FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE BILL NO. 1072

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE BRATTIN.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, and 238.410, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof sixty-seven new sections relating to the implementation of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, with a delayed effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 2 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 3 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 4 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.210, 5 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 6 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, and 238.410, RSMo, are repealed and sixty-7 8 seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.070, 32.086, 32.087, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 9 10 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 11

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

2134H.01I

144.010, 144.014, 144.022, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.080, 144.082,
144.083, 144.084, 144.100, 144.105, 144.111, 144.112, 144.113, 144.114, 144.123, 144.124,
144.125, 144.140, 144.210, 144.212, 144.285, 144.526, 144.655, 144.710, 221.407, 238.235, and
238.410, to read as follows:

32.070. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Streamlined Sales and 2 Use Tax Agreement Act".

2. Beginning on January first following the effective date of this act, all revenue generated under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement act that exceeds the amount of revenue that would have been collected if the streamlined sales and use tax agreement act were not effective shall be deposited in the state road fund created under section 226.220 and appropriated solely for the approved purposes. The department of revenue shall track and report the collections generated under this act.

9 3. The director of the department of revenue shall enter into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement with one or more states to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration in order to substantially reduce the burden of tax compliance for all sellers and for all types of commerce. In furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, the director of the department of revenue may act jointly with other states that are members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to establish standards for certification of a certified service provider and certified automated system and establish performance standards for multistate sellers.

4. The director of the department of revenue may take other action reasonably required to implement the provisions set forth in the streamlined sales and use tax administration act including, but not limited to, the promulgation of rules and the joint procurement, with other member states, of goods and services in furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

22 5. For the purposes of representing the state as a member of the agreement and, if 23 necessary, amending the agreement, three delegates shall represent the state: one appointed 24 by the governor, one who is a member of the general assembly appointed by mutual 25 agreement of the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of 26 representatives, and one who is the director of the department of revenue or the director's 27 designee. The delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing 28 taxation issues in the senate and the house of representatives each year any amendment of 29 state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such 30 delegates shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding 31 the status of the agreement.

32 6. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the 33 provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in 34 35 this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 36 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 37 38 chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 39 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 40 proposed or adopted after August 28, 2017, shall be invalid and void.

32.086. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all local sales and use taxes collected by the department of revenue and remitted to a political jurisdiction or taxing district, the department shall remit one percent of the amount collected to the general revenue fund to offset the cost of collection unless a greater amount is specified in the local sales and use tax law. The department shall not commingle the remaining amounts collected with general revenue and shall remit the remaining amounts collected to the political jurisdiction or taxing district less any credits for erroneous payments, overpayments, and dishonored checks.

32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.

Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective on the first day of the second
calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax,
except as provided in subsection [18] 17 of this section, and shall be imposed on all transactions
on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.

3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.

IT for the brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the
 provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales
 tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

20 ______5.] (1) The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law 21 shall impose a tax upon all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed to 22 the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and 23 regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall 24 be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales 25 taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

26 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, 27 except those in which voters have **previously** approved a local use tax under section 144.757, 28 shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general election in November 2014, but no later 29 than the general election in November 2018, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales 30 tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 31 32 The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following 33 language:

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42 \Box YES \Box NO

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If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposedto the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

46 (3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority 47 of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the voters on or before the general election in November 2018, the local taxing 48 49 jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 50 51 (4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of 52 this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction 53 that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 54 outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard 55

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motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon

licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon
are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such
application shall remain in effect.

63 (5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of 64 this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2018, whenever the governing body of any 65 66 local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 67 and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, and calling for a proposal to be placed on 68 69 the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor 70 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed 71 Missouri dealer, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to 72 repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the 73 registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local 74 sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor 75 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed 76 Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are 77 opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such 78 application shall remain in effect.

(6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters of anygurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.

(7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal shall take effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2019.

(8) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed after the general election in November 2014, or if the taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before

92 November 2018, then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at any election 93 subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2018, if the jurisdiction failed 94 to present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters the issue of imposing a sales tax on the 95 titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax 96 under section 144.020 that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 97 The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following 98 language: 99 Shall the (local jurisdiction's name) apply and collect the local sales tax on 100 the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales

101 tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer?102

103 Approval of this measure will result in an increase of local revenue to provide for vital services 104 for (local jurisdiction's name), and it will remove a competitive advantage that 105 non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers have over Missouri 106 dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers.

 \Box YES

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109 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed110 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \square NO

(9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard
motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is adopted, such tax shall
take effect and be imposed on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election.

114 [6-] 5. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions 115 of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the 116 administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue 117 shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes 118 authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the 119 local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri 120 shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and 121 regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

122 [7:] 6. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the 123 state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the 124 collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the 125 local sales tax law.

126 [8.] 7. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and 127 to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under

the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.

133 [9.] 8. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required 134 by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall 135 satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption 136 certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe 137 a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local 138 sales tax law.

139 [10.] 9. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law 140 for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are 141 hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the 142 local sales tax law.

[143 [14] 10. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for
a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the
provisions of the local sales tax law.

146 [12. (1)] 11. For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order 147 under the local sales tax law, all sales[, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 148 outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold 149 150 is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has 151 more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be 152 deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for 153 154 acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works. 155 (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the 156

157 local sales tax law, the sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and
 158 outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the
 159 purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the place of business of the retailer,
 160 or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.
 161 (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales

162 tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile

163 telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications

Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended] shall be sourced as provided
by section 144.043 and sections 144.111 to 144.113.

[13.] 12. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the seller of motor vehicles, trailers,
boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, but shall
be collected from the purchaser by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a
certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales
tax under the local sales tax law.

171 [14.] 13. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who 172 have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, 173 disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the 174 director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or 175 bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected 176 under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; 177 but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering himself and all such deputies, 178 assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director 179 of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of 180 revenue for the benefit of the state.

[15.] 14. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.

188 [16.] 15. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes 189 have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid 190 by him under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against him 191 for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the 192 collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 193 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against 194 any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and 195 where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the 196 director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay 197 the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity. 198 [17.] 16. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any 199 law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

206 [18.] 17. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions 207 of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same 208 rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to 209 expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the first day of the first calendar quarter after 210 the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map 211 clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such 212 ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the 213 director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or 214 expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the 215 city or county reimposing such tax.

216 18. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter 217 be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United 218 States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or 219 detaching territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The 220 ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the ordinance and shall be accompanied by a 221 map of the city clearly showing the territory added or detached from the city boundaries. 222 Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed under the local sales tax law shall 223 be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the first day of 224 a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

19. Any change to any local sales tax boundary or rate shall be effective on the first
day of a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

66.620. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 2 66.600 to 66.630 on behalf of any county [, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be 3 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 4 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county sales tax trust 5 fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the 6 7 state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust 8 fund which was collected in each county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be 9 open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of

10 each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 11 the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the 12 treasurer of the county and all expenditures of funds arising from the county sales tax trust fund 13 shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the legislative council of the county, and to the 14 cities, towns and villages located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax in the 15 manner as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630.

16 2. In any county not adopting an additional sales tax and alternate distribution system 17 as provided in section 67.581, for the purposes of distributing the county sales tax, the county 18 shall be divided into two groups, "Group A" and "Group B". Group A shall consist of all cities, 19 towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and 20 which had a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day 21 prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, except that beginning January 1, 1980, group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within 22 23 the county which levied the tax and which had a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city 24 under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the 25 county sales tax. For the purposes of determining the location of consummation of sales for 26 distribution of funds to cities, towns and villages in group A, the boundaries of any such city, 27 town or village shall be the boundary of that city, town or village as it existed on March 19, 28 1984. Group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly 29 within the county which levied the tax and which did not have a city sales tax in effect under the 30 provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax 31 ordinance, and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax; except that, beginning January 1, 1980, group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages 32 33 which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which did not have 34 a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the county sales tax and shall also include all 35 36 unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax.

37 3. Until January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and 38 villages in group A the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated 39 under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Except for distribution governed by 40 section 66.630, after deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the 41 director of revenue shall distribute the remaining funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the 42 cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the 43 tax, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of 44 the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, 45 town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the

46 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or

village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located partly
within the taxing county, a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio
that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears

50 to the total population of group B.

51 4. From January 1, 1994, until December 31, 2016, the director of revenue shall 52 distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 53 54 32.087 in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After 55 deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue 56 shall distribute funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the 57 county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated 58 59 since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and a percentage 60 of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of 61 unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, 62 town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the 63 remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located 64 65 partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the 66 taxing county bears to the total population of group B. 67

68 5. (1) From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the 69 county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year are less 70 than or equal to the amount of such revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the 71 director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns, and villages in group A and the cities, 72 towns, and villages, and the county in group B, the amounts required to be distributed under the 73 formula described in subsection 4 and in subsection 6 of this section. From and after January 74 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the county sales tax collected under 75 sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year is greater than the amount of such 76 revenues which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute 77 to the cities, towns, and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which 78 the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087, 79 in accordance with the formula described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After deducting 80 the distribution to the cities, towns, and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall, subject 81 to the limitation described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, distribute funds in the county

sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B as follows: to 82 83 the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 84 unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied 85 by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the county 86 bears to the total population of group B as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in group 87 88 B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated 89 within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed 90 consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, 91 or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 92 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town, or 93 village bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated 94 95 within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed 96 consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, 97 or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable 98 revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town, or village 99 located within the taxing county bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such that 100 no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of 101 the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which 102 the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. 103 (2) For purposes of making any adjustment required by this subsection, the director of 104 revenue shall, prior to any distribution to the county or to each city, town, or village in group B 105 located wholly or partly within the taxing county, identify each city, town, or village in group 106 B located wholly or partly within the taxing county that would receive a distribution that is less 107 than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on 108 the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 109 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustments were made and calculate the difference between the 110 amount that the distribution to each such city, town, or village would have been without any 111 adjustment and the amount that equals fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such

city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under
section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Thereafter, the director of revenue shall
determine the amount of any adjustment under this subsection as follows:

(a) If the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this
subsection is less than or equal to the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue
for the applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue

for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct the amount of such difference from the remaining distributable revenue and distribute an allocable portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would otherwise have

received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that is equal to fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087;

127 (b) If, however, the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with this 128 subsection is greater that the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the 129 applicable period in the current calendar year over the remaining distributable revenue for the 130 corresponding period in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct from the 131 remaining distributable revenue an amount equal to the difference between the remaining 132 distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year and the remaining 133 distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar year 2014 and distribute an 134 allocable portion of the amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would 135 otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes 136 generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed 137 consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were 138 made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that includes an 139 adjustment that is proportionate to the amount of the adjustment that would otherwise have been 140 made if such adjustment were calculated in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

(c) After determining the amount of the adjustment and making the allocation in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, as applicable, the director of revenue shall thereafter distribute the remaining distributable revenue, as adjusted, to the county and to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county in the manner provided in this subsection.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, if a city, town, or village is partly in group A and partly in group B, the director of revenue shall calculate fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 by multiplying fifty percent by the amount of all county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630, less one percent for cost of collection, that are generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed under

153 section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087, regardless of whether such taxes are deemed 154 consummated in group A or group B.

155

6. (1) For purposes of administering the distribution formula of subsections 4 and 5 of 156 this section, the revenues arising each year from sales occurring within each group A city, town 157 or village shall be distributed as follows: until such revenues reach the adjusted county average, 158 as hereinafter defined, there shall be distributed to the city, town or village all of such revenues 159 reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the 160 population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; 161 and once revenues exceed the adjusted county average, total revenues shall be shared in 162 accordance with the redistribution formula as defined in this subsection.

163 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the "adjusted county average" is the per capita 164 countywide average of all sales tax distributions during the prior calendar year reduced by the 165 percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 166 unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; the 167 redistribution formula is as follows: during 1994, each group A city, town and village shall 168 receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that 169 remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising 170 from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 171 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed 172 or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product 173 of 8.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of 174 cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted 175 county average. During 1995, each group A city, town and village shall receive that portion of 176 the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting 177 therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 178 municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the 179 percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated 180 after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of seventeen 181 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of 182 cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted 183 county average. From January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, each group A city, town and 184 village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the 185 municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax 186 revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the 187 sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county 188 which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than

189 zero, equal to the product of 25.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035190 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the 191 municipality less the adjusted county average. From and after January 1, 2000, the distribution 192 formula covering the period from January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, shall continue to apply, 193 except that the percentage computed for sales arising within the municipalities shall be not less 194 than 7.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county 195 average, nor less than 12.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the 196 adjusted county average by at least twenty-five percent.

(3) For purposes of applying the redistribution formula to a municipality which is partly within the county levying the tax, the distribution shall be calculated alternately for the municipality as a whole, except that the factor for annexed portion of the county shall not be applied to the portion of the municipality which is not within the county levying the tax, and for the portion of the municipality within the county levying the tax. Whichever calculation results in the larger distribution to the municipality shall be used.

203 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fifty percent of additional 204 sales taxes as described in section 99.845 arising from economic activities within the area of a 205 redevelopment project established after July 12, 1990, pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, 206 while tax increment financing remains in effect shall be deducted from all calculations of 207 countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be 208 disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. Further, 209 any agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality 210 and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of incremental sales tax 211 revenues to the special allocation fund of a tax increment financing project while tax increment 212 financing remains in effect shall continue to be in full force and effect and the sales taxes so 213 appropriated shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be 214 distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the 215 amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. In addition, and notwithstanding any 216 other provision of this chapter to the contrary, economic development funds shall be distributed 217 in full to the municipality in which the sales producing them were deemed consummated. 218 Additionally, economic development funds shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide 219 sales taxes and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the 220 municipality. As used in this subdivision, the term "economic development funds" means the 221 amount of sales tax revenue generated in any fiscal year by projects authorized pursuant to 222 chapter 99 or chapter 100 in connection with which such sales tax revenue was pledged as 223 security for, or was guaranteed by a developer to be sufficient to pay, outstanding obligations 224 under any agreement authorized by chapter 100, entered into or adopted prior to September 1,

225 1993, between a municipality and another public body. The cumulative amount of economic 226 development funds allowed under this provision shall not exceed the total amount necessary to 227 amortize the obligations involved.

228 7. If the qualified voters of any city, town or village vote to change or alter its boundaries 229 by annexing any unincorporated territory included in group B or if the qualified voters of one or 230 more city, town or village in group A and the qualified voters of one or more city, town or 231 village in group B vote to consolidate, the area annexed or the area consolidated which had been 232 a part of group B shall remain a part of group B after annexation or consolidation. After the 233 effective date of the annexation or consolidation, the annexing or consolidated city, town or 234 village shall receive a percentage of the group B distributable revenue equal to the percentage 235 ratio that the population of the annexed or consolidated area bears to the total population of 236 group B and such annexed area shall not be classified as unincorporated area for determination 237 of the percentage allocable to the county. If the qualified voters of any two or more cities, towns 238 or villages in group A each vote to consolidate such cities, towns or villages, then such 239 consolidated cities, towns or villages shall remain a part of group A. For the purpose of sections 240 66.600 to 66.630, population shall be as determined by the last federal decennial census or the 241 latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions 242 therein. For the purpose of calculating the adjustment based on the percentage of unincorporated 243 county population which is annexed after April 1, 1993, the accumulated percentage immediately 244 before each census shall be used as the new percentage base after such census. After any 245 annexation, incorporation or other municipal boundary change affecting the unincorporated area 246 of the county, the chief elected official of the county shall certify the new population of the 247 unincorporated area of the county and the percentage of the population which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, to the director of revenue. After the adoption of the county 248 249 sales tax ordinance, any city, town or village in group A may by adoption of an ordinance by its 250 governing body cease to be a part of group A and become a part of group B. Within ten days 251 after the adoption of the ordinance transferring the city, town or village from one group to the 252 other, the clerk of the transferring city, town or village shall forward to the director of revenue, 253 by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance. Distribution to such city as a part of its 254 former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin on the first day of January of 255 the year following notification to the director of revenue, provided such notification is received 256 by the director of revenue on or before the first day of July of the year in which the transferring 257 ordinance is adopted. If such notification is received by the director of revenue after the first day 258 of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted, then distribution to such city 259 as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin the first day

- 260 of July of the year following such notification to the director of revenue. Once a group A city, town or village becomes a part of group B, such city may not transfer back to group A.
- 261

262 8. If any city, town or village shall hereafter change or alter its boundaries, the city clerk 263 of the municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy 264 of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the municipality. The ordinance shall reflect 265 the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the municipality clearly 266 showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and 267 map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be redistributed and allocated in 268 accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the change of the 269 municipal boundary so that the proper percentage of group B distributable revenue is allocated 270 to the municipality in proportion to any annexed territory. If any area of the unincorporated 271 county elects to incorporate subsequent to the effective date of the county sales tax as set forth 272 in sections 66.600 to 66.630, the newly incorporated municipality shall remain a part of group 273 B. The city clerk of such newly incorporated municipality shall forward to the director of 274 revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the incorporation election returns and a map of 275 the municipality clearly showing the boundaries thereof. The certified copy of the incorporation 276 election returns shall reflect the effective date of the incorporation. Upon receipt of the 277 incorporation election returns and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be 278 distributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date 279 of the incorporation.

280 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 281 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 282 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 283 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at 284 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 285 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 286 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 287 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit 288 289 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 290 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 291 from receipts due the county.

292 10. Except as modified in sections 66.600 to 66.630, all provisions of sections 32.085 293 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 66.600 to 66.630.

67.395. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.391 to 2 67.395 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited

3 in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in

4 section 32.087] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Anti-Drug Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the 5 county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 6 eommingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of 7 8 the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax 9 under sections 67.391 to 67.395, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 10 county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which 11 12 levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and 13 all expenditures of funds arising from the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall be by an 14 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county.

15 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 16 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 17 18 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at 19 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 20 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 21 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 22 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 23 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 24 authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 25 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county. 26

3. Except as modified in sections 67.391 to 67.395, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.391 to 67.395.

67.525. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.500 to 67.545 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall 2 3 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a county sales tax trust 4 5 fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the county sales tax trust fund established by section 66.620. [The moneys in such county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state 6 7 funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each 8 county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers 9 of the county and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of 10

11 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by

distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.500 to 67.545, the

14 sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.

15 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 16 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 17 18 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at 19 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order 20 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 21 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 22 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 23 24 authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 25 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any 26 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

3. Except as modified in sections 67.500 to 67.545, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.500 to 67.545.

67.571. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with a population
of more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and less than ninety thousand inhabitants may, in
addition to any tourism sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 67.671 to 67.685, by a majority
vote, impose a sales tax for the funding of museums and festivals. For purposes of this section,
the term "funding of museums and festivals" shall mean:

6 (1) Funding of museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United 7 States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) corporation and which are considered by the 8 board to be tourism attractions; and

9 (2) Funding of organizations that are registered as 501(C)(3) corporations which promote 10 cultural heritage tourism including festivals and the arts.

Any question submitted to the voters of such county to establish a sales tax pursuant
 to this section shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the county of (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax of
..... (insert rate of percent) percent to be used to fund (museums, cultural heritage,
festivals) in certain areas of the county?

16

 \Box YES \Box NO

17 3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon 18 are in favor of the proposal, and the tax takes effect pursuant to this section, the museums and

19 festivals board appointed pursuant to subsection 5 of this section shall determine in what manner 20 the tax revenue moneys will be expended, and disbursements of these moneys shall be made 21 strictly in accordance with directions of the board which are consistent with the provisions of 22 sections 67.571 to 67.577. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made for the employment 23 of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board 24 is expressly authorized to employ such personnel. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be 25 made directly to corporations pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. No such tax revenue 26 moneys shall be disbursed to or on behalf of any corporation, organization or entity that is not 27 duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) organization. 28 4. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate not to exceed

4. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate not to exceed two-tenths of one percent on receipts from the sale of certain tangible personal property or taxable services within the county pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577.

31 5. The governing body of any county which imposes a sales tax pursuant to this section 32 may establish a museums and festivals board for the purpose of expending funds collected from 33 any sales tax submitted and approved by the county's voters pursuant to this section. The board 34 shall be comprised of six members who are appointed by the governing body of the county from 35 a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county. 36 The board shall be comprised of three members from each of the two political parties. Members 37 shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for 38 a term of one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed 39 for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the county from which he or she 40 is appointed. The members of the board shall not receive compensation for service on the board, 41 but shall be reimbursed from the tax revenue money for any reasonable and necessary expenses 42 incurred in service on the board.

6. In the area of each county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 67.571 to 67.577, every retailer within such area shall add the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577 to his sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

7. In counties imposing a tax under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577, in order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized by the provisions of section 144.285, and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions.

55 8. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall 56 apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577: 2

(1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510 governing the 3 state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the 4 collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577; 5

(2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under 6 7 the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577. 8

9 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.510 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall 10 satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and no additional permit or exemption 11 12 certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 13 14 67.577.

15 3. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax law 16 for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to that act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577. 17

18 4. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.510 for a 19 violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of sections 20 67.571 to 67.577.

21 5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 22 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer 23 Except as provided in sections 67.571 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087

24 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.571 to 67.577.

67.578. 1. The governing authority of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but less than 2 sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants may impose a sales tax in an amount not to exceed 3 4 one-fifth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to taxation 5 pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, to be used solely for the funding of museums. For purposes of this section, the term "museums" means museums operating in the county, which 6 are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and 7 which are considered by the board to be a tourism attraction. The tax authorized by this section 8 shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax shall 9 be imposed pursuant to this section unless the governing authority submits to the voters of the 10

11 county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the12 governing authority to impose the tax.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following14 language:

15 Shall the county of (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax of 16 (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums? "Museums" means museums 17 operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as 18 a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the museum board to be a tourism 19 attraction.

 \Box YES

- 20
- 21

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposedto the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \Box NO

24

25 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 26 of the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar 27 quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the tax. If the proposal 28 receives less than the required majority of votes, then the governing authority shall have no 29 power to impose the tax unless and until the governing authority has again submitted another 30 proposal to authorize the governing authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 31 and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. 32 3. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall be responsible 33 for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and sections 32.085 34 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. The director may retain an amount not to exceed one percent for 35 deposit in the general revenue fund to offset the costs of collection. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and 36 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a 37 38 levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing authority may authorize 39 the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized in section 144.285, and notwithstanding 40 the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions. Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every 41

42 retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the

43 purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the

44 purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated

45 at the place of business of the retailer.

46 4. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, 47 and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax, 48 and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons pursuant to 49 sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 50 51 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the 52 requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate 53 shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption 54 certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the state 55 sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made 56 applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 57 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid pursuant to this section, or in the 58 59 event a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty pursuant to this 60 section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall 61 be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525.

