## <sup>117TH CONGRESS</sup> 2D SESSION H.R. 8799

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

> To promote freedom of information and counter censorship and surveillance in North Korea, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### September 9, 2022

Mr. WENSTRUP (for himself, Mr. CONNOLLY, and Mr. BARR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

### A BILL

To promote freedom of information and counter censorship and surveillance in North Korea, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Otto Warmbier Coun-

5 tering North Korean Censorship and Surveillance Act of6 2021".

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#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-3 ings:

4 (1) The information landscape in North Korea
5 is the most repressive in the world, consistently
6 ranking last or near-last in the annual World Press
7 Freedom Index.

8 (2) Under the brutal rule of Kim Jung Un, the 9 country's leader since 2012, the North Korean re-10 gime has tightened controls on access to informa-11 tion, as well as enacted harsh punishments for con-12 sumers of outside media, including sentencing to 13 time in a concentration camp and a maximum pen-14 alty of death.

(3) Such repressive and unjust laws surrounding information in North Korea resulted in the
death of 22-year-old United States citizen and university student Otto Warmbier, who had traveled to
North Korea in December 2015 as part of a guided
tour.

(4) Otto Warmbier was unjustly arrested, sentenced to 15 years of hard labor, and severely mistreated at the hands of North Korean officials.
While in captivity, Otto Warmbier suffered a serious
medical emergency that placed him into a comatose

state. Otto Warmbier was comatose upon his release 2 in June 2017 and died 6 days later.

3 (5) Despite increased penalties for possession 4 and viewership of foreign media, the people of North 5 Korea have increased their desire for foreign media 6 content, according to a survey of 200 defectors con-7 cluding that 90 percent had watched South Korean 8 or other foreign media before defecting.

9 (6) On March 23, 2021, in an annual resolu-10 tion, the United Nations General Assembly con-11 demned "the long-standing and ongoing systematic, 12 widespread and gross violations of human rights in 13 the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" and ex-14 pressed grave concern at, among other things, "the 15 denial of the right to freedom of thought, conscience, 16 and religion . . . and of the rights to freedom of 17 opinion, expression, and association, both online and 18 offline, which is enforced through an absolute mo-19 nopoly on information and total control over orga-20 nized social life, and arbitrary and unlawful state 21 surveillance that permeates the private lives of all 22 citizens".

23 (7) In 2018, Typhoon Yutu caused extensive 24 damage to 15 broadcast antennas used by the 25 United States Agency for Global Media in Asia, re-

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sulting in reduced programming to North Korea.
 The United States Agency for Global Media has re built 5 of the 15 antenna systems as of June 2021.
 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con gress that—

6 (1) in the event of a crisis situation, particu-7 larly where information pertaining to the crisis is 8 being actively censored or a false narrative is being 9 put forward, the United States should be able to 10 quickly increase its broadcasting capability to deliver 11 fact-based information to audiences, including those 12 in North Korea; and

13 (2) the United States International Broad-14 casting Surge Capacity Fund is already authorized 15 under section 316 of the United States International 16 Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6216), and ex-17 panded authority to transfer unobligated balances 18 from expired accounts of the United States Agency 19 for Global Media would enable the Agency to more 20 nimbly respond to crises.

#### 21 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

22 It is the policy of the United States—

(1) to provide the people of North Korea withaccess to a diverse range of fact-based information;

1	(2) to develop and implement novel means of
2	communication and information sharing that in-
3	crease opportunities for audiences in North Korea to
4	safely create, access, and share digital and non-dig-
5	ital news without fear of repressive censorship, sur-
6	veillance, or penalties under law; and
7	(3) to foster and innovate new technologies to
8	counter North Korea's state-sponsored repressive
9	surveillance and censorship by advancing internet
10	freedom tools, technologies, and new approaches.
11	SEC. 4. UNITED STATES STRATEGY TO COMBAT NORTH KO-
12	<b>REA'S REPRESSIVE INFORMATION ENVIRON-</b>
13	MENT.
13 14	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
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14 15	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall de-
14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.</li> <li>(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.</li> <li>(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection</li> <li>(a) shall include the following:</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.</li> <li>(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection</li> <li>(a) shall include the following: <ul> <li>(1) An assessment of the challenges to the free</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.</li> <li>(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection</li> <li>(a) shall include the following: <ul> <li>(1) An assessment of the challenges to the free flow of information into North Korea created by the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall develop and submit to Congress a strategy on combating North Korea's repressive information environment.</li> <li>(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection</li> <li>(a) shall include the following: <ul> <li>(1) An assessment of the challenges to the free flow of information into North Korea created by the censorship and surveillance technology apparatus of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1 services responsible for the implementation of North 2 Korea's repressive laws regarding foreign media con-3 sumption. 4 (3) A detailed description of the agencies and 5 other government entities and key officials of foreign 6 governments that assist, facilitate, or aid North Ko-7 rea's repressive censorship and surveillance state. 8 (4) A review of existing public-private partner-9 ships that provide circumvention technology and an assessment of the feasibility and utility of new tools 10 11 to increase free expression, circumvent censorship, 12 and obstruct repressive surveillance in North Korea. 13 (5) A description of and funding levels required 14 for current United States Government programs and 15 activities to provide access for the people of North 16 Korea to a diverse range of fact-based information. 17 (6) An update of the plan required by section 18 104(a)(7)(A) of the North Korean Human Rights 19 Act of 2004 (22 U.S.C. 7814(a)(7)(A)). 20 (7) A description of Department of State pro-21 grams and funding levels for programs that promote 22 internet freedom in North Korea, including moni-23 toring and evaluation efforts. 24 (8) A description of grantee programs of the

