

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 3234

To implement reforms relating to foreign intelligence surveillance authorities, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

November 7, 2023

Mr. Wyden (for himself, Mr. Lee, Ms. Baldwin, Ms. Lummis, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Daines, Mr. Tester, Ms. Warren, and Mr. Markey) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To implement reforms relating to foreign intelligence surveillance authorities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Government Surveillance Reform Act of 2023".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- TITLE I—PROTECTIONS FOR UNITED STATES PERSONS WHOSE COMMUNICATIONS ARE COLLECTED UNDER SECTION 702 OF THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978
- Sec. 101. Prohibition on warrantless queries for the communications of United States persons and persons located in the United States.
- Sec. 102. Limitation on use of information obtained under section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 relating to United States persons and persons located in the United States in criminal, civil, and administrative actions.
- Sec. 103. Repeal of authority for the resumption of abouts collection.
- Sec. 104. Prohibition on reverse targeting of United States persons and persons located in the United States.
- Sec. 105. Data retention limits for information collected under section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 106. Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court supervision of demands for technical assistance from electronic communication service providers under section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 107. Prohibition on warrantless acquisition of domestic communications pursuant to section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 108. Requirement of a foreign intelligence purpose.
- Sec. 109. Four-year extension of section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- TITLE II—ADDITIONAL REFORMS RELATING TO ACTIVITIES UNDER THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978
- Sec. 201. Court supervision of collection targeting United States persons and persons located inside the United States.
- Sec. 202. Required disclosure of relevant information in Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 applications.
- Sec. 203. Certification regarding accuracy procedures.
- Sec. 204. Clarification regarding treatment of information and evidence acquired under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 205. Sunset on grandfather clause of Section 215 of the USA PATRIOT Act.
- Sec. 206. Written record of Department of Justice interactions with Foreign Intelligence Surveillance court; protection against judge shopping by DOJ.
- Sec. 207. Appointment of amici curiae and access to information.
- Sec. 208. Declassification of significant decisions, orders, and opinions.
- Sec. 209. Clarification of Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court jurisdiction over records of the court and other ancillary matters.
- Sec. 210. Grounds for determining injury in fact in civil actions relating to surveillance under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 or pursuant to executive authority.
- Sec. 211. Accountability procedures for violations by Federal employees.

TITLE III—REFORMS RELATED TO SURVEILLANCE CONDUCTED UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 12333

- Sec. 301. Definitions.
- Sec. 302. Prohibition on warrantless queries for the communications of United States persons and persons located in the United States.
- Sec. 303. Prohibition on reverse targeting of United States persons and persons located in the United States.
- Sec. 304. Prohibition on intelligence acquisition of United States person data.
- Sec. 305. Prohibition on the warrantless acquisition of domestic communications.
- Sec. 306. Data retention limits.
- Sec. 307. Reports on violations of law or Executive order.

TITLE IV—INDEPENDENT OVERSIGHT

- Sec. 401. Inspector General oversight of orders under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 402. Department of Justice inspector general review of high intensity drug trafficking area surveillance programs.
- Sec. 403. Intelligence community parity and communications with Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board.
- Sec. 404. Congressional oversight of grants of immunity by the Attorney General for warrantless surveillance assistance.

TITLE V—REFORMS TO THE ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS PRIVACY ACT OF 1986

- Sec. 501. Warrant protections for location information, web browsing records, and search query records.
- Sec. 502. Consistent protections for phone and app-based call and texting records.
- Sec. 503. Email Privacy Act.
- Sec. 504. Consistent protections for demands for data held by interactive computing services.
- Sec. 505. Consistent protections for real-time and historical metadata.
- Sec. 506. Subpoenas for certain subscriber information.
- Sec. 507. Minimization standards for voluntary disclosure of customer communications or records.
- Sec. 508. Prohibition on law enforcement purchase of personal data from data brokers.
- Sec. 509. Consistent privacy protections for data held by data brokers.
- Sec. 510. Protection of data entrusted to intermediary or ancillary service providers.
- Sec. 511. Modernizing criminal surveillance reports.

TITLE VI—REGULATION OF GOVERNMENT SURVEILLANCE USING CELL SITE SIMULATORS, GENERAL PROHIBITION ON PRIVATE, NON-RESEARCH USE

Sec. 601. Cell site simulators.

TITLE VII—PROTECTION OF CAR DATA FROM WARRANTLESS SEARCHES

Sec. 701. Protection of car data from warrantless searches.

TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 801. Enhanced annual reports by Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.
- Sec. 802. Enhanced annual reports by Director of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 803. Annual reporting on accuracy and completeness of applications.
- Sec. 804. Allowing more granular aggregate reporting by recipients of foreign intelligence surveillance orders.
- Sec. 805. Report on use of foreign intelligence surveillance authorities regarding protected activities and protected classes.
- Sec. 806. Publication of estimates regarding communications collected under certain provisions of Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 807. Enhanced reporting of assessments of compliance with emergency order requirements under certain provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.

TITLE IX—SEVERABILITY AND LIMITED DELAYS IN IMPLEMENTATION

- Sec. 901. Severability.
- Sec. 902. Limited delays in implementation.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 (a) Amendments to Foreign Intelligence Sur-
- 3 VEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.—
- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 101 of the Foreign
- 5 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 6 1801) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 7 lowing:
- 8 "(q) The term 'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 9 Court' means the court established under section 103(a).
- 10 "(r) The terms 'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 11 Court of Review' and 'Court of Review' mean the court
- 12 established under section 103(b).
- 13 "(s) The term 'appropriate committees of Congress'
- 14 means—

1	"(1) the congressional intelligence committees
2	(as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act
3	of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003));
4	"(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
5	Senate; and
6	"(3) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
7	House of Representatives.".
8	(2) Conforming amendments.—Such Act (50
9	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended—
10	(A) in section 102 (50 U.S.C. 1802), by
11	striking "the court established under section
12	103(a)" and inserting "the Foreign Intelligence
13	Surveillance Court";
14	(B) in section 103 (50 U.S.C. 1803)—
15	(i) in subsection (a)—
16	(I) in paragraph (2)(A), by strik-
17	ing "The court established under this
18	subsection" and inserting "The For-
19	eign Intelligence Surveillance Court';
20	and
21	(II) by striking "the court estab-
22	lished under this subsection" each
23	place it appears and inserting "the
24	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
25	Court";

1	(ii) in subsection (g)—
2	(I) by striking "the court estab-
3	lished pursuant to subsection (a)" and
4	inserting "the Foreign Intelligence
5	Surveillance Court";
6	(II) by striking "the court of re-
7	view established pursuant to sub-
8	section (b)" and inserting "the For-
9	eign Intelligence Surveillance Court of
10	Review"; and
11	(III) by striking "The courts es-
12	tablished pursuant to subsections (a)
13	and (b)" and inserting "The Foreign
14	Intelligence Surveillance Court and
15	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
16	Court of Review";
17	(iii) in subsection (h), by striking "a
18	court established under this section" and
19	inserting "the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
20	lance Court or the Foreign Intelligence
21	Surveillance Court of Review";
22	(iv) in subsection (i)—
23	(I) in paragraph (1), by striking
24	"the courts established under sub-
25	sections (a) and (b)" and inserting

1	"the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
2	Court and the Foreign Intelligence
3	Surveillance Court of Review';
4	(II) in paragraph (3)(B), by
5	striking "the courts" and inserting
6	"the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
7	Court and the Foreign Intelligence
8	Surveillance Court of Review';
9	(III) in paragraph (5), by strik-
10	ing "the court" and inserting "the
11	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
12	Court or the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
13	veillance Court of Review, as the case
14	may be,";
15	(IV) in paragraph (6), by strik-
16	ing "the court" each place it appears
17	and inserting "the Foreign Intel-
18	ligence Surveillance Court or the For-
19	eign Intelligence Surveillance Court of
20	Review";
21	(V) by striking "a court estab-
22	lished under subsection (a) or (b)"
23	each place it appears and inserting
24	"the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance

1	Court or the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
2	veillance Court of Review"; and
3	(VI) by striking "A court estab-
4	lished under subsection (a) or (b)"
5	each place it appears and inserting
6	"The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
7	Court or the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
8	veillance Court of Review";
9	(v) in subsection (j)—
10	(I) by striking "a court estab-
11	lished under subsection (a)" and in-
12	serting "the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
13	veillance Court"; and
14	(II) by striking "the court deter-
15	mines" and inserting "the Foreign In-
16	telligence Surveillance Court deter-
17	mines";
18	(vi) by striking "the court established
19	under subsection (a)" each place it appears
20	and inserting "the Foreign Intelligence
21	Surveillance Court"; and
22	(vii) by striking "the court established
23	under subsection (b)" each place it appears
24	and inserting "the Foreign Intelligence
25	Surveillance Court of Review";

1	(C) in section $105(c)$ (50 U.S.C.
2	1805(c))—
3	(i) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking
4	"the Court" and inserting "the Foreign
5	Intelligence Surveillance Court"; and
6	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking "the
7	court" each place it appears and inserting
8	"the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
9	Court'';
10	(D) in section 401(1) (50 U.S.C. 1841(1)),
11	by striking ", and 'State'" and inserting
12	"'State', 'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
13	Court', and 'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
14	Court of Review'";
15	(E) in section 402 (50 U.S.C. 1842)—
16	(i) in subsection (b)(1), by striking
17	"the court established by section 103(a) of
18	this Act" and inserting "the Foreign Intel-
19	ligence Surveillance Court'; and
20	(ii) in subsection (h)(2), by striking
21	"the court established under section
22	103(a)" and inserting "the Foreign Intel-
23	ligence Surveillance Court'';
24	(F) in section 501 (50 U.S.C. 1861)—

1	(i) in subsection $(b)(1)$, by striking
2	"the court established by section 103(a)"
3	and inserting "the Foreign Intelligence
4	Surveillance Court";
5	(ii) in subsection (g)(3), by striking
6	"the court established under section
7	103(a)" and inserting "the Foreign Intel-
8	ligence Surveillance Court'; and
9	(iii) in subsection (k)(1), by striking
10	", and 'State'" and inserting "'State', and
11	'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court'";
12	(G) in section $502(c)(1)(E)$, by striking
13	"the court established under section 103" and
14	inserting "the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
15	Court (as defined by section 101)";
16	(H) in section 801 (50 U.S.C. 1885)—
17	(i) in paragraph (8)(B)(i), by striking
18	"the court established under section
19	103(a)" and inserting "the Foreign Intel-
20	ligence Surveillance Court"; and
21	(ii) by adding at the end the following
22	new paragraph:
23	"(10) Foreign intelligence surveillance
24	COURT.—The term 'Foreign Intelligence Surveillance

Court' means the court established under section 1 2 103(a)."; and 3 (I) in section 802(a)(1)(50)U.S.C. 1885a(a)(1)), by striking "the court established 4 under section 103(a)" and inserting "the For-5 6 eign Intelligence Surveillance Court". 7 (b) TERMS USED IN THIS ACT.—In this Act, the terms "appropriate committees of Congress", "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court", and "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review' have the meanings 10 given such terms in section 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801), as amended

13 by subsection (a).

1	TITLE I—PROTECTIONS FOR
2	UNITED STATES PERSONS
3	WHOSE COMMUNICATIONS
4	ARE COLLECTED UNDER SEC-
5	TION 702 OF THE FOREIGN IN-
6	TELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
7	ACT OF 1978
8	SEC. 101. PROHIBITION ON WARRANTLESS QUERIES FOR
9	THE COMMUNICATIONS OF UNITED STATES
10	PERSONS AND PERSONS LOCATED IN THE
11	UNITED STATES.
12	Section 702(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
13	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a(f)) is amended—
14	(1) in paragraph (1)—
15	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
16	"and the limitations and requirements in para-
17	graph (2)" after "Constitution of the United
18	States"; and
19	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking
20	"United States person query term used for a
21	query" and inserting "term for a United States
22	person or person reasonably believed to be in
23	the United States used for a query as required
24	by paragraph (3)";

1	(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
2	graph (5); and
3	(3) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the
4	following:
5	"(2) Prohibition on Warrantless Queries
6	FOR THE COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER INFORMA-
7	TION OF UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PERSONS
8	LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES.—
9	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
10	subparagraphs (B) and (C), no officer or em-
11	ployee of the United States may conduct a
12	query of information acquired under this sec-
13	tion in an effort to find communications or in-
14	formation the compelled production of which
15	would require a probable cause warrant if
16	sought for law enforcement purposes in the
17	United States, of or about 1 or more United
18	States persons or persons reasonably believed to
19	be located in the United States at the time of
20	the query or the time of the communication or
21	creation of the information.
22	"(B) Exceptions for concurrent au-
23	THORIZATION, CONSENT, EMERGENCY SITUA-
24	TIONS, AND CERTAIN DEFENSIVE CYBERSECU-
25	RITY QUERIES.—

1	"(i) In General.—Subparagraph (A)
2	shall not apply to a query related to a
3	United States person or person reasonably
4	believed to be located in the United States
5	at the time of the query or the time of the
6	communication or creation of the informa-
7	tion if—
8	"(I) such person is the subject of
9	an order or emergency authorization
10	authorizing electronic surveillance or
11	physical search under section 105 or
12	304 of this Act, or a warrant issued
13	pursuant to the Federal Rules of
14	Criminal Procedure by a court of
15	competent jurisdiction covering the
16	period of the query;
17	"(II)(aa) the officer or employee
18	carrying out the query has a reason-
19	able belief that—
20	"(AA) an emergency exists
21	involving an imminent threat of
22	death or serious bodily harm; and
23	"(BB) in order to prevent or
24	mitigate this threat, the query
25	must be conducted before author-

1	ization pursuant to subparagraph
2	(I) can, with due diligence, be ob-
3	tained; and
4	"(bb) a description of the query is provided to the
5	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court and the appro-
6	priate committees of Congress in a timely manner;
7	"(III) such person or, if such
8	person is incapable of providing con-
9	sent, a third party legally authorized
10	to consent on behalf of such person,
11	has provided consent to the query on
12	a case-by-case basis; or
13	"(IV)(aa) the query uses a
14	known cybersecurity threat signature
15	as a query term;
16	"(bb) the query is conducted, and the results of the
17	query are used, for the sole purpose of identifying targeted
18	recipients of malicious software and preventing or miti-
19	gating harm from such malicious software;
20	"(cc) no additional contents of communications re-
21	trieved as a result of the query are accessed or reviewed;
22	and
23	"(dd) all such queries are reported to the Foreign In-
24	telligence Surveillance Court.
25	"(ii) Limitations.—

1	"(I) Use in subsequent pro-
2	CEEDINGS AND INVESTIGATIONS.—No
3	information retrieved pursuant to a
4	query authorized by clause (i)(II) or
5	information derived from such query
6	may be used, received in evidence, or
7	otherwise disseminated in any inves-
8	tigation, trial, hearing, or other pro-
9	ceeding in or before any court, grand
10	jury, department, office, agency, regu-
11	latory body, legislative committee, or
12	other authority of the United States,
13	a State, or political subdivision there-
14	of, except in proceedings or investiga-
15	tions that arise from the threat that
16	prompted the query.
17	"(II) Assessment of compli-
18	ANCE.—The Attorney General shall
19	not less frequently than annually as-
20	sess compliance with the requirements
21	under subclause (I).
22	"(C) Matters relating to emergency
23	QUERIES.—
24	"(i) Treatment of denials.—In
25	the event that a query for communications

or information, the compelled production of which would require a probable cause warrant if sought for law enforcement purposes in the United States, of or about 1 more United States persons or persons reasonably believed to be located in the United States at the time of the query or the time of the communication or creation of the information is conducted pursuant to an emergency authorization described in subparagraph (B)(i)(I) and the application for such emergency authorization is denied, or in any other case in which the query has been conducted and no order is issued approving the query—

"(I) no information obtained or evidence derived from such query may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States,

1	a State, or political subdivision there-
2	of; and
3	"(II) no information concerning
4	any United States person or person
5	reasonably believed to be located in
6	the United States at the time of the
7	query or the time of the communica-
8	tion or the creation of the information
9	acquired from such query may subse-
10	quently be used or disclosed in any
11	other manner without the consent of
12	such person, except with the approval
13	of the Attorney General if the infor-
14	mation indicates a threat of death or
15	serious bodily harm to any person.
16	"(ii) Assessment of compliance.—
17	The Attorney General shall not less fre-
18	quently than annually assess compliance
19	with the requirements under clause (i).
20	"(D) Foreign intelligence purpose.—
21	Except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i), no
22	officer or employee of the United States may
23	conduct a query of information acquired under
24	this section in an effort to find information of
25	or about 1 or more United States persons or

1 persons reasonably believed to be located in the 2 United States at the time of the query or the 3 time of the communication or creation of the in-4 formation unless the query is reasonably likely 5 to retrieve foreign intelligence information. 6 "(3) DOCUMENTATION.—No officer or employee 7 of the United States may conduct a query of infor-8 mation acquired under this section in an effort to 9 find information of or about 1 or more United 10 States persons or persons reasonably believed to be 11 located in the United States at the time of query or 12 the time of the communication or the creation of the 13 information, unless first an electronic record is cre-14 ated, and a system, mechanism, or business practice 15 is in place to maintain such record, that includes the 16 following: 17 "(A) Each term used for the conduct of 18 the query. 19 "(B) The date of the query. "(C) The identifier of the officer or em-20 21 ployee. 22 "(D) A statement of facts showing that the

use of each query term included under subpara-

graph (A) is—

23

24

1	"(i) reasonably likely to retrieve for-
2	eign intelligence information; or
3	"(ii) in furtherance of the exceptions
4	described in paragraph (2)(B)(i).

"(4) PROHIBITION ON RESULTS OF METADATA QUERY AS A BASIS FOR ACCESS TO COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER PROTECTED INFORMATION.—If a query of information acquired under this section is conducted in an effort to find communications metadata of 1 or more United States persons or persons reasonably believed to be located in the United States at the time of the query or communication and the query returns such metadata, the results of the query shall not be used as a basis for reviewing communications or information a query for which is otherwise prohibited under this section.

"(5) FEDERATED DATASETS.—The prohibitions and requirements in this section shall apply to queries of federated and mixed datasets that include information acquired under this section, unless a mechanism exists to limit the query to information not acquired under this section.".

1	SEC. 102. LIMITATION ON USE OF INFORMATION OBTAINED
2	UNDER SECTION 702 OF THE FOREIGN INTEL-
3	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978 RELAT-
4	ING TO UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PER-
5	SONS LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES IN
6	CRIMINAL, CIVIL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE AC-
7	TIONS.
8	Paragraph (2) of section 706(a) of the Foreign Intel-
9	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881e(a)) is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"(2) Limitation on use in criminal, civil,
12	AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS AND INVES-
13	TIGATIONS.—No information acquired pursuant to
14	section 702(f) of or about a United States person or
15	person reasonably believed to be located in the
16	United States at the time of acquisition or commu-
17	nication may be introduced as evidence against such
18	person in any criminal, civil, or administrative pro-
19	ceeding or used as part of any criminal, civil, or ad-
20	ministrative investigation, except—
21	"(A) with the prior approval of the Attor-
22	ney General; and
23	"(B) in a proceeding or investigation in
24	which the information is directly related to and
25	necessary to address a specific threat of—

1	"(i) terrorism (as defined in clauses
2	(i) through (iii) of section 2332b(g)(5)(B)
3	of title 18, United States Code);
4	"(ii) counterintelligence (as defined in
5	section 3 of the National Security Act of
6	1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003));
7	"(iii) proliferation or use of a weapon
8	of mass destruction (as defined in section
9	2332a(c) of title 18, United States Code);
10	"(iv) a cybersecurity breach or attack
11	from a foreign country;
12	"(v) incapacitation or destruction of
13	critical infrastructure (as defined in section
14	1016(e) of the Uniting and Strengthening
15	America by Providing Appropriate Tools
16	Required to Intercept and Obstruct Ter-
17	rorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001
18	(42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)));
19	"(vi) an attack against the armed
20	forces of the United States or an ally of
21	the United States or to other personnel of
22	the United States Government or a govern-
23	ment of an ally of the United States; or
24	"(vii) international narcotics traf-
25	ficking.".

1	SEC. 103. REPEAL OF AUTHORITY FOR THE RESUMPTION
2	OF ABOUTS COLLECTION.
3	(a) In General.—Section 702(b)(5) of the Foreign
4	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
5	1881a(b)(5)) is amended by striking ", except as provided
6	under section 103(b) of the FISA Amendments Reauthor-
7	ization Act of 2017".
8	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
9	(1) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE
10	ACT OF 1978.—Section 702(m) of the Foreign Intel-
11	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
12	1881a(m)) is amended—
13	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
14	"Reviews, and Reporting" and inserting
15	"AND REVIEWS"; and
16	(B) by striking paragraph (4).
17	(2) FISA AMENDMENTS REAUTHORIZATION ACT
18	OF 2017.—Section 103 of the FISA Amendments Re-
19	authorization Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–118; 50
20	U.S.C. 1881a note) is amended—
21	(A) by striking subsection (b); and
22	(B) by striking the following:
23	"(a) In General.—".