62 5. The governing authority may authorize any museum board already existing in the 63 county, or may establish a museum board, to expend revenue collected pursuant to this section. 64 In the event that no museum board already exists, the board established pursuant to this section 65 shall consist of six members who are appointed by the governing authority from a list of 66 candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county, with three members from each of the two parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of 67 68 the members first appointed, [one] two shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be 69 appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the county. The members shall not receive compensation for 70 71 service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the revenues collected pursuant to this section 72 for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board. The board shall 73 determine in what manner the revenues will be expended, and disbursements of these moneys 74 shall be made strictly in accordance with this section. Expenditures may be made for the 75 employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, 76 and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel.

6. The governing authority may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters at any county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

80 Shall the county of (insert name of county) repeal the sales tax of81 (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums?

83

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". [If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the repeal was approved.]

 \Box NO

67.581. 1. In addition to the sales tax permitted by sections 66.600 to 66.630, any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred 2 thousand or more may impose an additional countywide sales tax upon approval by a vote of the 3 4 qualified voters of the county. The proposal may be submitted to the voters by the governing 5 body of the county and shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election upon petitions signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of 6 7 the votes cast in the county in the next preceding gubernatorial election filed with the governing body of the county. The submission shall include the levying of a sales tax at a rate of not to 8 9 exceed two hundred seventy-five one-thousandths of one percent on the receipts from the sale 10 at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the county which are also 11 taxable under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630, and shall provide for the distribution of the proceeds in the manner provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If 12 13 either of the alternative distribution systems as provided in subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section is approved by the voters, then the alternative system of distribution may not be 14 submitted to the voters for at least three years from the date of such voter approval. 15

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language:
Shall the County of levy an additional sales tax at the rate of (insert rate)
and distribute the proceeds in the manner provided in (insert proper reference)
(subsection 4)(subsection 5) of section 67.581, RSMo?

- 20 \Box YES \Box NO
- 21

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the additional sales tax shall be levied and collected and the proceeds from the additional tax shall be distributed as provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the additional sales tax authorized by this section unless and until a proposal for the levy of such tax is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county.

3. The provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087,
except to the extent otherwise provided in this section, shall govern the levy, collection,

distribution and other procedures related to an additional sales tax imposed pursuant to thissection.

33 4. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this 34 section, and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from 35 the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed first to those municipalities that did not receive during the preceding calendar year 36 37 ninety-five percent of the amount the municipality would have received by multiplying the 38 population of the municipality by the average per capita sales tax receipt for such county in an 39 amount which will bring each municipality receipt of sales tax moneys up to ninety-five percent 40 of the average per capita receipts from the proceeds of the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 41 66.600 to 66.630. Any remainder of the money received from the sales tax imposed pursuant 42 to this section shall be distributed to all municipalities on the ratio that the population of each 43 municipality bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita sales tax 44 distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the total sales tax revenue derived from 45 the tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630 by the total population of the county. 46 Population of each municipality, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total 47 population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial 48 census. For the purposes of this subsection, any city, town, village or the unincorporated area 49 of the county shall be considered a municipality.

50 5. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from 51 52 the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be 53 distributed to all cities, towns and villages, and the unincorporated areas of the county in group 54 B and to such cities, towns and villages in group A as necessary so that no city, town, or village 55 in group A receives from the combined proceeds of both the sales tax imposed pursuant to this 56 section and the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630, less than the per capita 57 amount received by the cities, towns and villages and the unincorporated area of the county in 58 group B receives from the total proceeds from both sales taxes.

59 6. The governing body of any county which is imposing a sales tax under the provisions 60 of sections 66.600 to 66.630 may on its own motion and shall, upon petitions filed with the 61 governing body of the county signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal 62 to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county at the next preceding gubernatorial 63 election, submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to change the method of 64 distribution of sales tax proceeds from the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620 65 to the method provided in this subsection. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the 66 following form:

67 Shall the proceeds from the county sales tax be distributed among the county of 68 and the various cities, towns and villages therein in the manner provided in 69 subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 6 of section 67.581, RSMo, in lieu of the present manner 70 of distribution?

71 \Box YES \Box NO

72

73 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon 74 are in favor of the proposal, the sales tax imposed by the county under the provisions of sections 75 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed in the manner provided in this subsection and not in the 76 manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. If a majority of the votes cast by the 77 qualified voters of the county voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing 78 body of the county shall have no power to order the proceeds from the sales tax imposed 79 pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection 80 in lieu of the method provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, unless and until a proposal 81 authorizing such method of distribution is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county. 82 If the voters approve the change in the method of distribution of the sales tax proceeds in the 83 manner provided in this subsection, the county clerk of the county shall notify the director of 84 revenue of the change in the method of distribution within ten days after adoption of the proposal 85 and shall inform the director of the effective date of the change in the method of distribution, 86 which shall be on the first day of the third calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 87 notice. After the effective date of the change in the manner of distribution, the director of 88 revenue shall distribute the proceeds of the sales tax imposed by such county under the 89 provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the 90 manner of distribution provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. The proceeds of the sales tax 91 imposed under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in any county which elects to have 92 the proceeds distributed in the manner provided in this subsection shall be distributed in the 93 following manner:

94 (1) The proceeds from the sales taxes shall be distributed to the cities, towns and villages 95 in group A and to the cities, towns and villages, and the county in group B as defined in section 96 66.620 in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, until an amount equal to the 97 total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately 98 preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section has been 99 distributed;

(2) All moneys received in excess of the total amount distributed under section 66.620
for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant
to the provisions of this section shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages and to the

103 county on the basis that the population of each city, town or village, and in the case of the county 104 the basis that the population of the unincorporated area of the county, bears to the total 105 population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by 106 dividing the sum of the remaining amount of the total sales tax revenues by the total population 107 of the county. Population of each city, town or village, of the unincorporated area of the county, 108 and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal 109 decennial census.

110 7. No municipality incorporated after the adoption of the tax authorized by this section 111 shall be included as other than part of the unincorporated area of the county nor receive any share 112 of either the proceeds from the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section or the tax 113 levied pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 unless, at the time of 114 incorporation, such municipality had a population of ten thousand or more.

8. The county sales tax imposed pursuant to this section on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within the county imposing the additional sales tax. [The amounts so collected, less one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county sales tax trust fund to be distributed in accordance with section 66.620. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant for a certificate of title.]

9. No tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of funding in whole or in part the construction, operation or maintenance of a sports stadium, field house, indoor or outdoor recreational facility, center, playing field, parking facility or anything incidental or necessary to a complex suitable for any type of professional sport, either upon, above or below the ground.

127 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 128 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 129 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 130 If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at 131 least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 132 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 133 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 134 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 135 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit 136 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 137 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 138 from receipts due the county.

	67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first class with a
2	charter form of government with a population of greater than four hundred thousand inhabitants,
3	is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half
4	of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the
5	provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services
6	for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales
7	taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions
8	of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters
9	of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the
10	governing body of the county to impose a tax.
11	2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following
12	language:
13	(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized
14	by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following:
15	Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of
16	(insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for the county?
17	\Box YES \Box NO
18	
19	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed
20	to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; or
21	(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into agreements to form a
22	regional jail district and obligates the county to make payments from the tax authorized by this
23	section the ballot shall contain substantially the following:
24	Shall the county of (county's name) be authorized to enter into agreements for
25	the purpose of forming a regional jail district and obligating the county to impose a countywide
26	sales tax of (insert amount) to fund dollars of the costs to construct a regional
27	jail and to fund the costs to operate a regional jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to
28	construct and operate such jail to be used for law enforcement purposes?
29	\Box YES \Box NO
30	
31	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed
31 32	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".
32	
32 33	to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

37 immediately following the election approving the proposal] as provided by section 32.087. If

the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal 38 39 submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any 40 amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal] as provided by section 32.087. If a proposal 41 42 receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no 43 power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the 44 county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the 45 county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the 46 required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of 47 48 the last proposal pursuant to this section.

49 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this 50 section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law 51 enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue 52 placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law 53 enforcement facilities and for the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said 54 capital improvement projects.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.

60 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 61 county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall 62 be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law 63 Enforcement Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax trust 64 65 fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust 66 and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records 67 68 shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth 69 day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund 70 during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited 71 with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from the 72 county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the

governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law
enforcement functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body
submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters.

76 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 77 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 78 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 79 If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in 80 section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days 81 prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust 82 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 83 84 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 85 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account 86 to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 87 88 county.

89 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
90 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.583. 1. The governing body of any county of the second class with a population of more than forty thousand but less than sixty thousand and which contains institutions operated 2 by the department of corrections and by the department of mental health is hereby authorized to 3 impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent on all retail 4 sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 5 to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes 6 7 allowed by law; provided, however, that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to 8 9 the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax. 10

11 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 12 language:

Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of
(insert amount) for the purpose of providing retirement and health care benefits for county
employees and their dependents?

16 □ YES □ NO 17 18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed

- 19 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".
- 20

21 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 22 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a 23 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the 24 governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal 25 26 to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 27 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, 28 in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve 29 months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

30 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this
31 section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing retirement
32 and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents.

33 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 34 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall 35 36 be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Employee Benefit Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county employee benefit sales tax 37 38 trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of 39 the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 40 trust and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than 41 42 the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be 43 44 deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising 45 from the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall be for the provision of retirement benefits or health care benefits for employees of the county and their dependents and for no other 46 47 purpose.

5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after

receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
60 6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087

61 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred 2 inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of 3 4 up to one-half percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services 5 6 for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this 7 section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the 8 9 county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax. 10

2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by
 this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following
 language:

14 Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of 15 (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for the county?

16 \Box YES \Box NO

17

18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed19 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

20

21 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 22 of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any 23 amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately 24 following the election approving the proposal] as provided by section 32.087. If a proposal 25 receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the 26 27 county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the 28

29 required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal

30 pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of31 the last proposal pursuant to this section.

32 3. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from the tax 33 authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used 34 solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in 35 effect. The remainder of revenue shall be deposited in the county law enforcement sales tax trust 36 fund established pursuant to section 67.582 of the county levying the tax pursuant to this section. 37 The revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for public law 38 enforcement services only. No revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section 39 shall be used for any private contractor providing law enforcement services or for any private 40 jail.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all 42 funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be used solely by a prosecuting 43 attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for 44 current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws 45 relating to the investment of other county funds.

46 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf 47 of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 48 general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] 49 shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County 50 Prosecuting Attorney's Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement sales tax 51 trust fund, pursuant to the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. [The moneys in the trust 52 funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the 53 state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trusts 54 and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the 55 records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than 56 the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be 57 58 deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising 59 from either trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of 60 each such county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters. 61

62 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 63 amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 64 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties.

65 If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in

66 section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the 67 appropriate trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 68 69 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 70 71 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit 72 the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county established pursuant 73 to this section. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county. 74

75 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
76 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.712. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.700 to 67.727 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be 2 3 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, 4 5 which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Alternate Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county alternate sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall 6 not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate 7 records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing 8 9 a sales tax under sections 67.700 to 67.727, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the 10 11 director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding 12 month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the 13 county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county. 14

15 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 16 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. 17 18 If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and 19 the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order 20 21 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 22 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem 23 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 24 after the effective date of repeal of the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727 in such

25 county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the

account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify
each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due
the county.

3. Except as modified in sections 67.700 to 67.727, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.700 to 67.727.

67.713. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712, as to the disposition of any 2 other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, one-fifth of the sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by section 67.701 on behalf 3 of any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of 4 nine hundred thousand or more[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited 5 6 in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in sections 67.700 to 67.727,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to 7 be known as the "County-Municipal Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". 8 9 [The moneys in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 10 11 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which 12 was collected in each county and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and of the municipalities within the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 13 14 of each month, the director of the department of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited 15 in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or 16 17 partially within such county as follows:

(1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable
 revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the
 county bears to the total population of the county;

(2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive
 a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such
 municipality bears to the total population of the county; and

(3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall
receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population
of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the
county.

28 2. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the county-municipal 29 storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for 30 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts

31 deposited to the credit of such county or municipality. If any county abolishes the tax, the county

32 shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of 33 34 revenue may order retention in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust 35 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 36 37 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 38 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account 39 to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director 40 of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or 41 any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

42 3. If the governing body of any municipality located wholly or partially within the county 43 so requests by resolution, no funds shall be expended from the proceeds of any tax imposed 44 under section 67.701 within the corporate boundaries of the requesting municipality for the 45 construction, reconstruction or widening of any road established or to be established pursuant 46 to section 137.558, the total cost of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars unless: (a) a 47 public hearing is first held at a place near such proposed action; and (b) plans and specifications 48 of such proposed action are prepared and a cost-benefit analysis prepared in accordance with 49 accepted accounting principles of such proposed action is presented to such public hearing. Such 50 cost-benefit analysis and its work papers shall be a public document and subject to inspection as provided in chapter 610. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to proposed 51 52 projects in unincorporated areas of the county.

67.729. 1. Any county except any first class county having a charter form of government
and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may, in the same manner and by the
same procedure and subject to the same penalties as set out in sections 67.700 to 67.727, impose
a sales tax of not more than one-tenth of one percent for the purpose of funding storm water
control and public works projects other than stadiums or other sports facilities. This sales tax
shall be in addition to any other sales tax authorized by law.

7 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712 as to the disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, all sales taxes collected by 8 9 the director of revenue from the tax authorized by this section on behalf of any county, less one 10 percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with 11 12 the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County 13 Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 14

15 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of 16 the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax 17 under this section and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and 18 the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all 19 moneys deposited in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the 20 preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located 21 wholly or partially within such county as follows:

(1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable
 revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the
 county bears to the total population of the county;

(2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive
 a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such
 municipality bears to the total population of the county; and

(3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall
receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population
of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the
county.

32 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 33 amounts in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any 34 county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and 35 drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the 36 37 repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of 38 revenue may order retention in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for 39 a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover 40 possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited 41 to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the 42 43 balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 44 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 45 from receipts due the county.

67.737. Except as modified in sections 67.730 to 67.739, all provisions of sections
2 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.730 to 67.739.

67.738. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.730 to

2 67.739 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be

3 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as

4 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund,

- 5 which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Capital Improvement Bond Sales Tax Trust
- 6 Fund". [The moneys in the county capital improvement bond sales tax trust fund shall not be
- 7 deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director
 8 of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was
- 9 collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records
- 9 collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records
 10 shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than
 11 the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the
- 12 trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other 13 officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax
- 14 authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the 15 county.
- 16 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refund from the 17 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 18 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the county shall notify the 19 20 director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal or 21 expiration, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of 22 revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 23 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such 24 tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal or expiration of the tax authorized by 25 26 sections 67.730 to 67.739 in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify 27 28 each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 29 the county.

67.745. 1. Any county of the third classification without a township form of government
and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer than eleven thousand eight
hundred fifty inhabitants may impose a sales tax throughout the county for public recreational
projects and programs, but the sales tax authorized by this section shall not become effective
unless the governing body of such county submits to the qualified voters of the county a proposal
to authorize the county to impose the sales tax.

- 7
- 2. The ballot submission shall be in substantially the following form:
- 8

 \Box NO

9 Shall the County of impose a sales tax of up to one percent for the purpose of 10 funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of recreational 11 projects and programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

 \Box YES

- 12
- 13

3. If approved by a majority of qualified voters **voting on the issue** in the county, the governing body of the county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members. Of the initial members appointed to the board, three members shall be appointed for a term of three years, three members shall be appointed for a term of two years, and three members shall be appointed for a term of one year. After the initial appointments, board members shall be appointed to three-year terms.

4. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one percent on the receipts from the retail sale of all tangible personal property or taxable service within the county[, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525].

23 5. All revenue collected from the sales tax under this section by the director of revenue 24 on behalf of a county[, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the 25 state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 26 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Trust Fund". [Moneys in the fund shall 27 28 not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 29 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund collected 30 in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 31 inspection of officers of such county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each 32 calendar month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund 33 during the preceding calendar month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such officer as 34 may be designated by county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax under this 35 section the sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.

36 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 37 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 38 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of 39 40 the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as 41 provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund for 42 a period of one year of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover 43 possible refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 44 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration

45 of the tax authorized by this section in a county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance

46 in the account to the county and close the account of such county. The director of revenue shall

- 47 notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts
- 48 due such county.

7. The tax authorized under this section may be imposed in accordance with this section
by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized in sections 67.750 to 67.780.

51 8. The sales tax imposed under this section shall expire twenty years from the effective 52 date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters 53 in the county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for 54 a period of ten years.

9. The provisions of this section shall not in any way affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain, and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation.

58 10. Except as modified in this section, the provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
59 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.782. 1. Any county of the third class having a population of more than ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand and any county of the second class having a population of more 2 than fifty-eight thousand and less than seventy thousand adjacent to such third class county, both 3 4 counties making up the same judicial circuit, may jointly impose a sales tax throughout each of 5 their respective counties for public recreational purposes including the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, but the sales 6 taxes authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of each 7 8 such county submits to the voters of their respective counties a proposal to authorize the counties 9 to impose the sales tax.

10

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the County of impose a sales tax of percent in conjunction
with the county of for the purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction,
operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of
land for such purposes?

15 \Box YES \Box NO

16

If a separate majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon in each county are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be in effect in both counties. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon in either county are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of neither county shall have power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless or until the governing body of the county that has not approved the tax shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body to impose the tax, and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon in that

24 county.

3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.

29 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 30 county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general 31 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known 32 33 as the "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county recreation sales 34 tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 35 of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 36 trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the 37 records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not 38 later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 39 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, 40 or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county 41 imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due 42 the county.

43 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 44 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 45 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of 46 the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as 47 48 provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for 49 a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover 50 possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 51 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the 52 53 balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of 54 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 55 from receipts due the county.

56 6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed, in accordance with this section,
57 by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections 67.750 to 67.780.

58 7. Any county imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section may 59 contract with the authority of any other county or with any city or political subdivision for the 60 financing, acquisition, operation, construction, maintenance, or utilization of any recreation 61 facility or project or program funded in whole or in part from revenues derived from the tax 62 levied pursuant to the provisions of this section.

8. The sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall expire twenty-five years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.

9. The governing body of each of the counties imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section may cooperate with the governing body of any county or other political subdivision of this state in carrying out the provisions of this section, and may establish and conduct jointly a system of public recreation. The respective governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with the programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each.

10. The provisions of this section shall not in any way repeal, affect or limit the powers
granted to any county to establish, maintain and conduct parks and other recreational grounds
for public recreation.

11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.799. 1. A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose an annual property tax for the establishment and maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of the regional recreational district not to exceed sixty cents per year on each one hundred dollars of assessed valuation on all property within the district, except that no such tax shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax.

8

2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

 \Box YES

9 Shall a cent tax per one hundred dollars assessed valuation be levied for public10 parks and recreational facilities?

 \Box NO

- 11
- 12

13 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 14 of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective. If a majority of the votes cast by the 15 qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors shall have no 16 power to impose the tax unless and until the board of directors of the district submits another

proposal to authorize the tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 17 18 voting thereon.

19 3. The property tax authorized in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall be levied and 20 collected in the same manner as other ad valorem property taxes are levied and collected.

21

4. (1) A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, 22 impose a tax not to exceed one-half of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation pursuant to 23 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance 24 of public parks, recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of a regional 25 recreational district. The tax authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to all other sales 26 taxes allowed by law. No tax pursuant to this subsection shall become effective unless the board 27 of directors submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state general, primary or special 28 election, a proposal to authorize the tax, and such tax shall become effective only after the 29 majority of the voters voting on such tax approve such tax.

30 (2) In the event the district seeks to impose a sales tax pursuant to this subsection, the 31 question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

32 Shall a cent sales tax be levied on all retail sales within the district for public parks 33 and recreational facilities?

- 34 \Box YES \Box NO
- 35

36 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 37 of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective. If a majority of the votes cast by the 38 qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors shall have no 39 power to impose the tax unless and until another proposal to authorize the tax is submitted to the voters of the district and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 40 thereon. The provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax approved 41 42 pursuant to this subsection.

43 5. As used in this section, "qualified voters" or "voters" means any individuals residing 44 within the proposed district who are eligible to be registered voters and who have registered to 45 vote under chapter 115 or, if no individuals eligible and registered to vote reside within the proposed district, all of the owners of real property located within the proposed district who have 46 47 unanimously petitioned for or consented to the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body 48 imposing a tax authorized in this section. If the owner of the property within the proposed 49 district is a political subdivision or corporation of the state, the governing body of such political 50 subdivision or corporation shall be considered the owner for purposes of this section.

67.997. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a 2 township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand one hundred but fewer than

3 eighteen thousand two hundred inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all 4 retail sales made within the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax 5 authorized in this section shall not exceed one-fourth of one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county. One-half 6 7 of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the cost of collection, shall be used solely to fund any service or activity deemed necessary by the senior service tax commission 8 established in this section, and one-half of all revenue collected under this section[, less one-half 9 the cost of collection,] shall be used solely to fund all youth programs administered by an 10 existing county community task force. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to 11 12 all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the county 13 14 submits to the voters residing within the county at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section. 15 16 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 17 the following form: 18 Shall (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent, with half of the revenue from the tax, less one-half 19 the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund senior services provided by the county and half 20 21 of the revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund youth 22 programs provided by the county? 23 \Box YES \Box NO 24 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 25 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 26 27 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 28 of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter 29 30 immediately following the approval of the tax or notification to the department of revenue if such 31 tax will be administered by the department of revenue. If a majority of the votes cast on the 32 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not 33 become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified 34 voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. 35 3. [On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county 36 which imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director of the department of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective 37 date of the tax the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, 38

39 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and Sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of any 40 county, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 41 42 general revenue fund,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Senior Services and Youth Programs Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall 43 44 be used solely for the designated purposes. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state 45 funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds 46 from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county for erroneous payments and 47 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 48 such county. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures 49 shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys 50 earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

51 4. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or 52 remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the 53 governing body of the county may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized 54 55 in section 144.285 and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system 56 shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions.] Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale 57 58 price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be 59 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all 60 retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.