United States Agency for Global Media in North

1	Korea that facilitate circumvention tools and broad-
2	casting, including monitoring and evaluation efforts.
3	(9) A detailed assessment of how the United
4	States International Broadcasting Surge Capacity
5	Fund authorized under section 316 of the United
6	States International Broadcasting Act of $1994$ (22
7	U.S.C. 6216) has operated to respond to crisis situa-
8	tions in the past, and how authority to transfer un-
9	obligated balances from expired accounts would help
10	the United States Agency for Global Media in crisis
11	situations in the future.
11 12	situations in the future. (10) A detailed plan for how the authorization
12	(10) A detailed plan for how the authorization
12 13	(10) A detailed plan for how the authorization of appropriations under section 7 will operate along-
12 13 14	(10) A detailed plan for how the authorization of appropriations under section 7 will operate along- side and augment existing programming from the
12 13 14 15	(10) A detailed plan for how the authorization of appropriations under section 7 will operate along- side and augment existing programming from the relevant Federal agencies and facilitate the develop-
12 13 14 15 16	(10) A detailed plan for how the authorization of appropriations under section 7 will operate along- side and augment existing programming from the relevant Federal agencies and facilitate the develop- ment of new tools to assist that programming.
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(10) A detailed plan for how the authorization of appropriations under section 7 will operate along-side and augment existing programming from the relevant Federal agencies and facilitate the development of new tools to assist that programming.</li> <li>(c) FORM OF STRATEGY.—The strategy required by</li> </ul>

# SEC. 5. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO PER SONS RESPONSIBLE FOR NORTH KOREA'S RE PRESSIVE CENSORSHIP AND SURVEILLANCE STATE.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President may impose the 6 following sanctions with respect to any foreign person that 7 the President determines knowingly engaged in, facili-8 tated, or was responsible for censorship by the Govern-9 ment of North Korea or the Workers' Party of Korea iden-10 tified under paragraph (2) or (3) of section 4(b):

(1) BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.—The President 11 may exercise all of the powers granted to the Presi-12 13 dent under the International Emergency Economic 14 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent 15 necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in 16 property and interests in property of the foreign per-17 son if such property and interests in property are in 18 the United States, come within the United States, or 19 are or come within the possession or control of a 20 United States person.

21 (2) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR
22 PAROLE.—

23 (A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—In
24 the case of an alien, the alien may be—

(i) inadmissible to the United States;

1	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
2	documentation to enter the United States;
3	and
4	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
5	or paroled into the United States or to re-
6	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
7	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
8	seq.).
9	(B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—
10	(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien described
11	in subparagraph (A) may be subject to rev-
12	ocation of any visa or other entry docu-
13	mentation regardless of when the visa or
14	other entry documentation is or was
15	issued.
16	(ii) Effect.—A revocation under
17	clause (i) shall—
18	(I) take effect consistent with
19	section 221 of the Immigration and
20	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201); and
21	(II) cancel any other valid visa or
22	entry documentation that is in the
23	alien's possession.
24	(b) Implementation; Penalties.—

(1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may ex ercise all authorities provided under sections 203
 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic
 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out
 this section.

6 (2) PENALTIES.—A person that violates, at-7 tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a 8 violation of subsection (a)(1) or any regulation, li-9 cense, or order issued to carry out that subsection 10 shall be subject to the penalties set forth in sub-11 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-12 national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 13 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that 14 commits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) 15 of that section.

(c) NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.—The President
may waive the imposition of sanctions under subsection
(a) with respect to a person if the President—

(1) determines that such a waiver is in the na-tional security interests of the United States; and

(2) submits to the appropriate congressional
committees a notification of the waiver and the reasons for the waiver.

24 (d) EXCEPTIONS.—

(1) INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—This section
 shall not apply with respect to activities subject to
 the reporting requirements under title V of the Na tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.)
 or any authorized intelligence activities of the United
 States.