1	SEC. 104. PROHIBITION ON REVERSE TARGETING OF
2	UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PERSONS LO-
3	CATED IN THE UNITED STATES.
4	Section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
5	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a), as amended by section
6	101, is further amended—
7	(1) in subsection $(b)(2)$ —
8	(A) by striking "may not intentionally"
9	and inserting the following "may not—
10	"(A) intentionally";
11	(B) in subparagraph (A), as designated by
12	subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by striking
13	"if the purpose of such acquisition is to target
14	a particular, known person reasonably believed
15	to be in the United States;" and inserting the
16	following: "if a significant purpose of such ac-
17	quisition is to acquire the information of 1 or
18	more United States persons or persons reason-
19	ably believed to be located in the United States
20	at the time of acquisition or communication,
21	unless—
22	"(i)(I) there is a reasonable belief that
23	an emergency exists involving an imminent
24	threat of death or serious bodily harm to
25	such United States person or person rea-
26	sonably believed to be located in the

1	United States at the time of the query or
2	the time of acquisition or communication;
3	"(II) the information is sought for the purpose
4	of assisting that person; and
5	"(III) a description of the targeting is provided
6	to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court and
7	the appropriate committees of Congress in a timely
8	manner; or
9	"(ii) the United States person or per-
10	sons reasonably believed to be located in
11	the United States at the time of acquisi-
12	tion or communication has provided con-
13	sent to the targeting, or if such person is
14	incapable of providing consent, a third
15	party legally authorized to consent on be-
16	half of such person has provided consent;
17	and
18	"(B) in the case of information acquired
19	pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i) or evidence de-
20	rived from such targeting, be used, received in
21	evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any in-
22	vestigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding
23	in or before any court, grand jury, department,
24	office, agency, regulatory body, legislative com-
25	mittee, or other authority of the United States,

1	a State, or political subdivision thereof, except
2	in proceedings or investigations that arise from
3	the threat that prompted the targeting;";
4	(2) in subsection (d)(1), by amending subpara-
5	graph (A) to read as follows:
6	"(A) ensure that—
7	"(i) any acquisition authorized under
8	subsection (a) is limited to targeting per-
9	sons reasonably believed to be non-United
10	States persons located outside the United
11	States; and
12	"(ii) except as provided in subsection
13	(b)(2), a significant purpose of an acquisi-
14	tion is not to acquire the information of 1
15	or more United States persons or persons
16	reasonably believed to be in the United
17	States at the time of acquisition or com-
18	munication; and";
19	(3) in subsection (h)(2)(A)(i), by amending sub-
20	clause (I) to read as follows:
21	"(I) ensure that—
22	"(aa) an acquisition author-
23	ized under subsection (a) is lim-
24	ited to targeting persons reason-
25	ably believed to be non-United

1	States persons located outside
2	the United States; and
3	"(bb) except as provided in
4	subsection (b)(2), a significant
5	purpose of an acquisition is not
6	to acquire the information of 1 or
7	more United States persons or
8	persons reasonably believed to be
9	in the United States at the time
10	of acquisition or communication;
11	and"; and
12	(4) in subsection (j)(2)(B), by amending clause
13	(i) to read as follows:
14	"(i) ensure that—
15	"(I) an acquisition authorized
16	under subsection (a) is limited to tar-
17	geting persons reasonably believed to
18	be non-United States persons located
19	outside the United States; and
20	"(II) except as provided in sub-
21	section (b)(2), a significant purpose of
22	an acquisition is not to acquire the in-
23	formation of 1 or more United States
24	persons or persons reasonably believed
25	to be in the United States at the time

1	of acquisition or communication;
2	and".
3	SEC. 105. DATA RETENTION LIMITS FOR INFORMATION
4	COLLECTED UNDER SECTION 702 OF THE
5	FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT
6	OF 1978.
7	(a) In General.—Title VII of the Foreign Intel-
8	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881 et seq.)
9	is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"SEC. 709. DATA RETENTION LIMITS.
11	"(a) Policy.—The Attorney General shall develop,
12	and the heads of the elements of the intelligence commu-
13	nity shall implement, procedures governing the retention
14	of information collected pursuant to section 702.
15	"(b) Covered Information.—For purposes of this
16	section, 'covered information' includes—
17	"(1) any information, including an encrypted
18	communication, to, from, or pertaining to a United
19	States person or person reasonably believed to be lo-
20	cated in the United States at the time of acquisition,
21	communication, or creation of the information that
22	has been evaluated and is not specifically known to
23	contain foreign intelligence information; and
24	"(2) any unevaluated information, unless it can
25	reasonably be determined that the unevaluated infor-

- 1 mation does not contain communications to or from
- 2 or information pertaining to a United States person
- 3 or person reasonably believed to be located in the
- 4 United States at the time of acquisition, communica-
- 5 tion or creation of the information.
- 6 "(c) Requirements.—The procedures developed
- 7 and implemented pursuant to subsection (a) shall ensure,
- 8 with respect to information described in such subsection,
- 9 that covered information shall be destroyed within 5 years
- 10 of collection unless the Attorney General determines in
- 11 writing that—
- "(1) the information is the subject of a preser-
- vation obligation in pending administrative, civil, or
- criminal litigation, in which case the information
- shall be segregated, retained, and used solely for
- that purpose and shall be destroyed as soon as it is
- 17 no longer required to be preserved for such litiga-
- tion; or
- 19 "(2) the information is being used in a pro-
- ceeding or investigation in which the information is
- 21 directly related to and necessary to address a spe-
- cific threat identified in section 706(a)(2)(B).".
- 23 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
- 24 for such Act is amended by inserting after the item relat-
- 25 ing to section 708 the following:

[&]quot;Sec. 709. Data retention limits.".

1	SEC. 106. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT
2	SUPERVISION OF DEMANDS FOR TECHNICAL
3	ASSISTANCE FROM ELECTRONIC COMMU-
4	NICATION SERVICE PROVIDERS UNDER SEC-
5	TION 702 OF THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE
6	SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
7	Section 702(i)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
8	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a(i)(1)) is amended—
9	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and
10	(B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, and moving
11	such clauses 2 ems to the right;
12	(2) in the matter before clause (i), as redesig-
13	nated by paragraph (1), by striking "With respect
14	to" and inserting the following:
15	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
16	graph (B), in carrying out"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(B) Limitations.—The Attorney Gen-
19	eral or the Director of National Intelligence
20	may not direct technical assistance from an
21	electronic communication service provider under
22	subparagraph (A) without demonstrating that
23	the assistance sought—
24	"(i) is necessary;
25	"(ii) is narrowly tailored to the sur-
26	veillance at issue, and

1	"(iii) would not pose an undue burden
2	on the electronic communication service
3	provider or its customers who are not in-
4	tended targets of the surveillance.
5	"(C) Compliance.—An electronic commu-
6	nication service provider is not obligated to
7	comply with a directive to provide technical as-
8	sistance under this paragraph unless—
9	"(i) such assistance is a manner or
10	method that has been explicitly approved
11	by the Court; and
12	"(ii) the Court issues an order, which
13	has been delivered to the provider, explic-
14	itly describing the assistance to be fur-
15	nished by the provider that has been ap-
16	proved by the Court.".
17	SEC. 107. PROHIBITION ON WARRANTLESS ACQUISITION OF
18	DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 702 OF THE FOREIGN INTEL-
20	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
21	Section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
22	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (b)(4), by striking "known at
24	the time of the acquisition" and inserting "reason-

1	ably believed at the time of acquisition or commu-
2	nication";
3	(2) in subsection (d)(1)(B), by striking "known
4	at the time of the acquisition" and inserting "rea-
5	sonably believed at the time of the acquisition or
6	communication";
7	(3) in subsection $(h)(2)(A)(i)(II)$, by striking
8	"known at the time of the acquisition" and inserting
9	"reasonably believed at the time of the acquisition or
10	communication"; and
11	(4) in subsection $(j)(2)(B)(ii)$, by striking
12	"known at the time of the acquisition" and inserting
13	"reasonably believed at the time of the acquisition or
14	communication".
15	SEC. 108. REQUIREMENT OF A FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE
16	PURPOSE.
17	Section 702(h)(2)(A)(v) of the Foreign Intelligence
18	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a(h)(2)(A)(v))
19	is amended by striking "a significant" and inserting
20	"the".

1	SEC. 109. FOUR-YEAR EXTENSION OF SECTION 702 OF THE
2	FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT
3	OF 1978.
4	(a) Extension.—Section 403(b) of the FISA
5	Amendments Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–261) is
6	amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (1) (50 U.S.C. 1881–1881g
8	note), by striking "December 31, 2023" and insert-
9	ing "September 30, 2027"; and
10	(2) in paragraph (2) (18 U.S.C. 2511 note), in
11	the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking
12	"December 31, 2023" and inserting "September 30,
13	2027".
14	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The heading of sec-
15	tion 404(b)(1) of the FISA Amendments Act of 2008
16	(Public Law 110–261; 50 U.S.C. 1801 note) is amended
17	by striking "December 31, 2023" and inserting "Sep-
18	TEMBER 30, 2027".

1	TITLE II—ADDITIONAL RE-
2	FORMS RELATING TO ACTIVI-
3	TIES UNDER THE FOREIGN
4	INTELLIGENCE SURVEIL-
5	LANCE ACT OF 1978
6	SEC. 201. COURT SUPERVISION OF COLLECTION TAR-
7	GETING UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PER-
8	SONS LOCATED INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
9	(a) In General.—Title VII of the Foreign Intel-
10	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 50 U.S.C.
11	1881 et seq.) is amended—
12	(1) by striking sections 703, 704, and 705 (50)
13	U.S.C. 1881b, 1881c, and 1881d); and
14	(2) by inserting after section 702 (50 U.S.C.
15	1881a) the following:
16	"SEC. 703. ACQUISITIONS TARGETING UNITED STATES PER-
17	SONS AND PERSONS LOCATED INSIDE THE
18	UNITED STATES.
19	"(a) Warrant Requirement.—No officer or em-
20	ployee of the United States may intentionally target any
21	United States person, regardless of location, or person
22	reasonably believed to be located in the United States for
23	the purpose of acquiring foreign intelligence information
24	under circumstances in which the person has a reasonable
2.5	expectation of privacy or a warrant would be required if

- 1 the officer or employee sought to compel production of the
- 2 information inside the United States for law enforcement
- 3 purposes, unless such person is the subject of—
- 4 "(1) an order or emergency authorization under
- 5 section 105 or 304 of this Act covering the period
- 6 of the acquisition and the acquisition is subject to
- 7 the use, dissemination, querying, retention, and
- 8 other minimization limitations required by such
- 9 order or authorization; or
- "(2) a warrant issued pursuant to the Federal
- Rules of Criminal Procedure by a court of competent
- jurisdiction covering the period of the acquisition
- and the acquisition is subject to the use, dissemina-
- tion, querying, retention, and other minimization
- limitations required by such warrant.
- 16 "(b) Pen Register Trap and Trace.—No officer
- 17 or employee of the United States may intentionally target
- 18 any United States person, regardless of location, or person
- 19 reasonably believed to be located in the United States for
- 20 the purpose of collecting foreign intelligence information
- 21 through the installation and use of pen register or trap
- 22 and trace device, or to acquire information the compelled
- 23 production of which would require a pen register or trap
- 24 and trace device order if conducted inside the United
- 25 States, unless such person is the subject of—

"(1) an order or emergency authorization under 1 2 title IV of this Act covering the period of the acqui-3 sition and the acquisition is subject to the use, dis-4 semination, querying, retention, and other minimiza-5 tion limitations required by such authorization; or 6 "(2) an order has been issued pursuant to sec-7 tion 3123 of title 18. United States Code, by a court 8 of competent jurisdiction covering the period of the 9 acquisition. 10 "(c) Matters Relating to Emergency Acquisi-11 TION.—In the event that an emergency acquisition is con-12 ducted pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (b)(1) and the application for such emergency authorization is denied, or 13 in any other case in which the acquisition has been con-14 15 ducted and no order is issued approving the acquisition— 16 "(1) no information obtained or evidence de-17 rived from such acquisition may be used, received in 18 evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investiga-19 tion, trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before 20 any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, 21 regulatory body, legislative committee, or other au-22 thority of the United States, a State, or political 23 subdivision thereof; and "(2) no information concerning any United 24

States person or person reasonably believed to be lo-

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1 cated in the United States a may subsequently be 2 used or disclosed in any other manner without the 3 consent of such person, except with the approval of 4 the Attorney General, if the information indicates a 5 threat of death or serious bodily harm to any per-6 son. 7 "(d) Rule of Construction.—Subsections (a) and 8 (b) shall apply regardless of the location of the acquisi-9 tion.". 10 (b) Conforming Amendments.—The Foreign In-11 telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et 12 seq.) is further amended— 13 (1)section 601(a)(1)(50)U.S.C. in 14 1871(a)(1)— 15 (A) by striking subparagraphs (D) through 16 (F); and 17 (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the 18 semicolon and inserting "; or"; 19 (2)in section 603(b)(1)(50)U.S.C. 20 1873(b)(1)), in the matter before subparagraph (A), by striking "and sections 703 and 704"; and 21 22 (3) in section 706 (50 U.S.C. 1881e), by strik-23 ing subsection (b).

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents

25 for such Act is amended—

1	(1) by striking the items relating to sections
2	703, 704, and 705; and
3	(2) by inserting after the item relating to sec-
4	tion 702 the following:
	"Sec. 703. Acquisitions targeting United States persons and persons located inside the United States.".
5	SEC. 202. REQUIRED DISCLOSURE OF RELEVANT INFORMA-
6	TION IN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEIL-
7	LANCE ACT OF 1978 APPLICATIONS.
8	(a) In General.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
9	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended
10	by adding at the end the following:
11	"TITLE IX—REQUIRED DISCLO-
12	SURE OF RELEVANT INFOR-
13	MATION
14	"SEC. 901. DISCLOSURE OF RELEVANT INFORMATION.
15	"The Attorney General or any other Federal officer
16	
17	or employee making an application for a court order under
18	
18 19	this Act shall provide the court with—
	this Act shall provide the court with— "(1) all information in the possession of the
19	this Act shall provide the court with— "(1) all information in the possession of the Government that is material to determining whether
19 20	this Act shall provide the court with— "(1) all information in the possession of the Government that is material to determining whether the application satisfies the applicable requirements
19 20 21	this Act shall provide the court with— "(1) all information in the possession of the Government that is material to determining whether the application satisfies the applicable requirements under this Act, including any exculpatory informa-

1	"(A) call into question the accuracy of the
2	application or the reasonableness of any assess-
3	ment in the application conducted by the de-
4	partment or agency on whose behalf the appli-
5	cation is made; or
6	"(B) otherwise raise doubts with respect to
7	the findings that are required to be made under
8	the applicable provision of this Act in order for
9	the court order to be issued.".
10	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
11	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 is
12	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"TITLE IX—DISCLOSURE OF RELEVANT INFORMATION
	"Sec. 901. Disclosure of relevant information.".
13	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE-
13 14	
	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE-
14	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE- DURES.
14 15	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE- DURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE- DURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
141516	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE- DURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCE- DURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
14151617	DURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by section 202, is amended by add-
14 15 16 17 18	DURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by section 202, is amended by adding at the end the following:
141516171819	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by section 202, is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 902. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCESED."
14151617181920	DURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by section 202, is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 902. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES.
1415161718192021	SEC. 203. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES. (a) CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES.—Title IX of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as added by section 202, is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 902. CERTIFICATION REGARDING ACCURACY PROCEDURES. "(a) DEFINITION OF ACCURACY PROCEDURES.—In

- 1 cluding any application for renewal of an existing order,
- 2 is accurate and complete, including procedures that en-
- 3 sure, at a minimum, that—

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- "(1) the application reflects all information that
 might reasonably call into question the accuracy of
 the information or the reasonableness of any assessment in the application, or otherwise raises doubts
 about the requested findings;
 - "(2) the application reflects all material information that might reasonably call into question the reliability and reporting of any information from a confidential human source that is used in the application;
 - "(3) a complete file documenting each factual assertion in an application is maintained;
 - "(4) the applicant coordinates with the appropriate elements of the intelligence community (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), concerning any prior or existing relationship with the target of any surveillance, search, or other means of investigation, and discloses any such relationship in the application;
 - "(5) before any application targeting a United States person is made, the applicant Federal officer shall document that the officer has collected and re-

1	viewed for accuracy and completeness supporting
2	documentation for each factual assertion in the ap-
3	plication; and
4	"(6) the applicant Federal agency establish
5	compliance and auditing mechanisms on an annual
6	basis to assess the efficacy of the accuracy proce-
7	dures that have been adopted and report such find-
8	ings to the Attorney General.
9	"(b) Statement and Certification of Accuracy
10	PROCEDURES.—Any Federal officer making an applica-
11	tion for a court order under this Act shall include with
12	the application—
13	"(1) a description of the accuracy procedures
14	employed by the officer or the officer's designee; and
15	"(2) a certification that the officer or the offi-
16	cer's designee has collected and reviewed for accu-
17	racy and completeness—
18	"(A) supporting documentation for each
19	factual assertion contained in the application;
20	"(B) all information that might reasonably
21	call into question the accuracy of the informa-
22	tion or the reasonableness of any assessment in
23	the application, or otherwise raises doubts
24	about the requested findings; and

1	"(C) all material information that might
2	reasonably call into question the reliability and
3	reporting of any information from any confiden-
4	tial human source that is used in the applica-
5	tion.

- 6 "(3) NECESSARY FINDING FOR COURT OR7 DERS.—A judge may not enter an order under this
 8 Act unless the judge finds, in addition to any other
 9 findings required under this Act, that the accuracy
 10 procedures described in the application for the order,
 11 as required under subsection (b)(1), are actually ac12 curacy procedures as defined in this section.".
- 13 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
 14 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
 15 amended by section 202, is amended by inserting after the
 16 item relating to section 901 the following:

"Sec. 902. Certification regarding accuracy procedures.".

- 17 SEC. 204. CLARIFICATION REGARDING TREATMENT OF IN-
- 18 FORMATION AND EVIDENCE ACQUIRED
- 19 UNDER THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SUR-
- VEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101 of the Foreign Intel-
- 22 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801) is
- 23 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 24 "(q) For the purposes of notification provisions of
- 25 this Act, information or evidence is 'derived' from an elec-

tronic surveillance, physical search, use of a pen register or trap and trace device, production of tangible things, 3 or acquisition under this Act when the Government would not have originally possessed the information or evidence but for that electronic surveillance, physical search, use of a pen register or trap and trace device, production of tangible things, or acquisition, and regardless of any claim 8 that the information or evidence is attenuated from the surveillance or search, would inevitably have been discovered, or was subsequently reobtained through other 10 11 means.". 12 (b) Policies and Guidance.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 14 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Attorney 15 General and the Director of National Intelligence 16 shall publish the following: 17 (A) Policies concerning the application of 18 subsection (q) of section 101 of such Act, as 19 added by subsection (a). 20 (B) Guidance for all members of the intel-21 ligence community (as defined in section 3 of 22 the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 23 3003)) and all Federal agencies with law en-24 forcement responsibilities concerning the appli-

cation of such subsection (q).

1	(2) Modifications.—Whenever the Attorney
2	General and the Director modify a policy or guid-
3	ance published under paragraph (1), the Attorney
4	General and the Director shall publish such modi-
5	fications.
6	SEC. 205. SUNSET ON GRANDFATHER CLAUSE OF SECTION
7	215 OF THE USA PATRIOT ACT.
8	Section 102(b)(2) of the USA PATRIOT Improve-
9	ment and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–
10	177; 50 U.S.C. 1805 note) is amended by inserting ", ex-
11	cept that title V of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
12	Act of 1978, as in effect on March 14, 2020, shall con-
13	tinue in effect until the date that is 180 days after the
14	date of the enactment of the Government Surveillance Re-
15	form Act of 2023" after "continue in effect".
16	SEC. 206. WRITTEN RECORD OF DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
17	INTERACTIONS WITH FOREIGN INTEL-
18	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT; PROTEC-
19	TION AGAINST JUDGE SHOPPING BY DOJ.
20	(a) Transcripts of Proceedings.—Subsection (c)
21	of section 103 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
22	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803) is amended—
23	(1) by inserting ", and shall be transcribed" be-
24	fore the first period: and

1	(2) by inserting ", transcriptions," after "appli-
2	cations made".
3	(b) Written Record of Interactions With
4	COURT.—Such section is further amended by adding at
5	the end the following:
6	"(1) Written Record of Interactions.—
7	"(1) Written communications.—The Attor-
8	ney General shall maintain all written communica-
9	tions with the court established under subsection
10	(a), including the identity of the employees of the
11	court to or from whom the communications were
12	made, regarding an application or order made under
13	this title in a file associated with the application or
14	order.
15	"(2) Oral communications.—The Attorney
16	General shall—
17	"(A) document a summary of any oral
18	communications with the court established
19	under subsection (a), including the identity of
20	the employees of the court to or from whom the
21	communications were made, relating to an ap-
22	plication or order described in paragraph (1);
23	and
24	"(B) keep such documentation in a file as-
25	sociated with the application or order.".

1	(c) Extensions of Orders.—Section 105(d)(2) of
2	such Act (50 U.S.C. 1805(d)(2)) is amended by adding
3	at the end the following: "To the extent practicable, an
4	extension of an order issued under this title shall be grant-
5	ed or denied by the same judge who issued the original
6	order.".
7	SEC. 207. APPOINTMENT OF AMICI CURIAE AND ACCESS TO
8	INFORMATION.
9	(a) Expansion of Appointment Authority.—
10	(1) In general.—Section 103(i)(2) of the For-
11	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
12	U.S.C. 1803(i)(2)) is amended—
13	(A) by striking subparagraph (A) and in-
14	serting the following:
15	"(A) shall appoint at least 1 individual
16	who has been designated under paragraph (1)
17	and who possesses expertise in privacy and civil
18	liberties to serve as amicus curiae to assist such
19	court in the consideration of any application or
20	motion for an order or review, unless the court
21	issues a written finding that such application
22	neither presents nor involves—
23	"(i) a novel or significant interpreta-
24	tion of the law;

1	"(ii) a significant concern related to
2	constitutional rights;
3	"(iii) a sensitive investigative matter;
4	"(iv) a request for approval of a new
5	program, a new technology, or a new use
6	of existing technology;
7	"(v) a request for reauthorization of
8	programmatic surveillance; or
9	"(vi) any other privacy or civil lib-
10	erties issue for which an appointment of an
11	amicus curiae to assist the court in the
12	consideration of the application would be
13	appropriate; and";
14	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "an
15	individual or organization" each place it ap-
16	pears and inserting "1 or more individuals or
17	organizations";
18	(C) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
19	subparagraph (D); and
20	(D) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
21	the following:
22	"(B) shall appoint at least 1 individual
23	who has been designated under paragraph (1)
24	and who possesses technical expertise to serve
25	as amicus curiae to assist such court in the

1	consideration of any application for an order or
2	review, unless the court issues a written finding
3	that such application neither presents nor in-
4	volves—
5	"(i) a request for approval of a new
6	program, a new technology, or a new use
7	of existing technology;
8	"(ii) a request for approval of a pre-
9	viously authorized program, technology, or
10	use of existing technology for which no
11	prior application for approval of such pro-
12	gram, technology, or use was considered by
13	the court with the assistance of an amicus
14	curiae who possesses technical expertise; or
15	"(iii) a technical issue material to any
16	legal determination for which an appoint-
17	ment of an amicus curiae who possesses
18	technical expertise to assist the court in
19	the consideration of the application would
20	be appropriate;
21	"(C) shall randomly appoint at least 1 in-
22	dividual with legal expertise and at least 1 indi-
23	vidual with technical expertise, from among in-
24	dividuals who have been designated under para-

1	graph (1), to assist the court in the review of
2	a certification under section 702(j); and".
3	(2) Definition of Sensitive investigative
4	MATTER.—Section 103(i) of such Act (50 U.S.C.
5	1803(i)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(12) Definition of Sensitive Investiga-
8	TIVE MATTER.—In this subsection, the term 'sen-
9	sitive investigative matter' means—
10	"(A) an investigative matter involving the
11	activities of—
12	"(i) a domestic public official or polit-
13	ical candidate, or an individual serving on
14	the staff of such an official or candidate;
15	"(ii) a domestic religious or political
16	organization, or a known or suspected
17	United States person prominent in such an
18	organization; or
19	"(iii) the domestic news media; or
20	"(B) any other investigative matter involv-
21	ing a domestic entity or a known or suspected
22	United States person that, in the judgment of
23	the applicable court established under sub-
24	section (a) or (b), is as sensitive as an inves-

1	tigative matter described in subparagraph
2	(A).".
3	(3) Qualifications.—Section 103(i)(3)(A) of
4	such Act (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)(3)(A)) is amended—
5	(A) by inserting "cybersecurity, cryptog-
6	raphy," after "communications technology,";
7	and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following:
9	"Of such individuals, at least 1 shall possess
10	legal expertise and at least 1 shall possess tech-
11	nical expertise.".
12	(4) Notification.—Section 103(i) of such Act
13	(50 U.S.C. 1803(i)) is amended by striking para-
14	graph (7) and inserting the following:
15	"(7) Notification.—A presiding judge of a
16	court established under subsection (a) or (b) shall,
17	not less frequently than quarterly, provide to the At-
18	torney General and the appropriate committees of
19	Congress—
20	"(A) a notification of each appointment of
21	an individual to serve as amicus curiae under
22	paragraph (2); and
23	"(B) a copy of each written finding issued
24	under paragraph (2).".

