## <sup>118TH CONGRESS</sup> 1ST SESSION **S. 1822**

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

GPO

To require U.S. Customs and Border Protection to expand the use of nonintrusive inspection systems at land ports of entry.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 6, 2023

Mr. PETERS (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

# A BILL

- To require U.S. Customs and Border Protection to expand the use of non-intrusive inspection systems at land ports of entry.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Non-Intrusive Inspec-

5 tion Expansion Act".

# 6 SEC. 2. USE OF NON-INTRUSIVE INSPECTION SYSTEMS AT 7 LAND PORTS OF ENTRY.

8 (a) FISCAL YEAR 2026.—Using non-intrusive inspec9 tion systems acquired through previous appropriations

Acts, beginning not later than September 30, 2026, U.S.
 Customs and Border Protection shall use non-intrusive in spection systems at land ports of entry to scan not fewer
 than—

5 (1) 40 percent, cumulatively, of passenger vehi6 cles entering the United States through land ports
7 of entry; and

8 (2) 90 percent, cumulatively, of commercial ve9 hicles entering the United States through land ports
10 of entry.

(b) SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEARS.—Beginning in fiscal year 2027, U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall
use non-intrusive inspection systems at land ports of entry
to reach the next projected benchmark for incremental
scanning of passenger and commercial vehicles entering
the United States at such ports of entry.

17 (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than May 30, 2026, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection 18 19 shall brief the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-20ernmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on 21 Homeland Security of the House of Representatives re-22 garding the progress made during the first half of fiscal 23 year 2026 in achieving the scanning benchmarks described in subsection (a). 24

1 (d) REPORT.—If the scanning benchmarks described 2 in subsection (a) are not met by the end of fiscal year 3 2026, not later than 120 days after the end of that fiscal 4 year, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-5 tection shall submit a report to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and 6 7 the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of 8 Representatives that— 9 (1) analyzes the causes for not meeting such re-10 quirements; 11 (2) identifies any resource gaps and challenges; 12 and 13 (3) details the steps that will be taken to ensure 14 compliance with such requirements in the subse-15 quent fiscal year. 16 SEC. 3. NON-INTRUSIVE INSPECTION SYSTEMS FOR OUT-17 BOUND INSPECTIONS. 18 (a) FEASIBILITY STUDY.—Not later than 270 days 19 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall sub-2021 mit a report to the Committee on Homeland Security and 22 Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee 23 on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives 24 that analyzes the feasibility of using non-intrusive inspec-25 tion systems to scan 10 percent of all vehicles exiting the

United States through land ports of entry with equipment
 available on the date of the enactment of this Act.

3 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—Beginning not later than
4 September 30, 2026, U.S. Customs and Border Protection
5 shall use non-intrusive inspection systems at land ports
6 of entry to scan not fewer than 10 percent of all vehicles
7 exiting the United States through land ports of entry.

#### 8 SEC. 4. GAO REVIEW AND REPORT.

9 (a) REVIEW.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of 11 the United States shall conduct a review of the use 12 by U.S. Customs and Border Protection of non-in-13 trusive inspection systems for border security. (2) ELEMENTS.—The review required under 14 15 paragraph (1) shall— 16 (A) identify— 17 (i) the number and types of non-intru-18 sive inspection systems deployed by U.S. 19 Customs and Border Protection; and 20 (ii) the locations to which such sys-21 tems have been deployed; and 22 (B) examine the manner in which U.S.

23 Customs and Border Protection—

24 (i) assesses the effectiveness of such25 systems; and

(ii) uses such systems in conjunction
 with other border security resources and
 assets, such as border barriers and tech nology, to detect and interdict drug smug gling and trafficking at the southwest bor der of the United States.

7 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date 8 of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall 9 submit a report to the Committee on Homeland Security 10 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Com-11 mittee on Homeland Security of the House of Representa-12 tives containing the findings of the review conducted pur-13 suant to subsection (a).

 $\bigcirc$