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Representatives Smith, T., Plummer

Cosponsors: Representatives Wiggam, Riedel, Kent, Romanchuk, Schaffer, Green, Sheehy, Jones, LaRe, Carruthers, DeVitis, Ghanbari, Greenspan, Grendell, Hambley, Koehler, Manning, D., Perales, Roemer, Scherer, Stein, Stoltzfus, Strahorn

Senator Manning

A BILL

То	amend sections 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, and	1
	2935.01 of the Revised Code to increase	2
	penalties for certain assault offenses if the	3
	victim is a hospital police officer or special	4
	police officer and to include gaming agents of	5
	the Casino Control Commission as peace officers	6
	under the general statutory definition of that	7
	term.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, and	9
2935.01 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	10
Sec. 2903.11. (A) No person shall knowingly do either of	11
the following:	12
(1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another's	13
unborn;	14

(2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or	15
to another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous	16
ordnance.	17
(B) No person, with knowledge that the person has tested	18
positive as a carrier of a virus that causes acquired	19
immunodeficiency syndrome, shall knowingly do any of the	20
following:	21
(1) Engage in sexual conduct with another person without	22
disclosing that knowledge to the other person prior to engaging	23
in the sexual conduct;	24
(2) Engage in sexual conduct with a person whom the	25
offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe lacks the	26
mental capacity to appreciate the significance of the knowledge	27
that the offender has tested positive as a carrier of a virus	28
that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome;	29
(3) Engage in sexual conduct with a person under eighteen	30
years of age who is not the spouse of the offender.	31
(C) The prosecution of a person under this section does	32
not preclude prosecution of that person under section 2907.02 of	33
the Revised Code.	34
(D)(1)(a) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	35
felonious assault. Except as otherwise provided in this division	36
or division (D)(1)(b) of this section, felonious assault is a	37
felony of the second degree. If the victim of a violation of	38
division (A) of this section is a peace officer, a hospital	39
police officer, a special police officer, or an investigator of	40
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation,	41
felonious assault is a felony of the first degree.	42
(b) Regardless of whether the felonious assault is a	43

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felony of the first or second degree under division (D)(1)(a) of	44
this section, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads	45
guilty to a specification as described in section 2941.1423 of	46
the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in	47
the indictment, or information charging the offense, except as	48
otherwise provided in this division or unless a longer prison	49
term is required under any other provision of law, the court	50
shall sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term as	51
provided in division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	52
Code. If the victim of the offense is a peace officer, a	53
hospital police officer, a special police officer, or an	54
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	55
investigation, and if the victim suffered serious physical harm	56
as a result of the commission of the offense, felonious assault	57
is a felony of the first degree, and the court, pursuant to	58
division (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall	59
impose as a mandatory prison term one of the definite prison	60
terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree in division	61
(A)(1)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, except that if	62
the violation is committed on or after the effective date of	63
this amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the	64
minimum prison term for the offense a mandatory prison term that	65
is one of the minimum terms prescribed for a felony of the first	66
degree in division (A)(1)(a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	67
Code.	68

(2) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section for felonious assault committed in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of this section, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in the

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indictment, or information charging the offense, the court shall	75
sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term under division	76
(B)(9) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	77
(3) If the victim of a felonious assault committed in	78
violation of division (A) of this section is a child under ten	79
years of age and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads	80
guilty to a specification of the type described in section	81
2941.1426 of the Revised Code that was included in the	82
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the	83
offense, in addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to	84
division (D)(1) of this section, the court shall sentence the	85
offender to a mandatory prison term pursuant to division (B)(10)	86
of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.	87
(4) In addition to any other sanctions imposed pursuant to	88
division (D)(1) of this section for felonious assault committed	89
in violation of division (A)(2) of this section, if the deadly	90
weapon used in the commission of the violation is a motor	91
vehicle, the court shall impose upon the offender a class two	92
suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial	93
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	94
license, or nonresident operating privilege as specified in	95
division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.	96
(E) As used in this section:	97
(1) "Deadly weapon" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same	98
meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.	99
(2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section	100
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	101