1	(5) Section 702 Recentification sched-
2	ULE.—Section 702(j)(5)(A) of such Act (50 U.S.C.
3	1881a(j)(5)(A)) is amended by striking "at least 30
4	days prior to the expiration of such authorization"
5	and inserting "such number of days, not less than
6	30 days, before the expiration of such authorization
7	as the Court considers necessary to permit review by
8	amici curiae appointed under section 103(i)(2)(C).".
9	(6) Conforming amendments.—Section
10	103(i) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)) is amend-
11	ed—
12	(A) in paragraph (4), by striking "amicus
13	curiae under paragraph (2)(A)" and inserting
14	"amicus curiae under subparagraph (A), (B),
15	or (C) of paragraph (2)"; and
16	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking "ap-
17	pointed under paragraph (2)(A)" and inserting
18	"appointed under subparagraph (A), (B), or
19	(C) of paragraph (2)".
20	(b) Authority To Seek Review.—Section 103(i)
21	of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)), as amended by subsection
22	(a), is further amended—
23	(1) in paragraph (4)—
24	(A) in the paragraph heading, by inserting
25	"; AUTHORITY" after "DUTIES";

1	(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A),
2	(B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), re-
3	spectively, and moving such clauses, as so re-
4	designated, 2 ems to the right;
5	(C) in the matter preceding clause (i), as
6	so designated, by striking "the amicus curiae
7	shall" and inserting the following: "the amicus
8	curiae—
9	"(A) shall";
10	(D) in subparagraph (A)(i), as so des-
11	ignated, by inserting before the semicolon at the
12	end the following: ", including legal arguments
13	regarding any privacy or civil liberties interest
14	of any United States person that would be sig-
15	nificantly affected by the application or mo-
16	tion'; and
17	(E) by striking the period at the end and
18	inserting the following: "; and
19	"(B) may seek leave to raise any novel or
20	significant privacy or civil liberties issue rel-
21	evant to the application or motion or other
22	issue directly affecting the legality of the pro-
23	posed electronic surveillance with the court, re-
24	gardless of whether the court has requested as-

sistance on that issue.".

1	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through
2	(12) as paragraphs (8) through (13), respectively;
3	and
4	(3) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(7) Authority to seek review of deci-
7	SIONS.—
8	"(A) Foreign intelligence surveil-
9	LANCE COURT DECISIONS.—
10	"(i) Petition.—Following issuance of
11	an order under this Act by the Foreign In-
12	telligence Surveillance Court, an amicus
13	curiae appointed under paragraph (2) may
14	petition the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
15	lance Court to certify for review to Foreign
16	Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review a
17	question of law pursuant to subsection (j).
18	"(ii) Denials.—If the Foreign Intel-
19	ligence Surveillance Court denies a petition
20	described in clause (i), the court shall pro-
21	vide for the record a written statement of
22	the reasons for such denial.
23	"(iii) Certification.—Upon certifi-
24	cation of any question of law pursuant to
25	this subparagraph, the Foreign Intelligence

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Surveillance Court of Review shall appoint the amicus curiae to assist the Court of Review in its consideration of the certified question, unless the Court of Review issues a finding that such appointment is not appropriate.

> "(B) Foreign intelligence surveil-Lance court of review decisions.—An amicus curiae appointed under paragraph (2) may petition the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review to certify for review to the Supreme Court of the United States any question of law pursuant to section 1254(2) of title 28, United States Code.

> "(C) Declassification of Refer-Rals.—For purposes of section 602, a petition filed under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph and all of its content shall be considered a decision, order, or opinion issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review described in paragraph (2) of section 602(a)."

(c) Access to Information.—

1	(1) APPLICATION AND MATERIALS.—Section
2	103(i)(6) of such Act $(50$ U.S.C. $1803(i)(6))$ is
3	amended—
4	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking
5	clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting the following:
6	"(i) shall have access to, to the extent
7	such information is available to the Gov-
8	ernment—
9	"(I) the application, certification,
10	petition, motion, and other informa-
11	tion and supporting materials, includ-
12	ing any information described in sec-
13	tion 901, submitted to the Foreign In-
14	telligence Surveillance Court in con-
15	nection with the matter in which the
16	amicus curiae has been appointed, in-
17	cluding access to any relevant legal
18	precedent (including any such prece-
19	dent that is cited by the Government,
20	including in such an application);
21	"(II) any other information or
22	materials that the court determines is
23	relevant to the duties of the amicus
24	curiae; and

1	"(III) an unredacted copy of
2	each relevant decision made by the
3	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
4	Court or the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
5	veillance Court of Review in which the
6	court decides a question of law, with-
7	out regard to whether the decision is
8	classified; and
9	"(ii) may make a submission to the
10	court requesting access to any other par-
11	ticular materials or information (or cat-
12	egory of materials or information) that the
13	amicus curiae believes to be relevant to the
14	duties of the amicus curiae.";
15	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as
16	subparagraph (E); and
17	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (C)
18	the following:
19	"(D) Supporting documentation re-
20	GARDING ACCURACY.—The Foreign Intelligence
21	Surveillance Court, upon the motion of an ami-
22	cus curiae appointed under paragraph (2) or
23	upon its own motion, may require the Govern-
24	ment to make available the supporting docu-
25	mentation described in section 902.".

1	(2) Clarification of access to certain in-
2	FORMATION.—Section 103(i)(6) of such Act (50
3	U.S.C. 1803(i)(6)) is amended—
4	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking
5	"may" and inserting "shall"; and
6	(B) by striking subparagraph (C) and in-
7	serting the following:
8	"(C) Classified information.—An ami-
9	cus curiae appointed by the court shall have ac-
10	cess to, to the extent such information is avail-
11	able to the Government, unredacted copies of
12	each opinion, order, transcript, pleading, or
13	other document of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
14	veillance Court and the Foreign Intelligence
15	Surveillance Court of Review, including, if the
16	individual is eligible for access to classified in-
17	formation, any classified documents, informa-
18	tion, and other materials or proceedings.".
19	(3) Consultation among amici curiae.—
20	Section 103(i)(6) of such Act (50 U.S.C.
21	1803(i)(6)), as amended by paragraphs (1) and (2),
22	is further amended—
23	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (B),
24	(C), and (D) as subparagraphs (C), (D), and
25	(E), respectively; and

1	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
2	the following:
3	"(B) Consultation.—If the Foreign In-
4	telligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign In-
5	telligence Surveillance Court of Review deter-
6	mines that it is relevant to the duties of an
7	amicus curiae appointed under paragraph (2),
8	the amicus curiae may consult with 1 or more
9	of the other individuals designated to serve as
10	amicus curiae under paragraph (1) regarding
11	any of the information relevant to any assigned
12	proceeding.".
13	SEC. 208. DECLASSIFICATION OF SIGNIFICANT DECISIONS,
14	ORDERS, AND OPINIONS.
1415	ORDERS, AND OPINIONS. Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
15	
15 16	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
15 16 17	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking sub-
15 16 17	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
15 16 17 18	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking sub- section (a) and inserting the following: "(a) Declassification Required.—
15 16 17 18 19	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking sub- section (a) and inserting the following: "(a) Declassification Required.— "(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (b),
15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking sub- section (a) and inserting the following: "(a) Declassification Required.— "(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (b), the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking sub- section (a) and inserting the following: "(a) Declassification Required.— "(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (b), the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Section 602 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872) is amended by striking sub- section (a) and inserting the following: "(a) Declassification Required.— "(1) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall— "(A) conduct a declassification review of

1	view (as defined in section 601(e)) that is de-
2	scribed in paragraph (2);
3	"(B) consistent with that review, make
4	publicly available to the greatest extent prac-
5	ticable each such decision, order, or opinion
6	and
7	"(C) complete the declassification review
8	required by subparagraph (A) and public re-
9	lease of each such decision, order, or opinion
10	pursuant to subparagraph (B) by not later than
11	180 days after the date on which the Foreign
12	Intelligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign
13	Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review issues
14	such decision, order, or opinion.
15	"(2) Decision, order, or opinion de-
16	SCRIBED.—A decision, order, or opinion issued by
17	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court or the
18	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review
19	that is described in this paragraph is any such deci-
20	sion, order, or opinion issued before, on, or after the
21	date of the enactment of this Act that—
22	"(A) includes a significant construction or
23	interpretation of any provision of law, including
24	any novel or significant construction or inter-
25	pretation of any term; or

1	"(B) has been nominated for a declas-
2	sification review by an amicus curiae appointed
3	by the court.".
4	SEC. 209. CLARIFICATION OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SUR-
5	VEILLANCE COURT JURISDICTION OVER
6	RECORDS OF THE COURT AND OTHER ANCIL-
7	LARY MATTERS.
8	(a) In General.—Section 103 of the Foreign Intel-
9	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803), as
10	amended by sections 206 and 207, is further amended—
11	(1) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(m) Ancillary Claims.—
13	"(1) Foreign intelligence surveillance
14	COURT.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
15	Court shall have jurisdiction to hear claims ancillary
16	to any of its own proceedings, including jurisdiction
17	to hear any claim for access to the court's records,
18	files, and proceedings under the Constitution of the
19	United States, statute, common law, or any other
20	authority. Upon deciding such a claim, such court
21	shall provide immediately for the record a written
22	statement of the reasons for such decision. A party
23	may file a petition for review of such decision with
24	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Re-
25	view, which shall have jurisdiction to consider such

- petition and, upon deciding such petition, shall provide for the record a written statement of the reasons for its decision.
- 4 "(2) Foreign intelligence surveillance 5 COURT OF REVIEW.—The Foreign Intelligence Sur-6 veillance Court of Review shall have jurisdiction to 7 hear claims ancillary to any of its own proceedings, 8 including jurisdiction to hear any claim for access to 9 the court's records, files, and proceedings under the 10 Constitution of the United States, statute, common 11 law, or any other authority. Upon deciding such a 12 claim, such court shall provide immediately for the 13 record a written statement of the reasons for such 14 decision.
 - "(3) Supreme court review.—A party may file a petition for a writ of certiorari for review of a decision of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review under paragraphs (1) or (2), and the Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction to review such decision.";
 - (2) in subsection (a)(2)(A), in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting "paragraph (1) of subsection (l) of this section or" before "paragraph (4) or (5) of section 702(i)"; and

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1	(3) in subsection $(k)(1)$, by striking "section
2	1254(2) of title 28" and inserting "section 1254 of
3	title 28".
4	(b) Technical Corrections.—Section 103 of the
5	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
6	1803), as amended by section (a), is further amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)(2)(A), in the matter pre-
8	ceding clause (i), by striking "section 501(f) or";
9	and
10	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "section
11	501(f)(1) or" each place it appears.
12	SEC. 210. GROUNDS FOR DETERMINING INJURY IN FACT IN
13	CIVIL ACTIONS RELATING TO SURVEILLANCE
14	UNDER THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SUR-
15	VEILLANCE ACT OF 1978 OR PURSUANT TO
16	EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY.
17	(a) In General.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
18	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as amended
19	by section 202, is further amended by adding at the end
20	the following:

"TITLE X—ADDITIONAL 1 **MATTERS** 2 3 "SEC. 1001. CHALLENGES TO GOVERNMENT SURVEIL-4 LANCE. 5 "(a) Definitions.—In this section, the terms foreign intelligence information', 'person', 'United States', 6 7 and 'United States person' have the meaning given such terms in section 101. 9 "(b) Injury in Fact.—In any claim in a civil action 10 brought in a court of the United States relating to the 11 acquisition, copying, querying, retention, access, or use of 12 information acquired under this Act or pursuant to any other authority of the executive branch of the Federal 13 Government, by a United States person or person located inside the United States, the person asserting the claim has suffered an injury-in-fact traceable to that conduct if the person— 17 18 "(1)(A) regularly communicates foreign intel-19 ligence information with persons who are not United 20 States persons and who are located outside the 21 United States; and 22 "(B) has taken or is taking objectively reasonable measures to avoid the acquisition, copying, querying, re-24 tention, access, or use of the person's information under

- 1 this Act or pursuant to another authority of the executive
- 2 branch of the Federal Government; or
- 3 "(2) has a reasonable basis to believe that the
- 4 person's rights have been, are being, or imminently
- 5 will be violated by an individual acting under color
- 6 of Federal law.
- 7 "(c) Reasonable Basis.—For the purposes of this
- 8 section, a reasonable basis exists when the person dem-
- 9 onstrates a concrete injury arising from a good-faith belief
- 10 that the person's rights have been, are being, or immi-
- 11 nently will be violated through the acquisition, copying,
- 12 querying, retention, access, or use of the person's informa-
- 13 tion under this Act or pursuant to any other authority
- 14 of the executive branch of the Federal Government.
- 15 "(d) State Secrets Privilege Abrogated.—The
- 16 state secrets privilege is abrogated, and the procedure set
- 17 forth in section 106(f) shall apply, with respect to any
- 18 claim where the plaintiff, who is a United States person
- 19 or person located in the United States, plausibly alleges
- 20 an injury-in-fact relating to the acquisition, copying,
- 21 querying, retention, access, or use of information acquired
- 22 under this Act or pursuant to another authority of the
- 23 executive branch of the Federal Government and plausibly
- 24 alleges that the acquisition, copying, querying, retention,

- 1 access, or use of information violates the Constitution or
- 2 laws of the United States.".
- 3 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
- 4 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
- 5 amended by section 202, is further amended by adding
- 6 at the end the following:

"TITLE X—ADDITIONAL MATTERS

"Sec. 1001. Challenges to Government surveillance.".

7 SEC. 211. ACCOUNTABILITY PROCEDURES FOR VIOLATIONS

- 8 BY FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.
- 9 (a) In General.—Title X of the Foreign Intel-
- 10 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881 et seq.),
- 11 as added by this title, is amended by adding at the end
- 12 the following:
- 13 "SEC. 1002. ACCOUNTABILITY PROCEDURES FOR VIOLA-
- 14 TIONS BY FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.
- 15 "(a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 16 "(1) Appropriate committees of con-
- 17 GRESS.—The term 'appropriate committees of Con-
- gress' has the meaning given such term in section
- 19 101.
- 20 "(2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term 'covered
- agency' means the Federal Bureau of Investigation,
- the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Secu-
- 23 rity Agency, and the National Counterterrorism
- 24 Center.

1 "(3) COVERED VIOLATION.—The term 'covered 2 violation' means a violation of this Act or Executive 3 Order 12333 (50 U.S.C. 3001 note; relating to 4 United States intelligence activities), or successor 5 order, by an employee of a covered agency that re-6 sults in the inappropriate collection, use, querying, 7 or dissemination of any communication, record, or information of a United States person or a person 8 9 inside the United States. 10 "(4) Person, united states, and united PERSON.—The terms 11 'person', 'United STATES 12 States', and 'United States person' have the mean-13 ings given such terms in section 101. 14 "(b) Accountability Procedures; Designated INVESTIGATIVE ENTITY.—The head of each covered agen-16 cy shall— "(1) establish procedures to hold employees of 17 18 the covered agency accountable for willful, knowing, 19 reckless, and negligent covered violations; and "(2)(A) designate an entity within the agency 20 21 to investigate possible willful, knowing, reckless, and 22 negligent covered violations; and 23 "(B) establish an internal process for the designated entity to determine culpability for willful, knowing, reckless, and negligent covered violations.

1	"(c) Elements.—The procedures established under
2	subsection $(b)(1)$ shall include the following:
3	"(1) Centralized tracking of individual employee
4	performance incidents involving willful, knowing,
5	reckless, and negligent covered violations, over time.
6	"(2) Escalating consequences for willful, know-
7	ing, reckless, and negligent covered violations, in-
8	cluding—
9	"(A) consequences for an initial reckless or
10	negligent covered violation, including, at a min-
11	imum—
12	"(i) suspension of access to informa-
13	tion acquired under this Act or to the
14	dataset that gave rise to the violation for
15	not less than 90 days; and
16	"(ii) documentation of the incident in
17	the personnel file of each employee respon-
18	sible for the violation;
19	"(B) consequences for a second reckless or
20	negligent covered violation, including, at a min-
21	imum—
22	"(i) suspension of access to informa-
23	tion acquired under this Act or to the
24	dataset that gave rise to the violation for
25	not less than 180 days; and

1	"(ii) reassignment of each employee
2	responsible for the violation;
3	"(C) consequences for a third reckless or
4	negligent covered violation, including, at a min-
5	imum—
6	"(i) termination of security clearance;
7	and
8	"(ii) reassignment or termination of
9	each employee responsible for the violation;
10	"(D) consequences for an initial willful or
11	knowing covered violation, including, at a min-
12	imum—
13	"(i) suspension of access to informa-
14	tion acquired under this Act or to the
15	dataset that gave rise to the violation for
16	not less than 180 days; and
17	"(ii) reassignment of each employee
18	responsible for the violation; and
19	"(E) consequences for a second willful or
20	knowing covered violation, including, at a min-
21	imum—
22	"(i) termination of security clearance;
23	and
24	"(ii) reassignment or termination of
25	each employee responsible for the violation.

1	"(d) Presumption of Termination.—
2	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subpara-
3	graphs (C)(ii) and (E)(ii) of subsection (c)(2), there
4	shall be a presumption in favor of termination of an
5	employee.
6	"(2) JUSTIFICATION.—If the head of a covered
7	agency determines not to terminate an employee for
8	a third reckless or negligent violation under subpara-
9	graph (C)(ii) of subsection (c)(2) or a second willful
10	or knowing violation under subparagraph (E)(ii) of
11	that subsection, the agency head shall submit to the
12	appropriate committees of Congress a written jus-
13	tification for the determination.
14	"(e) Timing.—If a covered agency determines,
15	through an investigation, that an employee committed a
16	willful, knowing, reckless, or negligent covered violation,
17	the agency head shall determine what consequences to im-
18	pose on the employee under subsection (c)(2) not later
19	than 60 days after the conclusion of the investigation."
20	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
21	for such Act is amended by inserting after the item relat-
22	ing to section 1001, as added by this title, the following
	"Sec. 1002. Accountability procedures for violations by Federal employees.".
23	(c) Report Required.—
24	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days

after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head

1	of each covered agency, as defined in section 710 of
2	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (as
3	added by subsection (a)), shall submit to the appro-
4	priate committees of Congress a report detailing—
5	(A) the procedures established under sec-
6	tion 710 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
7	lance Act of 1978, as added by subsection (a);
8	and
9	(B) a description of any actions taken pur-
10	suant to such procedures.
11	(2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph
12	(1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may
13	include a classified annex to the extent necessary to
14	protect sources and methods.
15	TITLE III—REFORMS RELATED
16	TO SURVEILLANCE CON-
17	DUCTED UNDER EXECUTIVE
18	ORDER 12333
19	SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.
20	In this title:
21	(1) Intelligence, intelligence commu-
22	NITY, AND FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.—The terms
23	"intelligence", "intelligence community", and "for-
24	eign intelligence" have the meanings given such

- terms in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- 3 (2) ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE, PERSON,
- 4 STATE, UNITED STATES, AND UNITED STATES PER-
- 5 son.—The terms "electronic surveillance", "per-
- 6 son", "State", "United States", and "United States
- 7 person" have the meanings given such terms in sec-
- 8 tion 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
- 9 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801).
- 10 SEC. 302. PROHIBITION ON WARRANTLESS QUERIES FOR
- 11 THE COMMUNICATIONS OF UNITED STATES
- 12 PERSONS AND PERSONS LOCATED IN THE
- 13 UNITED STATES.
- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections
- 15 (b) and (c), no officer or employee of the Federal Govern-
- 16 ment may conduct a query of information acquired pursu-
- 17 ant to Executive Order 12333 (50 U.S.C. 3001 note; re-
- 18 lating to United States intelligence activities), or successor
- 19 order, in an effort to find communications or information
- 20 the compelled production of which would require a prob-
- 21 able cause warrant if sought for law enforcement purposes
- 22 in the United States of or about 1 or more United States
- 23 persons or persons reasonably believed to be located in the
- 24 United States at the time of the query or the time of the
- 25 communication or creation of the information.

1	(b) Concurrent Authorization, Consent, and
2	EXCEPTION FOR EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.—
3	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) shall not
4	apply to a query relating to United States person or
5	persons reasonably believed to be located in the
6	United States at the time of the query or the time
7	of the communication or creation of the information
8	if—
9	(A) such persons or person are the subject
10	of an order or emergency authorization author-
11	izing electronic surveillance or physical search
12	under section 105 or 304 of the Foreign Intel-
13	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
14	1805, 1824), or a warrant issued pursuant to
15	the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure by a
16	court of competent jurisdiction covering the pe-
17	riod of the query;
18	(B)(i) the officer or employee carrying out
19	the query has a reasonable belief that—
20	(I) an emergency exists involving an
21	imminent threat of death or serious bodily
22	harm; and
23	(II) in order to prevent or mitigate
24	this threat, the query must be conducted
25	before authorization pursuant to subpara-

1	graph (A) can, with due diligence, be ob-
2	tained; and
3	(ii) a description of the query is provided to the con-
4	gressional intelligence committees (as defined in section
5	3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003))
6	in a timely manner;
7	(C) such persons or, if such person is in-
8	capable of providing consent, a third party le-
9	gally authorized to consent on behalf of the per-
10	son, has provided consent to the query on a
11	case-by-case basis; or
12	(D)(i) the query uses a known cybersecu-
13	rity threat signature as a query term;
14	(ii) the query is conducted, and the results of the
15	query are used, for the sole purpose of identifying targeted
16	recipients of malicious software and preventing or miti-
17	gating harm from such malicious software;
18	(iii) no additional contents of communications re-
19	trieved as a result of the query are accessed or reviewed;
20	and
21	(iv) all such queries are reported to the Foreign Intel-
22	ligence Surveillance Court.
23	(2) Limitations.—
24	(A) USE IN SUBSEQUENT PROCEEDINGS
25	AND INVESTIGATIONS.—No information re-

graph (1)(B) or evidence derived from such query may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or political subdivision thereof, except in a proceeding or investigation that arises from the threat that prompted the query.

- (B) Assessment of compliance.—Not less frequently than annually, the Attorney General shall assess compliance with the requirements under subparagraphs (A).
- 16 (c) Matters Relating to Emergency Que-17 ries.—
 - (1) Treatment of Denials.—In the event that a query for communications or information the compelled production of which would require a probable cause warrant if sought for law enforcement purposes in the United States relating to 1 or more United States persons or persons reasonably believed to be located in the United States at the time of the query or the time of communication, or creation of

the information is conducted pursuant to an emergency authorization described in subsection (b)(1)(A) and the application for such emergency authorization is denied, or in any other case in which the query has been conducted and no order is issued approving the query—

(A) no information obtained or evidence derived from such query may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or political subdivision thereof; and

(B) no information concerning any United States person or person reasonably believed to be located in the United States at the time of acquisition or the time of communication or creation of the information acquired from such query may subsequently be used or disclosed in any other manner without the consent of such person, except with the approval of the Attorney General if the information indicates a threat of death or serious bodily harm to any person.

