₾ Approved for Filing: E.D. Chelsea-McCarty ₾

1	FIREARMS REMOVAL AMENDMENTS
2	2020 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Joel K. Briscoe
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill creates the Firearms Restraining Order Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 enacts the Firearms Restraining Order Act;
13	defines terms;
14	 enables a family member, medical professional, or law enforcement officer to ask a
15	court to restrain a person from possessing any firearms or ammunition for a
16	specified length of time;
17	 requires the courts to develop and adopt uniform forms for all courts;
18	requires that the court consider whether the respondent:
19	 has made recent threats or acted violently;
20	 violated a recent protective order;
21	 has demonstrated a pattern of violent acts or threats within the past 12 months;
22	• is dangerous; or
23	 has attempted or threatened self-harm;
24	 allows a court to issue a search warrant if a respondent refuses to surrender firearms
25	and ammunition upon service of an order;
26	requires the courts to report the respondent's information to the Bureau of Criminal
27	Identification upon issuance, and to remove the information upon expiration;



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8	 requires the respondent to surrender firearms and ammunition to a law enforcement
9	agency;
0	 provides for disposal if the firearms and ammunition are not reclaimed upon
1	expiration;
2	 requires the director of POST to create and implement training and materials; and
3	 requires the courts to create and distribute an annual report on firearms restraining
4	orders.
5	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
6	None
7	Other Special Clauses:
8	This bill provides a special effective date.
9	Utah Code Sections Affected:
0	AMENDS:
1	53-10-208.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 33 and 365
2	ENACTS:
3	78B-7-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
4	78B-7-602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
5	78B-7-603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
6	78B-7-604 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
7	78B-7-605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
8	78B-7-606 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
9	78B-7-607, Utah Code Annotated 1953
0	78B-7-608 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
1	78B-7-609 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
2	78B-7-610 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
3	78B-7-611, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

58

Section 1. Section **53-10-208.1** is amended to read: 56

57 53-10-208.1. Magistrates and court clerks to supply information.

(1) Every magistrate or clerk of a court responsible for court records in this state shall,

59 within 30 days of the disposition and on forms and in the manner provided by the division, 60 furnish the division with information pertaining to: 61 (a) all dispositions of criminal matters, including: 62 (i) guilty pleas; (ii) convictions; 63 64 (iii) dismissals; 65 (iv) acquittals; 66 (v) pleas held in abevance: 67 (vi) judgments of not guilty by reason of insanity: 68 (vii) judgments of guilty with a mental illness; 69 (viii) finding of mental incompetence to stand trial; and 70 (ix) probations granted; 71 (b) orders of civil commitment under the terms of Section 62A-15-631: (c) the issuance, recall, cancellation, or modification of all warrants of arrest or 72 73 commitment as described in Rule 6, Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure and Section 78B-6-303, 74 within one day of the action and in a manner provided by the division; and 75 (d) protective orders issued after notice and hearing, pursuant to: 76 (i) Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act: 77 (ii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Cohabitant Abuse Act; 78 (iii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 4, Dating Violence Protection Act; [or] 79 (iv) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Sexual Violence Protection Act[-]; or (v) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Firearms Restraining Order Act. 80 81 (2) The court in the county where a determination or finding was made shall transmit a 82 record of the determination or finding to the bureau no later than 48 hours after the 83 determination is made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, if an individual is: 84 (a) adjudicated as a mental defective; or 85 (b) involuntarily committed to a mental institution in accordance with Subsection 62A-15-631(16). 86 87 (3) The record described in Subsection (2) shall include: 88 (a) an agency record identifier; 89 (b) the individual's name, sex, race, and date of birth; and