61 5. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax[-62 and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under sections 63 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The 64 same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 65 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the 66 requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate 67 shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption 68 69 certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer under the state sales 70 tax for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 are 71 72 hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment 73 of the amount required to be paid under this section, or in the event a determination has been 74 made against the person for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit

75	for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections
76	144.010 to 144.525].
77	6. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this
78	section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for
79	elections for the county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:
80	Shall (insert the name of the county) repeal the sales tax imposed
81	at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the purpose of funding senior services and
82	youth programs provided by the county?
83	\Box YES \Box NO
84	
85	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed
86	to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
87	
88	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor
89	of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in
90	which such repeal was approved] as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast
91	on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales
92	tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this
93	section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters
94	voting on the question.
95	7. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized
96	in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the county
97	voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed
98	under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to
99	repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting
100	thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of
101	the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by section 32.087. If a
102	majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to
103	the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question
104	is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority
105	of the qualified voters voting on the question.
106	8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special
107	trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the county shall notify
108	the director of the department of revenue of the action at least thirty days before the effective
109	date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year,
110	of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or

overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

9. Each county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish a senior services tax commission to administer the portion of the sales tax revenue dedicated to providing senior services. Such commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the county commission. The county commission shall determine the qualifications, terms of office, compensation, powers, duties, restrictions, procedures, and all other necessary functions of the commission.

67.1300. 1. Any governing body of a municipality located in a county enumerated
in subdivisions (1) to (26) of this subsection or the governing body of any of the contiguous
counties of the third classification without a township form of government enumerated in
subdivisions [(1)] (27) to [(5)] (31) of this subsection [or] may impose, by ordinance or order,
a sales tax on all retail sales made in such county or municipality which are subject to
taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525:
(1) In any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second

(1) In any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second
classification, having a population of at least forty thousand but less than forty-five thousand
with a state university, and adjoining a county of the first classification with part of a city with
a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants; [or]

(2) A county of the third classification with a township form of government and with a
 population of at least eight thousand but less than eight thousand four hundred inhabitants; [or]

(3) A county of the third classification with more than fifteen townships having a
 population of at least twenty-one thousand inhabitants; [or]

(4) A county of the third classification without a township form of government and with
 a population of at least seven thousand four hundred but less than eight thousand inhabitants;
 [or]

18 (5) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than three thousand
19 but less than four thousand; [or]

20 (6) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand one
21 hundred but less than six thousand four hundred; [or]

(7) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand
 eight hundred but less than seven thousand; [or]

(8) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than seven thousand
 eight hundred but less than seven thousand nine hundred; [or]

26 (9) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than eight thousand 27 four hundred sixty but less than eight thousand five hundred; [or] 28 (10) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than nine thousand 29 but less than nine thousand two hundred; [or] 30 (11) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than ten thousand 31 five hundred but less than ten thousand six hundred; [or] 32 (12) Any county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three 33 thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand seven hundred; [or] 34 (13) A county of the third classification with a population greater than thirty-three 35 thousand but less than thirty-four thousand; [or] 36 (14) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty thousand 37 eight hundred but less than twenty-one thousand; [or] 38 (15) A county of the third classification with a population greater than fourteen thousand 39 one hundred but less than fourteen thousand five hundred; [or] 40 (16) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty thousand 41 eight hundred fifty but less than twenty-two thousand; [or] 42 (17) A county of the third classification with a population greater than thirty-nine 43 thousand but less than forty thousand; [or] 44 (18) A county of the third classification with a township form of organization and a 45 population greater than twenty-eight thousand but less than twenty-nine thousand; [or] 46 (19) A county of the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less than fifteen thousand five hundred; [or] 47 48 (20) A county of the third classification with a population greater than eighteen thousand 49 but less than nineteen thousand seventy; [or] 50 (21) A county of the third classification with a population greater than thirteen thousand 51 nine hundred but less than fourteen thousand four hundred; [or] 52 (22) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-seven 53 thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred; [or] 54 (23) A county of the first classification without a charter form of government and a 55 population of at least eighty thousand but not greater than eighty-three thousand; [or] 56 (24) A county of the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less than fifteen thousand nine hundred without a township form of government which does 57 58 not adjoin any county of the first, second or fourth classification; [or] 59 (25) A county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three thousand but less than twenty-five thousand without a township form of government which does 60 61 not adjoin any county of the second or fourth classification and does adjoin a county of the first

62 classification with a population greater than one hundred twenty thousand but less than one

63 hundred fifty thousand; [or]

64 (26) In any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second 65 classification, having a population of at least forty-eight thousand [or any governing body of a 66 municipality located in any of such counties may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax on 67 all retail sales made in such county or municipality which are subject to taxation pursuant to the 68 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525:

 $69 \quad ---(1)];$

70 (27) A county with a population of at least four thousand two hundred inhabitants but
 71 not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants;

[(2)] (28) A county with a population of at least four thousand seven hundred inhabitants
but not more than four thousand nine hundred inhabitants;

74 [(3)] (29) A county with a population of at least seven thousand three hundred 75 inhabitants but not more than seven thousand six hundred inhabitants;

[(4)] (30) A county with a population of at least ten thousand one hundred inhabitants
but not more than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants; [and] or

[(5)] (31) A county with a population of at least four thousand three hundred inhabitants
 but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants.

2. The maximum rate for a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be one percent for municipalities and one-half of one percent for counties.

3. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality submits to the voters of the county or municipality, at a regularly scheduled county, municipal or state general or primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose a tax. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not be authorized for a period of more than five years.

89

4. Such proposal shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the (city, town, village or county) of impose a sales tax of (insert
amount) for the purpose of economic development in the (city, town, village or county)?

92 \Box YES \Box NO

93

94 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor

95 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the

96 first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax.

97 If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the

98 governing body of the county or municipality shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this 99 section until the governing body of the county or municipality resubmits another proposal to 100 authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose the sales tax authorized 101 by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 102 thereon; however no such proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months 103 from the date of the submission of the last such proposal.

5. All revenue received by a county or municipality from the tax authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for economic development purposes within such county or municipality for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

6. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for economic development purposes within the county or municipality. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county or municipal funds.

113 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf 114 of any county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited 115 in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in 116 section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known 117 as the "Local Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".

8. [The moneys in the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and the public.

9. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county or municipality which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or municipality. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any economic development purposes authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.

131 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 132 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and 133 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 134 such counties and municipalities.

135 11. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or municipality shall 136 notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the 137 repeal, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of 138 revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 139 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax 140 and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 141 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the 142 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close 143 the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or 144 municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 145 the county or municipality.

146 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
147 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

148 13. For purposes of this section, the term "economic development" is limited to the 149 following:

(1) Operations of economic development or community development offices, includingthe salaries of employees;

152

(2) Provision of training for job creation or retention;

(3) Provision of infrastructure and sites for industrial development or for publicinfrastructure projects; and

155

(4) Refurbishing of existing structures and property relating to community development.67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred

2 fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred 3 inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five thousand five hundred but less than 4 forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less 5 than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any county 6 7 of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty 8 thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine hundred inhabitants or any city within 9 such county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. In addition, the governing body of any 10 county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but less than 11 eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of any home rule city with more than 12 13 seventy-three thousand but less than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may impose, by order or

14 ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one 15 16 percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the 17 governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body to impose a tax under this section. 18 19 The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 20 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 21 22 the following form: 23 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes? 24 25 \Box YES \Box NO 26 27 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 28 of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar 29 quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held] as provided by section 30 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is 31 32 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority 33 of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal. 34 35 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail 36 development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development 37 38 preparation, including, but not limited to, the following: 39 (1) Acquisition of land; 40 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks; 41 (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity; 42 (4) Extension of streets; 43 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants; 44 (6) Marketing; 45 (7) Construction and operation of job training and educational facilities; and 46 (8) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, equipment acquisition, site development, and infrastructure. Not more than twenty-five percent of the 47 48 revenue generated may be used annually for administrative purposes, including staff and facility 49 costs.

4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.

56 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from 57 the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments 58 and overpayments to the trust fund and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts 59 deposited to the credit of such counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax authorized 60 under this section, the repeal of such tax shall become effective December thirty-first of the 61 calendar year in which such abolishment was approved. Each city or county shall notify 62 the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of 63 the sales tax authorized by this section, and the repeal shall be effective as provided by 64 section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period 65 of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover 66 possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 67 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of 68 expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account 69 of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each 70 71 instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due to the city or 72 county.

6. Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an
economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven members, to be appointed
as follows:

(1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts are included
within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section.
Such members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

(2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts,
to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within the area selected for an economic
development project or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section, excluding
representatives of the governing body of the city or county;

83 (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in the city or84 county;

85 (4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief elected officer 86 of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city or county;

87 (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county 88 in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be appointed by the governing 89 body of the county. At the option of the members appointed by a city or county the members 90 who are appointed by the school boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a 91 term to coincide with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation 92 of an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the definite 93 terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school districts and other 94 taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the length of time an economic 95 development project, plan, or area is approved, such term shall terminate upon final approval of 96 the project, plan, or designation of the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any 97 school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty 98 days of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic 99 development project, or designation of an economic development area, the remaining members 100 may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the members first appointed by the city or 101 county, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, three shall be designated to 102 serve for a term of three years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term 103 of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed by 104 the city or county shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for 105 unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.

106 [6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall 107 develop economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an 108 economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such 109 hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic 110 development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments 111 thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the 112 113 hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic 114 development projects, or designations of an economic development area.

115 [7.] 8. The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, 116 117 project, or designation adopted under this section.

118 [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax 119 authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date

 \Box NO

available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantiallythe following form:

122 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax 123 imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes?

- 124 \Box YES
- 125

126 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become 127 effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a 128 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 129 the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question 130 is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is 131 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

132 [9-] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales 133 tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters 134 of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the 135 sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal 136 to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 137 thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of 138 the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by section 32.087. If a 139 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section 140 141 to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on 142 the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the 143 director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective 144 date of the repeal.

145 11. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, 146 the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 147 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for 148 the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under this section. The tax imposed 149 under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall 150 be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules 151 and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

152 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087
153 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1305. 1. As used in this section, the term "city" shall mean any incorporated city, 2 town, or village.

3 2. In lieu of the sales taxes authorized under sections 67.1300 and 67.1303, the 4 governing body of any city or county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail 5 sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance 6 imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county 7 submits to the voters of the city or county at any citywide, county or state general, primary or 8 special election a proposal to authorize the governing body to impose a tax under this section. 9 10 The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 11 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The tax authorized in this section shall not be imposed by any city or county that has imposed a tax under section 67.1300 or 12 13 67.1303 unless the tax imposed under those sections has expired or been repealed. 14 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 15 the following form: 16 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax at a rate of 17 (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes? 18 \Box NO \Box YES 19 20 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter 21 22 following the calendar quarter in which the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on 23 the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 24 25 qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months 26 27 from the date of the submission of the last proposal. 28 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 29 county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 30 31 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Option Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund". 32 33 5. [The moneys in the local option economic development sales tax trust fund shall not 34 be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and 35 which was collected in each city or county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the 36 37 records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or county and the public.

6. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be in accordance with this section.

7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities and counties.

48 8. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the 49 director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and 50 the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order 51 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 52 53 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 54 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall 55 remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. 56 The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county. 57

58 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
59 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

60 10. (1) No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any 61 retail development project, except for the redevelopment of downtown areas and historic 62 districts. Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated shall be used annually for 63 administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.

64 (2) At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section
65 shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation,
66 including, but not limited to, the following:

- 67 (a) Acquisition of land;
- 68 (b) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 69 (c) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 70 (d) Extension of streets;

71 (e) Public facilities directly related to economic development and job creation; and

(f) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants relating to such long-termprojects.

(3) The remaining revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section may be usedfor, but shall not be limited to, the following:

76 (a) Marketing;

(b) Providing grants and loans to companies for job training, equipment acquisition, site
development, and infrastructures;

79

(c) Training programs to prepare workers for advanced technologies and high skill jobs;

80 (d) Legal and accounting expenses directly associated with the economic development
 81 planning and preparation process;

82

(e) Developing value-added and export opportunities for Missouri agricultural products.

11. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.

89 12. (1) Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an
90 economic development tax board. The volunteer board shall receive no compensation or
91 operating budget.

(2) The economic development tax board established by a city shall consist of at least
five members, but may be increased to nine members. Either a five-member or nine-member
board shall be designated in the order or ordinance imposing the sales tax authorized by this
section, and the members are to be appointed as follows:

96 (a) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member board, shall
97 be appointed by the school districts included within any economic development plan or area
98 funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such member or members shall be appointed
99 in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

(b) Three members of a five-member board, or five members of a nine-member board,
shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city with the consent of the majority of the
governing body of the city;

103 (c) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member board, shall104 be appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city is located.

105 (3) The economic development tax board established by a county shall consist of seven106 members, to be appointed as follows:

(a) One member shall be appointed by the school districts included within any economic
development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such member shall
be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;

110

(b) Four members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county; and

111 (c) Two members from the cities, towns, or villages within the county appointed in any 112 manner agreed upon by the chief elected officers of the cities or villages. Of the members 113 initially appointed, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, except that when 114 a nine-member board is designated, seven of the members initially appointed shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a 115 term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed 116 117 shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms 118 in the same manner as were the original appointments.

(4) If an economic development tax board established by a city is already in existence on August 28, 2012, any increase in the number of members of the board shall be designated in an order or ordinance. The four board members added to the board shall be appointed to a term with an expiration coinciding with the expiration of the terms of the three board member positions that were originally appointed to terms of two years. Thereafter, the additional members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the additional appointments.

126 13. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall 127 consider economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an 128 economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such 129 hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic 130 development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments 131 thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 132 designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the 133 hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic 134 development projects, or designations of an economic development area. The governing body 135 of the city or county shall have the final determination on use and expenditure of any funds 136 received from the tax imposed under this section.

137 14. The board may consider and recommend using funds received from the tax imposed
138 under this section for plans, projects or area designations outside the boundaries of the city or
139 county imposing the tax if, and only if:

(1) The city or county imposing the tax or the state receives significant economic benefitfrom the plan, project or area designation; and

142 (2) The board establishes an agreement with the governing bodies of all cities and 143 counties in which the plan, project or area designation is located detailing the authority and 144 responsibilities of each governing body with regard to the plan, project or area designation.

145 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the economic 15. 146 development sales tax imposed under this section when imposed within a special taxing district, 147 including but not limited to a tax increment financing district, neighborhood improvement 148 district, or community improvement district, shall be excluded from the calculation of revenues 149 available to such districts, and no revenues from any sales tax imposed under this section shall be used for the purposes of any such district unless recommended by the economic development 150 151 tax board established under this section and approved by the governing body imposing the tax. 152 16. The board and the governing body of the city or county imposing the tax shall report 153 at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided

under this section and on the progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section and shall make such report available to the public.

156 17. Not later than the first day of March each year the board shall submit to the joint 157 committee on economic development a report, not exceeding one page in length, which must 158 include the following information for each project using the tax authorized under this section:

- 159
- (1) A statement of its primary economic development goals;
- 160 (2) A statement of the total economic development sales tax revenues received during161 the immediately preceding calendar year;
- 162 (3) A statement of total expenditures during the preceding calendar year in each of the163 following categories:
- 164 (a) Infrastructure improvements;
- 165 (b) Land and/or buildings;
- 166 (c) Machinery and equipment;
- 167 (d) Job training investments;
- 168 (e) Direct business incentives;
- 169 (f) Marketing;
- 170 (g) Administration and legal expenses; and
- 171 (h) Other expenditures.

172 18. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized 173 in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for 174 elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following 175 form:

- 176 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate 177 of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes?
- 178 \Box YES \Box NO
- 179

180 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become 181 effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a 182 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 183 the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question 184 is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is

185 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

186 19. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax 187 authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the 188 city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales 189 tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal 190 the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are 191 in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar 192 year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the 193 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until 194 the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved 195 by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

196 20. If any provision of this section or section 67.1303 or the application thereof to any 197 person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or 198 application of this section or section 67.1303 which can be given effect without the invalid 199 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and section 67.1303 are 200 declared severable.

67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a 2 district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district which are subject to taxation 3 pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, except sales of motor vehicles, [trailers, boats or outboard motors and sales to or by public utilities and providers of communications, cable, or 4 video services] watercraft, electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered 5 by the seller. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section may be imposed in 6 increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent. Such district sales 7 and use tax may be imposed for any district purpose designated by the district in its ballot of 8 9 submission to its qualified voters; except that, no resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall 10 become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the qualified voters of the district, by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales and use tax pursuant to this section. 11 If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters on the proposed sales tax are in favor of the 12 13 sales tax, then the resolution is adopted. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters 14 are opposed to the sales tax, then the resolution is void. 15

2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form:

16

17

impose a community improvement districtwide sales and use tax at the maximum rate of

Shall the (insert name of district) Community Improvement District

18 (insert amount) for a period of (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose of providing revenue for 19 20 (insert general description of the purpose)? 21 \Box YES \Box NO 22 23 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 24 25 3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.087, notify the director of the 26 27 department of revenue. The sales and use tax authorized by this section shall become effective 28 on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue 29 receives notice of the adoption of such tax. 30 4. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted pursuant to 31 this section pursuant to section 32.087] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the 32 provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the 33 administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition 34 to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority 35 of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and 36 37 under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of 38 revenue. 39 5. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed pursuant to this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when 40 41 so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt of the purchaser 42 to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. 43 6. [In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this 44 section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient 45 manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285. 46 47 48 section. 49 [8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed pursuant

[8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed pursuant
to this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall be deposited into a special trust
fund and expended solely for such purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax adopted

52 pursuant to this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used

53 solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the qualified voters. Any 54 funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested 55 by the board of directors pursuant to applicable laws relating to the investment of other district 56 for all

56 funds.

57 [9.] 8. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this 58 section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax unless the repeal of such sales and 59 use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, moneys 60 the district has borrowed or obligation the district has issued to finance any improvements or 61 services rendered for the district.

62 [10.] 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, an election for a district sales 63 and use tax under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this 64 section.

65 10. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087
 66 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1775. 1. The governing body of a city not within a county, or any county of this state may, after voter approval under this section, levy a sales tax not to exceed one-quarter of a cent 2 in the county or city, or city not within a county, for the purpose of providing services described 3 4 in section 210.861, including counseling, family support, and temporary residential services to persons nineteen years of age or less. The question shall be submitted to the qualified voters of 5 the county or city, or city not within a county, at a county or city or state general, primary or 6 special election upon the motion of the governing body of the county or city, or city not within 7 8 a county or upon the petition of eight percent of the qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, determined on the basis of the number of votes cast for governor in such 9 county at the last gubernatorial election held prior to the filing of the petition. The election 10 officials of the county or city, or city not within a county, shall give legal notice as provided in 11 chapter 115. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: 12

13 Shall County or City, solely for the purpose of establishing a community 14 children's services fund for the purpose of providing services to protect the well-being and safety 15 of children and youth nineteen years of age or less and to strengthen families, be authorized to 16 levy a sales tax of (not to exceed one-quarter of a cent) in the city or county?

 \Box NO

17 18

19 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor

 \Box YES

20 of the question, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the

21 first day of the second calendar quarter after the director receives notification of the local sales

tax. If a question receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, has submitted another question to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such question is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this section.

29 2. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the 30 director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 31 enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the 32 sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. 33 The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 34 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative 35 rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

36 3. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any 37 city or county, or city not within a county [, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 38 39 provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special fund, which 40 is hereby created, to be known as the "Community Children's Services Fund". [The moneys in 41 the city or county, or city not within a county, community children's services fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director 42 43 of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the fund which was collected 44 in each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each city or county, or city not within 45 46 a county, and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 47 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the fund during the preceding month by 48 distributing to the city or county treasurer, or the treasurer of a city not within a county, or such 49 other officer as may be designated by a city or county ordinance or order, or ordinance or order 50 of a city not within a county, of each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing the tax 51 authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the city or county.

4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to any city or county, or city not within a county, for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each city or county, or city not within a county, shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section, and **the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087.**

58 The director of revenue may order retention in the fund, for a period of one year, of two percent 59 of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. 60 61 After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city not within a county or such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the 62 balance in the account to the city or county, or city not within a county, and close the account of 63 that city or county, or city not within a county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or 64 county, or city not within a county, of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 65 66 redeemed from receipts due the city or county. 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 67

b) S. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087
c) shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

69 6. All revenues generated by the tax prescribed in this section shall be deposited in the 70 county treasury or, in a city not within a county, to the board established by law to administer 71 such fund to the credit of a special community children's services fund to accomplish the 72 purposes set out herein and in section 210.861, and shall be used for no other purpose. Such 73 fund shall be administered by a board of directors, established under section 210.861.

67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district 2 a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales of [food as defined in section 144.014, sales of] new or used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or other outboard motors, [all 3 utilities, telephone and wireless services,] and sales of funeral services, made on or after January 4 1, 2017, within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 5 144.010 to 144.525. Upon the written request of the board to the election authority of the county 6 7 in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, such election authority shall submit a proposition to the residents of such district at a municipal or statewide primary or general 8 9 election, or at a special election called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115. 10 11 2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the

12 following form at such election:

13 Shall the Tourism Community Enhancement District impose a sales tax of14 (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the district?

 \Box NO

15 16

17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed

18 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \Box YES

19

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the proposed district 21 voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall become effective on the first day 22 of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. 23 If the proposal receives less than the required majority, then the board shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the board shall again 24 25 have submitted another proposal to authorize the board to impose the sales tax authorized by this 26 section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the district. 27 67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District Act". 2 3 2. An exhibition center and recreational facility district may be created under this section 4 in the following counties: 5 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one thousand three 6 hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred inhabitants; 7 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight 8 thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants; 9 (3) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine 10 hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants; 11 (4) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two thousand six 12 hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred inhabitants; 13 (5) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants; 14 15 (6) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than eighteen thousand inhabitants; 16 17 (7) Any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven thousand but less 18 than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants; 19 (8) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and 20 with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand six 21 hundred inhabitants; 22 (9) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and 23 with more than nineteen thousand three hundred but less than nineteen thousand four hundred 24 inhabitants; 25 (10) Any county of the first classification with more than two hundred forty thousand three hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four hundred inhabitants; 26 27 (11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with 28 more than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than nine thousand inhabitants;

- (12) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and
 with more than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than nineteen thousand inhabitants;
 (13) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with
- 32 more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand one hundred inhabitants;
- (14) Any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with
 more than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than eleven thousand six hundred inhabitants.

35 3. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county listed 36 in subsection 2 of this section desire to create an exhibition center and recreational facility 37 district, the property owners shall file a petition with the governing body of each county located 38 within the boundaries of the proposed district requesting the creation of the district. The district 39 boundaries may include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall 40 contain the following information:

41 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real property 42 owned by the petitioner;

43 (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a map 44 illustrating the boundaries; and

45

(3) The name of the proposed district.