- 1 (2) Assessment of compliance.—Not less
- 2 frequently than annually, the Attorney General shall
- 3 assess compliance with the requirements under para-
- 4 graph (1).
- 5 (d) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
- 6 1978.—This section shall not apply to queries of commu-
- 7 nications and information collected pursuant to the For-
- 8 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 9 1801 et seq.).
- 10 (e) Foreign Intelligence Purpose.—Except as
- 11 provided in subsection (b)(1), no officer or employee of
- 12 the United States may conduct a query of information ac-
- 13 quired pursuant to Executive Order 12333 (50 U.S.C.
- 14 3001 note; relating to United States intelligence activi-
- 15 ties), or successor order, in an effort to find information
- 16 of our about 1 or more United States persons or persons
- 17 reasonably believed to be located in the United States at
- 18 the time of the query or the time of communication or
- 19 creation of the information unless the query is reasonably
- 20 likely to retrieve foreign intelligence information.
- 21 (f) DOCUMENTATION.—No officer or employee of the
- 22 Federal Government may conduct a query of information
- 23 acquired pursuant to Executive Order 12333 (50 U.S.C.
- 24 3001 note; relating to United States intelligence activi-
- 25 ties), or successor order, in an effort to find information

- 1 of or about 1 or more United States persons or persons
- 2 reasonably believed to be located in the United States at
- 3 the time of the query or the time of the communication
- 4 or creation of the information unless first an electronic
- 5 record is created, and a system, mechanism, or business
- 6 practice is in place to maintain such record, that includes
- 7 the following:
- 8 (1) Each term used for the conduct of the
- 9 query.
- 10 (2) The date of the query.
- 11 (3) The identifier of the officer or employee.
- 12 (4) A statement of facts showing that the use
- of each query term included under paragraph (1) is
- reasonably likely to retrieve foreign intelligence in-
- formation.
- 16 (g) Prohibition on Results of Metadata
- 17 QUERY AS A BASIS FOR ACCESS TO COMMUNICATIONS
- 18 AND OTHER PROTECTED INFORMATION.—If a query of
- 19 information is conducted in an effort to find communica-
- 20 tions metadata of 1 or more United States persons or per-
- 21 sons reasonably believed to be located in the United States
- 22 at the time of acquisition or communication and the query
- 23 returns such information, the results of the query may not
- 24 be used as a basis for reviewing communications or infor-

1	mation a query for which is otherwise prohibited under
2	this sections.
3	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON REVERSE TARGETING OF
4	UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PERSONS LO-
5	CATED IN THE UNITED STATES.
6	(a) Prohibition on Acquisition.—
7	(1) Prohibition with exceptions.—No offi-
8	cer or employee of the United States may inten-
9	tionally target, pursuant to Executive Order 12333
10	(50 U.S.C. 3001 note; relating to United States in-
11	telligence activities), or successor order, any person
12	if a significant purpose of the acquisition is to target
13	1 or more United States persons or persons reason-
14	ably believed to be located in the United States at
15	the time of acquisition, communication, or the cre-
16	ation of the information as prohibited by Section
17	703 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
18	1978, as added by section 201 of this Act, unless—
19	(A)(i) there is a reasonable belief that an
20	emergency exists involving a threat of imminent
21	death or serious bodily harm to such United
22	States person or person reasonably believed to
23	be in the United States at the time of the query
24	or the time of acquisition or communication;

- 1 (ii) the information is sought for the purpose of as-2 sisting that person; and
- 3 (iii) a description of the targeting is provided to the 4 congressional intelligence committees (as defined in sec-
- 5 tion 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
- 6 3003)) in a timely manner; or
- 7 (B) the United States person or persons 8 reasonably believed to be located in the United 9 States at the time of acquisition, communica-10 tion or creation of the information has provided 11 consent to the targeting, or if such person is in-12 capable of providing consent, a third party le-13 gally authorized to consent on behalf of such 14 person has provided consent.
 - (2) LIMITATION ON EXCEPTION.—No information acquired pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) or evidence derived from such targeting may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or political subdivision thereof, except in proceedings or investigations that arise from the threat that prompted the targeting.

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1	(b) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
2	1978 AND CRIMINAL WARRANTS.—This section shall not
3	apply to—
4	(1) an acquisition carried out pursuant to both
5	section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
6	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a), as amended by sec-
7	tion 103 of this Act, and section $703(b)(2)$ of the
8	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as
9	added by section 201 of this Act;
10	(2) an acquisition authorized under section 105
11	or 304 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance act
12	of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805 and 1824); or
13	(3) an acquisition pursuant to a warrant issued
14	pursuant to the Federal Rules of Criminal Proce-
15	dure.
16	SEC. 304. PROHIBITION ON INTELLIGENCE ACQUISITION
17	OF UNITED STATES PERSON DATA.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) COVERED DATA.—The term "covered data"
20	means data, derived data, or any unique identifier
21	that—
22	(A) is linked to or is reasonably linkable to
23	a covered person; and
24	(B) does not include data that—

1	(i) is lawfully available to the public
2	through Federal, State, or local govern-
3	ment records or through widely distributed
4	media;
5	(ii) is reasonably believed to have been
6	voluntarily made available to the general
7	public by the covered person; or
8	(iii) is a specific communication or
9	transaction with a targeted individual who
10	is not a covered person.
11	(2) COVERED PERSON.—The term "covered
12	person' means an individual who—
13	(A) is reasonably believed to be located in
14	the United States at the time of the creation or
15	the time of acquisition of the covered data; or
16	(B) is a United States person.
17	(b) Limitation.—
18	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
19	through (7), an element of the intelligence commu-
20	nity may not acquire a dataset that includes covered
21	data.
22	(2) Authorization pursuant to the for-
23	EIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.—
24	An element of the intelligence community may ac-
25	quire covered data if the data has been authorized

- for collection pursuant to an order or emergency authorization pursuant to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) or the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure by a court of competent jurisdiction covering the period of the acquisition, subject to the use, dissemination, querying, retention, and other minimization limitations required by such authorization.
 - (3) Authorization for employment-related purposes, provided that—
 - (A) access to and use of the covered data is limited to such purposes; and
 - (B) the covered data is destroyed at such time as it is no longer necessary for such purposes.
 - (4) EXCEPTION FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES.— An element of the intelligence community may acquire covered data for the purpose of supporting compliance with collection limitations and minimization requirements imposed by statute, guidelines,

1	procedures, or the United States Constitution, pro-
2	vided that—
3	(A) access to and use of the covered data
4	is limited to such purpose; and
5	(B) the covered data is destroyed at such
6	time as it is no longer necessary for such pur-
7	pose.
8	(5) Exception for life or safety.—An ele-
9	ment of the intelligence community may acquire cov-
10	ered data if—
11	(A) there is a reasonable belief that—
12	(i) an emergency exists involving an
13	imminent threat of death or serious bodily
14	harm; and
15	(ii) in order to prevent or mitigate
16	this threat, the acquisition must be con-
17	ducted before authorization pursuant to
18	paragraph (2) can, with due diligence, be
19	obtained;
20	(B) access to and use of the covered data
21	is limited to addressing the threat;
22	(C) the covered data is destroyed at such
23	time as it is no longer necessary for such pur-
24	pose; and

1	(D) a description of the acquisition is pro-
2	vided to the congressional intelligence commit-
3	tees (as defined in section 3 of the National Se-
4	curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)) in a time-
5	ly manner.
6	(6) Exception for consent.—An element of
7	the intelligence community may acquire covered data
8	if—
9	(A) each covered person linked or reason-
10	ably linked to the covered data, or, if such per-
11	son is incapable of providing consent, a third
12	party legally authorized to consent on behalf of
13	the person, has provided consent to the acquisi-
14	tion and use of the data on a case-by-case
15	basis;
16	(B) access to and use of the covered data
17	is limited to the purposes for which the consent
18	was provided; and
19	(C) the covered data is destroyed at such
20	time as it is no longer necessary for such pur-
21	poses.
22	(7) Exception for nonsegregable data.—
23	An element of the intelligence community may ac-
24	quire a dataset that includes covered data if the cov-

ered data is not reasonably segregable prior to ac-

quisition, provided that the element of the intelligence community complies with the minimization procedures in subsection (c).

(c) Minimization Procedures.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall adopt specific procedures that are reasonably designed to minimize the acquisition and retention of covered data that is not subject to 1 or more of the exceptions set forth in subsection (b).
- (2) Acquisition and retention.—The procedures adopted under paragraph (1) shall require elements of the intelligence community to exhaust all reasonable means—
 - (A) to exclude covered data not subject to 1 or more exceptions set forth in subsection (b) from datasets prior to acquisition; and
 - (B) to remove and delete covered data not subject to 1 or more exceptions set forth in subsection (b) prior to the operational use of the acquired dataset or the inclusion of the dataset in a database intended for operational use.
- (3) DESTRUCTION.—The procedures adopted under paragraph (1) shall require that if an element of the intelligence community identifies covered data

1	acquired in violation of subsection (b), such covered
2	data shall be promptly destroyed.
3	(d) Prohibition on Use of Data Obtained in
4	VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.—Covered data acquired by
5	an element of the intelligence community in violation of
6	subsection (b), and any evidence derived therefrom, may
7	not be used, received in evidence, or otherwise dissemi-
8	nated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other pro-
9	ceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department,
10	office, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or
11	other authority of the United States, a State, or political
12	subdivision thereof.
13	(e) Reporting Requirement.—
14	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
15	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Di-
16	rector of National Intelligence shall submit to the
17	appropriate committees of Congress and the Privacy
18	and Civil Liberties Oversight Board a report on the
19	acquisition of datasets that the Director anticipates
20	will contain information of covered persons that is
21	significant in volume, proportion, or sensitivity.
22	(2) Contents.—The report submitted pursu-
23	ant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:
24	(A) A description of the covered person in-
25	formation in each dataset.

1	(B) An estimate of the amount of covered
2	person information in each dataset.
3	(3) Notifications.—After submitting the re-
4	port required by paragraph (1), the Director shall,
5	in coordination with the Under Secretary, notify the
6	appropriate committees of Congress of any changes
7	to the information contained in such report.
8	(4) Availability to the public.—The Direc-
9	tor shall make available to the public on the website
10	of the Director—
11	(A) the unclassified portion of the report
12	submitted pursuant to paragraph (1); and
13	(B) any notifications submitted pursuant
14	to paragraph (3).
15	(f) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
16	tion shall authorize an acquisition otherwise prohibited by
17	this title, the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
18	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), or title 18, United States
19	Code.
20	SEC. 305. PROHIBITION ON THE WARRANTLESS ACQUISI-
21	TION OF DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS.
22	(a) In General.—No officer or employee of the
23	United States may intentionally acquire pursuant to Exec-
24	utive Order 12333 (50 U.S.C. 3001 note; relating to
25	United States intelligence activities), or successor order.

1	any communication as to which the sender and all in-
2	tended recipients are known to be located in the United
3	States at the time of acquisition or the time of commu-
4	nication except—
5	(1) as authorized under section 105 or 304 the
6	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
7	U.S.C. 1805 and 1824); or
8	(2) if—
9	(A) there is a reasonable belief that—
10	(i) an emergency exists involving the
11	imminent threat of death or serious bodily
12	harm; and
13	(ii) in order to prevent or mitigate
14	this threat, the acquisition must be con-
15	ducted before an authorization pursuant to
16	the provisions of law cited in paragraph
17	(1) can, with due diligence, be obtained
18	and
19	(B) a description of the acquisition is pro-
20	vided to the congressional intelligence commit-
21	tees (as defined in section 3 of the National Se-
22	curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)) in a time-
23	ly manner.
24	(b) Use in Subsequent Proceedings and Inves-
25	TIGATIONS—No information acquired pursuant to ar

- 1 emergency described in subsection (a)(2) or information
- 2 derived from such acquisition may be used, received in evi-
- 3 dence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation,
- 4 trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court,
- 5 grand jury, department, office, agency, regulatory body,
- 6 legislative committee, or other authority of the United
- 7 States, a State, or political subdivision thereof, except in
- 8 a proceeding or investigation that arises from the threat
- 9 that prompted the acquisition.

10 SEC. 306. DATA RETENTION LIMITS.

- 11 (a) PROCEDURES.—Each head of an element of the
- 12 Intelligence Community shall develop and implement pro-
- 13 cedures governing the retention of information collected
- 14 pursuant to Executive Order 12333 (50 U.S.C. 3001 note;
- 15 relating to United States intelligence activities), or suc-
- 16 cessor order.
- 17 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—
- 18 (1) COVERED INFORMATION DEFINED.—In this
- subsection, the term "covered information" in
- 20 cludes—
- 21 (A) any information, including an
- encrypted communication, to, from, or per-
- taining to a United States person or person
- reasonably believed to be located in the United
- 25 States at the time of acquisition, communica-

tion, or creation of the information that has been evaluated and is not specifically known to contain foreign intelligence information; and

- (B) any unevaluated information, unless it can reasonably be determined that the unevaluated information does not contain communications to or from, or information pertaining to a United States person or person reasonably believed to be located in the United States at the time of acquisition, communication, or creation of the information.
- (2) In General.—The procedures developed and implemented pursuant to subsection (a) shall ensure, with respect to information described in such subsection, that covered information shall be destroyed within 5 years of collection unless the Attorney General determines in writing that—
 - (A) the information is the subject of a preservation obligation in pending administrative, civil, or criminal litigation, in which case the covered information shall be segregated, retained, and used solely for that purpose and shall be destroyed as soon as it is no longer required to be preserved for such litigation; or

1	(B) the information is being used in a pro-
2	ceeding or investigation in which the informa-
3	tion is directly related to and necessary to ad-
4	dress a specific threat identified in section
5	706(a)(2)(B) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
6	veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
7	1881e(a)(2)(B)), as amended by section 102.
8	SEC. 307. REPORTS ON VIOLATIONS OF LAW OR EXECUTIVE
9	ORDER.
10	Section 511 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
11	U.S.C. 3110) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(c) Public Availability.—The Director of Na-
14	tional Intelligence shall make each report submitted under
15	subsection (a) publicly available on an internet website,
16	with such redactions as may be necessary to protect
17	sources and methods.
18	"(d) Department of Justice Report.—The At-
19	torney General, in consultation with the Director of Na-
20	tional Intelligence, shall submit to the Committee on the
21	Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judici-
22	ary of the House of Representatives a version of the report
23	described in subsection (a) that only addresses violations
24	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
25	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.).".

1	TITLE IV—INDEPENDENT
2	OVERSIGHT
3	SEC. 401. INSPECTOR GENERAL OVERSIGHT OF ORDERS
4	UNDER THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SUR-
5	VEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
6	(a) Audit.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
7	the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the
8	Department of Justice and the Inspector General of each
9	element of the intelligence community shall each initiate
10	an audit of the applications for court orders made under
11	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
12	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) and directives issued under section
13	702(i) of such Act by the Department or the element, re-
14	spectively.
15	(b) Scope; Contents.—In conducting an audit
16	under subsection (a)—
17	(1) an Inspector General shall—
18	(A) review such sample of applications and
19	directives described in such subsection as the
20	Inspector General determines appropriate in
21	order to carry out the objectives of this section;
22	(B) assess whether—
23	(i) adequate safeguards are in place to
24	ensure that the assertions made in applica-
25	tions are scrupulously accurate;

1	(ii) adequate safeguards are in place
2	to ensure that each application includes all
3	material information, including any infor-
4	mation that suggests that the court should
5	deny the application or that the court
6	should include one or more conditions in
7	an order, as required under section 901 of
8	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
9	1978, as added by section 202(a); and
10	(iii) in the determination of the In-
11	spector General, there are any other areas
12	of potential risk or violation; and
13	(C) make recommendations to address any
14	deficiencies identified by the Inspector General;
15	and
16	(2) the Inspector General of the Department of
17	Justice shall assess the information provided by the
18	Department of Justice under section 903 and in-
19	clude a determination on the accuracy and complete-
20	ness of the information provided under that section.
21	(c) Report.—
22	(1) In general.—For each audit conducted by
23	an Inspector General under subsection (a), such In-
24	spector General shall submit to the persons specified
25	in paragraph (2) a report of the audit, including

1	findings and recommendations of the Inspector Gen-
2	eral and any remediations taken by the Department
3	or element, respectively.
4	(2) Persons specified.—The persons speci-
5	fied in this paragraph are the following:
6	(A) The Attorney General.
7	(B) The Director of National Intelligence.
8	(C) The Privacy and Civil Liberties Over-
9	sight Board.
10	(D) The appropriate committees of Con-
11	gress.
12	(E) The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
13	Court (as defined in section 601(e) of the For-
14	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
15	U.S.C. 1871(e))).
16	(F) Any amicus curiae appointed under
17	section $103(i)(2)$ of the Foreign Intelligence
18	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
19	1803(i)(2)).
20	(d) COOPERATION.—The Attorney General and head
21	of each element of the intelligence community shall ensure
22	full and complete cooperation with the respective Inspector
23	General conducting an audit under subsection (a), includ-
24	ing by providing access to all evidence and information
25	relevant to the assessments required under subsection

1	(b)(2), subject to such procedures as are necessary to pro-
2	tect the national security of the United States.
3	(e) Availability to the Public.—The Inspector
4	General of each element of the intelligence community
5	shall each make publicly available on a website of the rel-
6	evant element an unclassified version of any report sub-
7	mitted under subsection (c) by the respective Inspector
8	General.
9	SEC. 402. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE INSPECTOR GENERAL
10	REVIEW OF HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAF
1011	REVIEW OF HIGH INTENSITY DRUG TRAF FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS.
11	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS.
11 12	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS. (a) DEFINITION.—In this section:
111213	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS. (a) DEFINITION.—In this section: (1) COVERED HIDTA SURVEILLANCE PRO-
11121314	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS. (a) DEFINITION.—In this section: (1) COVERED HIDTA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM.—The term "covered HIDTA surveillance program.
11 12 13 14 15	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS. (a) DEFINITION.—In this section: (1) COVERED HIDTA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM.—The term "covered HIDTA surveillance program" means a HIDTA surveillance program in
11 12 13 14 15 16	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS. (a) DEFINITION.—In this section: (1) COVERED HIDTA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM.—The term "covered HIDTA surveillance program" means a HIDTA surveillance program in which a non-Federal Government entity provides to
11121314151617	FICKING AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS. (a) DEFINITION.—In this section: (1) COVERED HIDTA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM.—The term "covered HIDTA surveillance program" means a HIDTA surveillance program in which a non-Federal Government entity provides to law enforcement agencies access to a database main.

(2) HIDTA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM.—The term "HIDTA surveillance program" means a program that—

1	(A) enables law enforcement agencies to
2	share, query, receive, or process information on
3	United States persons;
4	(B) is operated by, or receives funding
5	from 1 or more high intensity drug trafficking
6	areas; and
7	(C) is supported financially, in whole or in
8	part, with Federal funds.
9	(3) United states person.—The term
10	"United States person" has the meaning given the
11	term in the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
12	1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801).
13	(b) REVIEW.—The Inspector General of the Depart-
14	ment of Justice shall—
15	(1) in the case of a HIDTA surveillance pro-
16	gram established before the date of the enactment of
17	this Act, conduct a review of such HIDTA surveil-
18	lance program—
19	(A) not later than 180 days after the ear-
20	lier of—
21	(i) the date of the enactment of this
22	Act; or
23	(ii) the date such HIDTA surveillance
24	program becomes a covered HIDTA sur-
25	veillance program: and

1	(B) not less frequently than once every 5
2	years for as long as such HIDTA surveillance
3	program is a covered HIDTA surveillance pro-
4	gram; and
5	(2) in the case of a HIDTA surveillance pro-
6	gram established after the date of the enactment of
7	this Act, conduct a review of such HIDTA surveil-
8	lance program—
9	(A) not later than 180 days after the
10	HIDTA surveillance program becomes a cov-
11	ered HIDTA surveillance program; and
12	(B) not less frequently than once every 5
13	years for as long as such HIDTA surveillance
14	program is a covered HIDTA surveillance pro-
15	gram.
16	SEC. 403. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY PARITY AND COMMU-
17	NICATIONS WITH PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIB-
18	ERTIES OVERSIGHT BOARD.
19	(a) Whistleblower Protections for Members
20	OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY FOR COMMUNICATIONS
21	WITH PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES OVERSIGHT
22	Board.—Section 1104 of the National Security Act of
23	1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)$, in the matter before
25	subparagraph (A), by inserting "the Privacy and

1	Civil Liberties Oversight Board," after "Inspector
2	General of the Intelligence Community,"; and
3	(2) in subsection (c)(1)(A), in the matter before
4	clause (i), by inserting "the Privacy and Civil Lib-
5	erties Oversight Board," after "Inspector General of
6	the Intelligence Community,".
7	(b) Parity in Pay for Privacy and Civil Lib-
8	ERTIES OVERSIGHT BOARD STAFF AND THE INTEL-
9	LIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 1061(j)(1) of the Intel-
10	ligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (42
11	U.S.C. 2000ee(j)(1)) is amended by striking "except that"
12	and all that follows through the period at the end and
13	inserting "except that no rate of pay fixed under this sub-
14	section may exceed the highest amount paid by any ele-
15	ment of the intelligence community for a comparable posi-
16	tion, based on salary information provided to the chairman
17	of the Board by the Director of National Intelligence.".
18	SEC. 404. CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT OF GRANTS OF IM-
19	MUNITY BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR
20	WARRANTLESS SURVEILLANCE ASSISTANCE.
21	(a) In General.—Section 2511(2)(a) of title 18,
22	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
23	following:
24	"(iv) Not later than 30 days after providing a certifi-
25	cation described in clause (B) of the first sentence of sub-

1	paragraph (ii) to a provider of wire or electronic commu-
2	nication service, an officer, employee, or agent thereof, a
3	landlord, a custodian, or another person, the person pro-
4	viding the certification shall submit the certification to the
5	appropriate committees of Congress, as defined in section
6	101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
7	(50 U.S.C. 1801).".
8	(b) Ongoing Programs.—
9	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
10	(A) the term "appropriate committees of
11	Congress" has the meaning given that term in
12	section 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
13	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801), as amend-
14	ed by section 2 of this Act;
15	(B) the terms "electronic communication",
16	"electronic communication service", and "wire
17	communication" have the meanings given such
18	terms in section 2510 of title 18, United States
19	Code; and
20	(C) the term "ongoing certification" means
21	a certification described in clause (B) of the
22	first sentence of section 2511(2)(a)(ii) of title
23	18, United States Code, pursuant to which a
24	provider of wire or electronic communication
25	service, an officer, employee, or agent thereof,

1	a landlord, a custodian, or another person is
2	providing information, facilities, or technical as-
3	sistance on the date of enactment of this Act.
4	(2) Submission.—Not later than 90 days after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the person that
6	provided an ongoing certification to a provider of
7	wire or electronic communication service, an officer,
8	employee, or agent thereof, a landlord, a custodian,
9	or another person shall submit the ongoing certifi-
10	cation to the appropriate committees of Congress.
11	TITLE V—REFORMS TO THE
12	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICA-
13	TIONS PRIVACY ACT OF 1986
14	SEC. 501. WARRANT PROTECTIONS FOR LOCATION INFOR-
15	MATION, WEB BROWSING RECORDS, AND
16	SEARCH QUERY RECORDS.
17	(a) Historical Location, Web Browsing, and
18	SEARCH QUERIES.—
19	(1) In General.—Section 2703 of title 18,
20	United States Code, is amended—
21	(A) in subsection (a)—
22	(i) in the subsection heading, by strik-
23	ing "Contents of Wire or Electronic
24	COMMUNICATIONS" and inserting "LOCA-
25	TION INFORMATION, WEB BROWSING

1	Records, Search Query Records, or
2	CONTENTS OF WIRE OR ELECTRONIC
3	COMMUNICATIONS"; and
4	(ii) in the first sentence, by inserting
5	"location information, a web browsing
6	record, a search query record, or" before
7	"the contents of a wire"; and
8	(B) in subsection (c)(1), in the matter pre-
9	ceding subparagraph (A), by inserting "location
10	information, a web browsing record, a search
11	query record, or" before "the contents".
12	(2) Definition.—Section 2711 of title 18,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
15	by inserting "(a) In General.—" before "As
16	used'';
17	(B) in subsection (a), as so designated—
18	(i) in paragraph (3)(C), by striking
19	"and" at the end;
20	(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking the
21	period at the end and inserting a semi-
22	colon; and
22	
23	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-