90	(c) the individual's social security number, government issued driver license or
91	identification number, alien registration number, government passport number, state
92	identification number, or FBI number.
93	Section 2. Section 78B-7-601 is enacted to read:
94	Part 6. Firearms Restraining Order Act
95	78B-7-601. Title Firearms Restraining Order Act.
96	This part is known as the "Firearms Restraining Order Act."
97	Section 3. Section 78B-7-602 is enacted to read:
98	<u>78B-7-602.</u> Definitions.
99	As used in this part:
100	(1) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification created in Section
101	<u>53-10-201.</u>
102	(2) "Dangerous" means a respondent:
103	(a) presents an imminent risk of serious personal injury to himself, herself, or to others;
104	<u>or</u>
105	(b) may present a risk of serious personal injury to him or herself or to another
106	individual in the near future and is the subject of relevant personal knowledge that would give
107	rise to a reasonable belief that the respondent has a propensity for violent conduct.
108	(3) "Ex parte firearms restraining order" or "ex parte order" means an order by a district
109	court in response to a filing by a petitioner that the respondent has not had the opportunity to
110	respond to, and requires the respondent to surrender his or her firearms and ammunition to the
111	law enforcement officer who serves the order pending a hearing.
112	(4) "Family or household member" means any of the following in relation to the
113	respondent:
114	(a) spouse;
115	(b) person with one or more children in common with the respondent;
116	(c) parent or grandparent;
117	(d) child;
118	(e) person who is or has acted as the respondent's legal guardian; or
119	(f) an adult cohabiting.
120	(5) "Firearm" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-501.

121	(6) "Firearms restraining order" means an order that is in place for one year from the
122	date of issuance that prohibits the respondent from purchasing or possessing firearms, and is
123	issued by a district court after a hearing where the respondent had an opportunity to be heard
124	and a finding was made that the respondent is dangerous.
125	(7) "Law enforcement officer" means only those officers described in Subsections
126	53-13-103(1)(b)(i) and (ii).
127	(8) "Medical professional" means a licensed physician, advanced practice registered
128	nurse, psychologist, or psychiatrist who has treated the respondent.
129	(9) "Recent" means within the previous 12 months.
130	Section 4. Section 78B-7-603 is enacted to read:
131	78B-7-603. Firearms restraining order Affidavit Filing Court to develop,
132	adopt, and provide forms.
133	(1) A law enforcement officer, family or household member, or medical professional
134	may seek an ex parte firearm restraining order from the district court or family court in the
135	county where the respondent resides restraining the respondent from possessing or purchasing
136	any firearms.
137	(2) The request shall consist of a written affidavit on a form provided by the court in
138	the county where the respondent resides. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall develop
139	and adopt uniform forms in accordance with the provisions of this chapter to be distributed to
140	all courts within the state.
141	(a) The offices of the court clerk shall provide nonlegal assistance to persons filing
142	under this part.
143	(b) Forms provided by the court to file for a firearms restraining order shall include a
144	statement informing the petitioner that knowing falsification of any statement or information
145	provided for the purpose of obtaining an ex parte order is a third degree felony.
146	(3) The affidavit shall include, if known, any information the petitioner has regarding
147	firearms the respondent may possess, including types, number, and location.
148	(4) No charges may be imposed by a court clerk, constable, or law enforcement agency
149	<u>for:</u>
150	(a) filing a petition under this part;
151	(b) obtaining a firearms restraining order or an ex parte order; or