7 (2) LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanc8 tions under this section shall not apply with respect
9 to any authorized law enforcement activities of the
10 United States.

11 (3)EXCEPTION ТО COMPLY WITH INTER-12 NATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—Subsection (a)(2) shall 13 not apply with respect to the admission of an alien 14 to the United States if such admission is necessary 15 to comply with the obligations of the United States 16 under the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of 17 the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 18 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 19 1947, between the United Nations and the United 20 States, under the Convention on Consular Relations, 21 done at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into 22 force March 19, 1967, or under other international 23 agreements.

24 (4) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF
25 GOODS.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The authority or a re-
2	quirement to impose sanctions under this sec-
3	tion shall not include the authority or a require-
4	ment to impose sanctions on the importation of
5	goods.
6	(B) GOOD DEFINED.—In this paragraph,
7	the term "good" means any article, natural or
8	manmade substance, material, supply, or manu-
9	factured product, including inspection and test
10	equipment, and excluding technical data.
11	(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
12	(1) Admission; admitted; alien.—The terms
13	"admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the
14	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
15	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
16	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
17	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
18	mittees" means—
19	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations,
20	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
21	Urban Affairs, and the Select Committee on In-
22	telligence of the Senate; and
23	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the

24 Committee on Financial Services, and the Per-

1	manent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
2	House of Representatives.
3	(3) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term "foreign per-
4	son" means any person that is not a United States
5	person.
6	(4) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
7	"United States person" means—
8	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
9	fully admitted to the United States for perma-
10	nent residence;
11	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
12	the United States or any jurisdiction within the
13	United States; or
13 14	United States; or (C) any person in the United States.
14	(C) any person in the United States.
14 15	(C) any person in the United States. SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH
14 15 16 17	(C) any person in the United States. SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(C) any person in the United States.</li> <li>SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(C) any person in the United States.</li> <li>SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(C) any person in the United States.</li> <li>SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2024, the Secretary of State and the Secretary</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(C) any person in the United States.</li> <li>SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2024, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly submit to the appropriate</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(C) any person in the United States.</li> <li>SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2024, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees (as defined in section 5(e)) a re-</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(C) any person in the United States.</li> <li>SEC. 6. REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO NORTH KOREA.</li> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2024, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees (as defined in section 5(e)) a report on sanctions-related activities and enforcement un-</li> </ul>

	11
1	(1) an assessment of activities conducted by
2	persons in North Korea or the Government of North
3	Korea that would require mandatory designations
4	pursuant to the North Korea Sanctions and Policy
5	Enhancement Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C. 9201 et seq.);
6	and
7	(2) sanctions-related enforcement or other sanc-
8	tions-related actions undertaken by the United
9	States Government pursuant to that Act.
10	(b) PERIOD DESCRIBED.—The period described in
11	this subsection is—
12	(1) in the case of the first report required by
13	subsection (a), the period beginning on January 1,
14	2021, and ending on the date on which the report
15	is required to be submitted; and
16	(2) in the case of each subsequent report re-
17	quired by subsection (a), the one-year period pre-
18	ceding submission of the report.
19	SEC. 7. PROMOTING FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND
20	COUNTERING CENSORSHIP AND SURVEIL-
21	LANCE IN NORTH KOREA.
22	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
23	are authorized to be appropriated to the United States
24	Agency for Global Media \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal

1	years 2022 through 2026 to provide increased broad-
2	casting and grants for the following purposes:
3	(1) To promote the development of internet
4	freedom tools, technologies, and new approaches, in-
5	cluding both digital and non-digital means of infor-
6	mation sharing related to North Korea.
7	(2) To explore public-private partnerships to
8	counter North Korea's repressive censorship and
9	surveillance state.
10	(3) To develop new means to protect the pri-
11	vacy and identity of individuals receiving media from
12	the United States Agency for Global Media and
13	other outside media outlets from within North
14	Korea.
15	(4) To bolster existing programming from the
16	United States Agency for Global Media by restoring
17	the broadcasting capacity of damaged antennas
18	caused by Typhoon Yutu in 2018.
19	(b) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Section 104(a)(7)(B) of the
20	North Korean Human Rights Act of 2004 (22 U.S.C.
21	7814(a)(7)(B)) is amended—
22	(1) in the matter preceding clause (i)—
23	(A) by striking "1 year after the date of
24	the enactment of this paragraph" and inserting
25	"September 30, 2022"; and

(B) by striking "Broadcasting Board of
 Governors" and inserting "Chief Executive Of ficer of the United States Agency for Global
 Media"; and
 (2) in clause (i), by inserting after "this sec tion" the following: "and sections 4 and 7 of the

7 Otto Warmbier Countering North Korean Censor-8 ship and Surveillance Act of 2021".

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