1	"(5) the term 'location information' means in-
2	formation derived or otherwise calculated from the
3	transmission or reception of a radio signal that re-
4	veals the approximate or actual geographic location
5	of a customer, subscriber, user, or device;
6	"(6) the term 'web browsing record'—
7	"(A) means a record that reveals, in part
8	or in whole, the identity of a service provided
9	by an online service provider, or the identity of
10	a customer, subscriber, user, or device, for any
11	attempted or successful communication or
12	transmission between an online service provider
13	and such a customer, subscriber, user, or de-
14	vice;
15	"(B) includes a record that reveals, in part
16	or in whole—
17	"(i) the domain name, uniform re-
18	source locator, internet protocol address,
19	or other identifier for a service provided by
20	an online service provider with which a
21	customer, subscriber, user, or device has
22	exchanged or attempted to exchange a
23	communication or transmission; or
24	"(ii) the network traffic generated by
25	an attempted or successful communication

1	or transmission between a service provided
2	by an online service provider and a cus-
3	tomer, subscriber, user, or device; and
4	"(C) does not include a record that reveals
5	information about an attempted or successful
6	communication or transmission between a
7	known service and a particular, known cus-
8	tomer, subscriber, user, or device, if the record
9	is maintained by the known service and is lim-
10	ited to revealing additional identifying informa-
11	tion about the particular, known customer, sub-
12	scriber, user, or device;
13	"(7) the term 'search query record'—
14	"(A) means a record that reveals a query
15	term or instruction submitted, in written
16	verbal, or other format, by a customer, sub-
17	scriber, user, or device to any service provided
18	by an online service provider, including a search
19	engine, voice assistant, chat bot, or navigation
20	service; and
21	"(B) includes a record that reveals the re-
22	sponse provided by any service provided by an
23	online service provider to a query term or in-
24	struction by a customer, subscriber, user, or de-

vice;"; and

1	(C) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
3	tion or section 2510 shall be construed to mean that a
4	record may not be more than 1 of the following types of
5	record:
6	"(1) The contents of a communication.
7	"(2) Location information.
8	"(3) A web browsing record.
9	"(4) A search query record.".
10	(b) Real-Time Surveillance of Location In-
11	FORMATION.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 3117 of title 18,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(A) in the section heading, by striking
15	"Mobile tracking devices" and inserting
16	"Tracking orders";
17	(B) by striking subsection (b);
18	(C) by redesignating subsection (a) as sub-
19	section (c);
20	(D) by inserting before subsection (c), as
21	so redesignated, the following:
22	"(a) In General.—No officer or employee of a gov-
23	ernmental entity may install or direct the installation of
24	a tracking device, except pursuant to a warrant issued
25	using the procedures described in the Federal Rules of

1	Criminal Procedure (or, in the case of a State court
2	issued using State warrant procedures and, in the case
3	of a court-martial or other proceeding under chapter 47
4	of title 10 (the Uniform Code of Military Justice), issued
5	under section 846 of that title, in accordance with regula
6	tions prescribed by the President) by a court of competen
7	jurisdiction.
8	"(b) Emergencies.—
9	"(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2)
10	the prohibition under subsection (a) does not apply
11	in a instance in which an investigative or law en
12	forcement officer reasonably determines that—
13	"(A) a circumstance described in subpara
14	graph (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 2518(7)(a) ex
15	ists; and
16	"(B) there are grounds upon which a war
17	rant could be issued to authorize the installa
18	tion of the tracking device.
19	"(2) APPLICATION DEADLINE.—If a tracking
20	device is installed under the authority under para
21	graph (1), an application for a warrant shall be
22	made within 48 hours after the installation.
23	"(3) TERMINATION ABSENT WARRANT.—In the
24	absence of a warrant, use of a tracking device under
25	the authority under paragraph (1) shall immediately

1	terminate when the investigative information sought
2	is obtained or when the application for the warrant
3	is denied, whichever is earlier.
4	"(4) Limitation.—In the event an application
5	for a warrant described in paragraph (2) is denied,
6	or in any other case where the use of a tracking de-
7	vice under the authority under paragraph (1) is ter-
8	minated without a warrant having been issued, the
9	information obtained shall be treated as having been
10	obtained in violation of this section, and an inven-
11	tory describing the installation and use of the track-
12	ing device shall be served on the person named in
13	the warrant application.";
14	(E) in subsection (c), as so redesignated—
15	(i) in the subsection heading, by strik-
16	ing "In General" and inserting "Juris-
17	DICTION'';
18	(ii) by striking "or other order";
19	(iii) by striking "mobile";
20	(iv) by striking "such order" and in-
21	serting "such warrant"; and
22	(v) by adding at the end the following:
23	"For purposes of this subsection, the in-
24	stallation of a tracking device occurs with-
25	in the jurisdiction in which the device is

1	physically located when the installation is
2	complete."; and
3	(F) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(d) Definitions.—As used in this section—
5	"(1) the term 'computer' has the meaning given
6	that term in section 1030(e);
7	"(2) the terms 'court of competent jurisdiction'
8	and 'governmental entity' have the meanings given
9	such terms in section 2711;
10	"(3) the term 'installation of a tracking device'
11	means, whether performed by an officer or employee
12	of a governmental entity or by a provider at the di-
13	rection of a governmental entity—
14	"(A) the physical placement of a tracking
15	device;
16	"(B) the remote activation of the tracking
17	software or functionality of a tracking device; or
18	"(C) the acquisition of a radio signal
19	transmitted by a tracking device; and
20	"(4) the term 'tracking device' means an elec-
21	tronic or mechanical device which permits the track-
22	ing of the movement of a person or object, including
23	a phone, wearable device, connected vehicle, or other
24	computer owned, used, or possessed by the target of
25	surveillance.".

1	(2) Conforming amendments.—
2	(A) The table of sections for chapter 205
3	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
4	striking the item relating to section 3117 and
5	inserting the following:
	"3117. Tracking orders.".
6	(B) Section 2510(12)(C) of title 18,
7	United States Code, is amended to read as fol-
8	lows:
9	"(C) a communication from a lawfully in-
10	stalled tracking device (as defined in section
11	3117 of this title), if—
12	"(i) the tracking device is physically
13	placed; or
14	"(ii) the tracking software or
15	functionality of the tracking device is re-
16	motely activated and the communication is
17	transmitted by the tracking software or
18	functionality as a result of the remote acti-
19	vation; or".
20	(c) Prospective Surveillance of Web Brows-
21	ING RECORDS AND LOCATION INFORMATION.—Section
22	2703 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by add-
23	ing at the end the following:
24	"(i) Prospective Disclosure of Web Browsing
25	Records.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A governmental entity may require the prospective disclosure by an online service provider of a web browsing record only pursuant to a warrant issued using the procedures described in subsection (a).
- 6 "(2) Time restrictions.—A warrant requiring the prospective disclosure by an online service 7 8 provider of web browsing records may require disclo-9 sure of web browsing records for only a period as is 10 necessary to achieve the objective of the disclosure, 11 not to exceed 30 days from issuance of the warrant. 12 Extensions of such a warrant may be granted, but 13 only upon satisfaction of the showings necessary for 14 issuance of the warrant in the first instance.
- 15 "(j) Prospective DISCLOSURE OF LOCATION Records.—A governmental entity may require the pro-16 17 spective disclosure by an online service provider of location 18 information only pursuant to a warrant issued using the 19 procedures described in subsection (a), that satisfies the 20 restrictions imposed on warrants for tracking devices im-21 posed by section 3117 of this title and rule 41 of the Fed-22 eral Rules of Criminal Procedure.".

1	SEC. 502. CONSISTENT PROTECTIONS FOR PHONE AND
2	APP-BASED CALL AND TEXTING RECORDS.
3	Section 2703(c)(2)(C) of title 18, United States
4	Code, is amended by striking "local and long distance tele-
5	phone connection records, or".
6	SEC. 503. EMAIL PRIVACY ACT.
7	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
8	"Email Privacy Act".
9	(b) Voluntary Disclosure Corrections.—Sec-
10	tion 2702 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (a)—
12	(A) in paragraph (1)—
13	(i) by striking "divulge" and inserting
14	"disclose"; and
15	(ii) by striking "while in electronic
16	storage by that service" and inserting
17	"that is in electronic storage with or other-
18	wise stored, held, or maintained by that
19	service";
20	(B) in paragraph (2)—
21	(i) by striking "to the public";
22	(ii) by striking "divulge" and insert-
23	ing "disclose"; and
24	(iii) by striking "which is carried or
25	maintained on that service" and inserting

1	"that is stored, held, or maintained by that
2	service"; and
3	(C) in paragraph (3)—
4	(i) by striking "divulge" and inserting
5	"disclose"; and
6	(ii) by striking "a provider of" and in-
7	serting "a person or entity providing";
8	(2) in subsection (b)—
9	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
10	by inserting "wire or electronic" before "com-
11	munication";
12	(B) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
13	follows:
14	"(1) to an originator, addressee, or intended re-
15	cipient of such communication, to the subscriber or
16	customer on whose behalf the provider stores, holds,
17	or maintains such communication, or to an agent of
18	such addressee, intended recipient, subscriber, or
19	customer;"; and
20	(C) by amending paragraph (3) to read as
21	follows:
22	"(3) with the lawful consent of the originator,
23	addressee, or intended recipient of such communica-
24	tion, or of the subscriber or customer on whose be-

1	half the provider stores, holds, or maintains such
2	communication;";
3	(3) in subsection (c) by inserting "wire or elec-
4	tronic" before "communications";
5	(4) in each of subsections (b) and (c), by strik-
6	ing "divulge" and inserting "disclose"; and
7	(5) in subsection (c), by amending paragraph
8	(2) to read as follows:
9	"(2) with the lawful consent of the subscriber
10	or customer;".
11	(c) Amendments to Required Disclosure Sec-
12	TION.—Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, as
13	amended by this Act, is amended—
14	(1) in subsection (a)—
15	(A) by striking "A governmental entity"
16	and inserting "Except as provided in sub-
17	sections (l) and (m), a governmental entity";
18	(B) by striking "pursuant to" and insert-
19	ing "if the governmental entity obtains"; and
20	(C) by striking "by a court of competent
21	jurisdiction." and inserting "that is issued by a
22	court of competent jurisdiction and that may
23	indicate the date by which the provider must
24	make the disclosure to the governmental entity.
25	In the absence of a date on the warrant indi-

1	cating the date by which the provider must
2	make disclosure to the governmental entity, the
3	provider shall promptly respond to the war-
4	rant.";
5	(2) in subsection (c)—
6	(A) in paragraph (1)—
7	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
8	graph (A)—
9	(I) by striking "A governmental
10	entity" and inserting "Except as pro-
11	vided in subsections (l) and (m), a
12	governmental entity"; and
13	(II) by striking "only when the
14	governmental entity—" and inserting
15	"only—"
16	(ii) in subparagraph (A)—
17	(I) by striking "obtains a war-
18	rant issued" and inserting "if the gov-
19	ernmental entity obtains a warrant";
20	(II) by striking "by the Presi-
21	dent) by a court" and inserting the
22	following: "by the President) that—
23	"(i) is issued by a court";
24	(III) by inserting "and" after
25	"jurisdiction;"; and

1	(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(ii) may indicate the date by which the
4	online service provider must make the disclo-
5	sure to the governmental entity;";
6	(iii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
7	"if the governmental entity" before "ob-
8	tains";
9	(iv) in subparagraph (C), by striking
10	"has the consent of the subscriber or cus-
11	tomer to such disclosure;" and inserting
12	"with the lawful consent of the subscriber
13	or customer; or";
14	(v) by striking subparagraph (D);
15	(vi) by redesignating subparagraph
16	(E) as subparagraph (D);
17	(vii) in subparagraph (D), as so redes-
18	ignated, by striking "seeks information"
19	and inserting "as otherwise authorized";
20	and
21	(B) in paragraph (2)—
22	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
23	graph (A), by inserting ", in response to
24	an administrative subpoena authorized by
25	Federal or State statute, a grand jury,

1	trial, or civil discovery subpoena, or any
2	means available under paragraph (1),"
3	after "shall"; and
4	(ii) in the matter following subpara-
5	graph (F), by striking "of a subscriber"
6	and all that follows and inserting "of a
7	subscriber or customer of such online serv-
8	ice provider.";
9	(3) in subsection (d)—
10	(A) by striking "the contents of a wire or
11	electronic communication, or";
12	(B) by striking "sought," and inserting
13	"sought"; and
14	(C) by striking "section" and inserting
15	"subsection"; and
16	(4) by adding after subsection (j), as added by
17	section 501(c) of this Act, the following:
18	"(k) Notice.—Except as provided in section 2705,
19	an online service provider may notify a subscriber or cus-
20	tomer of a receipt of a warrant, court order, subpoena,
21	or request under subsection (a), (c), or (d) of this section.
22	"(l) Rule of Construction Related to Legal
23	Process.—Nothing in this section or in section 2702
24	shall limit the authority of a governmental entity to use
25	an administrative subpoena authorized by Federal or

- 1 State statute, a grand jury, trial, or civil discovery sub-
- 2 poena, or a warrant issued using the procedures described
- 3 in the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure (or, in the
- 4 case of a State court, issued using State warrant proce-
- 5 dures) by a court of competent jurisdiction to—
- 6 "(1) require an originator, addressee, or in-7 tended recipient of a wire or electronic communica-8 tion that is not acting as an online service provider 9 with regard to that wire or electronic communication 10 to disclose a wire or electronic communication (in-11 cluding the contents of that communication) to the 12 governmental entity;
 - "(2) require a person or entity that provides an electronic communication service to the officers, directors, employees, or agents of the person or entity (for the purpose of carrying out their duties) to disclose a wire or electronic communication (including location information, a web browsing record, a search query record, or the contents of that communication) to or from the person or entity itself or to or from an officer, director, employee, or agent of the entity to a governmental entity, if the wire or electronic communication is stored, held, or maintained on an electronic communications system

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1	owned, operated, or controlled by the person or enti-
2	ty; or
3	"(3) require an online service provider to dis-
4	close a wire or electronic communication (including
5	the contents of that communication) that advertises
6	or promotes a product or service and that has been
7	made readily accessible to the general public.
8	"(m) Rule of Construction Related to Con-
9	GRESSIONAL SUBPOENAS.—Nothing in this section or in
10	section 2702 shall limit the power of inquiry vested in the
11	Congress by article I of the Constitution of the United
12	States, including the authority to compel the production
13	of a wire or electronic communication (including location
14	information, a web browsing record, a search query record,
15	or the contents of a wire or electronic communication) that
16	is stored, held, or maintained by an online service pro-
17	vider.".
18	(d) Warrant Requirement for Stored Commu-
19	NICATIONS CONTENT.—
20	(1) In general.—Section 2703 of title 18,
21	United States Code, is amended—
22	(A) in subsection (a)—
23	(i) by striking ", that is in electronic
24	storage in an electronic communications

1	system for one hundred and eighty days or
2	less,"; and
3	(ii) by striking the last sentence;
4	(B) by striking subsection (b) and insert-
5	ing the following:
6	"(b) [Repealed]."; and
7	(C) in subsection (d) by striking "(b) or".
8	(2) Conforming amendments.—Chapter 121
9	of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
10	(A) in the table of sections, by striking the
11	item relating to section 2704;
12	(B) in section $2701(c)(3)$, by striking ",
13	2704";
14	(C) by striking section 2704; and
15	(D) in section 2706(a), by striking ",
16	2703, or 2704" and inserting "or 2703".
17	SEC. 504. CONSISTENT PROTECTIONS FOR DEMANDS FOR
18	DATA HELD BY INTERACTIVE COMPUTING
19	SERVICES.
20	(a) Definition.—Subsection (a) of section 2711 of
21	title 18, United States Code, as so designated and amend-
22	ed by section 501 of this Act, is amended by adding at
23	the end the following:
24	"(8) the term 'online service provider' means a
25	provider of electronic communication service, a pro-

1	vider of remote computing service, or a provider of
2	an interactive computer service (as defined in section
3	230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
4	U.S.C. 230(f))); and".
5	(b) REQUIRED DISCLOSURE.—Section 2703 of title
6	18, United States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a), in the first sentence, by
8	striking "a provider of electronic communication
9	service" and inserting "an online service provider";
10	(2) in subsection (c)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter pre-
12	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "a pro-
13	vider of electronic communication service or re-
14	mote computing service" and inserting "an on-
15	line service provider"; and
16	(B) in paragraph (2), in the matter pre-
17	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "A pro-
18	vider of electronic communication service or re-
19	mote computing service" and inserting "An on-
20	line service provider"; and
21	(3) in subsection (g), by striking "a provider of
22	electronic communications service or remote com-
23	puting service" and inserting "an online service pro-
24	vider".

1	SEC. 505. CONSISTENT PROTECTIONS FOR REAL-TIME AND
2	HISTORICAL METADATA.
3	Chapter 206 of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) in section 3122(b)(2), by striking "that the
6	information likely to be obtained is relevant" and in-
7	serting "providing specific and articulable facts
8	showing there are reasonable grounds to believe that
9	the information likely to be obtained is relevant and
10	material"; and
11	(2) in section 3123(a)—
12	(A) in paragraph (1), in the first sen-
13	tence—
14	(i) by striking "the court shall enter"
15	and inserting "the court may enter"; and
16	(ii) by striking "certified to the court
17	that the information likely to be obtained
18	by such installation and use is relevant"
19	and inserting "submitted a certification
20	providing specific and articulable facts
21	showing there are reasonable grounds to
22	believe that the information likely to be ob-
23	tained by such installation and use is rel-
24	evant and material"; and
25	(B) in paragraph (2)—

1	(i) by striking "the court shall enter"
2	and inserting "the court may enter"; and
3	(ii) by striking "certified to the court
4	that the information likely to be obtained
5	by such installation and use is relevant"
6	and inserting "submitted a certification
7	providing specific and articulable facts
8	showing there are reasonable grounds to
9	believe that the information likely to be ob-
10	tained by such installation and use is rel-
11	evant and material".
12	SEC. 506. SUBPOENAS FOR CERTAIN SUBSCRIBER INFOR-
13	MATION.
14	Section 2703(c)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
15	is amended, in the matter following subparagraph (F), as
16	amended by section 503(c) of this Act, by inserting "with
17	respect to whom the governmental entity identifies the
18	name, address, temporarily assigned network address, or
19	account identifier (such as a user name)" before the pe-
20	riod at the end.
21	SEC. 507. MINIMIZATION STANDARDS FOR VOLUNTARY DIS-
22	CLOSURE OF CUSTOMER COMMUNICATIONS
23	OR RECORDS.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall

- 1 issue and make publicly available minimization procedures
- 2 applicable to disclosures to a Federal agency under para-
- 3 graph (5) or (8) of subsection (b) or paragraph (3) or
- 4 (4) of subsection (c) of section 2702 of title 18, United
- 5 States Code.
- 6 (b) Contents.—The procedures issued under sub-
- 7 section (a) shall include provisions to—
- 8 (1) limit, to the greatest extent possible, the ac-
- 9 quisition, use, and dissemination of the contents of
- 10 communication and records and other information to
- that which is required for the specific purpose for
- which the disclosure was intended;
- 13 (2) to the greatest extent possible, remove per-
- sonally identifiable information prior to acquisition;
- 15 (3) to the extent personally identifiable infor-
- mation cannot be removed prior to acquisition, mask
- such information prior to its use or dissemination,
- consistent with the purpose for which the disclosure
- was intended; and
- 20 (4) ensure that no contents of communications
- or records or other information are retained by the
- agency to which the disclosure was made, or any
- agency to which the contents of communications or
- records or other information were disclosed, after

1	the completion of the investigation or action for
2	which the disclosure was intended.
3	SEC. 508. PROHIBITION ON LAW ENFORCEMENT PURCHASE
4	OF PERSONAL DATA FROM DATA BROKERS.
5	Section 2702 of title 18, United States Code, is
6	amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"(e) Prohibition on Obtaining in Exchange for
8	Anything of Value Personal Data by Law En-
9	FORCEMENT AGENCIES.—
10	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection and
11	subsection (f)—
12	"(A) the term 'covered governmental enti-
13	ty' means a law enforcement agency of a gov-
14	ernmental entity;
15	"(B) the term 'covered organization'
16	means a person who—
17	"(i) is not a governmental entity; and
18	"(ii) is not an individual;
19	"(C) the term 'covered person' means an
20	individual who—
21	"(i) is reasonably believed to be lo-
22	cated inside the United States at the time
23	of the creation of the covered personal
24	data; or

1	"(ii) is a United States person, as de-
2	fined in section 101 of the Foreign Intel-
3	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
4	U.S.C. 1801);
5	"(D) the term 'covered personal data'
6	means personal data relating to a covered per-
7	son;
8	"(E) the term 'electronic device' has the
9	meaning given the term 'computer' in section
10	1030(e);
11	"(F) the term 'lawfully obtained public
12	data' means personal data obtained by a par-
13	ticular covered organization that the covered or-
14	ganization—
15	"(i) reasonably understood to have
16	been voluntarily made available to the gen-
17	eral public by the covered person; and
18	"(ii) obtained in compliance with all
19	applicable laws, regulations, contracts, pri-
20	vacy policies, and terms of service;
21	"(G) the term 'obtain in exchange for any-
22	thing of value' means to obtain by purchasing,
23	to receive in connection with services being pro-
24	vided for monetary or nonmonetary consider-
25	ation, or to otherwise obtain in exchange for

1	consideration, including an access fee, service
2	fee, maintenance fee, or licensing fee; and
3	"(H) the term 'personal data'—
4	"(i) means data, derived data, or any
5	unique identifier that is linked to, or is
6	reasonably linkable to, an individual or to
7	an electronic device that is linked to, or is
8	reasonably linkable to, 1 or more individ-
9	uals in a household;
10	"(ii) includes anonymized data that, if
11	combined with other data, can be linked to,
12	or is reasonably linkable to, an individual
13	or to an electronic device that identifies, is
14	linked to, or is reasonably linkable to 1 or
15	more individuals in a household; and
16	"(iii) does not include data that is
17	lawfully available through Federal, State,
18	or local government records or through
19	widely distributed media.
20	"(2) Limitation.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—
22	"(i) Prohibition.—Subject to
23	clauses (ii) through (vii), a covered govern-
24	mental entity may not obtain in exchange

1	for anything of value covered personal data
2	if—
3	"(I) the covered personal data is
4	directly or indirectly obtained from a
5	covered organization; or
6	"(II) the covered personal data is
7	derived from covered personal data
8	that was directly or indirectly ob-
9	tained from a covered organization.
10	"(ii) Exception for certain com-
11	PILATIONS OF DATA.—A covered govern-
12	mental entity may obtain in exchange for
13	something of value covered personal data
14	as part of a larger compilation of data
15	which includes personal data about persons
16	who are not covered persons, if—
17	"(I) the covered governmental
18	entity is unable through reasonable
19	means to exclude covered personal
20	data from the larger compilation ob-
21	tained; and
22	"(II) the covered governmental
23	entity minimizes any covered personal
24	data from the larger compilation, in
25	accordance with subsection (f).

