HOUSE BILL 837

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By: Delegates Pena-Melnyk, Wilkins, Bagnall, B. Barnes, D. Barnes, Bartlett, Carey, Carr, Chang, Chisholm, Crosby, Feldmark, Fennell, W. Fisher, Fraser-Hidalgo, Harrison, Healey, Henson, Howard, Ivey, M. Jackson, Kaiser, Kelly, Lehman, Luedtke, Palakovich Carr, Patterson, Pendergrass, Proctor, Rogers, Turner, Valderrama, Valentino-Smith, Walker, Washington, R. Watson, and Williams <u>Williams</u>, P. Young, Morgan, Hill, <u>Rosenberg, Kipke, K. Young, Barron, Kerr, Cullison, Johnson, Saab, Charles</u> Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2020

Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: March 6, 2020

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

Public Health – Maternal Mortality and Morbidity – Implicit Bias Training and Study

4 FOR the purpose of altering the purposes of the Cultural and Linguistic Health Care Professional Competency Program; requiring the Cultural and Linguistic Health $\mathbf{5}$ 6 Care Professional Competency Program to provide a certain certificate to certain 7 individuals and, on request, certain facilities; requiring the Cultural and Linguistic 8 Health Care Professional Competency Program to establish a certain training 9 program for certain health care professionals on or before a certain date; requiring 10 the Cultural and Linguistic Health Care Professional Competency Program to 11 establish a certain training program using best practices; providing that a certain training program may include best practices used in other states; requiring certain 1213 health care professionals to complete certain training on or before a certain date and 14with certain frequency; requiring the Cultural and Linguistic Health Care 15Professional Competency Program to offer certain training to certain health care 16 professionals; requiring the Maryland Maternal Mortality Review Program, in 17consultation with certain entities, to conduct a certain study and report its findings 18 to certain committees of the General Assembly on or before a certain date; defining

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

Underlining indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



J1

HOUSE BILL 837

$\frac{1}{2}$	certain terms; and generally relating to maternal mortality and morbidity and implicit bias training.
$3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7$	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Health – General Section 20–1302 and 20–1304 Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume)
	BY adding to Article – Health – General Section 20–1305 Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume)
13	Preamble
$14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17$	WHEREAS, Every person should be entitled to dignity and respect during and after pregnancy and childbirth and patients should receive the best care possible regardless of their race, gender, age, class, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, language proficiency, nationality, immigration status, gender expression, or religion; and
$18 \\ 19 \\ 20$	WHEREAS, The United States has the highest maternal mortality rate in the developed world, where about 700 women die each year from childbirth and another 50,000 suffer from severe complications; and
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	WHEREAS, For women of color, particularly Black women, the maternal mortality rate remains three to four times higher than White women; and
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	WHEREAS, Forty-one percent of all pregnancy-related deaths had a good-to-strong chance of preventability; and
$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 26 \end{array}$	WHEREAS, Pregnancy–related deaths among Black women are also more likely to be miscoded; and
27 28 29 30	WHEREAS, Access to prenatal care, socioeconomic status, and general physical health do not fully explain the disparity seen in Black women's maternal mortality and morbidity rates and there is a growing body of evidence that Black women are often treated unfairly and unequally in the health care system; and
$\frac{31}{32}$	WHEREAS, Implicit bias is a key cause that drives health disparities in communities of color; and
33	WHEREAS, Health care providers in Maryland are not required to undergo any

33 WHEREAS, Health care prov 34 implicit bias testing or training; and

 $\mathbf{2}$

HOUSE BILL 837

1 WHEREAS, It is in the interest of the State to reduce the effects of implicit bias in 2 pregnancy, childbirth, and postnatal care so that all people are treated with dignity and 3 respect by their health care providers; now, therefore,

4 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
5 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

6

Article – Health – General

7 20–1302.

8 (a) There is a Cultural and Linguistic Health Care Professional Competency 9 Program.

10 (b) The purpose of the Program is to [provide]:

11 (1) **PROVIDE** for a voluntary program in which educational classes are 12 offered to health care professionals to teach health care professionals:

13 [(1)] (I) Methods to improve the health care professionals' cultural and 14 linguistic competency to communicate with non–English speaking patients and patients 15 from other cultures who are English speaking;

16 [(2)] (II) Cultural beliefs and practices that may impact patient health 17 care practices and allow health care professionals to incorporate the knowledge of the 18 beliefs and practices in the diagnosis and treatment of patients; and

19 [(3)] (III) Methods to enable health care professionals to increase the 20 health literacy of their patients to improve the patient's ability to obtain, process, and 21 understand basic health information and services to make appropriate health care 22 decisions; AND

23 (2) ESTABLISH AND PROVIDE AN EVIDENCE–BASED IMPLICIT BIAS 24 TRAINING PROGRAM FOR HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS INVOLVED IN THE 25 PERINATAL CARE OF PATIENTS UNDER § 20–1305 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

26 20–1304.