152	(c) obtaining copies, either certified or not certified, necessary for service or delivery to
153	law enforcement officials.
154	(5) A petitioner may petition the court for an ex parte firearms restraining order. In
155	determining if a respondent is dangerous, the court shall consider whether:
156	(a) there has been a recent threat of violence, or act of violence, by the respondent
157	toward himself, herself, or others, including the transmission of threats through electronic or
158	digital means;
159	(b) the respondent is a restricted person in accordance with Section 76-10-503;
160	(c) the respondent is dangerous;
161	(d) the respondent recently violated a protective order issued in accordance with any
162	other part of this chapter; or
163	(e) there has been a recent pattern of violent acts or threats by the respondent and other
164	less restrictive alternatives either have been tried and found to be ineffective or are inadequate
165	or inappropriate for the circumstances of the respondent.
166	(6) In determining whether grounds for a firearms restraining order exist, the court may
167	also consider other evidence of an increased risk for violence, including evidence of any of the
168	following:
169	(a) the reckless use, display, or brandishing of a firearm by the respondent;
170	(b) the history of use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force by the
171	respondent against another individual;
172	(c) an act or threat of violence against himself or herself;
173	(d) a prior arrest of the respondent for a violent felony offense or violent crime;
174	(e) evidence, including police reports and records of convictions, of either recent
175	criminal offenses by the respondent that involve controlled substances or alcohol or ongoing
176	abuse of controlled substances or alcohol by the respondent; and
177	(f) evidence of the recent acquisition of firearms or ammunition.
178	(7) The court shall make a concerted effort to set hearings in such a way that the
179	respondent is able to comply with the requirements of this chapter.
180	(8) Evidence that the respondent suffers from a mental illness may not be the sole
181	criteria for the issuance of an ex parte firearms restraining order, however at any time during
182	the process and any subsequent hearings, the court may consider whether the respondent

183	suffers from a mental illness and, at the court's discretion, recommend an evaluation by a
184	designated examiner in accordance with Section 62A-15-631.
185	Section 5. Section 78B-7-604 is enacted to read:
186	78B-7-604. Ex parte order Court responsibilities Surrender of firearms
187	Hearing Expiration.
188	(1) If the court determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent is
189	dangerous, the court shall:
190	(a) issue an ex parte firearms restraining order that includes:
191	(i) a statement of the grounds asserted for the order;
192	(ii) the date and time the order was issued;
193	(iii) the date and time the order expires;
194	(iv) the address of the court in which any responsive pleading should be filed;
195	(v) the date and time of the scheduled hearing; and
196	(vi) a description of the requirements for surrender of firearms under Section
197	78B-7-604; and
198	(b) set a hearing date within 14 days of the date of the ex parte order.
199	(2) Upon the issuance of the ex parte firearms restraining order in Subsection (1), the
200	petitioner shall deliver a copy of the ex parte order to the law enforcement agency with
201	jurisdiction over the area in which the respondent resides. The local law enforcement agency
202	shall serve a copy of the ex parte order upon the respondent.
203	(3) The ex parte firearms restraining order shall order the respondent to surrender all
204	firearms and ammunition to the law enforcement officer serving the order at the time of service
205	or to a federal firearms licensee within 24 hours.
206	(4) The law enforcement officer shall provide the respondent with:
207	(a) a receipt listing all firearms and ammunition received from the respondent; and
208	(b) an information sheet containing:
209	(i) the issuance and expiration dates of the ex parte firearms restraining order;
210	(ii) notice of the date, time, and court in which the hearing on the order will be held;
211	(iii) a statement that it is a third degree felony to refuse to surrender all firearms and
212	ammunition to the law enforcement officer serving the order;
213	(iv) a statement that it is a third degree felony to possess, purchase, or receive a firearm

214	or ammunition while the order is in effect;
215	(v) a statement that failure to appear at the hearing may result in the court making the
216	ex parte order a permanent firearms restraining order which would be in effect for up to a year;
217	<u>and</u>
218	(vi) the process for reclaiming the respondent's firearms and ammunition.
219	(5) The law enforcement officer shall file the return of service and a copy of the receipt
220	for any firearms received with the court within 48 hours, not including Saturdays, Sundays, and
221	legal holidays.
222	(6) (a) At the hearing, the court shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence
223	whether the respondent is dangerous and:
224	(i) issue a firearms restraining order for not less than one year;
225	(ii) extend the ex parte firearms restraining order up to 21 days and set another hearing;
226	<u>or</u>
227	(iii) if the court determines that the respondent is not dangerous, vacate the ex parte
228	firearms restraining order.
229	(b) If the court vacates the ex parte order under Subsection (6)(a)(iii), the law
230	enforcement agency shall return the respondent's firearms and ammunition in accordance with
231	Subsection 78B-7-608(2).
232	(c) If the extension in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) is because the respondent was not present,
233	and the respondent fails to show for the second hearing, the court shall issue a firearms
234	restraining order with an expiration date of one year from the date of issuance.
235	(7) The firearms restraining order shall include:
236	(a) a statement of the grounds supporting the issuance of the order;
237	(b) the date and time the order was issued;
238	(c) the date and time the order expires;
239	(d) the address of the court in which any responsive pleading should be filed;
240	(e) a description of the requirements for relinquishment of firearms under Section
241	78B-7-604 of this part; and
242	(f) the following statement: "TO THE SUBJECT OF THIS FIREARM
243	RESTRAINING ORDER: THIS ORDER WILL LAST UNTIL THE DATE AND TIME
244	NOTED ABOVE. IF YOU HAVE NOT DONE SO ALREADY, YOU MUST SURRENDER