(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section

2935.01 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Sexual conduct" has the same meaning as in section	104
2907.01 of the Revised Code, except that, as used in this	105
section, it does not include the insertion of an instrument,	106
apparatus, or other object that is not a part of the body into	107
the vaginal or anal opening of another, unless the offender knew	108
at the time of the insertion that the instrument, apparatus, or	109
other object carried the offender's bodily fluid.	110
(5) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	111
and investigation" means an investigator of the bureau of	112
criminal identification and investigation who is commissioned by	113
the superintendent of the bureau as a special agent for the	114
purpose of assisting law enforcement officers or providing	115
emergency assistance to peace officers pursuant to authority	116
granted under section 109.541 of the Revised Code.	117
(6) "Investigator" has the same meaning as in section	118
109.541 of the Revised Code.	119
(7) "Hospital police officer" means a police officer who	120
is employed by a hospital that employs and maintains its own	121
proprietary police department or security department, and who is	122
appointed and commissioned by the secretary of state pursuant to	123
sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code.	124
(8) "Special police officer" means a special police	125
officer designated by the superintendent of the state highway	126
patrol, with the approval of the director of public safety, to	127
preserve the peace and enforce the laws of this state with	128
respect to persons and property under the patrol's jurisdiction	129
and control pursuant to section 5503.09 of the Ohio Revised	130
Code.	131

(F) The provisions of division (D)(2) of this section and

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of division (F)(20) of section 2929.13, divisions (B)(9) and (C)	133
(6) of section 2929.14, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised	134
Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	135
Sec. 2903.12. (A) No person, while under the influence of	136
sudden passion or in a sudden fit of rage, either of which is	137
brought on by serious provocation occasioned by the victim that	138
is reasonably sufficient to incite the person into using deadly	139
force, shall knowingly:	140
(1) Cause serious physical harm to another or to another's	141
unborn;	142
(2) Cause or attempt to cause physical harm to another or	143
to another's unborn by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous	144
ordnance, as defined in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.	145
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of aggravated	146
assault. Except as otherwise provided in this division,	147
aggravated assault is a felony of the fourth degree. If the	148
victim of the offense is a peace officer, a hospital police	149
officer, a special police officer, or an investigator of the	150
bureau of criminal identification and investigation, aggravated	151
assault is a felony of the third degree. Regardless of whether	152
the offense is a felony of the third or fourth degree under this	153
division, if the offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty	154
to a specification as described in section 2941.1423 of the	155
Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in the	156
indictment, or information charging the offense, except as	157
otherwise provided in this division, the court shall sentence	158
the offender to a mandatory prison term as provided in division	159

(B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code. If the victim of

the offense is a peace officer, a hospital police officer, a

special police officer, or an investigator of the bureau of

criminal identification and investigation, and if the victim	163
suffered serious physical harm as a result of the commission of	164
the offense, aggravated assault is a felony of the third degree,	165
and the court, pursuant to division (F) of section 2929.13 of	166
the Revised Code, shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of	167
the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(3)(b) of	168
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the third	169
degree.	170
(C) As used in this section:	171
(1) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	172
and investigation," "hospital police officer," and "special	173
police officer" has have the same meaning meanings as in section	174
2903.11 of the Revised Code.	175
(2) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	176
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	177
Sec. 2903.13. (A) No person shall knowingly cause or	178
attempt to cause physical harm to another or to another's	179
unborn.	180
(B) No person shall recklessly cause serious physical harm	181
to another or to another's unborn.	182
(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of assault,	183
and the court shall sentence the offender as provided in this	184
division and divisions (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7),	185
(8), (9), and (10) of this section. Except as otherwise provided	186
in division (C)(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of this	187
section, assault is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	188
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	189
offense is committed by a caretaker against a functionally	190
impaired person under the caretaker's care, assault is a felony	191

of the fourth degree. If the offense is committed by a caretaker	192
against a functionally impaired person under the caretaker's	193
care, if the offender previously has been convicted of or	194
pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or section 2903.11	195
or 2903.16 of the Revised Code, and if in relation to the	196
previous conviction the offender was a caretaker and the victim	197
was a functionally impaired person under the offender's care,	198
assault is a felony of the third degree.	199

- (3) If the offense occurs in or on the grounds of a state correctional institution or an institution of the department of youth services, the victim of the offense is an employee of the department of rehabilitation and correction or the department of youth services, and the offense is committed by a person incarcerated in the state correctional institution or by a person institutionalized in the department of youth services institution pursuant to a commitment to the department of youth services, assault is a felony of the third degree.
- (4) If the offense is committed in any of the following circumstances, assault is a felony of the fifth degree:
- (a) The offense occurs in or on the grounds of a local correctional facility, the victim of the offense is an employee of the local correctional facility or a probation department or is on the premises of the facility for business purposes or as a visitor, and the offense is committed by a person who is under custody in the facility subsequent to the person's arrest for any crime or delinquent act, subsequent to the person's being charged with or convicted of any crime, or subsequent to the person's being alleged to be or adjudicated a delinquent child.
- (b) The offense occurs off the grounds of a state 220 correctional institution and off the grounds of an institution 221

of the department of youth services, the victim of the offense	222
is an employee of the department of rehabilitation and	223
correction, the department of youth services, or a probation	224
department, the offense occurs during the employee's official	225
work hours and while the employee is engaged in official work	226
responsibilities, and the offense is committed by a person	227
incarcerated in a state correctional institution or	228
institutionalized in the department of youth services who	229
temporarily is outside of the institution for any purpose, by a	230
parolee, by an offender under transitional control, under a	231
community control sanction, or on an escorted visit, by a person	232
under post-release control, or by an offender under any other	233
type of supervision by a government agency.	234