46 4. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county 47 described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any resolution 48 to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county located within 49 the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:

50

(1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;

(2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment of the proposeddistrict;

53

(3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; and

54 (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.

55 5. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing body of each 56 county located within the proposed district shall:

(1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one newspaper of
general circulation in each county located within the proposed district, with the first publication
to occur not more than thirty days before the hearing, and the second publication to occur not
more than fifteen days or less than ten days before the hearing;

61 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment of the 62 proposed district; and

63

(3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.

64

65

proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall adopt an order to that effect;

6. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located within the

if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish 66 67 the proposed district, the boundaries of the proposed district shall not include that county. The 68 order shall contain the following: (1) The description of the boundaries of the district; 69 70 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district has been established; 71 72 (3) The name of the district; (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section; 73 74 and 75 (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state. 76 7. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, primary, or special 77 election, submit to the qualified voters within the district boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of 78 one percent, for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, 79 which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, to fund the acquisition, 80 construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and 81 recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 82 Shall the (name of district) impose a sales tax of one-fourth 83 of one percent to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and 84 promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities, for a period of (insert 85 number of years)? 86 \Box YES \Box NO 87 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 88 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 89 90 91 If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the proposed district 92 favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county [that 93 is part of the proposed district on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following 94 the election as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of a 95 county that is a part of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that portion of such county 96 shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until after the county governing body has 97 submitted another such sales tax proposal and the proposal is approved by a majority of the 98 qualified voters voting thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing

99 body of the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section sooner than

100 twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant to this section. If the 101 qualified voters in two or more counties that have contiguous districts approve the sales tax 102 proposal, the districts shall combine to become one district.

103 8. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district created and the 104 expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section consisting of four individuals to 105 represent each county approving the district, as provided in this subsection. The governing body 106 of each county located within the district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall 107 appoint four members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging 108 business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall be an owner of a 109 lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and all members shall reside in the 110 district except that one nonlodging business owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility 111 owner, or their designee, may reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five 112 years of age and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, two 113 shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four years. Trustees appointed after 114 expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed to a four-year term by the governing body of the 115 county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a 116 successor is appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be 117 reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee vacating the 118 office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive compensation for their services, 119 but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and 120 other officers necessary for its membership. Trustees may be removed if:

(1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and submits suchmotion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee was appointed; and

123 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was appointed, by a 124 majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.

125

9. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and privileges:

126 (1) To have and use a corporate seal;

127

(2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;

128 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public 129 or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, 130 or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or 131 instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation interest rate exchange or swap 132 agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a 133 single exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such activity. "Recreational 134 facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or athletic activities; 135

136 (4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, 137 notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful funding methods the district 138 may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest as the district may determine. Any bonds, 139 notes, and other obligations issued or delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, 140 pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the 141 142 district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may be pledged, 143 assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or 144 priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be 145 146 authorized by resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature 147 at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rate or 148 149 rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound 150 interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such 151 manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such resolution may 152 provide, notwithstanding section 108.170. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold 153 at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine; 154

155 (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber real and 156 personal property in furtherance of district purposes;

(6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without an election.
The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the
original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal
rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the
payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;

162 (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of 163 the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district 164 improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services 165 or for the use of any of its facilities;

166

(8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;

167 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of property;

(10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not in conflict with
 the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying on of the business, objects, and
 affairs of the board and of the district; and

171 (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied 172 from the specific powers granted by this section.

173 10. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District 174 Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected pursuant to this 175 section. The director of revenue shall be custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund 176 shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be considered nonstate funds pursuant to section 15, article IV, Constitution of Missouri. The 177 178 director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the same manner as other funds are 179 invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. 180 All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the 181 district, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 182 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 183 184 of moneys in the trust fund which was collected in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to 185 this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the 186 general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall 187 distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district. The 188 director of revenue may authorize refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the 189 district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and 190 drafts deposited to the credit of the district.

191 11. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other sales taxes allowed 192 by law. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the 193 director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 194 enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state 195 of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax 196 imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 197 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 198 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

199 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 apply200 to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.

[12.] 13. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form: Shall the (name of district) extend the sales tax of one-fourth of one percent for a period of (insert number of years) years to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities?

210 □ YES □ NO
211
212 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed
213 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

214

215 If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the 216 rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the 217 district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall 218 not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 219 extension submitted.

220 [13.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any 221 means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes approved in the 222 ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while 223 the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, 224 debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation 225 incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax provided in this section or more 226 than ten years after any voter-approved extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the 227 sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations 228 outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current 229 expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12)230 of subsection 1 of section 30.270 or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the 231 district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action at 232 least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order 233 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 234 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem 235 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 236 after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall 237 remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director 238 of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 239 redeemed from receipts due the district.

240 [14.] 15. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the 241 governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the

242 district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall 243 take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond 244 with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the 245 dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and 246 exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining 247 obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and 248 take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears 249 to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the 250 district, whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee 251 shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the district all books, papers, 252 records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification with more 2 than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located 3 in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but 4 less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by 5 ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for 6 7 the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales 8 9 tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the governing authority of the city submits 10 to the qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the city to impose a tax. 11 12 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: 13 Shall the city of (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the city? 14 15 \Box YES \Box NO 16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 17 18 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 19 20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 21 of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on 22 the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following notification to the director of the 23 department of revenue of the election approving the proposal] as provided by section 32.087. 24 If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city 25 shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city

has submitted another proposal to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

30 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section, the city may 31 adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and administration of the tax:

32 (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the
 33 city officers usually responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; or

34 (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of 35 Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city 36 enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident 37 to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of 38 39 revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this 40 section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and 41 regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to exceed one percent for cost of collection. 42

43 4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be 44 45 considered delinquent thirty days after the last day of each quarter] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform 46 all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the 47 tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax 48 49 authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the 50 tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and 51 reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be 52 prescribed by the director of revenue.

53 [5.] 4. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales tax pursuant 54 to this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal of such sales tax signed by at 55 least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of the sales tax 56 to the qualified voters at any primary or general election. The ballot of submission shall be in 57 substantially the following form:

Shall (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of (insert rate of percent)
percent for tourism purposes now in effect in (insert name of city)?

- $60 \qquad \Box \text{ YES} \qquad \Box \text{ NO}$
- 61

62 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed63 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

64

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the repeal.

69 (2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds remaining in any trust 70 fund or account established to receive revenues generated by the tax shall be used solely for the 71 original stated purpose of the tax. Any funds which are not needed for current expenditures may 72 be invested by the governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the 73 investment of other city funds.

74 (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax pursuant to this section shall notify 75 the director of revenue of the action at least forty-five days before the effective date of the repeal 76 and the director of revenue may order retention in any trust fund created in the state treasury 77 associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 78 receipt of such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored 79 checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 80 effective date of repeal of the tax in the city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the 81 trust fund to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each 82 city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.

83 (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax pursuant to this section dissolves or 84 terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall appoint a person to act as 85 trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the 86 trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to the use of 87 88 the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have 89 and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining 90 obligations of the district, shall pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take 91 receipt for all remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver 92 to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging 93 to the dissolved district.

94 [6.] 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to
95 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the following 2 qualifications:

3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident registered 4 voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property owner or, as to those 5 subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are residents, a property owner or 6 representative of a property owner in the subdistrict he or she represents;

7

(2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the district.

8 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than fifteen subdistricts, 9 which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board 10 members shall have terms of four years, including the initial board of directors. All members 11 shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed 12 by the mayor or chairman of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected by the 13 property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters.

3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board of directors.

17 4. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property owners who 18 collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more than half of the land situated 19 in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a representative to serve upon the board of directors. 20 The clerk of the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in 21 writing by all property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made 22 once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the 23 last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day of the meeting required by this 24 section, to call a meeting of the owners of real property within the subdistrict at a day and hour 25 specified in a public place in the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the 26 purpose of electing members of the board of directors.

27 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election of a temporary 28 chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall be 29 conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible property owners voting in that subdistrict. At 30 the election, each acre of real property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and each 31 owner, including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for every acre 32 of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each voter which is not an 33 individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided for in its articles of incorporation, 34 articles of organization, articles of partnership, bylaws, or other document which sets forth an 35 appropriate mechanism for the determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such 36 mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the 37 day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the temporary

chairman and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is established by a municipalitydescribed in this section, or to the circuit clerk if the district is established by a circuit court.

6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or chairman of a city, town, or village described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of directors of the district.

7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall have the authority to appoint or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.

8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive
 powers, including:

(1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical, theatrical,
cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment events or activities, and
fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain, and operate public improvements,
transportation projects, and related facilities within the district;

57 58 (2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the district; and(3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.

59 9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board shall meet. At 60 its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a chairman from its members.

61 10. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, treasurer, and such62 other officers or employees as it deems necessary.

63 11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent64 fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.

A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a
majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any
board resolution.

13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] as provided by section 32.087.

14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.

15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530, the districtshall have the following general powers:

(1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process, which shallbe served upon the district secretary;

81

(2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;

82 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public 83 or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, 84 or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or 85 instrumentalities, for the funding, including without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap 86 agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a 87 district facility or to assist in such activity;

88 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage,
 89 and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;

90

(5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities;

91

(6) To collect taxes and other revenues;

92 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by certificates, 93 notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the purpose of paying all or 94 any part of the cost of land, construction, development, or equipping of any facilities or 95 operations of the district;

96 (8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection with the exercise of97 powers pursuant to this subsection;

98 (9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a chairman, 99 treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents of the district, and one 100 officer may hold more than one office;

101

(10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;

(11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists, agencies, or
 performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking of entertainment and the
 sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to the purposes of the district;

105 (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or individual 106 regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing, improving, maintaining, or 107 operating a project or to assist in such activity;

108 (13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district facilities and 109 improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth by contract;

(14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the district to accomplish
its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.

112 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other obligations for 113 any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other obligations:

(1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district, including costs ofissuance thereof;

(2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or other assets of thedistrict;

(3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged, assigned,mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;

(4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the district, shall
bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of forty years,
as the resolution shall specify;

(5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may provide; and

(6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and at such price
or prices as the district shall determine. The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the
district notwithstanding the provisions of section 108.170.

67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount as the district may deem 2 3 necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall have the benefit of the foregoing provisions regarding notes, bonds, and other obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, 4 5 refunding bonds may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding may be effected 6 7 whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or thereafter shall mature, either by 8 sale of the refunding bonds and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the 9 obligations being refunded or the exchange of the refunding bonds for the obligations being 10 refunded with the consent of the holders of the obligations being refunded.

1 2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the 12 responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not 13 constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the 14 state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they

15 are not obligations of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other 16 than the district.

17 3. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to one-half of one 18 percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Upon voter approval, and receiving the necessary 19 certifications from the governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or 20 21 from the circuit court if the district was formed by the circuit court, the board of directors shall 22 have the power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting thereafter. Voter 23 approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in accordance with section 67.2520. 24 [The sales tax shall become effective in those subdistricts that approve the sales tax on the first 25 day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the passage of a resolution by the board 26 of directors imposing the sales tax.

4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this
 section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district pursuant to this section to the
 retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a
 debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner
 as the purchase price.

32 5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this 33 section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 34 requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid 35 fractions of pennies, the district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the 36 district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 37 144.285.

38 — 6.] 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by this section
 39 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the purposes of the district.
 40 Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures
 41 may be invested by the district board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to
 42 the investment of other district funds.

43 [7.] 5. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one percent on the 44 receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within 45 the district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state 46 of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Any district sales tax 47 imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the 48 subdistricts approving the sales tax.

49 [8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all
 50 sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or

51 rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010

to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto;
 except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the
 tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.

55 9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, 56 the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 57 operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and 58 reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be 59 prescribed by the district.

60 — (2)] 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this 61 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 62 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for 63 the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The 64 tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 65 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 66 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

7. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a
special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep
accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the
records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.

71 [(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the 72 municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and, after deducting the cost of such 73 collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in 74 a special trust account. Such revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to 75 expenses, costs, or debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a 76 contract between the municipality and the district.

10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing
 the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality
 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in
 this section.

(2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons, and to
 the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant
 to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition
 and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
 (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by

86 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall

87 satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail

- 88 certificate shall be required; except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate
- 89 for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- 90 (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws
 91 for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made
 92 applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- 93 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for
 94 violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.
- 95 (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the 96 tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state 97 destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a 98 retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale 99 100 shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere 101 102 for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment, or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be 103 deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.
- (7) 8. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and implementation of a sales tax 104 105 in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of 106 one percent on retail sales as provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in 107 accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may 108 place the question of the increase of the sales tax before the voters of the district by resolution, 109 and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally conducted the incorporation 110 of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which originally conducted the incorporation of 111 the district, shall conduct the subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges 112 shall certify the election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of submission shall 113 be in substantially the following form: 114 Shall (name of district) increase the (insert amount) percent district
- 115 sales tax now in effect to..... (insert amount) in the (name of district)?
- 116 \Box YES \Box NO
- 117
- 118 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed
- 119 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 120

121 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon

- 122 are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become effective [December thirty-first of the
- 123 calendar year in which such increase was approved] as provided by section 32.087.
- 124 [11.] 9. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section while the 125 district has any financing or other obligations outstanding.
- (2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third of the registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election, or signed by at least two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an election to dissolve and repeal the tax shall submit the question to the voters using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was voted. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

 \Box NO

 \Box YES

- 133
- 134

135 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed136 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

137

Such subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place the question of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify the election results to the district board of directors.

(3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district
voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective December thirty-first of
the calendar year in which such repeal was approved or after the repayment of the district's
indebtedness, whichever occurs later. If the district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify
the director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective
date of the repeal.
[12.] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further

[12:] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the district should dissolve, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

156 Shall the theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be abolished?

157 \Box YES \Box NO

158

159 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed160 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

161 (2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district while there 162 are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the district is outstanding, or while the district is 163 164 insolvent, in receivership or under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting 165 the question to abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit the 166 district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the district may be abolished 167 pursuant to law. The vote on the abolition of the district shall be conducted by the municipal 168 clerk of the city, town, or village in which the district is located. The procedure shall be the same 169 as in section 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified voters of the 170 entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such time as the district is 171 abolished.

(3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues to which it isentitled at law.

(4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification by the city,
town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of those voting within the entire
district have voted to abolish the district, and if the state auditor has determined that the district's
financial condition is such that it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board of directors
of the district shall:

(a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and then transfer the
proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the district to the city, town, or village
in which the district is located, including revenues due and owing the district, for its further use
and disposition;

(b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and otherwiseconclude its affairs;

(c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board of directors
passed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished effective that date;

(d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the secretary of state and
the city, town, or village in which the district is located. Upon the completion of the final act
specified in this subsection, the legal existence of the district shall cease.

(5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of two years after voterapproval of the abolition.

192 11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 193 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the governing body 2 of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order 3 4 or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, 5 one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one 6 7 percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the 8 city's center city. The governing body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital 9 improvements, which will be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by 10 this section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the 11 12 city submits to the voters residing within the city at a state or municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax under this 13 14 section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed 15 by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. 16 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially 17 the following form: 18 Shall (insert the name of the city) impose a sales tax at a rate of 19(insert rate of percent) percent for [a] capital improvements purposes in the city's center 20 city for a period of (insert number of years, not to exceed three) years? 21 \Box YES \Box NO 22 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 23 of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter 24

24 of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calculat quarter 25 after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax. If a majority of the 26 votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then 27 the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section 28 to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 29 on the question. In no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the qualified voters of the city sooner 30 than twelve months from the date of the proposal under this section. 31 3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced.

3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, 3. and operated as required in [section] sections 32.085 to 32.087. All revenue generated by the 3. tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. 3. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely

for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

38 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the 39 amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments 40 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any 41 city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days 42 before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust 43 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice 44 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 45 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 46 abolition of the tax in such city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each 47 instance of any amount refunded. 48

5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

55

56 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become 57 effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a 58 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 59 the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority 60 of the qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city 61 62 or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days 63 prior to the effective date of the repeal.

64 6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in 65 this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city voting 66 in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this 67 section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If 68 a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of 69 the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in 70 which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified

voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by

a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

74 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087
75 apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.

94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote of its governingbody impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.600 to 94.655.

2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.

7 3. With respect to any tax increment financing plan originally approved by ordinance of 8 the city council after March 31, 2009, in any home rule city with more than four hundred 9 thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, any three-eighths of one cent sales tax imposed under sections 94.600 to 94.655 shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such 10 term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from such taxes shall 11 not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 12 13 4 of section 99.957. Any one-eighth of one cent sales tax imposed in such city under sections 14 94.600 to 94.655 for constructing and operating a light-rail transit system shall not be considered 15 economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax 16 revenues derived from such tax shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of 17 subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

18 [4. If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter 19 be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United 20 States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be 21 22 accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached 23 therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.600 to 94.655 24 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date 25 of the change of the city boundary.]

94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any county of the first
classification having a charter form of government with a population of over nine hundred
thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one
percent for submission to the voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected
by the governing body.

6 2. Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on the receipts from the 7 sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the city or county 8 adopting the tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri 9 under sections 144.010 to 144.525.

3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the followinglanguage:

12 Shall the county/city of (county's or city's name) impose a county/city-wide 13 sales tax of percent for the purpose of providing a source of funds for public 14 transportation purposes?

 \Box NO

 \Box YES

- 15
- 16

17 Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of 18 the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect [on the first day of the next calendar quarter 19 20 beginning after its adoption and notice to the director of revenue, but no sooner than thirty days 21 after such adoption and notice] as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast 22 in that county or city not within a county by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the 23 proposal, then the additional sales tax shall not be imposed in that county or city not within a 24 county unless and until the governing body of that county or city not within a county shall have 25 submitted another proposal to authorize the local option transportation sales tax authorized in this section, and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on it. In 26 27 no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal. 28

4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any
county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine
hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.

5. The provisions of subsection 4 of this section requiring both the city and county to approve a transportation sales tax before a transportation sales tax may go into effect in either jurisdiction shall not apply to any transportation sales tax submitted to and approved by the voters in such city or such county on or after August 28, 2007.

6. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public Transit Sales Tax Trust Fund". The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 32.087. The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled

42 with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 43 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each city or county approving a sales tax under 44 this section, and the records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the 45 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied 46 the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such city or county and all 47 48 expenditures of funds arising from the county public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or city not within a 49 50 county.

7. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this section shall be used
only for the planning, development, acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of
public transit facilities and systems other than highways.

54 8. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and 55 56 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 57 such cities or counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the 58 director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and 59 the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 60 percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 61 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 62 such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in 63 the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of 64 revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 65 redeemed from receipts due the city or county. 66

94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755, and issue bonds for 2 transportation purposes which shall be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax 3 4 authorized by this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions 5 6 of this section shall become effective unless the council or other governing body submits to the 7 voters of the city, at a city or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize 8 the council or other governing body of the city to impose such a sales tax and, if such tax is to 9 be used to retire bonds authorized pursuant to this section, to authorize such bonds and their 10 retirement by such tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that imposed and

11	collected such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 5, 1984. The ballot of the
12	submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language:
13	(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized
14	by this section, the following language:
15	Shall the city of (city's name) impose a sales tax of
16	(insert amount) for transportation purposes?
17	\Box YES \Box NO
18	
19	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed
20	to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No";
21	(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and repay such bonds
22	with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the following language:
23	Shall the city of (city's name) issue bonds in the amount of
24	(insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose a sales tax of
25	(insert amount) to repay such bonds?
26	\Box YES \Box NO
27	
28	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed
29	to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".
30	
31	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by
32	the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance and any
33	amendments thereto shall be in effect. If the four-sevenths majority of the votes, as required by
34	the Missouri Constitution, article VI, section 26, cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision
35	(2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the qualified
36	voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance and any amendments
37	thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, as provided in
38	subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the
39	proposal, then the council or other governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the
40	tax authorized in subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other
41	governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing
42	body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified
43	voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting
44	thereon are opposed to the proposal, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue
45	bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body of
46	the city shall have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized in subdivision

47 (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits

another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to issue such bonds
or impose the tax to retire such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the
gualified voters voting thereon.

2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.

3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.

60 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter 61 be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States 62 registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied 63 64 by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon 65 receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be effective 66 in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary. 67 68 -5.] No tax imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of retiring bonds issued

69 pursuant to this section may be terminated until all of such bonds have been retired.

144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in [sections 144.010
2 to 144.525] this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except when
3 the context indicates a different meaning:

4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and other similar 5 accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for admission, exclusive of any 6 admission tax imposed by the federal government or by sections 144.010 to 144.525;

7 (2) "Advertising and promotional direct mail", printed material that meets the 8 definition of direct mail, the primary purpose of which is to attract public attention to a 9 product, person, business, or organization or to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure 10 financial support for a product, person, business, or organization. As used in this 11 subdivision, the word "product" means tangible personal property, a product transferred 12 electronically, or a service;

13 (3) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as amended from 14 time to time:

15 (4) "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service", a radio service, as that term is defined 16 in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio 17 telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft;

18 (5) "Alcoholic beverages", beverages that are suitable for human consumption and 19 contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume;

20 (6) "Ancillary services", services that are associated with or incidental to the 21 provisions of telecommunications services including, but not limited to, detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services. 22 23 Ancillary services shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, 24 digital audio works, or digital books;

(7) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors, 25 26 dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators, 27 and freezers:

28 (8) "Bottled water", water that is placed in a safety sealed container or package for 29 human consumption. Bottled water is calorie free and shall not contain sweeteners or 30 other additives except that it may contain:

- 31 (a) Antimicrobial agents;
- 32 (b) Fluoride;
- 33 (c) Carbonation;
- 34 (d) Vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes;
- 35 (e) Oxygen;
- 36 (f) Preservatives; or

37 (g) Only those flavors, extracts, or essences derived from a spice or fruit.