245	TO THE (NAME OF LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY) ALL FIREARMS IN
246	YOUR CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY. YOU MAY NOT
247	HAVE IN YOUR CUSTODY OR CONTROL, PURCHASE, POSSESS, RECEIVE, OR
248	ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE, A FIREARM WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN
249	EFFECT. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REQUEST ONE HEARING TO TERMINATE THIS
250	ORDER DURING THE TIME PERIOD THAT THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT, STARTING
251	FROM THE DATE OF THIS ORDER AND CONTINUING THROUGH ANY RENEWALS.
252	YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF AN ATTORNEY AS TO ANY MATTER
253	CONNECTED WITH THIS ORDER.".
254	Section 6. Section 78B-7-605 is enacted to read:
255	78B-7-605. Search warrant.
256	(1) A court that issued an ex parte firearms restraining order may issue a search warrant
257	for any firearms or ammunition possessed, or within the custody or control of the respondent if:
258	(a) the respondent has been lawfully served and failed to surrender all firearms and
259	ammunition required by the ex parte order; or
260	(b) the law enforcement officer exercised discretion under Subsection 78B-7-604(8)
261	and did not receive any firearms or ammunition.
262	(2) The search warrant shall:
263	(a) indicate the place or places to be searched; and
264	(b) limit the items to be retrieved to firearms and ammunition.
265	Section 7. Section 78B-7-606 is enacted to read:
266	78B-7-606. Petition to vacate Expiration.
267	(1) A respondent subject to a firearms restraining order may petition the court to vacate
268	the firearm restraining order not less than 180 days after issuance. Upon receipt of a petition to
269	vacate a firearms restraining order, the court shall set a time and date for a hearing and notify
270	the original petitioner.
271	(2) In order to vacate a firearms restraining order, the respondent shall prove by a
272	preponderance of the evidence that the respondent is no longer dangerous.
273	(3) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent is no
274	longer dangerous, the court shall vacate the firearms restraining order.
275	(4) If the court denies the respondent's petition, the respondent may not petition the

276	court to vacate the order again, unless the order is extended in accordance with Subsection (5).
277	(5) A firearms restraining order shall expire not less than one year from the date the
278	firearms restraining order was issued by the court unless the petitioner, within 60 days of the
279	expiration date of the firearms restraining order, petitions the court to extend the order.
280	(6) If the court extends the order, the court shall set a date on which the extended order
281	shall expire. The respondent may petition the court to vacate the order not less than 180 days
282	before the order is due to expire.
283	(7) Upon the vacation or expiration of a firearms restraining order, the respondent may
284	reclaim any firearms surrendered to or seized by a law enforcement agency, unless the
285	respondent is no longer eligible to own or possess a firearm in accordance with Section
286	<u>76-10-503.</u>
287	Section 8. Section 78B-7-607 is enacted to read:
288	78B-7-607. Court to provide information to the bureau.
289	Upon the issuance or expiration of a firearms restraining order, the court shall provide
290	the respondent's information to the bureau.
291	Section 9. Section 78B-7-608 is enacted to read:
292	78B-7-608. Law enforcement agency responsibilities Federal firearms licensee
293	responsibilities Return of firearms.
294	(1) When a respondent surrenders firearms and ammunition to a local law enforcement
295	agency, the local law enforcement agency shall provide to the respondent:
296	(a) a receipt for all firearms and ammunition received that includes the following
297	itemization:
298	(i) the case number and issue date of the ex parte firearms restraining order;
299	(ii) type and description of each firearm; and
300	(iii) the number and type of rounds of ammunition received; and
301	(b) an information sheet explaining:
302	(i) the respondent's options for the storage or disposal of the firearms and ammunition;
303	<u>and</u>
304	(ii) when and how the respondent may reclaim the firearms from the local law
305	enforcement agency upon the expiration of the firearms restraining order.
306	(2) Upon the expiration of a firearm restraining order, the local law enforcement