1	"(iii) Exception for whistle-
2	BLOWER DISCLOSURES TO LAW ENFORCE-
3	MENT.—Clause (i) shall not apply to cov-
4	ered personal data that is obtained by a
5	covered governmental entity under a pro-
6	gram established by an Act of Congress
7	under which a portion of a penalty or a
8	similar payment or bounty is paid to an in-
9	dividual who discloses information about
10	an unlawful activity to the Government,
11	such as the program authorized under sec-
12	tion 7623 of the Internal Revenue Code of
13	1986 (relating to awards to whistleblowers
14	in cases of underpayments or fraud).
15	"(iv) Exception for cost reim-
16	BURSEMENT UNDER COMPULSORY LEGAL
17	PROCESS.—Clause (i) shall not apply to
18	covered personal data that is obtained by
19	a covered governmental entity from a cov-
20	ered organization in accordance with com-
21	pulsory legal process that—
22	"(I) is established by a Federal
23	or State statute; and
24	"(II) provides for the reimburse-
25	ment of costs of the covered organiza-

1	tion that are incurred in connection
2	with providing the record or informa-
3	tion to the covered governmental enti-
4	ty, such as the reimbursement of costs
5	under section 2706.
6	"(v) Exception for employment-
7	RELATED USE.—Clause (i) shall not apply
8	to covered personal data about an em-
9	ployee of, or applicant for employment by,
10	a covered governmental entity that is—
11	"(I) obtained by the covered gov-
12	ernmental entity for employment-re-
13	lated purposes;
14	"(II) accessed and used by the
15	covered governmental entity only for
16	employment-related purposes; and
17	"(III) destroyed at such time as
18	the covered personal data is no longer
19	needed for employment-related pur-
20	poses.
21	"(vi) Exception for use in back-
22	GROUND CHECKS.—Clause (i) shall not
23	apply to covered personal data about a cov-
24	ered person that is—

1	"(I) obtained by a covered gov-
2	ernmental entity for purposes of con-
3	ducting a background check of the
4	covered person with the written con-
5	sent of the covered person;
6	"(II) accessed and used by the
7	covered governmental entity only for
8	background check-related purposes;
9	and
10	"(III) destroyed at such time as
11	the covered personal data is no longer
12	needed for background check-related
13	purposes.
14	"(vii) Exception for lawfully ob-
15	TAINED PUBLIC DATA.—Clause (i) shall
16	not apply to covered personal data that is
17	obtained by a covered governmental entity
18	if—
19	"(I) the covered personal data is
20	lawfully obtained public data; or
21	"(II) the covered personal data is
22	derived from covered personal data
23	that solely consists of lawfully ob-
24	tained public data.

1	"(B) Indirectly acquired records
2	AND INFORMATION.—The limitation under sub-
3	paragraph (A) shall apply without regard to
4	whether the covered organization possessing the
5	covered personal data is the covered organiza-
6	tion that initially obtained or collected, or is the
7	covered organization that initially received the
8	disclosure of, the covered personal data.

- "(3) LIMIT ON SHARING BETWEEN AGEN-CIES.—An agency of a governmental entity that is not a covered governmental entity may not provide to a covered governmental entity covered personal data that was obtained in a manner that would violate paragraph (2) if the agency of a governmental entity were a covered governmental entity.
- "(4) Prohibition on use as evidence by covered governmental entities.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Covered personal data obtained by or provided to a covered governmental entity in violation of paragraph (2) or (3), and any evidence derived therefrom, may not be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated by, on behalf of, or upon a motion or other action by a covered governmental entity in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other

1	proceeding by, in, or before any court, grand
2	jury, department, officer, agency, regulatory
3	body, legislative committee, or other authority
4	of the United States, a State, or a political sub-
5	division thereof.
6	"(B) USE BY AGGRIEVED PARTIES.—Noth-

"(B) USE BY AGGRIEVED PARTIES.—Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall be construed to limit the use of covered personal data by a covered person aggrieved of a violation of paragraph (2) or (3) in connection with any action relating to such a violation.

"(f) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall adopt specific procedures that are reasonably designed to minimize the acquisition and retention, and to restrict the querying, of covered personal data, and prohibit the dissemination of information derived from covered personal data.
- "(2) Acquisition and retention.—The procedures adopted under paragraph (1) shall require covered governmental entities to exhaust all reasonable means—
- 23 "(A) to exclude covered personal data that 24 is not subject to 1 or more of the exceptions set

1	forth in clauses (iii) through (vii) of subsection
2	(e)(2)(A) from the data obtained; and

"(B) to remove and delete covered personal data described in subparagraph (A) after a compilation is obtained and before operational use of the compilation or inclusion of the compilation in a dataset intended for operational use.

"(3) DESTRUCTION.—The procedures adopted under paragraph (1) shall require that, if a covered governmental entity identifies covered personal data in a compilation described in paragraph (2)(B), the covered governmental entity shall promptly destroy the covered personal data and any dissemination of information derived from the covered personal data shall be prohibited.

"(4) Querying.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), no officer or employee of a covered governmental entity may conduct a query of personal data, including personal data already subjected to minimization, in an effort to find records of or about a particular covered person.

1	"(B) Exceptions.—Subparagraph (A)
2	shall not apply to a query related to a par-
3	ticular covered person if—
4	"(i) such covered person is the subject
5	of a court order issued under this title that
6	would authorize the covered governmental
7	entity to compel the production of the cov-
8	ered personal data, during the effective pe-
9	riod of that order;
10	"(ii) the officer or employee of a cov-
11	ered governmental entity carrying out the
12	query has a reasonable belief that the life
13	or safety of such covered person is threat-
14	ened and the information is sought for the
15	purpose of assisting that person, in which
16	case information resulting from the query
17	may be accessed or used solely for that
18	purpose and shall be destroyed at such
19	time as it is no longer necessary for such
20	purpose; or
21	"(iii) such covered person has con-
22	sented to the query.
23	"(C) Special rule for compilations
24	OF DATA.—For a query of a compilation of
25	data obtained under subsection (e)(2)(A)(ii)—

1	"(i) each query shall be reasonably de-
2	signed to exclude personal data of covered
3	persons; and
4	"(ii) any personal data of covered per-
5	sons returned pursuant to a query shall
6	not be reviewed and shall immediately be
7	destroyed.".
8	SEC. 509. CONSISTENT PRIVACY PROTECTIONS FOR DATA
9	HELD BY DATA BROKERS.
10	Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, as
11	amended by section 503 of this Act, is amended by adding
12	at the end the following:
13	"(n) COVERED PERSONAL DATA.—
14	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection, the
15	terms 'covered personal data' and 'covered organiza-
16	tion' have the meanings given such terms in section
17	2702(e).
18	"(2) Limitation.—Unless a governmental enti-
19	ty obtains an order in accordance with paragraph
20	(3), the governmental entity may not require a cov-
21	ered organization that is not an online service pro-
22	vider to disclose covered personal data if a court
23	order would be required for the governmental entity
24	to require an online service provider to disclose such

1 covered personal data that is a record of a customer 2 or subscriber of the online service provider. "(3) Orders.— 3 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A court may only 4 issue an order requiring a covered organization 6 that is not an online service provider to disclose 7 covered personal data on the same basis and 8 subject to the same limitations as would apply 9 to a court order to require disclosure by an on-10 line service provider. 11 "(B) STANDARD.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), a court shall apply the most 12 13 stringent standard under Federal statute or the 14 Constitution of the United States that would be 15 applicable to a request for a court order to re-16 quire a comparable disclosure by an online serv-17 ice provider of a customer or subscriber of the 18 online service provider.". 19 SEC. 510. PROTECTION OF DATA ENTRUSTED TO INTER-20 MEDIARY OR ANCILLARY SERVICE PRO-21 VIDERS. 22 (a) Definition.—Subsection (a) of section 2711 of 23 title 18, United States Code, as so designated and amended by sections 501 and 504 of this Act, is amended by

adding at the end the following:

1	"(9) the term 'intermediary or ancillary service
2	provider' means an entity or facilities owner or oper-
3	ator that directly or indirectly delivers, transmits,
4	stores, or processes communications or any other
5	covered personal data (as defined in section 2702(e)
6	of this title) for, or on behalf of, an online service
7	provider.".
8	(b) Prohibition.—Section 2702(a) of title 18,
9	United States Code, is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at the
11	$\operatorname{end};$
12	(2) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "and" at
13	the end;
14	(3) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at
15	the end and inserting "; and"; and
16	(4) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(4) an intermediary or ancillary service pro-
18	vider may not knowingly disclose—
19	"(A) to any person or entity the contents
20	of a communication while in electronic storage
21	by that intermediary or ancillary service pro-
22	vider; or
23	"(B) to any governmental entity a record
24	or other information pertaining to a subscriber
25	to or customer of a recipient of a communica-

1	tion from a subscriber to or customer of, or the
2	sender of a communication to a subscriber to or
3	customer of, the online service provider for, or
4	on behalf of, which the intermediary or ancil-
5	lary service provider directly or indirectly deliv-
6	ers, transmits, stores, or processes communica-
7	tions or any other covered personal data (as de-
8	fined in subsection (e)).".
9	SEC. 511. MODERNIZING CRIMINAL SURVEILLANCE RE-
10	PORTS.
11	(a) Reports Concerning Access to Customer
12	Communications or Records.—
13	(1) In General.—Section 2703 of title 18,
14	United States Code, as amended by section 509 of
15	this Act, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(o) Reports Concerning Access to Customer
18	Communications or Records.—
19	"(1) In general.—In January of each year,
20	any judge who has issued an order under this sec-
21	tion or a warrant to obtain records described in this
22	section, or who has denied approval of an application
23	under this section during the preceding year, shall
24	report to the Administrative Office of the United
25	States Courts—

1	"(A) the fact that the order or warrant
2	was applied for;
3	"(B) the type of records sought in the
4	order or warrant;
5	"(C) whether the order or warrant was—
6	"(i) granted as applied for;
7	"(ii) granted as modified; or
8	"(iii) denied;
9	"(D) the subsection of this section under
10	which the application for the order or warrant
11	was filed;
12	"(E) the nature of the offense or criminal
13	investigation that was the basis for the applica-
14	tion for the order or warrant;
15	"(F) the name of each provider of elec-
16	tronic communication service or remote com-
17	puting service served with the order or warrant,
18	if so granted; and
19	"(G) the investigative or law enforcement
20	agency that submitted the application.
21	"(2) Public Report.—In June of each year,
22	the Director of the Administrative Office of the
23	United States Courts shall publish on the website of
24	the Administrative Office of the United States

1	Courts and include in the report required under sec-
2	tion 2519(3)—
3	"(A) a full and complete report concerning
4	the number of applications for orders or war-
5	rants requiring the disclosure of, during the
6	preceding calendar year—
7	"(i) the contents of wire or electronic
8	communications in electronic storage under
9	subsection (a); and
10	"(ii) records concerning electronic
11	communication service or remote computer
12	service under subsection (c);
13	"(B) the number of orders and warrants
14	granted or denied under this section during the
15	preceding calendar year; and
16	"(C) a detailed summary and analysis of
17	each category of data required to be filed with
18	the Administrative Office of the United States
19	Courts under paragraph (1).
20	"(3) FORMAT.—Not later than 180 days after
21	the date of enactment of the Government Surveil-
22	lance Reform Act of 2023, the Director of the Ad-
23	ministrative Office of the United States Courts shall,
24	in consultation with the National Institute of Stand-
25	ards and Technology, the Administrator of General

- 1 Services, the Electronic Public Access Public User
- 2 Group, private entities offering electronic case man-
- 3 agement software, the National Center for State
- 4 Courts, and the National American Indian Court
- 5 Judges Association, publish a machine readable form
- 6 that shall be used for any report required under
- 7 paragraph (1).
- 8 "(4) REGULATIONS.—The Director of the Ad-
- 9 ministrative Office of the United States Courts may
- issue binding regulations with respect to the content
- and form of the reports required under paragraph
- 12 (1).".
- 13 (2) Technical and conforming amend-
- MENT.—Section 2519(3) of title 18, United States
- 15 Code, is amended, in the first sentence, by inserting
- 16 "publish on the website of the Administrative Office
- of the United States Courts and" before "transmit".
- 18 (b) Reports Concerning Pen Registers and
- 19 Trap and Trace Devices.—Section 3126 of title 18,
- 20 United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 21 "§ 3126. Reports concerning pen registers and trap
- 22 and trace devices
- 23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In January of each year, any
- 24 judge who has issued an order (or an extension thereof)
- 25 under section 3123 that expired during the preceding

1	year, or who has denied approval of an installation and
2	use of a pen register or trap and trace device during that
3	year, shall report to the Administrative Office of the
4	United States Courts—
5	"(1) the fact that an order or extension was ap-
6	plied for;
7	"(2) the kind of order or extension applied for;
8	"(3) the fact that the order or extension was
9	granted as applied for, was modified, or was denied;
10	"(4) the period of installation and use of a pen
11	register or trap and trace device authorized by the
12	order, and the number and duration of any exten-
13	sions of the order;
14	"(5) the offense specified in the order or appli-
15	cation, or extension of an order;
16	"(6) the precise nature of the facilities affected
17	and the precise nature of the information sought;
18	and
19	"(7) the investigative or law enforcement agen-
20	cy that submitted the application.
21	"(b) Public Report.—In June of each year, the Di-
22	rector of the Administrative Office of the United States
23	Courts shall publish on the website of the Administrative
24	Office of the United States Courts and include in the re-
25	port required under section 2519(3)—

1	"(1) a full and complete report concerning—
2	"(A) the number of applications for orders
3	authorizing or approving the installation and
4	use of a pen register or trap and trace device
5	pursuant to this chapter; and
6	"(B) the number of orders and extensions
7	granted or denied pursuant to this chapter dur-
8	ing the preceding calendar year; and
9	"(2) a detailed summary and analysis of each
10	category of data required to be reported under sub-
11	section (a).
12	"(c) FORMAT.—Not later than 180 days after the
13	date of enactment of the Government Surveillance Reform
14	Act of 2023, the Director of the Administrative Office of
15	the United States Courts shall, in consultation with the
16	National Institute of Standards and Technology and the
17	Administrator of General Services, private entities offering
18	electronic case management software, the National Center
19	for State Courts, and the National American Indian Court
20	Judges Association, publish a machine readable form that
21	shall be used for any report required under subsection (a).
22	"(d) Regulations.—The Director of the Adminis-
23	trative Office of the United States Courts may issue bind-
24	ing regulations with respect to the content and form of
25	the reports required under subsection (a).".

1	(c) Reporting of Voluntary Disclosures.—Sec-
2	tion 2702(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
3	(1) in the heading, by striking "EMERGENCY"
4	and inserting "Voluntary";
5	(2) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
6	inserting "and publish on the website of the Depart-
7	ment of Justice" after "Senate"; and
8	(3) in paragraph (1)—
9	(A) by striking "the Department of Jus-
10	tice" and inserting "each Federal agency"; and
11	(B) by striking "subsection (b)(8)" and in-
12	serting "paragraph (5) or (8) of subsection (b)
13	or paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection (c), bro-
14	ken down by each such paragraph";
15	(4) in paragraph (2)(A)—
16	(A) by striking "Department of Justice"
17	and inserting "Federal agency"; and
18	(B) by striking "subsection (b)(8)" and in-
19	serting "paragraph (5) or (8) of subsection (b)
20	or paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection (c)"; and
21	(5) by striking paragraph (3).

1	TITLE VI—REGULATION OF GOV-
2	ERNMENT SURVEILLANCE
3	USING CELL SITE SIMULA-
4	TORS, GENERAL PROHIBI-
5	TION ON PRIVATE, NON-RE-
6	SEARCH USE
7	SEC. 601. CELL SITE SIMULATORS.
8	(a) Prohibition.—Chapter 205 of title 18, United
9	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"§ 3119. Cell-site simulators
12	"(a) General Prohibition of Use.—
13	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
14	section (d), it shall be unlawful—
15	"(A) for any individual or entity to know-
16	ingly use a cell-site simulator in the United
17	States; or
18	"(B) for an element of the intelligence
19	community to use a cell-site simulator outside
20	the United States if the subject of the surveil-
21	lance is a United States person.
22	"(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
23	paragraph (1) shall be construed to authorize a law
24	enforcement agency of a governmental entity to use
25	a cell-site simulator outside the United States.

"(b) Penalty.—Any individual or entity that violates subsection (a)(1) shall be fined not more than
\$250,000.
"(c) Prohibition of Use as Evidence.—
"(1) In General.—Except as provided in para-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), no information acquired through the use of a cell-site simulator in violation of subsection (a)(1), and no evidence derived therefrom, may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding by, in, or before any court, grand jury, department, officer, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or a political subdivision thereof.

"(2) EXCEPTION FOR ENFORCEMENT.—Information acquired through the use of a cell-site simulator in violation of subsection (a)(1) by a person, and evidence derived therefrom, may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation trial, hearing, or other proceeding described in paragraph (1) of this subsection relating to the alleged violation of subsection (a)(1) in connection with such use.

24 "(d) Exceptions.—

25 "(1) IN GENERAL.—

1	"(A) WARRANT.—
2	"(i) In general.—Subsection (a)(1)
3	shall not apply to the use of a cell-site sim-
4	ulator by a law enforcement agency of a
5	governmental entity under a warrant
6	issued—
7	"(I) in accordance with this sub-
8	paragraph; and
9	"(II) using the procedures de-
10	scribed in, and in accordance with the
11	requirements for executing and re-
12	turning a warrant under, the Federal
13	Rules of Criminal Procedure (or, in
14	the case of a State court, issued using
15	State warrant and execution and re-
16	turn procedures and, in the case of a
17	court-martial or other proceeding
18	under chapter 47 of title 10 (the Uni-
19	form Code of Military Justice), issued
20	under section 846 of that title and in
21	accordance with the requirements for
22	executing and returning such a war-
23	rant, in accordance with regulations
24	prescribed by the President) by a
25	court of competent jurisdiction.

1	"(ii) Requirements.—A court may
2	issue a warrant described in clause (i) (ex-
3	cept, with respect to a State court, to the
4	extent use of a cell-site simulator by a law
5	enforcement agency of a governmental en-
6	tity is prohibited by the law of the State)
7	only if the law enforcement agency—
8	"(I) demonstrates that other in-
9	vestigative procedures, including elec-
10	tronic location tracking methods that
11	solely collect records of the investiga-
12	tive target—
13	"(aa) have been tried and
14	have failed; or
15	"(bb) reasonably appear to
16	be—
17	"(AA) unlikely to suc-
18	ceed if tried; or
19	"(BB) too dangerous;
20	"(II) specifies the likely area of
21	effect of the cell-site simulator to be
22	used and the time that the cell-site
23	simulator will be in operation;
24	"(III) certifies that the requested
25	area of effect and time of operation

1	are the narrowest reasonably possible
2	to obtain the necessary information;
3	and
4	"(IV) demonstrates that the re-
5	quested use of a cell-site simulator
6	would be in compliance with applica-
7	ble provisions of the Communications
8	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.)
9	and the rules of the Federal Commu-
10	nications Commission.
11	"(iii) Considerations.—In consid-
12	ering an application for a warrant de-
13	scribed in clause (i), the court shall—
14	"(I) consider—
15	"(aa) the number of individ-
16	uals impacted;
17	"(bb) the nature of any
18	communications to be obtained;
19	and
20	"(cc) the type of activities in
21	which users of an electronic de-
22	vice are engaged;
23	"(II) direct the law enforcement
24	agency of the governmental entity to
25	take steps to ensure heightened pro-

1	tections for constitutionally protected
2	activities and to minimize the collec-
3	tion of information relating to individ-
4	uals who are not the subject of the
5	warrant;
6	"(III) weigh the need of the gov-
7	ernment to enforce the law and appre-
8	hend criminals against the likelihood
9	and impact of any potential negative
10	side effects, including those disclosed
11	by the government under subpara-
12	graph (C); and
13	"(IV) not grant a request for a
14	warrant that would put public safety
15	at risk or unreasonably inconvenience
16	the community.
17	"(iv) Period of initial authoriza-
18	TION.—No warrant described in clause (i)
19	may authorize the use of a cell site simu-
20	lator for any period longer than is nec-
21	essary to achieve the objective of the au-
22	thorization, nor in any event for longer
23	than 30 days.
24	"(v) Extensions.—

1	"(I) In general.—A court may
2	grant extensions of a warrant de-
3	scribed in clause (i), but only upon
4	application for an extension made in
5	accordance with clause (i) and the
6	court considering the factors described
7	in clause (iii) and determining the re-
8	quirements under clause (ii) are met.
9	"(II) Period of extension.—
10	The period of an extension of a war-
11	rant shall be no longer than the au-
12	thorizing judge determines necessary
13	to achieve the purposes for which the
14	extension was granted, nor in any
15	event for longer than 30 days.
16	"(vi) Termination provision.—
17	Each warrant described in clause (i), and
18	each extension thereof, shall contain a pro-
19	vision that the authorization to use the cell
20	site simulator shall be executed as soon as
21	practicable and shall terminate upon at-
22	tainment of the authorized objective, or in
23	any event in 30 days.
24	"(vii) Start of 30-day periods.—
25	The 30-day periods described in clauses

1	(iv), $(v)(H)$, and (vi) shall begin on the
2	earlier of—
3	"(I) the date on which a law en-
4	forcement agency first begins to use
5	the cell site simulator as authorized
6	by the warrant, or extension thereof;
7	or
8	"(II) the date that is 10 days
9	after the warrant, or extension there-
10	of, is issued.
11	"(B) Emergency.—
12	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
13	(ii), subsection (a)(1) shall not apply to the
14	use of a cell-site simulator by a law en-
15	forcement agency of a governmental entity,
16	or use of a cell-site simulator as part of as-
17	sistance provided by a component of the
18	Department of Defense or an Armed Force
19	to such a law enforcement agency, if—
20	"(I) the governmental entity rea-
21	sonably determines an emergency ex-
22	ists that—
23	"(aa) involves—

1	"(AA) immediate dan-
2	ger of death or serious phys-
3	ical injury to any person;
4	"(BB) conspiratorial
5	activities characteristic of
6	organized crime; or
7	"(CC) an immediate
8	threat to a national security
9	interest; and
10	"(bb) requires use of a cell-
11	site simulator before a warrant
12	described in subparagraph (A)
13	can, with due diligence, be ob-
14	tained; and
15	"(II) except in an instance in
16	which the governmental entity is try-
17	ing to locate a lost or missing person,
18	locate someone believed to have been
19	abducted or kidnaped, or find victims,
20	dead or alive, in an area where a nat-
21	ural disaster, terrorist attack, or other
22	mass casualty event has taken place—
23	"(aa) there are grounds
24	upon which a warrant described

1	in subparagraph (A) could be en-
2	tered to authorize such use; and
3	"(bb) the governmental enti-
4	ty applies for a warrant described
5	in subparagraph (A) approving
6	such use not later than 48 hours
7	after such use begins, and takes
8	such steps to expedite the consid-
9	eration of such application as
10	may be possible.
11	"(ii) Termination of emergency
12	USE.—
13	"(I) IN GENERAL.—A law en-
14	forcement agency of a governmental
15	entity shall immediately terminate use
16	of a cell-site simulator under clause
17	(i) of this subparagraph at the earlier
18	of the time the information sought is
19	obtained or the time the application
20	for a warrant described in subpara-
21	graph (A) is denied.
22	"(II) Warrant denied.—If an
23	application for a warrant described in
24	clause (i)(II)(bb) is denied—

1	"(aa) any information or
2	evidence derived from use of the
3	cell-site simulator shall be subject
4	to subsection (c);
5	"(bb) the attorney for the
6	governmental entity submitting
7	the application shall—
8	"(AA) retain, until the
9	date that is 1 year after the
10	date of the denial, a single
11	copy of any information or
12	evidence derived from use of
13	the cell-site simulator for po-
14	tential use by a person
15	about whose electronic de-
16	vice the government ob-
17	tained information with the
18	cell site simulator, which
19	may not be used for any
20	other purpose; and
21	"(BB) promptly destroy
22	any other copies of such in-
23	formation or evidence; and
24	"(cc) the applicable law en-
25	forcement agency shall serve no-

1	tice in accordance with subpara-
2	graph (D).
3	"(C) DISCLOSURES REQUIRED IN APPLICA-
4	TION.—In any application for a warrant au-
5	thorizing the use of a cell-site simulator under
6	subparagraph (A) or (B), the governmental en-
7	tity shall include the following:
8	"(i) A disclosure of any potential dis-
9	ruption of the ability of the subject of the
10	surveillance or bystanders to use commer-
11	cial mobile radio services or private mobile
12	services, including using advanced commu-
13	nications services, to make or receive, as
14	applicable—
15	"(I) emergency calls (including
16	9-1-1 calls);
17	"(II) calls to the universal tele-
18	phone number within the United
19	States for the purpose of the national
20	suicide prevention and mental health
21	crisis hotline system under designated
22	under paragraph (4) of section 251(e)
23	of the Communications Act of 1934
24	(47 U.S.C. 251(e));

1	"(III) calls to the nationwide toll-
2	free number for the poison control
3	centers established under section 1271
4	of the Public Health Service Act (42
5	U.S.C. 300d–71);
6	"(IV) calls using telecommuni-
7	cations relay services; or
8	"(V) any other communications
9	or transmissions.
10	"(ii) A certification that the specific
11	model of the cell-site simulator to be used
12	has been inspected by a third party that is
13	an accredited testing laboratory recognized
14	by the Federal Communications Commis-
15	sion to verify the accuracy of the disclosure
16	under clause (i).
17	"(iii) A disclosure of the methods and
18	precautions that will be used to minimize
19	disruption, including—
20	"(I) any limit on the length of
21	time the cell-site simulator can be in
22	continuous operation; and
23	"(II) any user-defined limit on
24	the transmission range of the cell-site
25	simulator.