- (c) The offense occurs off the grounds of a local 235 correctional facility, the victim of the offense is an employee 236 of the local correctional facility or a probation department, 237 the offense occurs during the employee's official work hours and 238 while the employee is engaged in official work responsibilities, 239 and the offense is committed by a person who is under custody in 240 the facility subsequent to the person's arrest for any crime or 241 delinquent act, subsequent to the person being charged with or 242 convicted of any crime, or subsequent to the person being 243 alleged to be or adjudicated a delinguent child and who 244 temporarily is outside of the facility for any purpose or by a 245 parolee, by an offender under transitional control, under a 246 community control sanction, or on an escorted visit, by a person 247 under post-release control, or by an offender under any other 248 type of supervision by a government agency. 249
- (d) The victim of the offense is a school teacher oradministrator or a school bus operator, and the offense occursin a school, on school premises, in a school building, on a252

school bus, or while the victim is outside of school premises or	253
a school bus and is engaged in duties or official	254
responsibilities associated with the victim's employment or	255
position as a school teacher or administrator or a school bus	256
operator, including, but not limited to, driving, accompanying,	257
or chaperoning students at or on class or field trips, athletic	258
events, or other school extracurricular activities or functions	259
outside of school premises.	260

- (5) If the victim of the offense is a peace officer, a 261

 hospital police officer, a special police officer, or an 262

 investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and 263

 investigation, a firefighter, or a person performing emergency 264

 medical service, while in the performance of their official 265

 duties, assault is a felony of the fourth degree. 266
- (6) If the victim of the offense is a peace officer, a 267 hospital police officer, a special police officer, or an 268 investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and 269 investigation and if the victim suffered serious physical harm 270 as a result of the commission of the offense, assault is a 271 felony of the fourth degree, and the court, pursuant to division 272 (F) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, shall impose as a 273 mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 274 felony of the fourth degree that is at least twelve months in 275 duration. 276
- (7) If the victim of the offense is an officer or employee 277 of a public children services agency or a private child placing 278 agency and the offense relates to the officer's or employee's 279 performance or anticipated performance of official 280 responsibilities or duties, assault is either a felony of the 281 fifth degree or, if the offender previously has been convicted 282

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of or pleaded quilty to an offense of violence, the victim of	283
that prior offense was an officer or employee of a public	284
children services agency or private child placing agency, and	285
that prior offense related to the officer's or employee's	286
performance or anticipated performance of official	287
responsibilities or duties, a felony of the fourth degree.	288
(8) If the victim of the offense is a health care	289
professional of a hospital, a health care worker of a hospital,	290
or a security officer of a hospital whom the offender knows or	291
has reasonable cause to know is a health care professional of a	292
hospital, a health care worker of a hospital, or a security	293
officer of a hospital, if the victim is engaged in the	294
performance of the victim's duties, and if the hospital offers	295
de-escalation or crisis intervention training for such	296
professionals, workers, or officers, assault is one of the	297
following:	298
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(b) of	299
this section, assault committed in the specified circumstances	300
is a misdemeanor of the first degree. Notwithstanding the fine	301
specified in division (A)(2) $\frac{(b)}{(a)}$ of section 2929.28 of the	302
Revised Code for a misdemeanor of the first degree, in	303
sentencing the offender under this division and if the court	304
decides to impose a fine, the court may impose upon the offender	305
a fine of not more than five thousand dollars.	306
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	307
pleaded guilty to one or more assault or homicide offenses	308
committed against hospital personnel, assault committed in the	309
specified circumstances is a felony of the fifth degree.	310