307	agency storing the respondent's lifearms and animumiton shall return the lifearms and
308	ammunition to the respondent within 72 hours of the respondent's request, excluding Saturdays
309	Sundays, and legal holidays. During the 72-hour period, the local law enforcement agency shall
310	verify that the respondent is not prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm under Section
311	<u>76-10-503.</u>
312	(3) If the respondent is prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm or ammunition
313	under Section 76-10-503, the local law enforcement agency shall provide the respondent with a
314	list of choices that include:
315	(a) retention and disposal of the firearm and ammunition by the local law enforcement
316	agency in accordance with Section 24-3-103.5;
317	(b) transfer of the firearm and ammunition to another member of the respondent's
318	family with the understanding that the respondent may not have access to the firearm or
319	ammunition; or
320	(c) transfer of the firearm and ammunition to a federal firearms licensee dealer to be
321	sold on the respondent's behalf.
322	(4) If a respondent does not reclaim or attempt to reclaim a surrendered firearm or
323	ammunition under this section within 36 months of the firearms restraining order's original
324	expiration date the local law enforcement agency shall dispose of the firearm and ammunition
325	in accordance with Section 24-3-103.5.
326	Section 10. Section 78B-7-609 is enacted to read:
327	78B-7-609. Development and distribution of training materials.
328	(1) The director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division shall develop
329	and distribute training materials to aid law enforcement officers in the execution of the
330	requirements of this part.
331	(2) Materials on de-escalation shall be included in all training materials.
332	Section 11. Section 78B-7-610 is enacted to read:
333	78B-7-610. Penalties.
334	(1) A petitioner who knowingly provides false information for the purpose of obtaining
335	an ex parte firearms restraining order or firearms restraining order is guilty of a misdemeanor.
336	(2) Any person who provides a firearm or ammunition to a respondent knowing that
337	the respondent is subject to a firearms restraining order is guilty of a third degree felony.

338	(3) A respondent who possesses a firearm or ammunition while subject to an ex parte
339	firearms restraining order or a firearms restraining order is guilty of a third degree felony.
340	Section 12. Section 78B-7-611 is enacted to read:
341	78B-7-611. Report.
342	(1) Not later than December 31, 2021, and each year thereafter, the Administrative
343	Office of the Courts shall provide a written report on firearms restraining orders to the
344	<u>Legislature.</u>
345	(2) The report shall be provided to the chairs of the following committees:
346	(a) Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee;
347	(b) House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee; and
348	(c) Senate Judiciary, Law Enforcement, and Criminal Justice Standing Committee.
349	(3) The report shall contain:
350	(a) the total number of ex parte firearms restraining orders filed in that year;
351	(b) whether the petitioner was a law enforcement officer, family member, or a person
352	who resided with the respondent;
353	(c) how many ex parte firearms restraining orders were granted and became firearms
354	restraining orders;
355	(d) the number of ex parte firearms restraining orders vacated;
356	(e) the number of ex parte firearms restraining orders the court considered fraudulent;
357	(f) the duration of each firearms restraining order; and
358	(g) the reasons given on each petition for an ex parte firearms restraining order.
359	Section 13. Effective date.
360	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.