	BATTERED PERSON MITIGATION AMENDMENTS
	2020 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Daniel W. Thatcher
	House Sponsor:
LONG	TITLE
Genera	l Description:
	This bill provides for mitigation of certain criminal charges related to cohabitant abuse.
Highlig	phted Provisions:
,	This bill:
	 defines terms;
	 provides for an offense reduction for an individual convicted of an offense if the
individu	al committed the offense as a result of cohabitant abuse; and
	 provides procedures for proving and finding an individual is entitled to the offense
reductio	on in court.
Money	Appropriated in this Bill:
-	None
Other S	Special Clauses:
	None
Utah C	ode Sections Affected:
ENACT	TS:
	76-2-409, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it en	acted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 76-2-409 is enacted to read:
	76-2-409. Battered person mitigation.

S.B. 238

28	(1) As used in this section:
29	(a) "Abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
30	(b) "Cohabitant" means:
31	(i) the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102; or
32	(ii) the relationship of a minor and a natural parent, an adoptive parent, a stepparent, or
33	an individual living with the minor's natural parent as if a stepparent to the minor.
34	(2) (a) An individual is entitled to battered person mitigation if:
35	(i) the individual committed a criminal offense that was not legally justified;
36	(ii) the individual committed the criminal offense against a cohabitant who
37	demonstrated a pattern of abuse against the individual or another cohabitant of the individual;
38	and
39	(iii) the individual reasonably believed that the criminal offense was necessary to end
40	the pattern of abuse.
41	(b) A reasonable belief under Subsection (2)(a) is determined from the viewpoint of a
42	reasonable person in the individual's circumstances, as the individual's circumstances are
43	perceived by the individual.
44	(3) An individual claiming mitigation under Subsection (2)(a) has the burden of
45	proving, by clear and convincing evidence, each element that would entitle the individual to
46	mitigation under Subsection (2)(a).
47	(4) Mitigation under Subsection (2)(a) results in a one-step reduction of the level of
48	offense of which the individual is convicted.
49	(5) If the trier of fact is a jury, an individual is not entitled to mitigation under
50	Subsection (2)(a) unless the jury:
51	(a) finds the individual proved, in accordance with Subsection (3), that the individual is
52	entitled to mitigation by unanimous vote; and
53	(b) returns a special verdict for the reduced charge at the same time the jury returns the
54	general verdict.