(A) The Maryland Department of Health shall develop a method through which the appropriate professional licensing board recognizes the training received by health care professionals under this subtitle, either through continuing education credits or otherwise.

30 **(B)** THE PROGRAM SHALL PROVIDE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING 31 COMPLETION FOR ANY INDIVIDUAL WHO COMPLETES THE TRAINING ESTABLISHED 32 UNDER § 20–1305 OF THIS SUBTITLE, AND TO A FACILITY ON REQUEST.

1 **20–1305.**

2 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 3 INDICATED.

4 (2) "IMPLICIT BIAS" MEANS A BIAS IN JUDGMENT THAT RESULTS 5 FROM SUBTLE COGNITIVE PROCESSES, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING PREJUDICES 6 AND STEREOTYPES THAT OFTEN OPERATE AT A LEVEL BELOW CONSCIOUS 7 AWARENESS AND WITHOUT INTENTIONAL CONTROL:

8 (I) PREJUDICIAL NEGATIVE FEELINGS OR BELIEFS ABOUT A 9 GROUP THAT AN INDIVIDUAL HOLDS WITHOUT BEING AWARE OF THE FEELINGS OR 10 BELIEFS; AND

(II) UNCONSCIOUS ATTRIBUTIONS OF PARTICULAR QUALITIES
 TO A MEMBER OF A SPECIFIC SOCIAL GROUP THAT ARE INFLUENCED BY
 EXPERIENCE AND BASED ON LEARNED ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN VARIOUS
 QUALITIES AND SOCIAL CATEGORIES, INCLUDING RACE AND GENDER.

15 (3) "PERINATAL CARE" MEANS THE PROVISION OF CARE DURING 16 PREGNANCY, LABOR, DELIVERY, AND POSTPARTUM AND NEONATAL PERIODS.

17 (4) "PERINATAL CARE FACILITY" INCLUDES:

18 (I) A HOSPITAL, AS DEFINED IN § 19–301 OF THIS ARTICLE, 19 THAT PROVIDES PERINATAL CARE; AND

20 (II) A FREESTANDING BIRTHING CENTER, AS DEFINED IN § 21 19–3B–01 OF THIS ARTICLE.

(B) (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2021, THE PROGRAM SHALL
ESTABLISH AN EVIDENCE-BASED IMPLICIT BIAS TRAINING PROGRAM FOR ALL
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS INVOLVED IN THE PERINATAL CARE OF PATIENTS IN
A PERINATAL CARE FACILITY.

26 (2) (I) THE PROGRAM SHALL ESTABLISH THE IMPLICIT BIAS 27 PROGRAM REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION USING BEST 28 PRACTICES IN IMPLICIT BIAS TRAINING.

29 (II) THE IMPLICIT BIAS PROGRAM REQUIRED UNDER 30 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION MAY INCLUDE BEST PRACTICES USED IN 31 OTHER STATES.

4

1 (C) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2022, AND ONCE EVERY 2 YEARS 2 THEREAFTER OR MORE FREQUENTLY, AS DETERMINED BY THE PERINATAL CARE 3 FACILITY, A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL WHO IS AN EMPLOYEE OF, AND INVOLVED 4 IN THE PERINATAL CARE OF PATIENTS AT, A PERINATAL CARE FACILITY SHALL 5 COMPLETE THE TRAINING ESTABLISHED UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.

6 (D) THE PROGRAM SHALL OFFER THE TRAINING ESTABLISHED UNDER 7 SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION TO ANY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL INVOLVED 8 IN PERINATAL CARE OF PATIENTS AT A PERINATAL CARE FACILITY WHO IS NOT 9 REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE TRAINING UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION 10 BECAUSE THE HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL IS NOT AN EMPLOYEE OF A PERINATAL 11 CARE FACILITY.

12 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Maryland Maternal 13 Mortality Review Program, in consultation with the maternal mortality review committee 14 of MedChi and, the local maternal mortality review teams₇ established under Title 13, 15 Subtitle 12 of the Health – General Article, <u>and the Maryland Maternal Health Innovation</u> 16 <u>Program</u>, shall:

17 (1) Study:

(i) How reporting on severe maternal morbidity could be added tothe responsibilities of the Maternal Mortality Review Program;

20 (ii) What diagnoses and conditions should be included in the 21 definition of "severe maternal morbidity";

(iii) How data on severe maternal morbidity would be collected andreported; and

24 (iv) What would be the fiscal impact of adding severe maternal 25 morbidity to the Maternal Mortality Review Program's review and reporting 26 responsibilities; and

27 (2) On or before December 31, 2020, report its findings and 28 recommendations to the Senate Finance Committee and the House Health and 29 Government Operations Committee, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State Government 30 Article.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July
 1, 2020.