1	"(iv) A disclosure as to whether the
2	cell-site simulator will be used in an area
3	or at a gathering where constitutionally
4	protected activity, including speech or reli-
5	gious observance, will occur.
6	"(v) A disclosure as to whether sen-
7	sitive matters, such as attorney-client com-
8	munications, political campaign or political
9	party deliberations, medical information, or
10	communications among elected political
11	representatives of a State or the Federal
12	Government, will be implicated.
13	"(vi) A disclosure as to the estimated
14	number of individuals whose communica-
15	tions, electronic device, or location infor-
16	mation will be implicated.
17	"(D) Notice.—
18	"(i) In General.—Notice regarding
19	the use of a cell-site simulator shall include
20	an inventory, containing—
21	"(I) the fact of the entry of the
22	warrant or the application;
23	"(II) the date of the entry and
24	the period of authorized, approved or

1	disapproved use of a cell-site simu-
2	lator, or the denial of the application;
3	"(III) whether, during the pe-
4	riod—
5	"(aa) information about
6	their electronic device was, or
7	was not, obtained by the govern-
8	ment;
9	"(bb) their location was, or
10	was not, tracked; and
11	"(ce) their communications
12	were, or were not, intercepted;
13	and
14	"(IV) confirmation that all infor-
15	mation unrelated to the individual to-
16	wards whom the warrant was directed
17	has been destroyed.
18	"(ii) Provision of notice to other
19	Parties.—The court issuing a warrant au-
20	thorizing the use of a cell-site simulator
21	may also require that notice be provided to
22	other persons not named in the applica-
23	tion, whose electronic devices the govern-
24	mental entity obtained information with
25	the cell site simulator.

1	"(2) Foreign intelligence surveil-
2	LANCE.—Use of a cell-site simulator by an element
3	of the intelligence community shall not be subject to
4	subsection (a)(1) if it is conducted in a manner that
5	is in accordance with title I of the Foreign Intel-
6	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et
7	seq.) (including testing or training authorized under
8	paragraph (1) or (3) of section 105(g) of such Act
9	(50 U.S.C. 1805(g)) (including such testing or train-
10	ing conducted in conjunction with a component of
11	the Department of Defense or an Armed Force), if
12	any information obtained during such testing or
13	training (including metadata) is destroyed after its
14	use for such testing or training).
15	"(3) Research.—Subsection (a)(1) shall not
16	apply to the use of a cell-site simulator in order to
17	engage, in good-faith, in research or teaching by a
18	person that is not—
19	"(A) a law enforcement agency of a gov-
20	ernmental entity;
21	"(B) an element of the intelligence commu-
22	nity; or
23	"(C) acting as an agent thereof.
24	"(4) Protective services.—

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1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a)(1)
2	shall not apply to the use of a cell-site simu-
3	lator in the performance of protective duties
4	pursuant to section 3056 of this title or as oth-
5	erwise authorized by law.
6	"(B) Prohibition on use as evi-
7	DENCE.—No information acquired through the
8	use of a cell-site simulator under the authority

- use of a cell-site simulator under the authority under subparagraph (A), and no evidence derived therefrom, may be used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding by, in, or before any court, grand jury, department, officer, agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority of the United States, a State, or a political subdivision thereof.
- "(C) NO BAR TO OTHER AUTHORIZED USE.—Nothing in subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be construed to prohibit the United States Secret Service from using a cell-site simulator in accordance with a provision of this section other than subparagraph (A).
- "(5) Contraband interdiction by correc-TIONAL FACILITIES.—Subsection (a)(1) shall not apply to the use of a contraband interdiction system

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1	if the correctional facility or the entity operating the
2	contraband interdiction system for the benefit of the
3	correctional facility—
4	"(A) has—
5	"(i) taken reasonable steps to restrict
6	transmissions by the contraband interdic-
7	tion system to cellular devices physically lo-
8	cated within the property of the correc-
9	tional facility;
10	"(ii) posted signs around the correc-
11	tional facility informing visitors and staff
12	that the correctional facility employs such
13	a contraband interdiction system; and
14	"(iii) complied with any relevant regu-
15	lations promulgated by the Federal Com-
16	munications Commission and, as applica-
17	ble, policies issued by the National Tele-
18	communications and Information Adminis-
19	tration;
20	"(B) annually tests and evaluates compli-
21	ance with subparagraph (A) in accordance with
22	best practices, which shall be issued by the Fed-
23	eral Communications Commission; and
24	"(C) not later than 10 business days after
25	identifying an issue relating to the use of the

1	contraband interdiction system, whether in the
2	course of normal business operations or con-
3	ducting testing and evaluation, submits to the
4	Federal Communications Commission a report
5	describing the issues identified and the steps
6	taken to address the issues.
7	"(6) Testing and training by law en-
8	FORCEMENT.—Subsection (a)(1) shall not apply to
9	the use of a cell-site simulator by a law enforcement
10	agency of a governmental entity in the normal
11	course of official duties that is not targeted against
12	the communications of any particular person or per-
13	sons, under procedures approved by the Attorney
14	General, solely to—
15	"(A) test the capability of electronic equip-
16	ment, if—
17	"(i) it is not reasonable to obtain the
18	consent of the persons incidentally sub-
19	jected to the surveillance;
20	"(ii) the test is limited in extent and
21	duration to that necessary to determine to
22	capability of the equipment;
23	"(iii) any information obtained during
24	such testing (including metadata) is re-
25	tained and used only for the purpose of de-

1	termining the capability of the equipment,
2	is disclosed only to test personnel, and is
3	destroyed before or immediately upon com-
4	pletion of the test; and
5	"(iv) the test is for a period of not
6	longer than 90 days, unless the law en-
7	forcement agency obtains the prior ap-
8	proval of the Attorney General; or
9	"(B) train law enforcement personnel in
10	the use of electronic surveillance equipment,
11	if—
12	"(i) it is not reasonable to—
13	"(I) obtain the consent of the
14	persons incidentally subjected to the
15	surveillance;
16	"(II) train persons in the course
17	of otherwise authorized law enforce-
18	ment activities; or
19	"(III) train persons in the use of
20	such equipment without engaging in
21	surveillance;
22	"(ii) such surveillance is limited in ex-
23	tent and duration to that necessary to
24	train the personnel in the use of the equip-
25	ment; and

1	"(iii) any information obtained during
2	such training (including metadata) is de-
3	stroyed after its use for such training.
4	"(7) FCC TESTING.—Subsection (a)(1) shall
5	not apply to the use of a cell-site simulator by the
6	Federal Communications Commission, or an accred-
7	ited testing laboratory recognized by the Federal
8	Communications Commission, in order to test the
9	cell-site simulator.
10	"(8) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
11	this subsection shall be construed to exempt a State
12	or local government from complying with regulations
13	promulgated by the Federal Communications Com-
14	mission, including the requirement to obtain author-
15	ization to transmit on spectrum regulated by the
16	Federal Communications Commission.
17	"(e) Limit on Certain Use Not Conducted Pur-
18	SUANT TO WARRANTS AND ORDERS.—The use of a cell-
19	site simulator under subsection (d)(1)(B) of this section
20	(which shall not include such a use by a component of
21	the Department of Defense or an Armed Force providing
22	assistance to a law enforcement agency of a governmental
23	entity under such subsection (d)(1)(B)), under section
24	105(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of

 $25\ \ 1978\ (50\ U.S.C.\ 1805(e)),$ or under clause (i) or (ii) of

1	section $102(a)(1)(A)$ of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
2	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1802(a)(1)(A)) may only
3	be carried out lawfully using a specific model of a cell-
4	site simulator for which the disclosures required under
5	clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (d)(1)(C) were included
6	with respect to the specific model in connection with—
7	"(1) for use by an element of the intelligence
8	community under title I of the Foreign Intelligence
9	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.),
10	an application for an order under such Act that was
11	approved; or
12	"(2) for use by a law enforcement agency of a
13	governmental entity, an application for a warrant—
14	"(A) under the Federal Rules of Criminal
15	Procedure that was approved by a judge of the
16	judicial district in which the law enforcement
17	agency intends to use the cell-site simulator; or
18	"(B) using State warrant procedures that
19	was approved by a judge of the State in which
20	the law enforcement agency intends to use the
21	cell-site simulator.
22	"(f) Minimization.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
24	adopt specific procedures that are reasonably de-
25	signed to minimize the acquisition and retention,

1	provide for the destruction, and prohibit the dissemi-
2	nation, of information obtained through the use of
3	a cell-site simulator under an exception under para-
4	graph (1) or (2) of subsection (d) that pertains to
5	any person who is not an authorized subject of the
6	use.
7	"(2) Publication.—The Attorney General
8	shall make publicly available on the website of the
9	Department of Justice the procedures adopted under
10	paragraph (1) and any revisions to such procedures.
11	"(3) USE BY AGENCIES.—If a law enforcement
12	agency of a governmental entity or element of the
13	intelligence community acquires information per-
14	taining to a person who is not an authorized subject
15	of the use of a cell-site simulator under an exception
16	under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (d), the
17	law enforcement agency or element of the intel-
18	ligence community shall—
19	"(A) minimize the acquisition and reten-
20	tion, and prohibit the dissemination, of the in-
21	formation in accordance with the procedures
22	adopted under paragraph (1); and
23	"(B) destroy the information (including

metadata) at the earliest possible opportunity.

1	"(g) Disclosure to Defendant.—Any informa-
2	tion acquired through the operation of a cell-site simu-
3	lator, or derived from such information, including the fact
4	that the information was obtained or derived, as the case
5	may be, from a cell-site simulator, shall be disclosed to
6	the defendant in any action in which the information is
7	introduced into evidence.
8	"(h) Scope of Collection.—
9	"(1) Authorized use.—Information collected
10	under this section may only include information
11	identifying nearby electronic devices communicating
12	with the cell-site simulator and the strength and di-
13	rection of transmissions from those electronic de-
14	vices.
15	"(2) Compliance with wiretapping re-
16	QUIREMENTS TO OBTAIN CONTENTS.—In the case of
17	any interception of a wire or electronic communica-
18	tion by the cell-site simulator—
19	"(A) with respect to an interception by a
20	law enforcement agency of a governmental enti-
21	ty, the provisions of chapter 119 shall apply in
22	addition to the provisions of this section; and
23	"(B) with respect to an interception by an
24	element of the intelligence community targeted
25	against a United States person or person lo-

1	cated in the United States, the element of the
2	intelligence community may only conduct the
3	surveillance using the cell-site simulator in ac-
4	cordance with an order authorizing the use
5	issued in accordance with title I of the Foreign
6	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
7	U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), in addition to complying
8	with the provisions of this section.
9	"(3) Compliance with tracking device re-
10	QUIREMENTS.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a cell-site simulator
12	is to be used by a law enforcement agency of
13	a governmental entity to locate or track the
14	movement of a person or object, the provisions
15	of section 3117 and rule 41 of the Federal
16	Rules of Criminal Procedure shall apply in ad-
17	dition to the provisions of this section.
18	"(B) Court.—For purposes of applying
19	section 3117 and rule 41 of the Federal Rules
20	of Criminal Procedure to the use of a cell-site
21	simulator, a Federal court may authorize such
22	use within the jurisdiction of the court, and
23	outside that jurisdiction if—
24	"(i) the use commences within that
25	jurisdiction; or

1	"(ii) at the time the application is
2	presented to the court, the governmental
3	entity certifies that it has probable cause
4	to believe that the target is physically lo-
5	cated within that jurisdiction.

- "(i) CIVIL ACTION.—Any person subject to an unlawful operation of a cell-site simulator may bring a civil action for appropriate relief (including declaratory and injunctive relief, actual damages, statutory damages of not
 more than \$500 for each violation, and attorney fees)
 against the person, including a governmental entity, that
 conducted that unlawful operation.
- 13 "(j) Administrative Discipline.—If a court or appropriate department or agency determines that the 14 15 United States or any of its departments or agencies has violated any provision of this section, and the court or ap-16 propriate department or agency finds that the cir-17 18 cumstances surrounding the violation raise serious questions about whether or not an officer or employee of the 19 20 United States acted willfully or intentionally with respect 21 to the violation, the department or agency shall, upon receipt of a true and correct copy of the decision and find-23 ings of the court or appropriate department or agency promptly initiate a proceeding to determine whether disciplinary action against the officer or employee is war-

- 1 ranted. If the head of the department or agency involved 2 determines that disciplinary action is not warranted, he 3 or she shall notify the Inspector General with jurisdiction 4 over the department or agency concerned and shall provide 5 the Inspector General with the reasons for such deter-6 mination.
- 7 "(k) Definitions.—As used in this section—
- 8 "(1) the terms defined in section 2711 have, re-9 spectively, the definitions given such terms in that 10 section;
- "(2) the term 'advanced communications services' has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 14 153);
 - "(3) the term 'cell-site simulator' means any device that functions as or simulates a base station for commercial mobile services or private mobile services in order to identify, locate, or intercept transmissions from cellular devices for purposes other than providing ordinary commercial mobile services or private mobile services;
 - "(4) the term 'commercial mobile radio service' has the meaning given that term in section 20.3 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto;

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1	"(5) the term 'contraband interdiction system'
2	means any device that functions as or simulates a
3	base station for commercial mobile services or pri-
4	vate mobile services for purposes of identifying, lo-
5	cating, or intercepting transmissions from contra-
6	band cellular devices in correctional facilities;
7	"(6) the term 'derived' means, with respect to

- information or evidence, that the government would not have originally possessed the information or evidence but for the use of a cell-site simulator, and regardless of any claim that the information or evidence is attenuated from the surveillance would inevitably have been discovered, or was subsequently reobtained through other means;
- "(7) the term 'electronic communication' has the meaning given that term in section 2510;
- "(8) the term 'electronic device' has the meaning given the term 'computer' in section 1030(e);
- "(9) the term 'emergency call' has the meaning given that term in section 6001 of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 (47 U.S.C. 1401);
- "(10) the term 'intelligence community' has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003);

1	"(11) the term 'mitigation' means the deletion
2	of all information collected about a person who is
3	not the subject of the warrant or investigation;
4	"(12) the term 'private mobile service' has the
5	meaning given that term in section 332 of the Com-
6	munications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332);
7	"(13) the term 'telecommunications relay serv-
8	ice' has the meaning given that term in section 225
9	of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
10	225); and
11	"(14) the term 'United States person' has the
12	meaning given that term in section 101 of the For-
13	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
14	U.S.C. 1801).".
15	(b) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
16	1978 REQUIREMENTS.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
17	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended—
18	(1) in section 101 (50 U.S.C. 1801), as amend-
19	ed by section 203 of this Act, by adding at the end
20	the following:
21	"(r) 'Cell-site simulator' has the meaning given that
22	term in section 3119 of title 18, United States Code.";
23	(2) in section 102(a) (50 U.S.C. 1802(a)), by
24	adding at the end the following:

1	"(5) The Government may only use a cell-site simu-
2	lator pursuant to the authority under clause (i) or (ii) of
3	paragraph (1)(A) without obtaining an order under this
4	title authorizing such use if the Government has imple-
5	mented measures that are reasonably likely to limit the
6	collection activities to—
7	"(A) means of communications used exclusively
8	between or among foreign powers, as defined in
9	paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 101(a); or
10	"(B) property or premises under the open and
11	exclusive control of a foreign power, as defined in
12	paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 101(a)."; and
13	(3) in section 105 (50 U.S.C. 1805), by adding
14	at the end the following:
15	``(k)(1) A judge having jurisdiction under section 103
16	may issue an order under this section that authorizes the
17	use of a cell-site simulator only if the applicant—
18	"(A) demonstrates that other investigative pro-
19	cedures, including electronic location tracking meth-
20	ods that solely collect records of the investigative
21	target—
22	"(i) have been tried and have failed; or
23	"(ii) reasonably appear to be—
24	"(I) unlikely to succeed if tried; or
25	"(II) too dangerous;

1	"(B) specifies the likely area of effect of the	
2	cell-site simulator to be used and the time that the	
3	cell-site simulator will be in operation;	
4	"(C) certifies that the requested area of effect	
5	and time of operation are the narrowest reasonably	
6	possible to obtain the necessary information;	
7	"(D) specifies the procedures in place to ensur	
8	that information unrelated to the target of the appli-	
9	cation will be promptly destroyed; and	
10	"(E) demonstrates that the requested use of a	
11	cell-site simulator would be in compliance with appli-	
12	cable provisions of the Communications Act of 1934	
13	(47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) and the rules of the Federal	
14	Communications Commission.	
15	"(2) In any application for an order under this sec-	
16	tion authorizing the use of a cell-site simulator, the appli-	
17	cant shall include the following:	
18	"(A) A disclosure of any potential disruption of the	
19	ability of the subject of the surveillance or bystanders to	
20	use commercial mobile radio services or private mobile	
21	services, including using advanced communications serv-	
22	ices, to make or receive, as applicable—	
23	"(i) emergency calls (including 9–1–1 calls);	
24	"(ii) calls to the universal telephone number within	
25	the United States for the purpose of the national suicide	

- 1 prevention and mental health crisis hotline system under
- 2 designated under paragraph (4) of section 251(e) of the
- 3 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 251(e));
- 4 "(iii) calls to the nationwide toll-free number for the
- 5 poison control centers established under section 1271 of
- 6 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–71);
- 7 "(iv) calls using telecommunications relay services; or
- 8 "(v) any other communications or transmissions.
- 9 "(B) A certification that the specific model of the
- 10 cell-site simulator to be used has been inspected by a third
- 11 party that is an accredited testing laboratory recognized
- 12 by the Federal Communications Commission to verify the
- 13 accuracy of the disclosure under paragraph (1).
- 14 "(C) A disclosure of the methods and precautions
- 15 that will be used to minimize disruption, including—
- 16 "(i) any limit on the length of time the cell-site simu-
- 17 lator can be in continuous operation; and
- 18 "(ii) any user-defined limit on the transmission range
- 19 of the cell-site simulator.
- 20 "(D) A disclosure as to whether the cell-site simu-
- 21 lator will be used in an area or at a gathering where con-
- 22 stitutionally protected activity, including speech or reli-
- 23 gious observation, will occur.
- 24 "(E) A disclosure as to whether sensitive matters,
- 25 such as attorney-client communications, political cam-

- 1 paign or political party deliberations, medical information,
- 2 or communications among elected political representatives
- 3 of a State or the Federal Government, will be implicated.
- 4 "(F) A disclosure as to the estimated number of indi-
- 5 viduals whose communications, devices, or location infor-
- 6 mation will be implicated.
- 7 "(3) In considering an application for an order under
- 8 this section that authorizes the use of a cell-site simulator,
- 9 the court shall—
- 10 "(A) consider—
- "(i) the number of individuals impacted;
- 12 "(ii) the nature of any communications to be ob-
- 13 tained; and
- 14 "(iii) the type of activities in which users of an elec-
- 15 tronic device (as defined in section 3119(k) of title 18,
- 16 United States Code) are engaged;
- 17 "(B) direct the Government to take steps to ensure
- 18 heightened protections for constitutionally protected ac-
- 19 tivities and to minimize the collection of any information
- 20 relating to individuals for whom the Government has not
- 21 established probable cause as to their status as a foreign
- 22 power or an agent of a foreign power;
- 23 "(C) weigh the need of the Government to obtain the
- 24 information sought against the likelihood and impact of

1	any potential negative side effects, including those dis-
2	closed by the Government under paragraph (2); and
3	"(D) not grant a request for an order that would put
4	public safety at risk or unreasonably inconvenience the
5	community.".
6	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 3127 of
7	title 18, United States Code, is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (3) by striking "but such term
9	does not include any" and inserting "except such
10	term does not include any cell-site simulator, as that
11	term is defined in section 3119, or"; and
12	(2) in paragraph (4) by striking "of any com-
13	munication" and inserting "of any communication,
14	except such term does not include any cell-site simu-
15	lator, as that term is defined in section 3119".
16	(d) Inspector General Reports.—
17	(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
18	"covered Federal entity" means—
19	(A) a law enforcement agency of a depart-
20	ment or agency of the Federal Government; and
21	(B) an element of the intelligence commu-
22	nity (as defined in section 3 of the National Se-
23	curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)).
24	(2) Reports.—The Inspector General of the
25	Department of Justice, the Inspector General of the

1	Department of Homeland Security, the Inspector
2	General of the Department of Defense, and the In-
3	spector General of the Intelligence Community shall
4	annually submit to Congress a joint report, and pub-
5	lish an unclassified version of the report on the
6	website of each such inspector general, on—
7	(A) the overall compliance of covered Fed-
8	eral entities with this title and the amendments
9	made by this title;
10	(B) the number of applications by covered
11	Federal entities for use of a cell-site simulator
12	that were applied for and the number that were
13	granted;
14	(C) the number of emergency uses of a
15	cell-site simulator under section $3119(d)(1)(B)$
16	of title 18, United States Code, as added by
17	this title;
18	(D) the number of such emergency uses
19	for which a court subsequently issued a warrant
20	authorizing the use and the number of such
21	emergency uses in which an application for a
22	warrant was denied;
23	(E) the number of devices that were tar-
24	geted with a cell-site simulator, which shall be
25	provided separately for targeting conducted

1	pursuant to a warrant or court order and tar-
2	geting conducted pursuant to an authority to
3	use a cell-site simulator without a warrant or
4	order;
5	(F) the number of devices that were not
6	the target of the use of a cell-site simulator
7	about which information was obtained with the
8	cell-site simulator, which shall—
9	(i) be provided separately for use con-
10	ducted pursuant to a warrant or court
11	order and use conducted pursuant to an
12	authority to use a cell-site simulator with-
13	out a warrant or order; and
14	(ii) include the number of such de-
15	vices about which the information was not
16	destroyed as a result of the minimization
17	requirements under section 3119(f) of title
18	18, United States Code, as added by this
19	section, which shall be provided separately
20	for use conducted pursuant to a warrant or
21	court order and use conducted pursuant to
22	an authority to use a cell-site simulator
23	without a warrant or order;
24	(G) which components of a law enforce-
25	ment agency of a department or agency of the

1	Federal Government are using cell-site simula-
2	tors and how many are available to that compo-
3	nent; and

- (H) instances in which a law enforcement agency of a department or agency of the Federal Government made cell-site simulators available to a State or unit of local government.
- (3) FORM OF REPORTS.—Each report submitted under paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(e) FCC REGULATIONS.—