38

39 Bottled water includes water that is delivered to the buyer in a reusable container that is 40 not sold with the water:

41

(9) "Bundled transaction": 42 (a) The retail sale of two or more products, except real property and services to real 43 property, where the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and the products are 44 sold for one nonitemized price. A bundled transaction shall not include the sale of any 45 products in which the sales price varies or is negotiable based on the selection by the

purchaser of the products included in the transaction; 46

47 (b) As used in this subdivision, the term "distinct and identifiable products" shall not include: 48

a. Packaging, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles, or other materials,
such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the
products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof;

52 b. A product provided free of charge with the required purchase of another 53 product. A product is provided free of charge if the sales price of the product purchased 54 does not vary depending on the inclusion of the product provided free of charge; or

55

c. Items included in the definition of the term sales price;

(c) As used in this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" shall not include a price that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form including, but not limited to, an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement, lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or price list; and

61 (d) a. A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction
62 as defined in this subdivision shall not constitute a bundled transaction if it is:

(i) A retail sale of tangible personal property and a service where the tangible
 personal property is essential to the use of the service and is provided exclusively in
 connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service;

66 (ii) A retail sale of services where one service is provided that is essential to the use 67 of receipt of a second service, the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the 68 second service, and the true object of the transaction is the second service; or

(iii) A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the
 sales price of the taxable products is de minimis;

b. "De minimis" means the sales price of the taxable product is ten percent or less
of the total sales price of the bundled products;

c. Sellers shall use the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable
products are de minimis; and

d. (i) Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to determine if the taxable
products are de minimis; or

(ii) A retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personal
 property if:

i. The transaction included food and food ingredients, drugs, durable medical
 equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices, or
 medical supplies; and

82 ii. The seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal
 83 property is fifty percent or less of the total sales price of the bundled tangible personal

84 property. Sellers shall not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the 85 tangible personal property if making the fifty percent determination for a transaction;

- 86 (10) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged 87 in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the 88 classification of which business is of such character as to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. A person is "engaging in business" in this state for purposes of sections 89 90 144.010 to 144.525 if such person "engages in business in this state" or "maintains a place of 91 business in this state" under section 144.605. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal 92 property, service, substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such business, does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of sections 144.010 to 144.525 unless the 93 94 total amount of the gross receipts from such sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible 95 personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any 96 97 calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of 98 property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to that tax thereafter;
- 99 [(3)] (11) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months
 100 ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth, or December thirty-first;
- 101 (12) "Call-by-call basis", any method of charging for telecommunications services
 102 in which the price is measured by individual calls;
- (13) "Candy", a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other ingredients or flavorings
 in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. Candy shall not include any preparation containing
 flour and shall require no refrigeration;

(14) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge,
northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer,
captive elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of
conservation for hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales
tax on a harvested animal;

(15) "Certified automated system" or "CAS", software certified under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, to determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and to maintain a record of the transaction;

(16) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified under the
streamlined sales and use tax agreement to perform all the seller's sales and use tax
functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;

119 (17) "Clothing":

120	(a) All human wearing apparel suitable for general use;
121	(b) Clothing shall include:
122	a. Aprons, household and shop;
123	b. Athletic supporters;
124	c. Baby receiving blankets;
125	d. Bathing suits and caps;
126	e. Beach capes and coats;
127	f. Belts and suspenders;
128	g. Boots;
129	h. Coats and jackets;
130	i. Costumes;
131	j. Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
132	k. Ear muffs;
133	l. Footlets;
134	m. Formal wear;
135	n. Garters and garter belts;
136	o. Girdles;
137	p. Gloves and mittens for general use;
138	q. Hats and caps;
139	r. Hosiery;
140	s. Insoles for shoes;
141	t. Lab coats;
142	u. Neckties;
143	v. Overshoes;
144	w. Pantyhose;
145	x. Rainwear;
146	y. Rubber pants;
147	z. Sandals;
148	aa. Scarves;
149	bb. Shoes and shoe laces;
150	cc. Slippers;
151	dd. Sneakers;
152	ee. Socks and stockings;
153	ff. Steel-toed shoes;
154	gg. Underwear;
155	hh. Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and

- 156 ii. Wedding apparel; and
- 157 (c) Clothing shall not include:
- **a. Belt buckles sold separately;**
- 159 **b.** Costume masks sold separately;
- 160 c. Patches and emblems sold separately;
- 161d. Sewing equipment and supplies including, but not limited to, knitting needles,162patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing needles, tape measures, and thimbles; or
- e. Sewing materials that become part of clothing including, but not limited to,
 buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;
- (18) "Clothing accessories and equipment", incidental items worn on the person
 or in conjunction with clothing. Clothing accessories and equipment is mutually exclusive
 of clothing, sport or recreational equipment, and protective equipment;
- (19) "Coin-operated telephone service", a telecommunications service paid for by
 inserting money into a telephone accepting direct deposits of money to operate;
- (20) "Communications channel", a physical or virtual path of communications over
 which signals are transmitted between or among customer channel termination points;
- (21) "Computer", an electronic device that accepts information in digital or similar
 form and manipulates it for a result based on a sequence of instructions;
- (22) "Computer software", a set of coded instructions designed to cause a computer
 or automatic data processing equipment to perform a task. Computer software shall not
 include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital
 books;
- (23) "Conference bridging service", an ancillary service that links two or more
 participants of an audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a
 telephone number. Conference bridging service shall not include the telecommunications
 services used to reach the conference bridge;
- 182 (24) "Customer", the person or entity that contracts with the seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of the telecommunications service is not the 183 184 contracting party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 185 telecommunications service, but this definition only applies to the purpose of sourcing sales 186 of telecommunications services under section 144.043. Customer shall not include a 187 reseller of telecommunications service or, for mobile telecommunications, service of a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home service 188 189 provider's licensed service area;
- (25) "Customer channel termination point", the location where the customer either
 inputs or receives the communication;

(26) "Delivered electronically", delivered to the purchaser by means other than
 tangible storage media;

(27) "Delivery charges", charges by the seller of personal property or services for
 preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property
 or services including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping, postage, handling,
 crating, and packing;

198 (28) "Detailed telecommunications billing service", an ancillary service of 199 separately stated information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing 200 statement;

201 "Dietary supplement", any product, other than tobacco, intended to (29) 202 supplement the diet that contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a 203 vitamin, a mineral, an herb or other botanical, an amino acid, a dietary substance for use 204 by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake, or a concentrate, 205 metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described above; that is 206 intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form or, if not 207 intended for ingestion in such a form, is not represented as a conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and that is required to be labeled 208 209 as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the supplemental facts box found on the label and 210 as required under 21 CFR Section 101.36;

211 (30) "Digital audio works", works that result from the fixation of a series of 212 musical, spoken, or other sounds, including ringtones;

(31) "Digital audio-visual works", a series of related images that if shown in
 succession impart an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds if any;

(32) "Digital books", works that are generally recognized in the ordinary and usual
 sense as books;

(33) "Direct mail", printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser if the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. Direct mail shall include tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. Direct mail shall not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address;

(34) "Directory assistance", an ancillary service of providing telephone number
 information or address information;

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(35) "Drug", a compound, substance, or preparation, and any component of a

227 compound, substance, or preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary supplements, alcoholic beverages, or grooming and hygiene products: 228 229 (a) Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic 230 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, official National Formulary, or a supplement to any 231 of them; 232 (b) Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of 233 disease; or 234 (c) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body. 235 236 Drug shall include insulin and medical oxygen; 237 (36) "Durable medical equipment", equipment, including repair and replacement

238 parts for same, excluding mobility enhancing equipment. Durable medical equipment:

239 (a) Can withstand repeated use;

240 (b) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;

241 (c) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury;

242 (d) Is not worn in or on the body;

243 (e) Is for home use;

244 (f) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare 245 reimbursement; and

246 (g) Shall not include:

a. Kidney dialysis equipment not worn in or on the body, including repair andreplacement parts; and

b. Enteral feeding systems not worn in or on the body, including repair andreplacement parts.

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As used in this subdivision, repair and replacement parts shall include all components or attachments used in conjunction with the durable medical equipment;

(37) "Electronic", relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic,
 wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities;

(38) "End user", the person who utilizes the telecommunication service. In case of
 an entity, "end user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;

(39) "Energy star qualified product", a product that meets the energy efficient
guidelines set by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States
Department of Energy and that is authorized to carry the Energy Star label. Covered

261 products are those listed at www.energystar.gov or a successor address;

262 (40) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:

263 (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect sales tax under sections 264 265 144.010 to 144.525; or

266

(b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling representatives; or 267 (c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within this state if any 268 person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has substantial 269 nexus with this state:

270 a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a 271 similar business name;

272 b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar 273 place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the 274 vendor to the vendor's customers:

275 c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the vendor's 276 customers within the state;

277 d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing 278 the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution 279 facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in 280 the state; or

281 e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with 282 the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales; and

283 (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the 284 person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to 285 establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales; and

286 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to engage in 287 business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more 288 residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, 289 directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, 290 an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor if the cumulative 291 gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the 292 vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten 293 thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months; and

294 (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the 295 residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the 296 state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the 297 vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist

of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year, provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;

302 (41) "Food and food ingredients", substances, whether in liquid, concentrated,
 303 solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans
 304 and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. Food and food ingredients shall not
 305 include alcoholic beverages, tobacco, or dietary supplements;

306 (42) "Food sold through vending machines", food dispensed from a machine or
 307 other mechanical device that accepts payment;

308 (43) "Grooming and hygiene products", soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo,
309 toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and suntan lotions and screens, regardless of
310 whether the items meet the definition of over-the-counter-drugs;

311

[(4)] (44) "Gross receipts"[,] or "sales price":

312 (a) Except as provided in section 144.012, [means the total amount of the sale price of 313 the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of credit that 314 are a part of such sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term "gross receipts" shall not 315 316 include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is 317 refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 to 318 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically 319 exempted. For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total amount of the sale price 320 above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible 321 personal property is granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be 322 323 taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable as if outright sale 324 were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by 325 the lessee upon the rentals paid; 326 $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ applies to the measure subject to sales tax and means the total amount of 327 consideration, including cash, credit, property, and services, for which personal property

328 or services are sold, leased, or rented and is valued in money, whether received in money

329 or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

a. The seller's cost of the property sold;

b. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the seller;

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335

c. Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;

- 336 **d. Delivery charges; and**
- **e.** Credit for any trade-in;
- 338 (b) The term shall not include:

a. Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not reimbursed by a third
 party and that are allowed by a seller and taken by a purchaser on a sale;

b. Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of
personal property or services if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale,
or similar document given to the purchaser; and

c. Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are separately stated on
 the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser; and

346 (c) Shall include consideration received by the seller from third parties if:

a. The seller actually receives consideration from a party other than the purchaser,
and the consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;

b. The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through tothe purchaser;

351c. The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and352determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the item to the purchaser; and

353

d. One of the following criteria is met:

(i) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate, or documentation is authorized, distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, certificate, or documentation is presented;

(ii) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a member of a group
 or organization entitled to a price reduction or discount. A preferred customer card that
 is available to any patron shall not constitute membership in such a group; or

(iii) The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price reduction
 or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate, or other
 documentation presented by the purchaser;

365 (45) "Home service provider", the same as such term is defined under the Mobile
366 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, Section 124(5) of P.L. 106-252;

367 (46) "Instructional class", includes any class, lesson, or instruction intended or used for368 teaching;

369 (47) "Lease or rental":

(a) Any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal property for a fixed
or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease or rental may include future options to
purchase or extend;

373

(b) Lease or rental shall not include:

a. A transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
 deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
 payments;

b. A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires
the transfer of title upon completion of required payments if the payment of an option
price does not exceed the greater of one hundred dollars or one percent of the total
required payments; or

c. Providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or
 indeterminate period of time, provided that the operator is necessary for the equipment to
 perform as designed and that the operator does more than maintain, inspect, or set up the
 tangible personal property; and

(c) Lease or rental includes agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers if the
 amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount
 realized upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 7701(h)(1),
 as amended;

(48) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, with
a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, that is primarily used for recreational
flying or flight training;

(49) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured light aircraft parts and components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts, that make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified light aircraft purchaser for recreational and educational purposes;

(50) "Light aircraft parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts,
including air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified light aircraft
purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already
completed light aircraft;

401 [(6)] (51) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited
402 to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, elk
403 documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine,
404 or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;

405 [(7)] (52) "Load and leave", delivery to the purchaser by use of a tangible storage
 406 media if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser;

407 (53) "Maintains a place of business in this state", includes maintaining, occupying,
408 or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, or through a subsidiary or
409 agent, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or
410 place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business;

411 (54) "Mobile telecommunications service", the same as such term is defined under
412 the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, Section 124(7) of P.L. 106-252;

413 (55) "Mobility enhancing equipment", equipment, including repair and 414 replacement parts to the same, that:

(a) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move
from one place to another and that is appropriate for use either in a home or a motor
vehicle;

418 (

(b) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and

419 (c) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare
 420 reimbursement.

421

422 Mobility enhancing equipment shall not include durable medical equipment or any motor
423 vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle
424 manufacturer;

425 (56) "Model 1 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has selected a
426 certified service provider as its agent to perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions,
427 other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;

428 (57) "Model 2 seller", a seller that has selected a certified automated system (CAS)
429 to perform part of its sales and use tax functions, but retains responsibility for remitting
430 the tax;

(58) "Model 3 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue of at least five hundred million dollars, has a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax performance standard for the seller. As used in this subdivision, a seller shall include an affiliated group of sellers using the same proprietary system;

437 (59) "Model 4 seller", a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a
438 model 1 seller, a model 2 seller, or a model 3 seller;

(60) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company obtaining a permit from
the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons renting

441 or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to

obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section144.070, as hereinafter provided;

444 [(8)] (61) "Other direct mail", any direct mail that is not advertising and 445 promotional direct mail regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is 446 included in the same mailing. Other direct mail includes, but is not limited to:

(a) Transactional direct mail that contains personal information specific to the one
addressee including, but not limited to, invoices, bills, statements of account, and payroll
advices;

(b) Any legally required mailings including, but not limited to, privacy notices, tax
 reports, and stockholder reports; and

452 (c) Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or former shareholders, 453 customers, employees, or agents including, but not limited to, newsletters and 454 informational pieces.

455

456 Other direct mail shall not include the development of billing information or the provision
457 of any data processing service that is more than incidental;

458 (62) "Over-the-counter-drug", a drug, excluding grooming and hygiene products,
459 that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 CFR Section
460 201.66 and includes:

461 (a) A drug facts panel; or

462 (b) A statement of the active ingredients with a list of those ingredients contained
463 in the compound, substance, or preparation;

(63) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association,
corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political
subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, [except the state
transportation department,] estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state
or federal court, syndicate, [or] any other group or combination acting as a unit, or any other
legal entity, and the plural as well as the singular number;

470 [(9)] (64) "Place of primary use", the street address representative of where the 471 customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the 472 residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In the 473 case of mobile telecommunications services, place of primary use shall be within the 474 licensed service area of the home service provider;

475 (65) "Post-paid calling service", the telecommunications service obtained by 476 making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment

477 mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card or by charge made 478 to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination or termination of the 479 telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications 480 service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid calling service 481 except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service;

(66) "Prepaid calling service", the right to access exclusive telecommunications
services that is paid for in advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access
number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold
in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known
amount;

(67) "Prepaid wireless calling service", a telecommunications service that provides
the right to utilize mobile wireless services as well as other nontelecommunications services,
including the download of digital products delivered electronically and content and
ancillary services, that is paid for in advance, and that is sold in predetermined units or
dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount;

492 (68) "Prepared food", food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; two or 493 more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item; or food 494 sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, 495 glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A plate shall not include a container or packaging used 496 to transport the food. Prepared food shall not include food that is only cut, repackaged, 497 or pasteurized by the seller or eggs, fish, meat, poultry, or foods containing these raw 498 animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug 499 Administration in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the Food Code so as to prevent foodborne 500 illnesses:

501 (69) "Prescription", an order, formula, or recipe issued in any form of oral, 502 written, electronic, or other means of transmission by a duly licensed practitioner 503 authorized by the laws of the state;

504 (70) "Prewritten computer software", computer software, including prewritten 505 upgrades, that is not designed and developed by the author or other creator to the 506 specifications of a specific purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer 507 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the combination to be 508 other than prewritten computer software. Prewritten computer software shall include 509 software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a 510 specific purchaser if it is sold to a person other than the specific purchaser. If a person 511 modifies or enhances computer software of which the person is not the author or creator, 512 the person shall be deemed to be the author or creator only of such person's modifications

513 or enhancements. Prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion thereof that is 514 modified or enhanced to any degree, if such modification or enhancement is designed and 515 developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains prewritten computer 516 software, provided that, if there is a reasonable, separately stated charge or an invoice or 517 other statement of the price given to the purchaser, then such modification or enhancement 518 shall not constitute prewritten computer software;

(71) "Private communication service", a telecommunications service that entitles 519 520 the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels 521 between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or 522 channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any 523 other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or 524 channels;

525 (72) "Product-based exemption", an exemption based on the description of the 526 product and not based on who purchases the product or how the purchaser intends to use 527 the product;

528 (73) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption", 529 tangible personal property or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes or any tax that is substantially equivalent to these taxes in this state or any other state; 530

531 (74) "Prosthetic device", a replacement, corrective, or supportive device, including 532 repair and replacement parts for the same, worn on or in the body to artificially replace 533 a missing portion of the body, prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction, or 534 support a weak or deformed portion of the body. The term "prosthetic device" shall not 535 include corrective eveglasses or contact lenses and shall be limited to the classification of 536 devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;

537 (75) "Protective equipment", items for human wear and designed as protection of 538 the wearer against injury or disease or as protection against damage or injury of other 539 persons or property but not suitable for general use. Protective equipment is mutually 540 exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and sport or recreational 541 equipment;

542 (76) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of or title to tangible personal 543 property through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use, or consumption 544 in this state;

545 (77) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax and has the same 546 meaning as sales price:

547 (78) "Purchaser" [means], a person [who purchases tangible] to whom a sale of personal property is made or to whom [are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable 548 549 under sections 144.010 to 144.525] a service is furnished;

550 [(10)] (79) "Qualified light aircraft purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, 551 light aircraft kit, or light aircraft parts or components who is a nonresident of this state; 552 who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, or light aircraft parts or components 553 outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase; and who will register any light 554 aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such 555 aircraft in this state, and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such 556 purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state;

557 (80) "Receive" or "receipt", taking possession of tangible personal property, 558 making first use of services, or taking possession or making first use of digital goods, 559 whichever comes first. Receive or receipt shall not include possession by a shipping 560 company on behalf of the purchaser;

561 (81) "Registered under the agreement", registration by a seller with the member 562 states under the central registration system provided in article IV of the agreement;

563 (82) "Research or experimentation activities" are the development of an experimental 564 or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the improvement of 565 existing property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities 566 such as ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, efficiency 567 surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, historical or similar 568 projects;

569 [(11) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of 570 properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and 571 means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means 572 whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services 573 574 herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525; 575 (12) (83) "Sale at retail" [means any transfer made by any person engaged in business

as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for 576 577 use or consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed 578 579 thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, 580 optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to 581 be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, 582 computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a

583 purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information 584 contained in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and 585 computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service and not as the 586 sale of tangible personal property] or "retail sale", any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose 587 other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. Purchases of tangible personal property made 588 by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists, and veterinarians and used in the 589 practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and 590 not for resale. Where necessary to conform to the context of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 591 the tax imposed thereby, the term "sale at retail" shall be construed to embrace:

(a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of
 amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts paid for
 any instructional class;

(b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic,
 commercial or industrial consumers;

597 (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications 598 subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the 599 transmission of messages and conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or 600 services pertaining or incidental thereto;

601

(d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;

(e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern,
inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or other place in
which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public; and

605 (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express 606 car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and 607 railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the 608 transportation of persons for hire;

609

(84) "School art supply":

(a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study for artwork. The term
 is mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, school instructional material, and school
 computer supply; and

- 613 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 614 **a.** Clay and glazes;
- **b.** Paints: acrylic, tempera, and oil;
- 616 c. Paintbrushes for artwork;
- 617 **d. Sketch and drawing pads; and**
- 618 e. Watercolors;

- 619 (85) "School computer supply":
- 620 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study in which a computer 621 is used. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, school art supply, and 622 school instructional material; and
- 623 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 624 a. Computer storage media, diskettes, and compact disks;
- 625 b. Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that are cellular phones;
- 626 c. Personal digital assistants, except devices that are cellular phones; and
- 627 d. Computer printers and printer supplies for computers, printer paper, and 628 printer ink;
- 629
- (86) "School instructional material":
- 630 (a) Written material commonly used by a student in a course of study as a reference 631 and to learn the subject being taught. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school 632 supply, school art supply, and school computer supply; and
- 633 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 634 a. Reference books;
- 635 b. Reference maps and globes;
- 636 c. Textbooks; and
- 637 d. Workbooks;
- 638 (87) "School supply":
- 639 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school art supply, school instructional material, and school computer 640
- 641 supply; and
- 642 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 643 a. Binders:
- 644 b. Book bags;
- 645 c. Calculators:
- 646 d. Cellophane tape;
- 647 e. Blackboard chalk;
- 648 f. Compasses;
- 649 g. Composition books;
- 650 h. Crayons;
- 651 i. Erasers;
- 652 j. Folders: expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila;
- 653 k. Glue, paste, and paste sticks;
- 654 **l.** Highlighters:

- 655 m. Index cards;
- 656 **n. Index card boxes;**
- **o.** Legal pads;
- 658 p. Lunch boxes;
- discrete 659 q. Markers;
- 660 r. Notebooks;
- 661 s. Paper: loose leaf, notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper, tracing paper, 662 manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and construction paper;
- 663 t. Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes;
- 664 u. Pencil sharpeners;
- 665 v. Pencils;
- 666 w. Pens;
- 667 **x. Protractors;**
- 668 **y. Rulers**;
- 669 z. Scissors; and
- 670 **aa. Writing tablets;**

[(13)] (88) "Seller" [means], a person [selling or furnishing tangible] making sales,
 leases, or rentals of personal property or [rendering services, on the receipts from which a tax
 is imposed pursuant to section 144.020] services;

- (89) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal if such principal is not registered with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed under this chapter and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal if such property is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
- 679 (90) "Service address":

(a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call
is charged and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of where the call
is billed or paid;

(b) If the location in paragraph (a) of this subdivision is not known, "service
address" means the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications services first
identified by either the seller's telecommunications system or by information received by
the seller from its service provider if the system used to transport such signals is not that
of the seller; and

688 (c) If the location in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision is not known, the 689 service address shall be the location of the customer's place of primary use;

(91) "Specified digital products", electronically transferred digital audio-visual
 works, digital audio works, and digital books;

(92) "Sport or recreational equipment", items designed for human use and worn
in conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity that are not suitable for general use.
Sport or recreational equipment is mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or
equipment, and protective equipment;

696 (93) "State", any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the 697 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

(94) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal property
 purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or
 retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;

(95) "Tangible personal property", personal property that can be seen, weighed,
measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses.
Tangible personal property shall include electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten
computer software. Tangible personal property shall not include specified digital
products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;

[(14) The noun] (96) "Tax" [means], either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may require;

710 (97) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit the tax levied
711 by this chapter;

(98) "Telecommunications nonrecurring charges", an amount billed for the
 installation, connection, change, or initiation of telecommunications service received by the
 customer;

715 [(15)] (99) "Telecommunications service"[, for the purpose of this chapter, the 716 transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, "information" means knowledge or intelligence 717 718 represented by any form of writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols. 719 Telecommunications service does not include the following if such services are separately stated 720 on the customer's bill or on records of the seller maintained in the ordinary course of business: 721 (a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or electronic 722 publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications service used to provide 723 such access:

724 (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;

- (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile radio
 services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or enhanced specialized
 mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or
 (d) Cable or satellite television or music services; and
 (16) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption"
- means tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes,
 or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state.]:
- (a) The electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video,
 or any other information or signals to a point or between or among points;
- (b) Telecommunications service shall include such transmission, conveyance, or
 routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or
 protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard
 to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol services or is classified
 by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added;
- (c) Telecommunications service shall include air-to-ground radiotelephone service,
 mobile telecommunications service, post-paid calling service, prepaid calling service,
 prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication service; and
- 742
- (d) Telecommunications service shall not include:
- a. Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated,
 acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a
 purchaser if such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the
 processed data or information;
- b. Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a customer's premises;
- 748 c. Tangible personal property;
- 749 d. Advertising including, but not limited to, directory advertising;
- 750 e. Billing and collection services provided to third parties;
- 751 **f.** Internet access service;
- g. Radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the
 medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such services
 by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming
 services shall include, but not be limited to, cable service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section
 522(6), and audio and video programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio
 service providers, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3;
- 758 h. Ancillary services; or
- 759 i. Digital products delivered electronically including, but not limited to, software,
 760 music, video, reading materials, or ring tones;

761 (100) "Transportation equipment", any of the following:

(a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the carriage of persons or
 property in interstate commerce;

(b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle weight rating of ten thousand
 one pounds or greater, trailers, semitrailers, or passenger buses that are:

766 **a. Registered through the International Registration Plan; and**

b. Operated under authority of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United
 States Department of Transportation or another federal authority to engage in the carriage
 of persons or property in interstate commerce;

(c) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and certificated by the
 United States Department of Transportation or another federal or a foreign authority to
 engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce; or

(d) Containers designed for use on and component parts attached or secured on the
items set forth in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subdivision;

(101) "Tobacco", cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or any other item that
 contains tobacco;

(102) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property
incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it shall not include the
temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the state or the sale
of the property in the regular course of business;

(103) "Use-based exemption", an exemption based on a specified use of the product
by the purchaser;

783 (104) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible personal 784 property by mail order, by advertising, by agent, or by peddling, soliciting, or taking 785 orders for sales of tangible personal property for storage, use, or consumption in this state; 786 all salespersons, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers, or canvassers, 787 as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals, or employers 788 under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them; every person who maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of 789 790 goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this state; and every person who 791 engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise 792 vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are making sales on 793 their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, 794 principals, or employers shall be regarded as vendors, and the dealers, distributors, 795 consignors, supervisors, principals, or employers shall be regarded as vendors for the 796 purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.

