twenty-one (21) full-
24			time officers shall maintain one (1) officer who has completed the forty
25			(40) hour sexual assault investigation training course;
26			2. Agencies with twenty-one (21) or more but fewer than fifty-one (51)
27			full-time officers shall maintain at least two (2) officers who have

1		completed the forty (40) hour sexual assault investigation training
2		course; and
3		3. Agencies with fifty-one (51) or more full-time officers shall maintain at
4		least four (4) officers who have completed the sexual assault
5		investigation course.
6		(c) An agency shall not make an officer directly responsible for the investigation
7		or processing of sexual assault offenses unless that officer has completed the
8		forty (40) hour sexual assault investigation training course.
9		(d) The council may, upon application by any agency, grant an exemption from
10		the training requirements set forth in paragraph (b) of this subsection if that
11		agency, by limitations arising from its scope of authority, does not conduct
12		sexual assault investigations.
13		(e) Any agency failing to comply with paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection
14		shall, from the date the noncompliance commences, have one (1) year to
15		reestablish the minimum number of trained officers required.
16	(3)	The Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall provide training on the subjects of
17		domestic violence and abuse and may do so utilizing currently available technology.
18		All certified peace officers shall be required to complete this training at least once
19		every two (2) years.
20	(4)	The council shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS
21		Chapter 13A to establish mandatory basic training and in-service training courses.
22		→ Section 3. KRS 17.1523 is amended to read as follows:
23	(1)	The uniform offense report shall contain provisions for obtaining information as to
24		whether or not specific crimes appear from their facts and circumstances to be
25		caused as a result of or reasonably related to race, color, religion, sex, or national
26		origin.

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(2) All law enforcement officers, when completing a uniform offense report, shall note

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- thereon whether or not the offense appears to be caused as a result of or reasonably
- 2 related to race, color, <u>ethnicity</u>,[religion, sex, or] national origin, <u>religion</u>, <u>mental</u>
- 3 or physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation, or
- 4 attempts to victimize or intimidate another due to any of the foregoing causes.
- 5 (3) The Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall, annually, as a part of the crime reports
- 6 report on crimes which appear to have been caused by the factors cited in
- 7 subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- 8 → Section 4. The following KRS sections are repealed:
- 9 49.320 Victim of hate crime deemed victim of criminally injurious conduct.
- 10 532.031 Hate crimes -- Finding Effect -- Definitions.
- → Section 5. The restrictions of KRS 6.945(1) shall not apply to Sections 1 to 4 of
- this Act.