(9) If the victim of the offense is a judge, magistrate,

prosecutor, or court official or employee whom the offender

knows or has reasonable cause to know is a judge, magistrate,	313
prosecutor, or court official or employee, and if the victim is	314
engaged in the performance of the victim's duties, assault is	315
one of the following:	316
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) $\frac{(8)}{(9)}$ (b)	317
of this section, assault committed in the specified	318
circumstances is a misdemeanor of the first degree. In	319
sentencing the offender under this division, if the court	320
decides to impose a fine, notwithstanding the fine specified in	321
division (A)(2) $\frac{(b)}{(a)}$ of section 2929.28 of the Revised Code	322
for a misdemeanor of the first degree, the court may impose upon	323
the offender a fine of not more than five thousand dollars.	324
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	325
pleaded guilty to one or more assault or homicide offenses	326
committed against justice system personnel, assault committed in	327
the specified circumstances is a felony of the fifth degree.	328
(10) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	329
to assault when it is a misdemeanor also is convicted of or	330
pleads guilty to a specification as described in section	331
2941.1423 of the Revised Code that was included in the	332
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the	333
offense, the court shall sentence the offender to a mandatory	334
jail term as provided in division (G) of section 2929.24 of the	335
Revised Code.	336
If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	337
assault when it is a felony also is convicted of or pleads	338
guilty to a specification as described in section 2941.1423 of	339
the Revised Code that was included in the indictment, count in	340
the indictment, or information charging the offense, except as	341

otherwise provided in division (C)(6) of this section, the court

(a) A person who is employed in the public schools of the

state under a contract described in section 3311.77 or 3319.08

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of the Revised Code in a position in which the person is	371
required to have a certificate issued pursuant to sections	372
3319.22 to 3319.311 of the Revised Code.	373
(b) A person who is employed by a nonpublic school for	374
which the state board of education prescribes minimum standards	375
under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and who is	376
certificated in accordance with section 3301.071 of the Revised	377
Code.	378
(7) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as	379
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	380
(8) "Escorted visit" means an escorted visit granted under	381
section 2967.27 of the Revised Code.	382
(9) "Post-release control" and "transitional control" have	383
the same meanings as in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	384
(10) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal	385
identification and investigation," "hospital police officer,"	386
and "special police officer" has have the same meaning meanings	387
as in section 2903.11 of the Revised Code.	388
(11) "Health care professional" and "health care worker"	389
have the same meanings as in section 2305.234 of the Revised	390
Code.	391
(12) "Assault or homicide offense committed against	392
hospital personnel" means a violation of this section or of	393
section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11,	394
2903.12, or 2903.14 of the Revised Code committed in	395
circumstances in which all of the following apply:	396
(a) The victim of the offense was a health care	397
professional of a hospital, a health care worker of a hospital,	398

or a security officer of a hospital.	399
(b) The offender knew or had reasonable cause to know that	400
the victim was a health care professional of a hospital, a	401
health care worker of a hospital, or a security officer of a	402
hospital.	403
(c) The victim was engaged in the performance of the	404
victim's duties.	405
(d) The hospital offered de-escalation or crisis	406
intervention training for such professionals, workers, or	407
officers.	408
(13) "De-escalation or crisis intervention training" means	409
de-escalation or crisis intervention training for health care	410
professionals of a hospital, health care workers of a hospital,	411
and security officers of a hospital to facilitate interaction	412
with patients, members of a patient's family, and visitors,	413
including those with mental impairments.	414
(14) "Assault or homicide offense committed against	415
justice system personnel" means a violation of this section or	416
of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041,	417
2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.14 of the Revised Code committed in	418
circumstances in which the victim of the offense was a judge,	419
magistrate, prosecutor, or court official or employee whom the	420
offender knew or had reasonable cause to know was a judge,	421
magistrate, prosecutor, or court official or employee, and the	422
victim was engaged in the performance of the victim's duties.	423
(15) "Court official or employee" means any official or	424
employee of a court created under the constitution or statutes	425
of this state or of a United States court located in this state.	426
(16) "Judge" means a judge of a court created under the	427

constitution or statutes of this state or of a United States	428
court located in this state.	429
(17) "Magistrate" means an individual who is appointed by	430
a court of record of this state and who has the powers and may	431
perform the functions specified in Civil Rule 53, Criminal Rule	432
19, or Juvenile Rule 40, or an individual who is appointed by a	433
United States court located in this state who has similar powers	434
and functions.	435
(18) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	436
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	437
(19)(a) "Hospital" means, subject to division (D)(19)(b)	438
of this section, an institution classified as a hospital under	439
section 3701.01 of the Revised Code in which are provided to	440
patients diagnostic, medical, surgical, obstetrical,	441
psychiatric, or rehabilitation care or a hospital operated by a	442
health maintenance organization.	443
(b) "Hospital" does not include any of the following:	444
(i) A facility licensed under Chapter 3721. of the Revised	445
Code, a health care facility operated by the department of	446
mental health and addiction services or the department of	447
developmental disabilities, a health maintenance organization	448
that does not operate a hospital, or the office of any private,	449
licensed health care professional, whether organized for	450
individual or group practice;	451
(ii) An institution for the sick that is operated	452
exclusively for patients who use spiritual means for healing and	453
for whom the acceptance of medical care is inconsistent with	454
their religious beliefs, accredited by a national accrediting	455
organization, exempt from federal income taxation under section	456