2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525, and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term "manufactured homes" shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010.

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3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales Tax Law".

144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, beginning October
1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections
144.600 to 144.746 on all retail sales of food **and food ingredients** shall be at the rate of one
percent. The revenue derived from the one percent rate pursuant to this section shall be
deposited by the state treasurer in the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as
provided in section 144.701.

2. [For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only those products and 7 8 types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed pursuant to the provisions of the Federal 9 Food Stamp Program as contained in 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it 10 may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. For the purpose of this section,] Except for food sold through vending [machine sales, the term 11 "food"] machines, subsection 1 of this section shall not [include] apply to food or drink sold 12 13 by any establishment where the gross receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such 14 establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, regardless of whether 15 such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that establishment, including, but not limited 16 to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or café. 17

144.022. 1. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any of the following:
2 telecommunications service, ancillary service, internet access, or audio or video
3 programming service:

4 (1) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are 5 nontaxable, the portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products may be subject 6 to tax unless the provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards such portion 7 from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other 8 purposes including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;

9 (2) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax at different tax 10 rates, the total price shall be treated as attributable to the products subject to tax at the 11 highest tax rate unless the provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the 12 portion of the price attributable to the products subject to tax at the lower rate from its 13 books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes 14 including, but not limited to, nontax purposes; and

15 (3) The provisions of this section shall apply unless otherwise provided by federal
16 law.

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 2. In the case of a transaction that includes an optional computer software
 18 maintenance contract for prewritten computer software, the following provisions apply:

(1) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the
 vendor to provide upgrades and updates, it shall be characterized as a sale of prewritten
 computer software;

(2) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the
 vendor to provide support services, it shall be characterized as a sale of services and not
 a sale of tangible personal property; and

(3) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction
in which both taxable and nontaxable or exempt products that are not separately itemized
on the invoice or similar billing document, the purchase price under the contract shall be
taxable.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.

9 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as 10 defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 11 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local 12 sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 13 144.600 to 144.745:

14 (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of 15 such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing 16 17 water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into 18 foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or 19 fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at 20 21 retail; economic poisons registered [pursuant to the provisions of] under sections 281.220 to 281.310, the Missouri pesticide registration [law (sections 281.220 to 281.310)] act, which are 22

to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied
before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will
be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

26 Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in (2)27 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component 28 part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, 29 compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to 30 be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, 31 gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and firebrick, 32 which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting 33 with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; 34

(3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for
 the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock
 or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;

(4) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, motor vehicle and public highway shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;

45 (5) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and 46 parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is 47 48 intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 49 50 machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, 51 material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of 52 53 materials into a usable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and 54 shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of recovered 55 materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms "motor vehicle" and "highway" shall 56 57 have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. Material recovery is not the reuse of 58 materials within a manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The

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material recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardlessof ownership of the material being recovered;

61 (6) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required 62 for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to 63 establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if 64 such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product 65 which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

(7) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing,
processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to
any agency of the United States government;

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(8) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive wildlife;

(9) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and
other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing newspapers
published for dissemination of news to the general public;

(10) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for public
 commercial display;

(11) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelinesengaged as common carriers;

(12) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate
 commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or
 more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of
 persons or property;

81 (13) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, 82 mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing 83 or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision 84 (5) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, 85 86 exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing 87 contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200. There 88 shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of 89 automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this 90 subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon 91 materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary 92 to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility; 93 (14) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding,

94 mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;

95 (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely
96 for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies
97 solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment,
98 appliances and devices;

99 (16) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely
100 for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies
101 solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment,
102 appliances and devices;

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(17) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

104 (18) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or 105 other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games 106 or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the 107 108 municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or 109 corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may enter into 110 revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing goods or 111 services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement, entertainment or 112 recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such 113 114 revenue-sharing agreement;

115 (19) All sales of [insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of durable medical 116 equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including 117 118 the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids 119 and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed 120 pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, 121 including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home 122 123 respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and 124 ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs 125 including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased 126 or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable 127 them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading 128 machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative 129 communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such 130 motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter [or nonprescription]

131 drugs to individuals with disabilities, and all sales of drugs, durable medical equipment,

prosthetic devices, and mobility enhancing equipment, and drugs required by the Food and
Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements in 21 CFR

134 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner licensed to prescribe;

(20) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in
their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all
elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and
activities;

139 (21) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce 140 and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, 141 including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant 142 to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or 143 charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and 144 industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (20) of this subsection or any 145 146 institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief 147 agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;

(22) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;

155 (23) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales 156 of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production 157 of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for 158 food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, 159 all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying 160 agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as 161 defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new 162 generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 163 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and 164 trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed 165 additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or 166 poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term

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"pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted

pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark 168 169 the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As 170 used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement 171 172 parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary 173 mowers used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, 174 solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, 175 chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field drain tile, and 176 one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is: 177 (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes; 178 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and 179 (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or 180 otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold 181 ultimately in processed form at retail; 182 (24) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, 183 electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil] piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller for domestic use [and 184 185 in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use]: 186 (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not 187 within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which] piped natural or artificial gas, 188 189 or other fuels delivered by the seller that an individual occupant of a residential premises uses 190 for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or 191 master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas 192 and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish 193 and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt; 194 (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or 195 nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file 196 with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made 197 pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf 198 of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, 199 including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales 200 made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales 201 tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility

service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as towhether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

204 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of [services or property and] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller who uses any portion of 205 206 the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the 207 fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a 208 return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making 209 nondomestic purchases of [services or property and] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, 210 or other fuels delivered by the seller who uses any portion of the [services or property] 211 electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller so purchased 212 for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of 213 residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for 214 common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate 215 classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth 216 month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and 217 the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the 218 purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments 219 or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund; 220 (25) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or

the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;

(26) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, [4061,] 4071,
4081, [4091,] 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The director
of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 to eliminate all state and local sales
taxes on such excise taxes;

(27) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne
vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the
conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state,
if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while
it is afloat upon such river;

(28) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370
to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;

235 (29) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use 236 by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative managementof at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpaver is located in the state of Missouri:

of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
(30) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing or
feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling, bartering
or leasing of such livestock;

(31) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the transportation of propertyor cargo on interstate waterways;

(32) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, or other
utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of cellular glass
products or in any material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this
subsection;

(33) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or
 herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;

(34) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or consumption directly
 or exclusively in the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics
 products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;

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(35) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

(36) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned by
a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in section
273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 to 273.357;

257 (37) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, 258 provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a 259 contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term 260 "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from 261 sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. 262 Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's 263 exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the 264 exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any 265 reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the 266 exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result 267 of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local 268 sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible 269 personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing 270 or remodeling facilities for the following:

(a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue
 project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or

(b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue
an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and
the applicable provisions of this section;

(38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the
property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other
transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections
238.010 to 238.100;

(39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;

(40) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all
sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with
the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team;

(41) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon,
and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants,
and aircraft accessories;

(42) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range or
similar places of business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a
shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar
place of business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;

(43) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any watercraft, asdefined in section 306.010;

(44) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not remain in this state more than ten business days subsequent to the last to occur of:

302 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a303 corporation that is not incorporated in this state; or

304 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407 for 305 any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or installations that 306 are completed contemporaneously with the transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not 307 a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

308 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether the tax is 309 imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet access. For purposes of this 310 subdivision, the following terms shall mean:

- (a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely because of an
 internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include costs that
 the governmental authority would have incurred if the internet service provider did not make
 such use of the public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a manner consistent with
 generally accepted accounting principles;
- (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;
- 320 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the internet to access 321 content, information, or other services without regard to whether the service is referred to as 322 telecommunications, communications, transmission, or similar services, and without regard to 323 whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications 324 Commission as a common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 325 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, 326 including telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, to the extent the 327 communications services are purchased, used, or sold to provide the service described in this 328 subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content, information, or other services offered 329 over the internet; services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in this 330 subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home page, electronic 331 mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and 332 instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a home page electronic 333 mail and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and 334 instant messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity that are provided 335 independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this subdivision, internet 336 access does not include voice, audio, and video programming or other products and services, 337 except services described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use internet protocol or any 338 successor protocol and for which there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately 339 stated or aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this subdivision; 340 (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the
- 341 purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a 342 specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under this 343 subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political

subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a
governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee imposed or
authorized under [section] sections 67.1830 to 67.1846 or 67.2689; Section 622 or 653 of the
Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other
fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934,
47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent that:

a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other governmental authority from providing the specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or

b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the governmental authority associated with the provision of that right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.

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Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due on goods or services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016; and

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(46) All school instructional materials.

361 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, 362 between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, 363 stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not required to collect sales and use tax in this 364 state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state 365 that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is 366 specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For 367 purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same 368 controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 369 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of 370 organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a 371 member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the 372 Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

144.032. The provisions of section 144.030 to the contrary notwithstanding, any city imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.570, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 67.500 to 67.729, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under the provisions of section 205.205 may by ordinance impose a sales tax upon all sales of [metered water services,] electricity, [electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil] piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by

- 8 the seller for domestic use only. Such tax shall be administered by the department of revenue
- 9 and assessed by the retailer in the same manner as any other city, county, or hospital district sales
- 10 tax. Domestic use shall be determined in the same manner as the determination of domestic use
- 11 for exemption of such sales from the state sales tax under the provisions of section 144.030.

144.043. 1. [As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, with a gross
 weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for recreational flying or flight
 training;

(2) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured parts and components, including engine,
 propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts which make up a complete aircraft kit
 or partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified

8 purchaser for recreational and educational purposes;

9 (3) "Parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including air frame and 10 engine parts, that are required by the qualified purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit, or spare 11 or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;

- 12 (4) "Qualified purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or 13 components who is nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft 14 kit, parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will 15 register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base 16 such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such
- 17 purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state.

18 2. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 19 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and from the provisions of any local sales tax law, as 20 defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under 21 sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and under any local 22 sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, all sales of new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, parts 23 or components manufactured or substantially completed within this state, when such new light 24 aircraft, light aircraft kits, parts or components are sold by the manufacturer to a qualified 25 purchaser. The director of revenue shall prescribe the manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, 26 27 light aircraft kit, parts or components to establish that such person is a qualified purchaser and is eligible for the exemption established in this section] Except for the defined 28 29 telecommunications services in subsection 3 of this section, the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to: 30

(1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that
 jurisdiction; or

33 (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates
 34 and in which the service address is also located.

2. Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection 3 of this section,
 a sale of telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis is
 sourced to the customer's place of primary use.

38 3. The sale of the following telecommunications services shall be sourced to each
 39 level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:

40 (1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-to-ground
41 radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service is sourced to the customer's place of
42 primary use as required by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act;

43 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the origination point of the 44 telecommunications signal as first identified by either:

(a) The seller's telecommunications system; or

46 (b) Information received by the seller from its service provider if the system used
 47 to transport such signals is not that of the seller;

48 (3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid wireless calling service 49 is sourced in accordance with section 144.111, provided, however, in the case of a sale of 50 prepaid wireless calling service, the rule provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of 51 section 144.111 shall include as an option the location associated with the mobile telephone 52 number; and

53

45

(4) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as follows:

(a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point
 is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point
 is located;

57 (b) Service if all customer termination points are located entirely within one 58 jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the customer 59 channel termination points are located;

60 (c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination 61 points located in different jurisdictions and in which segments of channel are separately 62 charged is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel 63 termination points are located; and

(d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or levels
 of jurisdiction and in which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each
 jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer
 channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel
 termination points.

- 4. The sale of internet access service is sourced to the customer's place of primaryuse.
- 71

5. The sale of an ancillary service is sourced to the customer's place of primary use. 144.049. 1. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel, including footwear, intended to be worn
on or about the human body. The term shall include but not be limited to cloth and other
material used to make school uniforms or other school clothing. Items normally sold in pairs
shall not be separated to qualify for the exemption. The term shall not include watches,
watchbands, jewelry, handbags, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt
buckles; and

(2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system which consists
 of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage drive, a display monitor, and a
 keyboard and devices designed for use in conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk
 drive, memory module, compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitizer, microphone, modem,
 motherboard, mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user
 operating system, soundcard, or video card;

- 14 (3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students in a standard classroom for
- 15 educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks, notebooks, paper, writing
- 16 instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags, backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk,

17 maps, and globes. The term shall not include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting

18 equipment, portable or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or

19 fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable value of three

20 hundred fifty dollars or less and any graphing calculator having a taxable value of one hundred

21 fifty dollars or less.

22 <u>------2.</u>] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a taxable value 23 24 of one hundred dollars or less[;]; all retail sales of school supplies, school art supplies, and school instructional materials not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase[,]; all prewritten 25 26 computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less[;]; all graphing 27 calculators having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less[,]; and all retail sales of 28 [personal] computers [or computer peripheral devices] and school computer supplies not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars, during a three-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on 29 the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following. 30 31 [3. If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance that applied

to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax
 holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax, then, notwithstanding any

34 provision of a local ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such

political subdivision's local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an
 ordinance to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political

- 37 subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior
- 38 to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order
- 39 rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.
- 40 4.] 2. This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within the Missouri state 41 fairgrounds.
- 42

[5.] 3. This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only.

43 [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an 44 ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local 45 sales tax. After opting out, the political subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The 46 political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days 47 prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or 48 order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.

49 — 7.] 4. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the 50 retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer 51 a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.

144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed upon materials
3 to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to
4 maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;

5 (2) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or removed from 6 the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether or not they require subsequent 7 separation and processing.

8 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby 9 specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761,] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under 10 11 [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761,] this chapter electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy sources, chemicals, machinery, 12 equipment, and materials used or consumed in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, 13 14 mining, or producing of any product, or used or consumed in the processing of recovered materials, or used in research and development related to manufacturing, processing, 15 16 compounding, mining, or producing any product. [The exemptions granted in this subsection 17 shall not apply to local sales taxes as defined in section 32.085 and the provisions of this

18 subsection shall be in addition to any state and local sales tax exemption provided in section 19 144.030.

20 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 21 22 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from 23 the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 24 25 32.085,] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, and payable under this chapter all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in 26 27 television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, 28 utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local 29 sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in 30 fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with the United States government, and all sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or 31 32 village, provided such sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is 33 certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible 34 personal property used for railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, 35 fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in the regular course of business.

36 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby 37 specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 38 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,] this 39 chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 40 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085] this chapter, all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, 41 services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use 42 43 tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669. 44

45 5. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 46 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from 47 the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 48 49 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, 50 all materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts, electrical energy and gas, whether 51 natural, artificial or propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, soaps, detergents, 52 cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients and materials inserted by commercial or

industrial laundries to treat, clean, and sanitize textiles in facilities which process at least five
hundred pounds of textiles per hour and at least sixty thousand pounds per week.

144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 144.010 2 to 144.525, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at 3 retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only 4 for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent possible 5 under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last day of the month 6 7 following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for 8 9 the preceding quarter, and shall remit to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section. The director of 10 revenue may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of 11 sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more frequently than required in this 12 13 section.

14 2. [Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is
 15 in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter,
 16 the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of

17 revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month.

3.] Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is
 less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit
 the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or
 before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.

[4:] **3.** The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject to the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, shall collect the tax from the purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the state the tax imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 on motor vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided in sections 144.070 and 144.440.

Is the person may advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer directly that the tax or any part thereof imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, and required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or absorbed by the person, provided that the amount of tax assumed or absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for the property sold or service rendered. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a

misdemeanor. This subsection shall not apply to any retailer prohibited from collecting andremitting sales tax under section 66.630.

144.082. 1. The director shall participate in an online registration system that will 2 allow sellers to register in this state and other member states.

2. By registering, the seller agrees to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all taxable sales into this state as well as the other member states, including member states joining after the seller's registration. Withdrawal or revocation of this state from the agreement shall not relieve a seller of its responsibility to remit taxes previously or subsequently collected on behalf of this state.

8 3. If the seller has a requirement to register prior to registering under the 9 agreement, such seller shall obtain a retail sales license under section 144.083 and register 10 under section 144.650.

4. Registration with the central registration system and the collection of sales and
use taxes in this state shall not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has
nexus with this state for any tax at any time.

144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to procure a retail sales license at no 2 3 cost to the licensee which shall be prominently displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued 4 5 when sales are discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person applying for a retail 6 sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license who owes any tax under sections 7 8 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and penalties before the department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. 9 All persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are required to collect 10 the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making sales at retail. Such license may, 11 after ten days' notice, be revoked by the director of revenue only in the event the licensee shall 12 13 be in default for a period of sixty days in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 143.191 to 143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event 14 of revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business account including 15 16 the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the director.

2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The date of issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no

22 more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the local

license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall render the occupational licenseor the state license null and void.

3. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and may prohibit further sales at retail by such person.

4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning January 1, 2009, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to 143.265 or sections 144.010 to 144.510 shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no tax due shall be dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the city or county license.

39 [5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only apply to the sale
 40 price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice discounts or other pricing discounts
 41 or mechanisms negotiated between manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.]

144.084. 1. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations for remittance of 2 returns. Such rules shall:

3 (1) Allow for electronic payments by all remitters by both ACH credit and ACH
4 debit;

5 (2) Provide an alternative method for making "same day" payments if an electronic
6 funds transfer fails;

7 (3) Provide that if a due date falls on a legal banking holiday in the state, the taxes
8 shall be due on the next succeeding business day; and

9 (4) Require that any data that accompanies a remittance be formatted using 10 uniform tax type and payment type codes approved by the streamlined sales and use tax 11 governing board.

2. All model 1 sellers, model 2 sellers, and model 3 sellers shall file returns electronically. Any model 1 seller, model 2 seller, or model 3 seller shall submit its sales and use tax returns in a simplified format approved by the director at such times as may be prescribed by the director.

144.100. 1. Every person making any taxable sales of property or service, except transactions provided for in sections 144.070 and 144.440, individually or by duly authorized 2 3 officer or agent, shall make and file a written return with the director of revenue in such manner 4 as he may prescribe.

5 2. The returns shall be on blanks designed and furnished by the director of the department of revenue and shall be filed at the times provided in sections 144.080 and 144.090. 6 The returns shall [show the amount of gross receipts from sales of taxable property and services 7 8 by the person and the amount of tax due thereon by that person during and for the period covered

9 by the return] state:

10

(1) The name and address of the retailer;

11 (2) The total amount of gross sales of all tangible personal property and taxable 12 services rendered by the retailer during the period for which the return is made;

13 (3) The total amount received during the period for which the return is made on 14 charge and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered 15 prior to the period for which the return is made;

16 (4) Deductions allowed by law from such total amount of gross sales and from total amount received during the period for which the return is made on such charge and time 17 18 sales;

19 (5) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from the total amount 20 of sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered during such period in 21 the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made;

22

(6) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from charge and time 23 sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered prior to such period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made; 24

25 (7) Gross receipts during the period for which the return is made from sales of 26 tangible personal property and taxable services rendered in the course of such business 27 upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; and

28

(8) Such other pertinent information as the director may require.

29 3. In making such return, the retailer shall determine the market value of any 30 consideration, other than money, received in connection with the sale of any tangible 31 personal property in the course of the business and shall include such value in the return. 32 Such value shall be subject to review and revision by the director as hereinafter provided. Refunds made by a retailer during the period for which the return is made on account of 33 34 tangible personal property returned to the retailer shall be allowed as a deduction under 35 subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section in case the retailer has included the receipts 36 from such sale in a return made by such retailer and paid taxes on such sale. The retailer

37 shall, at the time of making such return, pay to the director the amount of tax owed, except

as otherwise provided in this section. The director may extend the time for making returns
and paying the tax required by this section for any period not to exceed sixty days under
such rules and regulations as the director of revenue may prescribe.