- (1) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Communications Commission shall initiate any proceeding that may be necessary to promulgate or modify regulations promulgated by the Federal Communications Commission to implement this title and the amendments made by this title.
- (2) Construction.—Nothing in this title or an amendment made by this title shall be construed to expand or contract the authority of the Federal Communications Commission.
- 24 (f) Effective Date.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section, and the amendments made by such subsections, shall apply on and after the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) Exceptions.—

- (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "cell-site simulator" has the meaning given that term in section 3119 of title 18, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).
- (B) EXTENSION FOR EXISTING CELL-SITE SIMULATORS.—For any model of a cell-site simulator in use before the date of enactment of this Act, including such use in a contraband interdiction system at a correctional facility, if the Attorney General certifies that additional time is necessary to obtain independent tests of the model of cell-site simulator, subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section, and the amendments made by such subsections, shall apply to the use of the model of cell-site simulator on and after the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	TITLE VII—PROTECTION OF CAR
2	DATA FROM WARRANTLESS
3	SEARCHES
4	SEC. 701. PROTECTION OF CAR DATA FROM WARRANTLESS
5	SEARCHES.
6	(a) In General.—Part I of title 18, United States
7	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"CHAPTER 124—ACCESSING VEHICLE
9	DATA.
	"Sec. "2730. Definitions. "2731. Prohibition on access to vehicle data. "2732. Prohibition on use of acquired information as evidence.
10	"§ 2730. Definitions
11	"In this chapter:
12	"(1) Access.—The term 'access'—
13	"(A) means any retrieval of covered vehicle
14	data, regardless of—
15	"(i) whether the data is obtained as
16	the information is being produced or from
17	digital storage; and
18	"(ii) where the vehicle data is stored
19	or transmitted, including by wire or radio;
20	and
21	"(B) does not include data covered by
22	chapter 119 of this title or section 104 of the

1	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
2	(50 U.S.C. 1804).
3	"(2) Consent.—The term 'consent'—
4	"(A) means an affirmative, express, and
5	voluntary agreement that—
6	"(i) states that the person providing
7	the consent is providing consent to a gov-
8	ernment official to access the digital con-
9	tents, access credential, or online account
10	information, or other information being
11	sought;
12	"(ii) specifies the type of content, ac-
13	cess credential, or online account informa-
14	tion the person is providing access to;
15	"(iii) specifies the time period of the
16	covered vehicle data to be accessed;
17	"(iv) informs the person providing
18	consent that consent is optional and that
19	the government official attempting to ob-
20	tain consent must otherwise acquire a war-
21	rant if consent is not obtained;
22	"(v) does not involve sanctions or the
23	threat of sanctions for withholding consents
24	and

1	"(vi) uses clear, simple, and com-
2	prehensible language that is presented in a
3	way that is accessible to the person pro-
4	viding consent; and
5	"(B) does not include consent obtained
6	through agreement to a generic privacy policy.
7	"(3) COVERED VEHICLE DATA.—The term 'cov-
8	ered vehicle data'—
9	"(A) means all onboard and telematics
10	data generated by, processed by, or stored on a
11	noncommercial vehicle using computing, storage
12	and communication systems installed, attached
13	to, or carried in the vehicle, including diagnostic
14	data, entertainment system data, navigation
15	data, images or data captured by onboard sen-
16	sors, or cameras, including images or data used
17	to support automated features or autonomous
18	driving, internet access, and communication to
19	and from vehicle occupants;
20	"(B) includes data gathered by event data
21	recorders; and
22	"(C) does not include—
23	"(i) automotive software installed by
24	the manufacturer, as defined by applicable
25	industry standards or regulations;

1	"(ii) any data subject to chapter 119
2	of this title or section 104 of the Foreign
3	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
4	U.S.C. 1804); or
5	"(iii) data that is collected from out-
6	side the vehicle, including speed data and
7	geolocation data, for purposes of traffic,
8	law enforcement, or toll collection.
9	"(4) Event data recorder.—The term
10	'event data recorder' has the meaning given the term
11	in section 563.5 of title 49, Code of Federal Regula-
12	tions (as in effect on March 5, 2019).
13	"(5) Investigative or law enforcement
14	OFFICER.—The term 'investigative or law enforce-
15	ment officer' means any officer of the United States
16	or of a State or political subdivision thereof and any
17	Tribal justice official, who is empowered by law to
18	execute searches, to seize evidence, or to make ar-
19	rests for a violation of Federal or State law.
20	"(6) Noncommercial vehicle.—The term
21	'noncommercial vehicle' has the meaning given the
22	term 'non-CMV' in section 383.5 of title 49, Code of
23	Federal Regulations.

1	"(7) State.—The term 'State' means any
2	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
3	and any territory or possession of the United States.
4	"(8) Vehicle operator.—The term 'vehicle
5	operator' means—
6	"(A) a person who controls the operation
7	of a vehicle at the time consent is sought; and
8	"(B) with respect to a vehicle that is not
9	classified as a highly autonomous vehicle by the
10	Secretary of Transportation, the driver of the
11	vehicle.
12	"§ 2731. Prohibition on access to vehicle data
13	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
14	(b), an investigative or law enforcement officer may not
15	access covered vehicle data unless pursuant to a warrant
16	issued in accordance with the procedures described in rule
17	41 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure (or, in the
18	case of a State court, issued using State warrant proce-
19	dures) by a court of competent jurisdiction, or as other-
20	wise provided in this chapter or sections 104 and 303 of
21	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
22	U.S.C. 1804, 1823).
23	"(b) Exceptions.—
24	"(1) Consent.—

1	"(A) In General.—An investigative or
2	law enforcement officer may access covered ve-
3	hicle data if—
4	"(i) the vehicle operator provides prior
5	consent to such access; and
6	"(ii) no passenger 14 years of age or
7	older objects to the access.
8	"(B) Vehicle owner.—If the vehicle op-
9	erator cannot be located with reasonable effort,
10	the vehicle owner or, in the case of a leased ve-
11	hicle, the lessee, may provide consent under this
12	paragraph.
13	"(C) Unlawful possession.—No indi-
14	vidual may provide or withhold consent under
15	this paragraph or object to another individual
16	accessing covered vehicle data if the indi-
17	vidual—
18	"(i) is the vehicle operator who is in
19	unlawful possession of the vehicle; or
20	"(ii) is a passenger who unlawfully
21	obtained access to the vehicle.
22	"(D) Oral consent.—Consent provided
23	under this paragraph shall be in writing un-
24	less—

1	"(i) the person providing the consent
2	requests that the consent be made orally;
3	and
4	"(ii) the request for consent and the
5	consent are recorded.
6	"(E) Consent of Vehicle Operator.—
7	If the vehicle operator is not the owner of the
8	vehicle and provides consent under this para-
9	graph, the consent is valid only with respect to
10	covered vehicle data generated during the lawful
11	possession and use of the vehicle by the vehicle
12	operator.
13	"(2) Emergency.—
14	"(A) In general.—An investigative or
15	law enforcement officer, the Attorney General,
16	the Deputy Attorney General, the Associate At-
17	torney General, or the principal prosecuting at-
18	torney of any State or subdivision thereof act-
19	ing pursuant to a statute of that State, may ac-
20	cess covered vehicle data if—
21	"(i) such officer reasonably deter-
22	mines that an emergency situation exists
23	that—

1	"(I) involves immediate danger of
2	death or serious physical injury to any
3	person; and
4	"(II) requires access to covered
5	vehicle data before such officer can,
6	with due diligence, obtain a warrant;
7	"(ii) there are grounds upon which a
8	warrant could be granted to authorize such
9	access; and
10	"(iii) an application for a warrant ap-
11	proving such access is submitted to a court
12	within 48 hours after the access has oc-
13	curred or begins to occur.
14	"(B) Denial.—If an application for a
15	warrant submitted pursuant to subparagraph
16	(A)(iii) is denied, any covered vehicle data
17	accessed under this paragraph shall be treated
18	as having been obtained in violation of this
19	chapter.
20	"(3) Event data recorder for motor ve-
21	HICLE SAFETY.—In addition to the exceptions in
22	paragraphs (1) and (2), data recorded or trans-
23	mitted by an event data recorder may be accessed
24	from a noncommercial vehicle if authorized by para-

1	graph (3), (4), or (5) of section 24302(b) of the
2	Driver Privacy Act of 2015 (49 U.S.C. 30101 note).
3	"(4) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
4	this section shall be interpreted to require the trans-
5	mission or storage of data that is not otherwise
6	transmitted or stored, or the retrieval of data that
7	is not generally retrievable.
8	"§ 2732. Prohibition on use of acquired information
9	as evidence
10	"(a) In General.—If any covered vehicle data has
11	been acquired in violation of this chapter, no part of such
12	information and no evidence derived therefrom may be
13	used, received in evidence, or otherwise disseminated in
14	any investigation, trial, hearing, or other proceeding by,
15	in, or before any court, grand jury, department, officer,
16	agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or other
17	authority of the United States, a State, or a political sub-
18	division thereof.
19	"(b) Probable Cause.—No data described in sec-
20	tion 2731(b)(3) may be used to establish probable cause.".
21	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
22	(1) Driver Privacy act of 2015.—Section
23	24302 of the Driver Privacy Act of 2015 (49 U.S.C.
24	30101 note) is amended—

1	(A) in subsection (b), in the matter pre-
2	ceding paragraph (1), by striking "Data" and
3	inserting "Except as provided in subsection (c),
4	data''; and
5	(B) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(c) Investigative or Law Enforcement Offi-
7	CERS.—An investigative or law enforcement officer may
8	only access or retrieve data recorded or transmitted by an
9	event data recorder described in subsection (a) in accord-
10	ance with chapter 124 of title 18, United States Code.".
11	(2) Table of Chapters.—The table of chap-
12	ters for part 1 of title 18, United States Code, is
13	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"124. Accessing vehicle data
14	"124. Accessing vehicle data2730". TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE
14	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE
14 15	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY
14 15 16	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF
14 15 16 17	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE
114 115 116 117	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS.
114 115 116 117 118	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS. Section 603(a)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS. Section 603(a)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil- lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1873(a)(1)) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS. Section 603(a)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1873(a)(1)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "; and"
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	TITLE VIII—INTELLIGENCE TRANSPARENCY SEC. 801. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS. Section 603(a)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1873(a)(1)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;

1	"(G) the number of certifications by the
2	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court pursu-
3	ant to section 103(j);
4	"(H) the number of petitions to certify a
5	question made by an amicus curiae pursuant to
6	section $103(i)(7)(A)$;
7	"(I) the number of hearings or rehearings
8	by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court
9	en banc pursuant to section 103(a)(2),
10	disaggregated by hearings or rehearings by
11	such court en banc pursuant to clause (i) or (ii)
12	of such section; and
13	"(J) the number of times amici curiae
14	have been appointed pursuant to section
15	103(i)(2).".
16	SEC. 802. ENHANCED ANNUAL REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF
17	NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.
18	(a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 603 of
19	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
20	U.S.C. 1873(b)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (2)(C), by striking the semi-
22	colon and inserting "; and";
23	(2) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through
24	(7) as paragraphs (6) through (10), respectively;

1	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(3) a description of the subject matter of each
4	of the certifications provided under section 702(h);
5	"(4) statistics revealing the number of persons
6	and identifiers targeted under section 702(a),
7	disaggregated by certification under which the per-
8	son or identifier was targeted;
9	"(5) the total number of directives issued pur-
10	suant to section 702(i)(1), disaggregated by each
11	type of electronic communication service provider de-
12	scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of section
13	701(b)(4);"; and
14	(4) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(11)(A) the total number of disseminated in-
16	telligence reports derived from collection pursuant to
17	section 702 containing the identities of United
18	States persons regardless of whether the identities of
19	the United States persons were openly included or
20	masked;
21	"(B) the total number of disseminated intelligence re-
22	ports derived from collection not authorized by this Act
23	containing the identities of United States persons regard-
24	less of whether the identities of the United States persons
25	were openly included or masked:

1	"(C) the total number of disseminated intelligence re-
2	ports derived from collection pursuant to section 702 con-
3	taining the identities of United States persons in which
4	the identities of the United States persons were masked;
5	"(D) the total number of disseminated intelligence re-
6	ports derived from collection not authorized by this Act
7	containing the identities of United States persons in which
8	the identities of the United States persons were masked;
9	"(E) the total number of disseminated intelligence re-
10	ports derived from collection pursuant to section 702 con-
11	taining the identities of United States persons in which
12	the identities of the United States persons were openly in-
13	cluded; and
14	"(F) the total number of disseminated intelligence re-
15	ports derived from collection not authorized by this Act
16	containing the identities of United States persons in which
17	the identities of the United States persons were openly in-
18	cluded;
19	"(12)(A) the number of queries conducted in an
20	effort to find communications or information of or
21	about 1 or more United States persons or persons
22	reasonably believed to be located in the United
23	States at the time of the query or the time of the
24	communication or creation of the information that
25	required a warrant pursuant to section 302: and

- 1 "(B) the number of queries conducted in an effort
- 2 to find communications or information of or about 1 or
- 3 more United States persons or persons reasonably believed
- 4 to be located in the United States at the time of the query
- 5 or the time of the communication or creation of the infor-
- 6 mation that did not require a warrant pursuant to section
- 7 302; and
- 8 "(13) the number of criminal proceedings in
- 9 which the Federal Government or a government of
- a State or political subdivision thereof entered into
- evidence or otherwise used or disclosed in a criminal
- proceeding any information obtained or derived from
- an acquisition conducted pursuant to Executive
- 14 Order 12333 (50 U.S.C. 3001 note; relating to
- United States intelligence activities), or successor
- order, outside the authorities provided by this Act.".
- 17 (b) Repeal of Nonapplicability to Federal
- 18 Bureau of Investigation of Certain Require-
- 19 MENTS.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended—
- 20 (1) by striking paragraph (2); and
- 21 (2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
- 22 graph (2).
- 23 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Subsection (d)(1)
- 24 of such section is amended by striking "paragraphs (3),
- 25 (5), or (6)" and inserting "paragraph (6), (8), or (9)".

1	SEC. 803. ANNUAL REPORTING ON ACCURACY AND COM-
2	PLETENESS OF APPLICATIONS.
3	Section 603 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
4	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1873) is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating subsection (e) as sub-
6	section (f); and
7	(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(e) Annual Report by Attorney General on
10	ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF APPLICATIONS.—
11	"(1) Report required.—In April each year,
12	the Attorney General shall submit to the appropriate
13	committees of Congress and publish on the website
14	of the Department of Justice, subject to a declas-
15	sification review, a report setting forth, with respect
16	to the preceding calendar year, the following:
17	"(A) A summary of all accuracy or com-
18	pleteness reviews of applications for court or-
19	ders submitted to the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
20	veillance Court by the Federal Bureau of Inves-
21	tigation under this Act.
22	"(B) The total number of such applica-
23	tions reviewed for accuracy or completeness.
24	"(C) The total number of material errors
25	or omissions identified during such reviews.

1	"(D) The total number of nonmaterial er-
2	rors or omissions identified during such reviews.
3	"(E) The total number of instances in
4	which facts contained in an application were
5	not supported by documentation that existed in
6	the applicable file being reviewed at the time of
7	the review.
8	"(F) An explanation for any increase or
9	decrease in the number of errors identified
10	under subparagraphs (C) and (D), and in the
11	event of an increase in the number of errors, a
12	description of any action taken by the Depart-
13	ment to improve compliance and accuracy.
14	"(2) Inspector general risk assess-
15	MENT.—In addition to conducting audits under sec-
16	tion 401 of the Government Surveillance Reform Act
17	of 2023, the Inspector General of the Department of
18	Justice shall—
19	"(A) periodically assess the reports re-
20	quired by paragraph (1); and
21	"(B) as determined by the Inspector Gen-
22	eral, report any risks identified through such
23	assessments to the appropriate committees of
24	Congress.

1	"(3) Definition of Appropriate commit-
2	TEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term
3	'appropriate committees of Congress' has the mean-
4	ing given that term in section 101.".
5	SEC. 804. ALLOWING MORE GRANULAR AGGREGATE RE-
6	PORTING BY RECIPIENTS OF FOREIGN INTEL-
7	LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ORDERS.
8	(a) Modification of Aggregation Banding.—
9	Subsection (a) of section 604 of the Foreign Intelligence
10	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1874) is amended—
11	(1) by striking paragraphs (1) through (3) and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(1) A semiannual report that aggregates the
14	number of orders, directives, or national security let-
15	ters with which the person was required to comply
16	into separate categories of—
17	"(A) the number of national security let-
18	ters received, reported—
19	"(i) for the first 1000 national secu-
20	rity letters received, in bands of 200 start-
21	ing with $1-200$; and
22	"(ii) for more than 1000 national se-
23	curity letters received, the precise number
24	of national security letters received;

1	"(B) the number of customer selectors tar-
2	geted by national security letters, reported—
3	"(i) for the first 1000 customer selec-
4	tors targeted, in bands of 200 starting
5	with 1–200; and
6	"(ii) for more than 1000 customer se-
7	lectors targeted, the precise number of cus-
8	tomer selectors targeted;
9	"(C) the number of orders or directives re-
10	ceived, combined, under this Act for contents—
11	"(i) reported—
12	"(I) for the first 1000 orders and
13	directives received, in bands of 200
14	starting with 1–200; and
15	"(II) for more than 1000 orders
16	and directives received, the precise
17	number of orders received; and
18	"(ii) disaggregated by whether the
19	order or directive was issued under section
20	105, 402, or 702;
21	"(D) the number of customer selectors tar-
22	geted under orders or directives received, com-
23	bined, under this Act for contents—
24	"(i) reported—

1	"(I) for the first 1000 customer
2	selectors targeted, in bands of 200
3	starting with 1–200; and
4	``(II) for more than 1000 cus-
5	tomer selectors targeted, the precise
6	number of customer selectors tar-
7	geted; and
8	"(ii) disaggregated by whether the
9	order or directive was issued under section
10	105, 402, or 702;
11	"(E) the number of orders or directives re-
12	ceived under this Act for noncontents—
13	"(i) reported—
14	"(I) for the first 1000 orders or
15	directives received, in bands of 200
16	starting with 1–200; and
17	"(II) for more than 1000 orders
18	or directives received, the precise
19	number of orders received; and
20	"(ii) disaggregated by whether the
21	order or directive was issued under section
22	105, 402, or 702; and
23	"(F) the number of customer selectors tar-
24	geted under orders or directives under this Act
25	for noncontents—

1	"(i) reported—
2	"(I) for the first 1000 customer
3	selectors targeted, in bands of 200
4	starting with 1–200; and
5	"(II) for more than 1000 cus-
6	tomer selectors targeted, the precise
7	number of customer selectors tar-
8	geted; and
9	"(ii) disaggregated by whether the
10	order or directive was issued under section
11	105, 402, or 702."; and
12	(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
13	graph (2).
14	(b) Additional Disclosures.—Such section is
15	amended—
16	(1) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d)
17	as subsections (c) through (e), respectively; and
18	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(b) Additional Disclosures.—A person who
21	publicly reports information under subsection (a) may also
22	publicly report, using a semiannual report, information re-
23	lating to the previous 180 days that indicates whether the
24	person was or was not required to comply with an order,
25	directive, or national security letter issued under each of

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sections 105, 402, and 702 and the provisions listed in
 2
   section 603(f)(3).".
 3
        (c) Conforming Amendments.—Subsection (c) of
 4
   such section, as redesignated by subsection (b)(1) of this
 5
   section, is amended—
 6
             (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or (2)";
 7
             (2) by striking paragraph (2);
 8
             (3) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
 9
        graph (2); and
10
             (4) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated, by
11
        striking "(4)" and inserting "(2)".
12
   SEC. 805. REPORT ON USE OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE
13
                SURVEILLANCE AUTHORITIES
                                               REGARDING
14
                PROTECTED ACTIVITIES AND PROTECTED
15
                CLASSES.
16
        (a) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
17
   of the enactment of this Act, the Privacy and Civil Lib-
18
   erties Oversight Board shall make publicly available and
19
   submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report
20
   on the use of activities and protected classes described in
21
   subsection (b) in—
22
             (1) applications for orders made by the United
23
        States Government under the Foreign Intelligence
24
        Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.);
25
        and
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1	(2) investigations for which such orders are
2	sought.
3	(b) ACTIVITIES AND PROTECTED CLASSES DE-
4	SCRIBED.—The activities and protected classes described
5	in this subsection are the following:
6	(1) Activities and expression protected by the
7	First Amendment to the Constitution of the United
8	States.
9	(2) Race, ethnicity, national origin, and reli-
10	gious affiliation.
11	(c) FORM.—In addition to the report made publicly
12	available and submitted under subsection (a), the Board
13	may submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a
14	classified annex.
15	SEC. 806. PUBLICATION OF ESTIMATES REGARDING COM-
16	MUNICATIONS COLLECTED UNDER CERTAIN
17	PROVISIONS OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE
18	SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
19	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
20	ment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence
21	shall publish a good faith estimate of—
22	(1) the number of United States persons whose
23	communications are collected under section 702 of
24	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
25	(50 U.S.C. 1881a); or

1	(2) the number of communications collected
2	under such section to which a party is a person lo-
3	cated in the United States at the time of commu-
4	nication.
5	SEC. 807. ENHANCED REPORTING OF ASSESSMENTS OF
6	COMPLIANCE WITH EMERGENCY ORDER RE-
7	QUIREMENTS UNDER CERTAIN PROVISIONS
8	OF THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEIL-
9	LANCE ACT OF 1978.
10	(a) Electronic Surveillance.—
11	(1) Annual assessment.—Section 105(e)(6)
12	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
13	(50 U.S.C. 1805(e)(6)) is amended by striking
14	"shall assess compliance" and inserting "shall not
15	less frequently than annually assess compliance".
16	(2) Reporting.—Section 108(a)(2) of the For-
17	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
18	U.S.C. 1808(a)(2)) is amended—
19	(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking ";
20	and" and inserting a semicolon;
21	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "sec-
22	tion 301(e)." and inserting "section 304(e);
23	and"; and
24	(C) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(E) the annual assessment conducted
2	pursuant to section 105(e)(6).".
3	(b) Physical Searches.—
4	(1) Annual assessment.—Section 304(e)(6)
5	of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
6	(50 U.S.C. 1824(e)(6)) is amended by striking
7	"shall assess compliance" and inserting "shall not
8	less frequently than annually assess compliance".
9	(2) Reporting.—Section 306 of the Foreign
10	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
11	1826) is amended—
12	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "; and"
13	and inserting a semicolon;
14	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-
15	riod and inserting "; and"; and
16	(C) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(5) the annual assessment conducted pursuant
18	to section 304(e)(6).".
19	TITLE IX—SEVERABILITY AND
20	LIMITED DELAYS IN IMPLE-
21	MENTATION
22	SEC. 901. SEVERABILITY.
23	If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
24	this Act, or the application of such a provision or amend-
25	ment to any person or circumstance, is held to be uncon-

- 1 stitutional, the remaining provisions of and amendments
- 2 made by this Act, and the application of the provision or
- 3 amendment held to be unconstitutional to any other per-
- 4 son or circumstance, shall not be affected thereby.

5 SEC. 902. LIMITED DELAYS IN IMPLEMENTATION.

- 6 The Attorney General may, in coordination with the
- 7 Director of National Intelligence as may be appropriate,
- 8 delay implementation of a provision of this Act or an
- 9 amendment made by this Act for a period of not more
- 10 than 1 year upon a showing to the appropriate committees
- 11 of Congress that the delay is necessary—
- 12 (1) to develop and implement technical systems
- 13 needed to comply with the provision or amendment;
- 14 or
- 15 (2) to hire or train personnel needed to comply
- with the provision or amendment.

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