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501 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26	457
U.S.C. 1, as amended, and providing twenty-four-hour nursing	458
care pursuant to the exemption in division (E) of section	459
4723.32 of the Revised Code from the licensing requirements of	460
Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	461

(20) "Health maintenance organization" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2935.01. As used in this chapter:

- (A) "Magistrate" has the same meaning as in section 465 2931.01 of the Revised Code.
- (B) "Peace officer" includes, except as provided in 467 section 2935.081 of the Revised Code, a sheriff; deputy sheriff; 468 marshal; deputy marshal; member of the organized police 469 department of any municipal corporation, including a member of 470 the organized police department of a municipal corporation in an 471 adjoining state serving in Ohio under a contract pursuant to 472 section 737.04 of the Revised Code; member of a police force 473 employed by a metropolitan housing authority under division (D) 474 of section 3735.31 of the Revised Code; member of a police force 475 employed by a regional transit authority under division (Y) of 476 section 306.05 of the Revised Code; state university law 477 enforcement officer appointed under section 3345.04 of the 478 Revised Code; enforcement agent of the department of public 479 safety designated under section 5502.14 of the Revised Code; 480 employee of the department of taxation to whom investigation 481 powers have been delegated under section 5743.45 of the Revised 482 Code; employee of the department of natural resources who is a 483 natural resources law enforcement staff officer designated 484 pursuant to section 1501.013 of the Revised Code, a forest-fire 485 investigator appointed pursuant to section 1503.09 of the 486

Revised Code, a natural resources officer appointed pursuant to	487
section 1501.24 of the Revised Code, or a wildlife officer	488
designated pursuant to section 1531.13 of the Revised Code;	489
individual designated to perform law enforcement duties under	490
section 511.232, 1545.13, or 6101.75 of the Revised Code;	491
veterans' home police officer appointed under section 5907.02 of	492
the Revised Code; special police officer employed by a port	493
authority under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code;	494
police constable of any township; police officer of a township	495
or joint police district; a special police officer employed by a	496
municipal corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal	497
air navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as	498
defined in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal	499
Regulations, 14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required	500
to be under a security program and is governed by aviation	501
security rules of the transportation security administration of	502
the United States department of transportation as provided in	503
Parts 1542. and 1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal	504
Regulations, as amended; the house of representatives sergeant	505
at arms if the house of representatives sergeant at arms has	506
arrest authority pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 101.311	507
of the Revised Code; an assistant house of representatives	508
sergeant at arms; the senate sergeant at arms; an assistant	509
senate sergeant at arms; officer or employee of the bureau of	510
criminal identification and investigation established pursuant	511
to section 109.51 of the Revised Code who has been awarded a	512
certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer	513
training commission attesting to the officer's or employee's	514
satisfactory completion of an approved state, county, municipal,	515
or department of natural resources peace officer basic training	516
program and who is providing assistance upon request to a law	517
enforcement officer or emergency assistance to a peace officer	518

pursuant to section 109.54 or 109.541 of the Revised Code; a	519
state fire marshal law enforcement officer described in division	520
(A) (23) of section 109.71 of the Revised Code; a gaming agent,	521
as defined in section 3772.01 of the Revised Code; and, for the	522
purpose of arrests within those areas, for the purposes of	523
Chapter 5503. of the Revised Code, and the filing of and service	524
of process relating to those offenses witnessed or investigated	525
by them, the superintendent and troopers of the state highway	526
patrol.	527
(C) "Prosecutor" includes the county prosecuting attorney	528
and any assistant prosecutor designated to assist the county	529
prosecuting attorney, and, in the case of courts inferior to	530
courts of common pleas, includes the village solicitor, city	531
director of law, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal	532
corporation, any such officer's assistants, or any attorney	533
designated by the prosecuting attorney of the county to appear	534
for the prosecution of a given case.	535
(D) "Offense," except where the context specifically	536
indicates otherwise, includes felonies, misdemeanors, and	537
violations of ordinances of municipal corporations and other	538
public bodies authorized by law to adopt penal regulations.	539
Section 2. That existing sections 2903.11, 2903.12,	540
2903.13, and 2935.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	541
Section 3. Section 2903.11 of the Revised Code is	542
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	543
by both Sub. S.B. 20 and Am. Sub. S.B. 201 of the 132 General	544
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	545
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	546
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	547
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	548

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the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	549
as presented in this act.	550