4. The director shall only require a single tax return for each taxing period, and 42 such return shall include only the taxing jurisdictions in which the seller makes sales 43 within the state. With each return, the person shall remit to the director of revenue the full 44 amount of the tax due.

45 [3.] 5. In case of charge and time sales the gross receipts thereof shall be included as
46 sales in the returns as and when payments are received by the person, without any deduction
47 therefrom whatsoever.

48 [4-] 6. If an error or omission is discovered in a return or a change be necessary to show 49 the true facts, the error may be corrected, the omission supplied, or the change made in the return next filed with the director for the filing period immediately following the filing period in which 50 51 the error was made or the omission occurred, as prescribed by law, except that no refund under this chapter shall be allowed for any amount of tax paid by a seller which is based upon charges 52 incident to credit card discounts. Any other omission or error must be corrected by filing an 53 54 amended return for the erroneously reported period if the amount of tax is less than that 55 originally reported, or an additional return if the amount of tax is greater than that originally reported. An additional return shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope in which it is 56 mailed is postmarked or the date it is received by the director, whichever is earlier. Any payment 57 of tax, interest, penalty or additions to tax shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope 58 59 containing the payment is postmarked or the date the payment is received by the director, whichever is earlier. If a refund or credit results from the filing of an amended return, no refund 60 61 or credit shall be allowed unless an application for refund or credit is properly completed and 62 submitted to the director pursuant to section 144.190.

[5.] 7. The amount of gross receipts from sales and the amount of tax due returned by
the person, as well as all matters contained in the return, is subject to review and revision in the
manner herein provided for the correction of the returns.

144.105. 1. A seller shall be allowed a deduction from taxable sales for bad debts
attributable to taxable sales of such seller that have become uncollectable. Any deduction
taken that is attributed to bad debts shall not include interest.

The amount of the bad debt deduction shall be calculated pursuant to 26 U.S.C.
 Section 166(b), except that such amount shall be adjusted to exclude financing charges or
 interest, sales or use taxes charged on the purchase price, uncollectable amounts on

7 property that remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is paid, and

8 expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt or repossessed property.

9 3. Bad debts may be deducted on the return for the period during which the bad 10 debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and records and is eligible to be 11 deducted for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this subsection, a seller who is 12 not required to file federal income tax returns may deduct a bad debt on a return filed for 13 the period in which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and 14 records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if 15 the seller were required to file a federal income tax return.

4. If a deduction is taken for a bad debt and the debt is subsequently collected in
whole or in part, the tax on the amount so collected shall be paid and reported on the
return filed for the period in which the collection is made.

5. If the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable sales for the period during which the bad debt is written off, a refund claim may be filed by the seller within the applicable statute of limitations for refund claim; however, the statute of limitations shall be measured from the due date of the return on which the bad debt could first be claimed.

6. If filing responsibilities have been assumed by a certified service provider, such service provider may claim, on behalf of the seller, any bad debt allowance provided by this section. The certified service provider shall credit or refund the full amount of any bad debt allowance or refund received to the seller.

7. For the purposes of reporting a payment received on a previously claimed bad debt, any payments made on a debt or account shall first be applied proportionally to the taxable price of the property or service and the sales tax thereon and secondly to interest, service charges, and any other charges.

8. In situations where the books and records of the seller or certified service
provider on behalf of the seller claiming the bad debt allowance support an allocation of
the bad debts among the member states, such an allocation shall be permitted.

144.111. 1. (1) All retail sales in Missouri, excluding leases and rentals, of tangible
personal property or digital goods shall be sourced to the location where the order is
received by the seller.

- 4
- (2) This subsection shall apply only if:

5 (a) The location where receipt of the product by the purchaser occurs is determined
6 in accordance with subsection 2 of this section; and

7 (b) At the time the order is received, the record keeping system of the seller used 8 to calculate the proper amount of sales or use tax to be imposed captures the location 9 where the order is received.

10 (3) If the sale is sourced under this section to the location where the order is 11 received by the seller, only the sales tax for the location where the order is received by the 12 seller may be levied. No additional sales or use tax based on the location where the product 13 is delivered to the purchaser may be levied on that sale. The purchaser shall not be entitled 14 to any refund if the combined state and local rate or rates at the location where the product 15 is received by the purchaser is lower than the rate where the order is received by the seller.

16 (4) A purchaser shall have no additional liability to the state for tax, penalty, or interest on a sale for which the purchaser remits tax to the seller in the amount invoiced 17 18 by the seller if such invoice amount is calculated at either the rate applicable to the location where receipt by the purchaser occurs or at the rate applicable to the location where the 19 20 order is received by the seller. A purchaser may rely on a written representation by the 21 seller as to the location where the order for such sale was received by the seller. If the 22 purchaser does not have a written representation by the seller as to the location where the 23 order for such sale was received by the seller, the purchaser may use a location indicated 24 by a business address for the seller that is available from the business records of the 25 purchaser that are maintained in the ordinary course of the purchaser's business to 26 determine the rate applicable to the location where the order was received.

27 (5) The location where the order is received by or on behalf of the seller means the 28 physical location of a seller or third party such as an established outlet, office location, or 29 automated order receipt system operated by or on behalf of the seller where an order is 30 initially received by or on behalf of the seller and not where the order may be subsequently accepted, completed, or fulfilled. An order is received when all of the information from the 31 32 purchaser necessary to the determination whether the order can be accepted has been 33 received by or on behalf of the seller. The location from which a product is shipped shall not be used in determining the location where the order is received by the seller. 34

(6) If taxable services are sold with tangible personal property or digital products
pursuant to a single contract or in the same transaction or are billed on the same billing
statement or statements and, because of the application of this section, would be sourced
to different jurisdictions, this subsection shall apply to determine the source for tax.

39 2. Except as provided in section 144.112, if the location where the order is received 40 by the seller and the location where the receipt of the product by the purchaser or the 41 purchaser's donee, as designated by the purchaser, occurs are in different states, then the 42 retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a product shall be sourced as follows:

43 (1) If the product is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller,
44 the sale shall be sourced to such business location;

45 (2) If the product is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the 46 seller, the sale shall be sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser or the 47 purchaser's donee, as designated by the purchaser, occurs, including the location indicated 48 by instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller;

49 (3) If subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be 50 sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the 51 business records of the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's 52 business if use of this address shall not constitute bad faith;

(4) If subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be
sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the
consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if
no other address is available and if use of this address shall not constitute bad faith; and
(5) If the previous rules of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection do not

57 (5) If the previous rules of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection do not 58 apply, including the circumstances in which the seller is without sufficient information to 59 apply the previous rules, then the location will be determined by the address from which 60 tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or computer software 61 delivered electronically was first available for transmission from the seller, or from which 62 the service was provided, disregarding for these purposes any location that merely 63 provided the digital transfer of the product sold.

3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, all sales of motor vehicles,
 trailers, semitrailers, watercraft, and aircraft that do not qualify as transportation
 equipment shall be sourced to the address of the owner thereof.

4. The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than property identified in subsection 2 or 3 of this section or transactions regulated under sections 407.660 to 407.665, shall be sourced as follows:

70 (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, the first 71 periodic payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of 72 subsection 1 of this section. Periodic payments made subsequent to the first payment are 73 sourced to the primary property location for each period covered by the payment. The 74 primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided 75 by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary 76 course of business if use of this address shall not constitute bad faith. The property 77 location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations, such as use of 78 business property that accompanies employees on business trips and service calls;

79 (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the
 80 payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection
 81 1 of this section; and

(3) This subsection shall not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax
 on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis or on the acquisition of
 property for lease.

5. The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or aircraft that do not
 qualify as transportation equipment, as defined in section 144.010, shall be sourced as
 follows:

(1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, each periodic payment is sourced to the primary property location. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business if use of such address does not constitute bad faith. Such location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations;

94 (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the
 95 payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection
 96 1 of this section; and

97 (3) This subsection shall not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax
98 on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis or on the acquisition of
99 property for lease.

1006. The retail sale, including lease or rental, of transportation equipment shall be101sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this102section, notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in subsection 1 of this section.

144.112. 1. The retail sale of a product shall be sourced in accordance with section 144.111. The provisions of section 144.111 shall apply regardless of the characterization of a product as tangible personal property, a digital good, or a service. The provisions of section 144.111 shall only apply to determine a seller's obligation to pay or collect and remit sales or use tax with respect to the seller's retail sale of a product. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the obligation of a purchaser or lessee to remit tax on the use of the product to the taxing jurisdictions of that use.

8

2. Section 144.111 shall not apply to sales or use taxes levied on the following:

9 (1) Retail sales or transfers of watercraft, modular homes, manufactured homes,

10 or mobile homes; and

11

(2) Telecommunications services and ancillary services.

144.113. 1. (1) A purchaser of advertising and promotional direct mail may 2 provide the seller with:

3 (a) A direct pay permit;

4 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail or other written 5 statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the state; or

6 (c) Information showing the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional
7 direct mail is to be delivered to recipients.

8 (2) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in 9 paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the seller, in the 10 absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit any tax on any 11 transaction involving advertising and promotional direct mail to which the permit, 12 certificate, or statement applies. The purchaser shall source the sale to the jurisdictions 13 to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to the recipients and 14 shall report and pay any applicable tax due.

(3) If the purchaser provides the seller information showing the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients, the seller shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered and shall collect and remit the applicable tax. In the absence of bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to collect any additional tax on the sale of advertising and promotional direct mail where the seller has sourced the sale according to the delivery information provided by the purchaser.

(4) If the purchaser does not provide the seller with any of the items listed in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the sale shall be sourced according to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.111. The state to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is delivered may disallow credit for tax paid on sales sourced under this subdivision.

(5) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply to sales of
 advertising and promotional direct mail.

29
 2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, sales of other direct mail are
 30 sourced in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of section 144.111.

31

(2) A purchaser of other direct mail may provide the seller with either:

32 (a) A direct pay permit; or

33 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail or other written
 34 statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the state.

35 (3) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in 36 paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction involving other direct mail to which the permit, certificate, or statement. Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the sale shall be sourced to the jurisdictions to which the other direct mail is to be delivered to the recipients, and the purchaser shall report and pay applicable tax due.

42 (4) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply to sales of other 43 direct mail.

3. (1) (a) This section applies to a transaction characterized under state law as the
 sale of services only if the service is an integral part of the production and distribution of
 printed material that meets the definition of direct mail; and

47 (b) This section shall not apply to any transaction that includes the development 48 of billing information or the provision of any data processing service that is more than 49 incidental regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the 50 same mailing.

51 (2) If a transaction is a bundled transaction that includes advertising and 52 promotional direct mail, this section applies only if the primary purpose of the transaction 53 is the sale of products or services that meet the definition of advertising and promotional 54 direct mail.

55

56

(3) Nothing in this section shall limit any purchaser's:(a) Obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered;

57 (b) Right under local, state, federal, or constitutional law to a credit for sales or use 58 taxes legally due and paid to other jurisdictions; or

59

(c) Right to a refund of sales or use taxes overpaid to any jurisdiction.

(4) This section applies for purposes of uniformly sourcing direct mail transactions
 and shall not impose requirements on states regarding the taxation of products that meet
 the definition of direct mail or to the application of sales for resale or other exemptions.

144.114. 1. The state shall review software submitted to the streamlined sales and use tax governing board for certification as a certified automated system (CAS) under section 501 of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Such review shall include a review to determine that the program adequately classifies the state's product-based exemptions. Upon completion of the review, the state shall certify to the governing board its acceptance or rejection of the classifications made by the system. The state shall relieve a certified service provider (CSP) or model 2 seller from liability to this state and its local jurisdictions for failure to collect sales or use taxes resulting from the CSP or model 2 seller's reliance on the certification provided by the state. 2. The streamlined sales and use tax governing board and this state shall not be responsible for classification of an item or transaction with the product-based exemptions. The relief from liability provided in this section shall not be available for a CSP or model seller that has incorrectly classified an item or transaction into a product-based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall apply to the individual listing of items or transactions within a product definition approved by the governing board or the state.

3. If the state determines that an item or transaction is incorrectly classified as to its taxability, it shall notify the CSP or model 2 seller of the incorrect classification. The CSP or model 2 seller shall have ten days to revise the classification after receipt of notice from the state of the determination. Upon expiration of the ten days, such CSP or model 2 seller shall be liable for failure to collect the correct amount of sales or use taxes due and owing to the state.

144.123. 1. The director shall provide and maintain a database that describes
boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions and the effective dates of such changes for
sales and use tax purposes.

2. The director shall provide and maintain a database of all sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions. For the identification of counties and cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.

10 3. The director shall provide and maintain a database that assigns each five- and 11 nine-digit zip code to the proper rates and taxing jurisdictions. The lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code area shall apply if the area includes more than one tax rate in 12 13 any level of taxing jurisdiction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a 14 street address, or if a seller or a certified service provider (CSP) is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to 15 16 determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the five-digit zip code area. For purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a seller or 17 18 CSP has exercised due diligence if the seller has attempted to determine the nine-digit zip 19 code designation by utilizing software approved by the director that makes this designation 20 from the street address and the five-digit zip code applicable to a purchase.

4. The director may provide address-based boundary database records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated rates that shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection 3 of this section. The database records shall be in the same

24 approved format as the database records required under subsection 3 of this section and 25 shall meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications 26 Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director develops address-based assignment 27 database records pursuant to the agreement, sellers that register under the agreement shall 28 be required to use such database. A seller or CSP shall use such database records in place 29 of the five- and nine-digit zip code database records provided for in subsection 3 of this 30 section. If a seller or CSP is unable to determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction using 31 an address-based database record after exercising due diligence, the seller or CSP may 32 apply the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address or if a seller or CSP is unable to determine 33 34 the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence 35 to determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the five-digit zip 36 code area. For the purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that 37 a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence if the seller or CSP has attempted to determine 38 the tax rate and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by the director and makes the 39 assignment from the address and zip code information applicable to the purchase. If the 40 director has met the requirements of subsection 3 of this section, the director may also elect 41 to certify vendor-provided address-based databases for assigning tax rates and 42 jurisdictions. The databases shall be in the same approved format as the database records 43 under this section and meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile 44 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director certifies a vendor address-based database, a seller or CSP may use such database in place of the 45 database provided for in this subsection. 46

47 5. The electronic databases provided for in subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this section shall be in downloadable format as determined by the director. The databases may be 48 49 directly provided by the director or provided by a vendor as designated by the director. 50 A database provided by a vendor as designated by the director shall be applicable and 51 subject to the provisions of section 144.1031 and this section. The databases shall be 52 provided at no cost to the user of the database. The provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of 53 this section shall not apply if the purchased product is received by the purchaser at the 54 business location of the seller.

55 6. No seller or CSP shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous data provided by the 56 director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.

144.124. 1. The director shall complete a taxability matrix. The state's entries in 2 the matrix shall be provided and maintained by the director in a database that is in a 3 downloadable format.

4 **2.** The director shall provide reasonable notice of changes in the taxability of the 5 products or services listed in the taxability matrix.

3. A seller or certified service provider (CSP) shall be relieved from liability to this
state or any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and collected the incorrect amount
of state or local sales or use tax resulting from such seller's or CSP's reliance upon
erroneous data provided by the director in the taxability matrix.

144.125. 1. (1) Amnesty shall be granted for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax to a seller who registers to pay or to collect and remit applicable sales or use tax on sales made to purchasers in this state in accordance with the terms of the agreement, provided that the seller was not so registered in this state in the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of this state's participation in the agreement.

6 (2) Amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax 7 together with penalty or interest for sales made during the period the seller was not 8 registered in this state, provided registration occurs within twelve months of the effective 9 date of this state's participation in the agreement.

(3) Amnesty shall be provided if this state joins the agreement after the seller has
 registered.

12 2. Amnesty shall not be available to a seller with respect to any matter or matters 13 for which the seller received notice of the commencement of an audit and for which audit 14 is not yet finally resolved, including any related administrative and judicial processes. The 15 amnesty shall not be available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to this state 16 or to taxes collected by the seller.

3. Amnesty provided under this section shall be fully effective, absent the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, as long as the seller continues registration and payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute of limitations applicable to asserting a tax liability during this thirty-six-month period shall be tolled.

4. Amnesty provided under this section shall be applicable only to sales or use taxes
due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to sales or use taxes due from a seller in
its capacity as a purchaser.

5. The provisions of this section shall become effective as of the date that the state joins and becomes a member state of the agreement.

144.140. 1. From every remittance to the director of revenue made on or before the date
when the same becomes due, the person required to remit the same shall be entitled to deduct and
retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.

4 2. If the director of the department of revenue enters into the streamlined sales and
5 use tax agreement under section 32.070, the director shall provide a monetary allowance
6 from the taxes collected to each of the following:

7 (1) A certified service provider, in accordance with the agreement and under the
8 terms of the contract signed with the provider, provided that such allowance shall not
9 exceed two percent of the amount collected;

10 (2) Any vendor registered under the agreement that selects a certified automated 11 system to perform part of its sales or use tax functions; or

(3) Any vendor registered under the agreement that uses a proprietary system to
 calculate taxes due and has entered into a performance agreement with states that are
 members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

15 **3.** The monetary allowance provided for vendors in subdivision (2) or (3) of 16 subsection 2 of this section shall be in an amount equal to two percent of the taxes collected.

4. Any vendor receiving an allowance under subsection 2 of this section shall not
 be entitled simultaneously to deduct the allowance provided for in subsection 1 of this
 section.

144.210. 1. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal property, services, substances or things was not a sale at retail shall be upon the person who made the sale, except 2 3 that with respect to sales, services, or transactions provided for in section 144.070. [The seller 4 shall obtain and maintain exemption certificates signed by the purchaser or his agent as evidence for any exempt sales claimed; provided, however, that before any administrative tribunal of this 5 state, a seller may prove that sale is exempt from tax under this chapter in accordance with proof 6 admissible under the applicable rules of evidence; except that when a purchaser has purchased 7 tangible personal property or services sales tax free under a claim of exemption which is found 8 to be improper, the director of revenue may collect the proper amount of tax, interest, additions 9 to tax and penalty from the purchaser directly. Any tax, interest, additions to tax or penalty 10 11 collected by the director from the purchaser shall be credited against the amount otherwise due from the seller on the purchases or sales where the exemption was claimed.] 12 13 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment of the tax made

by any person, he is hereby authorized and empowered to make an additional assessment of tax due from such person, based upon the facts contained in the return or upon any information within his possession or that shall come into his possession.

3. The director of revenue shall give to the person written notice of such additional orrevised assessment by certified or registered mail to the person at his or its last known address.

144.212. 1. In addition to all other provisions of law providing for exemptions, if 2 an exemption is claimed by a purchaser:

3 (1) The seller shall obtain identifying information of the purchaser and the reason
4 for claiming a tax exemption at the time of the purchase;

5 (2) A purchaser shall not be required to provide a signature to claim an exemption
6 from tax unless a paper exemption certificate is used;

7 (3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an exemption electronically
8 prescribed by the director of the department of revenue and acceptable to the streamlined
9 sales and use tax governing board;

(4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof of a claimed exemption
 regardless of the medium in which the transaction occurred;

(5) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt transactions and provide
 such records to the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee upon
 request; and

15 (6) In the case of drop shipment sales, a third-party vendor such as a drop shipper 16 may claim a resale exemption based on an exemption certificate provided by its customer 17 or any other acceptable information available to the third-party vendor evidencing 18 qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of whether the customer is registered to 19 collect and remit sales and use tax in the state where the sale is sourced.

20 2. Sellers that comply with the requirements of this section shall be relieved from 21 collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if it is determined that the purchaser 22 improperly claimed an exemption, and such purchaser shall be liable for the nonpayment 23 of tax. Relief from liability provided under this section shall not apply to a seller who 24 fraudulently fails to collect tax, to a seller who solicits purchasers to participate in the 25 unlawful claim of an exemption, to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate if the 26 purchaser claims an entity-based exemption if the subject of the transaction sought to be 27 covered by the exemption certificate is actually received by the purchaser at a location 28 operated by the seller and the state in which that location resides provides an exemption 29 certificate that clearly and affirmatively indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in such state, or to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate claiming multiple 30 31 points of use for tangible personal property other than computer software for which an 32 exemption claiming multiple points of use:

(1) A seller shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable
if the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or captures the relevant data
elements required under the agreement within ninety days subsequent to the date of sale;
(2) If a seller fails to obtain an exemption certificate or all relevant data elements
as provided in this section, the seller may, within one hundred twenty days subsequent to
a request for substantiation by the director of the department of revenue or the director's

39 designee, either prove that the transaction was not subject to tax by other means or obtain

a fully completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, taken in good faith. 40

41 3. Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the director of the department 42 of revenue or the director's designee to require purchasers to update exemption certificate 43 information or to reapply with the state to claim certain exemptions.

44 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, the 45 director shall relieve a seller of the tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a blanket exemption certificate for a purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business 46 47 relationship. The director shall not request from the seller renewal of blanket certificates 48 or updates of exemption certificate information or data elements if there is a recurring 49 business relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this section, a recurring business relationship exists if a period of no more than twelve months elapses 50 between sales transactions. 51

144.285. 1. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of 2 reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of 3 pennies, the director of revenue shall establish brackets, showing the amounts of tax to be 4 collected on sales of specified amounts, which shall be applicable to all taxable transactions] 5 When a seller is computing the amount of tax owed by the purchaser and remitted to the 6 7 state:

8

(1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal place; and

9 (2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a method that rounds up to the 10 next cent if the third decimal place is greater than four.

2. [In all instances where statements covering taxable purchases are rendered to the 11 12 taxpayer on a monthly or other periodic basis, the amount of tax shall be determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the taxable purchases represented on the statement, rounded to the 13 nearest whole cent, or by application of the brackets established by the director of revenue, at the 14 option of the retail vendor] Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction on an 15 16 item or an invoice basis. The provision of this subsection may be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes. 17 18 3. No vendor or seller shall knowingly charge or receive from a purchaser as a sales tax

any sum in excess of the sums provided for in this section. 19

20 4. [A vendor may, at his option, determine the amount charged to and received from each 21 purchaser by use of a formula which applies the applicable tax rate to each taxable purchase, 22 rounded to the nearest whole cent. The formula shall be uniformly and consistently applied to 23 all purchases similarly situated.

Amounts which a vendor charges to and receives from the purchaser in accordance with this section shall not be includable in [his] the vendor's gross receipts if the amounts are separately charged or stated.

27 [6.] 5. If sales tax for one or more local political subdivisions is owed by a taxpayer pursuant to chapter 66, 67, 92, or 94 and that taxpayer remits less than all sales tax due for a 28 filing period specified in section 144.080, the director of revenue shall deposit the tax remitted 29 30 proportionately to each taxing jurisdiction in accordance with the percentage that each such 31 jurisdiction's share of the tax due for the filing period bears to the total tax due from such 32 taxpayer for such period. The unpaid balance due along with penalties and interest shall be 33 similarly prorated among the state and all local jurisdictions for which tax was due during the 34 filing period for which an underpayment occurs. The provisions of this subsection shall apply 35 to all returns or remittances relating to sales made on or after January 1, 1984.

144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show Me Green Sales 2 Tax Holiday".

3 2. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash compactors,
5 dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and
6 freezers; and

7 (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United States
 8 Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy as eligible to
 9 display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.

3.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby specifically
 exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any [energy star certified] new appliance that
 is an energy star qualified product, up to one thousand five hundred dollars per appliance,
 during a seven-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight
 on April twenty-fifth.

15 [4. A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this section to apply to 16 its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that effect. Any such political subdivision shall 17 notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date 18 of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.

19 <u>5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's</u>

20 merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales

21 tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.]

144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar 2 quarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of revenue a return of all taxes

3 collected for the preceding quarter in the form prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the

4 total sales price of the tangible personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or 5 consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director 6 of revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of 7 the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period covered by the return. Returns 8 shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's authorized agent. The director of revenue may 9 promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but 10 shall not require any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.

3. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.

20 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person purchasing tangible 21 personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by 22 sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the tax due to a vendor registered in accordance 23 with the provisions of section 144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the 24 preceding reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, 25 showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the preceding reporting 26 period and any other information that the director of revenue deems necessary for the proper 27 administration of sections 144.600 to 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance 28 of the amount of the tax required by sections 144.600 to 144.748 to be paid by the person. 29 Returns shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized agent. 30 For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined by the director of 31 revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar year. Annual returns and payments required 32 by the director pursuant to this subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of the year 33 for the preceding calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or before the 34 last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the taxpayer's 35 request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments on a monthly basis. If 36 a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment, such return and payment shall be due on 37 or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month.

5. Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax return with the director of 40 revenue if such purchases on which such taxes were not paid do not exceed in the aggregate two

41 thousand dollars in any calendar year.

6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability to collect the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650.

48 7. Any out-of-state seller that is not legally required to register for use tax in this 49 state but chooses to collect and remit use tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761 shall file a 50 return for the calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before 51 January thirty-first of the succeeding year. In the event that any out-of-state seller that is not legally required to register for use tax in this state but chooses to collect and remit use 52 53 tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761 has accumulated state and local use tax funds in an 54 amount equal to one thousand dollars or more, such vendor shall file a return and remit 55 the amount due for the month in which the accumulated state and local use tax funds equal or exceed one thousand dollars. 56

144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as required by sections 144.600 to
144.745 to the director of revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due, the
vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof] Sections 144.210 and
144.212, pertaining to the allowance for timely remittance of payment, are applicable to

5 the tax levied by this law.

221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one 2 3 percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such region which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing 4 jail services and court facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this 5 section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no order 6 imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the commission submits 7 8 to the voters of the district, on any election date authorized in chapter 115, a proposal to 9 authorize the commission to impose a tax.

10 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following11 language:

12 Shall the regional jail district of (counties' names) impose a region-wide 13 sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing jail services and court 14 facilities and equipment for the region? 15 \Box YES \Box NO

16

17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed

18 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

19

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon 21 are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any amendment to such order shall be in effect 22 on the first day of the second calendar quarter [immediately following the election approving 23 the proposal] after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales 24 tax. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, the commission shall have no power 25 to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the commission shall 26 again have submitted another proposal to authorize the commission to impose the sales tax 27 authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified 28 voters of the district voting on such proposal; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to 29 this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 30 submission of a proposal pursuant to this section.

3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall
be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing jail services and court
facilities and equipment for such district for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.

39 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf 40 of any district, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 41 general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, 42 shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Regional 43 Jail District Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax trust fund 44 shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. 45 The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund 46 which was collected in each district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each member county and the public. Not later than 47 48 the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 49 trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all expenditures of funds arising from the 50

51 regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall be paid pursuant to an appropriation adopted by the

commission and shall be approved by the commission. Expenditures may be made from the fund
for any function authorized in the order adopted by the commission submitting the regional jail

54 district tax to the voters.

55 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments 56 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such districts. 57 58 If any district abolishes the tax, the commission shall notify the director of revenue of the action 59 at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after 60 receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 61 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed 62 after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit 63 the balance in the account to the district and close the account of that district. The director of 64 revenue shall notify each district in each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 65 66 from receipts due the district.

67 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall68 apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

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8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2015.

238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail sales made in such transportation 2 3 development district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale 4 or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to all sales of electricity or 5 electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service to telephone 6 subscribers, either local or long distance]. Such transportation development district sales tax 7 8 may be imposed for any transportation development purpose designated by the transportation development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that no resolution 9 10 enacted pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be effective unless:

(a) The board of directors of the transportation development district submits to the
qualified voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of
directors of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing
tax pursuant to the provisions of this section; or

(b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filed pursuant to subsection5 of section 238.207.

17 (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the transportation 18 development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation 19 development district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the provisions 20 of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the ballot of submission shall contain, but 21 need not be limited to, the following language: 22 Shall the transportation development district of (transportation development 23 district's name) impose a transportation development district-wide sales tax at the rate of 24 (insert amount) for a period of (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is 25 first imposed for the purpose of (insert transportation development purpose)? 26 \Box YES \Box NO 27 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed 28 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 29 30 31 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 32 of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a majority 33 of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of 34 directors of the transportation development district shall have no power to impose the sales tax 35 authorized by this section unless and until the board of directors of the transportation 36 development district shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize it to impose the 37 sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and such proposal is approved by a majority 38 of the qualified voters voting thereon. 39 (3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the first day of the 40 second calendar quarter after the department of revenue receives notification of the tax. 41 (4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the transportation 42 development district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such 43 44 tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, 45 and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. 46 (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this 47 section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 48 requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid 49 fractions of pennies, the transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets 50 which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets 51 provided in section 144.285.

52 -(6)] All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall 53 be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon 54 the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) 55 of this subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection [6]56 4 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for 57 58 such designated transportation development purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which 59 are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district 60 61 funds.

62 [(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up 63 to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such 64 65 tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, except such transportation development district sales 66 tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors [nor to 67 68 public utilities]. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this 69 section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.

2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.

76 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the 77 director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 78 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to all 79 other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax 80 imposed pursuant to this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of 81 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant to such 82 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 83 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, governing the 84 state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087 and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality

85 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in

86 this section.

87

(2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the

sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to 88 89 the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and 90 collection of the tax imposed by this section. 91 (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall 92 93 satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe 94 95 a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws 96 for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made 97 applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section. 98

99 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for
 100 violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.

(6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all 101 102 retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer 103 104 or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state 105 106 which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 107 business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even 108 though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 109 business from which the employee works. 110

111 ______5.] All sales taxes received by the transportation development district shall be deposited 112 by the director of revenue in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this 113 section. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was 114 collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of 115 each transportation development district and the general public.

116 [6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this 117 section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the 118 district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or 119 revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the 120 commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.

(2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in whicha transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section

123 receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal 124 such transportation development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not 125 impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has 126 borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been 127 issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects, 128 submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the 129 transportation development sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a 130 majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of 131 the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution imposing the 132 transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed. If a 133 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to 134 repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the ordinance or resolution imposing the 135 transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.

[7.] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 99.800 to 99.865 and this section to
the contrary, the sales tax imposed by a district whose project is a public mass transportation
system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections
99.805 and 99.918 and shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of
section 99.845, or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

148 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall
149 apply to the tax imposed under this section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established pursuant to section 238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose a tax.

9 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following 10 language:

11 Shall the Transit Authority impose a countywide sales tax of (insert 12 amount) in order to provide revenues for the operation of transportation facilities operated by the 13 transit authority?

 \Box NO

 \Box YES

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- 15

16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed17 to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

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19 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter 20 21 following notification to the department of revenue of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the 22 votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the transit authority 23 shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until another 24 proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section has 25 been submitted and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 26 thereon.

27 3. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized under the 28 provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by the 29 transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, maintenance and operation of transportation 30 facilities located within the county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in 31 such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the 32 transit authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county funds. 33 4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend 34 such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the 35 county in the same manner as provided in subsection 1 of this section for approval of such tax. Whenever the governing body of any county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner 36 37 provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of such 38 county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such county a proposal to repeal the sales tax 39 imposed under the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by 40 41 the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such 42 sales tax is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are 43 opposed to the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect.

44 5. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose upon all sellers 45 a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or 46 rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 47 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; 48 except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate approved pursuant to this section. The amount 49 reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be computed on the basis of 50 the combined rate of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed by this 51 section, plus any amounts imposed under other provisions of law.

52 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the 53 director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 54 enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the 55 sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 56 57 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative 58 rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. In order to permit sellers 59 required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and 60 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy 61 of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285 62 shall apply to all taxable transactions.

63 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state 64 sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All exemptions granted 65 to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items 66 of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 67 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this 68 69 section. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall 70 71 satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail 72 certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of 73 exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. All discounts 74 allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for 75 payment of taxes under chapter 144 are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes 76 collected under the provisions of this section. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and 77 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to 78 violations of this section.

79 8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer, except for tangible 80 personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination 81 82 or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor 83 vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this 84 section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which 85 participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of 86 the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the 87 order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from 88 89 which he works. 90 9. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any transit authority, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's 91 92 general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be 93 94 known as the "County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county 95 transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 96

commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of 97 the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transit authority imposing a 98 sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the 99 county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 100 distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the transit 101 authority which levied the tax.

102 [10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from 103 the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit authority for erroneous payments and 104 overpayments made, and may authorize the state treasurer to redeem dishonored checks and 105 drafts deposited to the credit of such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, 106 the transit authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to 107 the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, 108 for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to 109 cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 110 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 111 abolition of the tax in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state 112 treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that 113 transit authority. The director of revenue shall notify each transit authority of each instance of 114 any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the transit authority. The director

115 of revenue shall annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the

116 sales taxes authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority imposing the tax

authorized by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by himfor the transit authority.

119 [11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who 120 shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, 121 transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the 122 hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or 123 bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected 124 under this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of revenue 125 may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and 126 employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the surety bond or bonds shall be paid by 127 the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the 128 benefit of the state.

129 [12.] 11. Sales taxes imposed pursuant to this section and use taxes on the purchase and 130 sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted 131 by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for 132 a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed 133 under this section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be 134 deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or sale of motor 135 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address 136 of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "boat" shall only include motorboats and 137 vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

138 [13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been imposed, if any 139 person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under this section 140 or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under this 141 section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has 142 143 determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due 144 the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of 145 taxes under this section, the director of revenue shall notify the transit authority to which 146 delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail or certified mail at least ten days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit authority, acting 147 148 through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a judgment for the 149 delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under this section, the director of revenue shall promptly 150

notify the transit authority to which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may be takenby the transit authority.

153 [14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax 154 imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any 155 tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in 156 any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit 157 158 authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due 159 the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such transit authority under 160 this section.

161 [15. The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400 to 238.412
 162 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate caused by the imposition of
 163 the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.

164 <u>16.</u>] 14. In the event that any transit authority in any county with a charter form of 165 government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty 166 thousand inhabitants submits a proposal in any election to increase the sales tax under this 167 section, and such proposal is approved by the voters, the county shall be reimbursed for the costs 168 of submitting such proposal from the funds derived from the tax levied under this section.

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32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 238.410 to 238.412.

15. Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all provisions of sections

[66.601. The duties of the director of revenue with respect to the 2 allocation, division and distribution of sales and use tax proceeds determined to 3 be due any county of the first classification having a charter form of government 4 and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants and all 5 municipalities within such county, resulting from taxes levied or imposed under 6 the authority of sections 66.600 to 66.630, section 144.748, and sections 94.850 7 to 94.857, may be delegated to the county levying the county sales tax under 8 sections 66.600 to 66.630, at the discretion of the director of revenue and with the consent of the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the 9 contrary, if such duties are so assigned, the director of revenue shall furnish the 10 11 county with sufficient information to perform such duties in such form as may be agreed upon by the director and the county at no cost to the county. The county 12 13 shall be bound by the provisions of section 32.057, and shall use any information provided by the director of revenue under the provisions of this section solely for 14 the purpose of allocating, dividing and distributing such sales and use tax 15 revenues. The county shall exercise all of the director's powers and duties with 16 respect to such allocation, division and distribution, and shall receive no fee for 17 18 carrying out such powers and duties.]

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[67.1713. Beginning January 1, 2002, there is hereby specifically exempted from the tax imposed pursuant to section 67.1712 all sales of food as defined by section 144.014.]

[67.1971. All entities remitting the sales tax authorized pursuant to section 67.1959 shall have their liability reduced by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any taxes collected and remitted pursuant to sections 94.802 to 94.805.]

[144.069. All sales taxes associated with the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors under the laws of Missouri shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the address of the owner thereof, and all 4 sales taxes associated with the titling of vehicles under leases of over sixty-day duration of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect, unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and sales taxes have been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the location of the address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision 10 shall be collected and remitted on such sales from the purchaser or lessee by the state department of revenue on that basis.]

[144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to section 2 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales and use taxes all sales of 3 textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, when such textbook is purchased by a 4 student who possesses proof of current enrollment at any Missouri public or 5 private university, college or other postsecondary institution of higher learning 6 offering a course of study leading to a degree in the liberal arts, humanities or 7 sciences or in a professional, vocational or technical field, provided that the 8 books which are exempt from state sales tax are those required or recommended 9 for a class. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least one list of textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the student may 10 provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor, department or institution of his 11 12 or her required or recommended textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to 13 any locally imposed sales or use tax.]

[144.605. The following words and phrases as used in sections 144.600 to 144.745 mean and include: 2 3 (1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months 4 ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first; 5

(2) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:

7	(a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the
8	seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect
9	sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525;
10	(b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling
10	representatives;
11	(c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within this state
12	if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has
13 14	substantial nexus with this state:
14	a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the
15	same or a similar business name;
10	b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or storage place,
17	or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or
18	services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers;
19 20	•
20	c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the vendor's customers within the state;
21	
22	d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state
-	by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an
24	office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business
25	maintained by the person in the state; or
26	e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly
27	associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state
28	for the sales;
29	(d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating
30	that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the
31	vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's
32	sales;
33	(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to engage
34	in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with
35	one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or
36	other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by
37	a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or
38	otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor
39	to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this
40	type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during
41	the preceding twelve months;
42	(f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof
43	that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any
44	activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability
45	to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding
46	twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of
47	the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not
48	engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the

49 preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good
 50 faith;

(3) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes maintaining,
 occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, by
 whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or
 place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business in this state, whether
 owned or operated by the vendor or by any other person other than a common
 carrier acting in its capacity as such;

(4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture,
association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit
or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board,
bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust,
business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court,
syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as
well as the singular number;

64 (5) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible
 65 personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage,
 66 use or consumption in this state;

67 (6) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable
 68 consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage
 69 or consumption in this state;

(7) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or ownership of 70 tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or consume the same, for a 71 consideration paid or to be paid, and any transaction whether called leases, 72 73 rentals, bailments, loans, conditional sales or otherwise, and notwithstanding that 74 the title or possession of the property or both is retained for security. For the 75 purpose of this law the place of delivery of the property to the purchaser, user, 76 storer or consumer is deemed to be the place of sale, whether the delivery be by the vendor or by common carriers, private contractors, mails, express, agents, 77 salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers, canvassers 78 79 or otherwise:

80 (8) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or given, or contracted to 81 be paid or given, by the purchaser to the vendor for the tangible personal 82 property, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, 83 84 whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to 85 the purchaser by the vendor, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses 86 or any other expenses whatsoever, except that cash discounts allowed and taken 87 on sales shall not be included and "sales price" shall not include the amount 88 89 charged for property returned by customers upon rescission of the contract of sales when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either in cash or credit 90 91 or the amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the

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property sold, the use, storage or consumption of which is taxable pursuant to
 sections 144.600 to 144.745. In determining the amount of tax due pursuant to
 sections 144.600 to 144.745, any charge incident to the extension of credit shall
 be specifically exempted;

96 (9) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal,
 97 when such principal is not registered with the director of revenue of the state of
 98 Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to
 99 144.525 or sections 144.600 to 144.745 and who receives compensation by
 100 reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property
 101 is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;

102(10) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal103property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is104temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;

105 (11) "Tangible personal property", all items subject to the Missouri sales
 106 tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3) of section 144.020;

107 (12) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit the tax
 108 levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745;

(13) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal
 property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does
 not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use
 outside the state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;

(14) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible 113 personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling tangible 114 115 personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, 116 hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the 117 dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under 118 119 whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this state, 120 maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business activities within 121 this state and every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as 122 123 a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision. 124 Irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they 125 must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, 126 127 supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for the 128 purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.]

144.1000. Sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 shall be known as and referred
 to as the "Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act".]
 [144.1003. As used in sections 144.1000 to 144.1015, the following

2 terms shall mean: (1) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;

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3 (2) "Certified automated system", software certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on 4 5 a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state and 6 maintain a record of the transaction; (3) "Certified service provider", an agent 7 certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to perform all 8 of the seller's sales tax functions; (4) "Person", an individual, trust, estate, 9 fiduciary, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, corporation or any other legal entity; (5) "Sales tax", any sales tax levied 10 pursuant to this chapter, section 32.085, or any other sales tax authorized by 11 statute and levied by this state or its political subdivisions; (6) "Seller", any 12 13 person making sales, leases or rentals of personal property or services; (7)-"State", any state of the United States and the District of Columbia; (8) "Use 14 15 tax", the use tax levied pursuant to this chapter.]

[144.1006. For the purposes of reviewing and, if necessary, amending the agreement embodying the simplification recommendations contained in section 2 3 144.1015, the state may enter into multistate discussions. For purposes of such 4 discussions, the state shall be represented by seven delegates, one of whom shall 5 be appointed by the governor, two members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one member appointed by the minority leader of the 6 7 house of representatives, two members appointed by the president pro tempore 8 of the senate and one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate. 9 The delegates need not be members of the general assembly and at least one of 10 the delegates appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one member appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate shall be from the 11 private sector and represent the interests of Missouri businesses. The delegates 12 shall recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing tax issues in the 13 14 senate and the house of representatives each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates 15 shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the 16 status of the multistate discussions and upon final adoption of the terms of the 17 sales and use tax agreement by the multistate body.] 18

19 [144.1009. No provision of the agreement authorized by sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 in whole or in part invalidates or amends any provision of 2 3 the law of this state. Implementation of any condition of this agreement in this 4 state, whether adopted before, at, or after membership of this state in the 5 agreement, must be by action of the general assembly. Such report shall be 6 delivered to the governor, the secretary of state, the president pro tempore of the 7 senate and the speaker of the house of representatives and shall simultaneously 8 be made publicly available by the secretary of state to any person requesting a 9 copy.] 10

2	[144.1012. Unless five of the seven delegates agree, the delegates shall
2 3	not enter into or vote for any streamlined sales and use tax agreement that:
	(1) Requires adoption of a definition of any term that would cause any
4	item or transaction that is now excluded or exempted from sales or use tax to become subject to sales or use tax;
5	
6 7	(2) Requires the state of Missouri to fully exempt or fully apply sales taxes to the sale of food or any other item;
8	(3) Restricts the ability of local governments under statutes in effect on
8 9	August 28, 2002, to enact one or more local taxes on one or more items without
10	application of the tax to all sales within the taxing jurisdiction, however,
10	restriction of any such taxes allowed by statutes effective after August 28, 2002,
12	may be supported;
12	(4) Provides for adoption of any uniform rate structure that would result
13	in a tax increase for any Missouri taxpayer;
15	(5) Affects the sourcing of sales tax transactions; or
16	(6) Prohibits limitations or thresholds on the application of sales and use
17	tax rates or prohibits any current sales or use tax exemption in the state of
18	Missouri, including exemptions that are based on the value of the transaction or
19	item.]
20	
	[144.1015. In addition to the requirements of section 144.1012, the
2	delegates should consider the following features when deciding whether or not
3	to enter into any streamlined sales and use tax agreement:
4	(1) The agreement should address the limitation of the number of state
5	rates over time;
6	(2) The agreement should establish uniform standards for administration
7	of exempt sales and the form used for filing sales and use tax returns and
8	remittances;
9	(3) The agreement should require the state to provide a central, electronic
10	registration system that allows a seller to register to collect and remit sales and
11	use taxes for all signatory states;
12	(4) The agreement should provide that registration with the central
13	registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in the signatory states
14	will not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with a
15	state for any tax;
16	(5) The agreement should provide for reduction of the burdens of
17	complying with local sales and use taxes through the following so long as they
18	do not conflict with the provisions of section 144.1012:
19	(a) Restricting variances between the state and local tax bases;
20	(b) Requiring states to administer any sales and use taxes levied by local
21	jurisdictions within the state so that sellers collecting and remitting these taxes
22	will not have to register or file returns with, remit funds to, or be subject to
23	independent audits from local taxing jurisdictions;

- (c) Restricting the frequency of changes in the local sales and use tax
 rates and setting effective dates for the application of local jurisdictional
 boundary changes to local sales and use taxes; and
- 27 (d) Providing notice of changes in local sales and use tax rates and of
 28 changes in the boundaries of local taxing jurisdictions;
- (6) The agreement should outline any monetary allowances that are to be
 provided by the states to sellers or certified service providers. The agreement
 must allow for a joint public and private sector study of the compliance cost on
 sellers and certified service providers to collect sales and use taxes for state and
 local governments under various levels of complexity to be completed by July 1,
 2003;
- (7) The agreement should require each state to certify compliance with
 the terms of the agreement prior to joining and to maintain compliance, under the
 laws of the member state, with all provisions of the agreement while a member,
 only if the agreement and any amendment thereto complies with the provisions
 of section 144.1012;
- 40 (8) The agreement should require each state to adopt a uniform policy for
 41 certified service providers that protects the privacy of consumers and maintains
 42 the confidentiality of tax information; and
- 43 (9) The agreement should provide for the appointment of an advisory
 44 council of private sector representatives and an advisory council of nonmember
 45 state representatives to consult with in the administration of the agreement.]
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Section B. This act shall become effective on January 1, 2019.

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