Senate Resolution 4

By: Senators Miller of the 49th, Dugan of the 30th, Hill of the 4th, Gooch of the 51st, Mullis of the 53rd and others

ADOPTED SENATE

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Adopting the Rules of the Senate; and for other purposes.
- 2 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE that the Rules of the Senate in effect at the
- 3 adjournment of the 2018 Regular Session of the General Assembly are hereby adopted as the
- 4 Rules of the Senate for the 2019-2020 biennium of the General Assembly unless and until
- 5 otherwise provided by resolution of the Senate, with the following amendments:

6 SECTION 1.

- 7 The Rules of the Senate are amended by revising Part 2 of Section One by adding a new rule
- 8 to read as follows:
- 9 "1-2.5 Senate Offices
- 10 (a) Except for those officers designated in paragraph (b) of this Rule, the Secretary of the
- 11 Senate shall assign office space to each Senator on the basis of seniority at the beginning
- of the term after leadership positions are determined. The Committee on Administrative
- Affairs shall adopt policies and procedures that the Secretary shall follow in performing
- 14 this function. In the event a vacancy occurs in the Senate during the interim, the newly
- 15 elected Senator shall occupy the office space of his or her predecessor in office for the
- 16 <u>remainder of the term.</u>
- 17 (b) Members of the Senate who are elected or appointed to the following offices are
- entitled to occupy designated office space in the capitol as follows:
- 19 <u>(1) President Pro Tempore</u> <u>Room 321 Suite</u>
- 20 (2) Majority Leader Room 236
- 21 (3) Majority Leadership Suite Suite 421 A-F
- 22 (4) Minority Leader Suite Room 121-A and B
- 23 (5) Chair, Committee on Rules Room 453
- 24 (6) Chair, Committee on Appropriations Room 234
- 25 (c) The Committee on Administrative Affairs may authorize the Secretary to deviate from
- 26 <u>the procedures set forth in this paragraph as circumstances warrant."</u>

SECTION 2.

28 Said rules are further amended by revising Part 4 of Section One as follows:

29 "PART 4: CONDUCT AND ETHICS

1-4.1 Definitions

- For purposes of this Part:
- 32 (a) 'Committee' shall mean the Senate Committee on Ethics.
- 33 (b) 'Senate staff' or 'staff' shall mean any person who is not an officer or member of the
- Senate, who is employed by the Senate, receives compensation from the Senate, or who
- 35 <u>volunteers their services to the Senate.</u>

1-4.1 1-4.2 Personal Financial Gain

- 37 (a) Senators and Senate staff shall refrain from using government positions to attain
- 38 personal financial gain.
- 39 (b) Senators and staff shall not use public resources or personnel for the purpose of
- 40 conducting personal or private business activity. Ordinary and necessary communications
- 41 which Senators and staff must conduct with their homes and business interests while
- serving in their public capacities are permitted.
- 43 (c) Senators shall not seek, accept, use, allocate, grant, or award public funds for any
- purpose other than as approved by law.
- (d) No Senator shall vote upon any question if the Senator or any member of the Senator's
- immediate family has a direct pecuniary interest in the result of such vote which interest
- is distinct, unique, or peculiar to the Senator or the Senator's immediate family.

48 1-4.2 1-4.3 Campaign Contributions

- 49 (a) No Senator or staff shall solicit a campaign contribution in a state office building.
- 50 Senators shall not operate political campaigns or operate political fund-raising campaigns
- from state office buildings which have not been leased or rented for such purposes.
- 52 (b) Senators shall not agree to, or threaten to withhold, political action or constituent
- services as a result of a person's decision to provide or not to provide a political
- contribution, charitable contribution, or support.

55 **1-4.3 1-4.4** Conflicts of Interest

- 56 (a) Senators and staff shall avoid financial conflicts of interest and close economic
- associations where official action or decisions are motivated not by public duty but by
- 58 economic self-interest or association. 'Financial conflicts of interest and close economic
- associations' are defined as those financial interests or interests arising from close
- 60 economic associations with other persons or entities which are so material, direct, distinct,

unique, and peculiar to the Senator or staff that it might reasonably be expected that

- 62 impartial official judgment could not be exercised.
- 63 (b) No Senator or staff shall seek, accept, or retain employment which: makes it
- of unreasonably difficult to fulfill legislative obligations; requires the disclosure or use of
- nonpublic or confidential information acquired in the course of legislative service; requires
- improper use of government relationships or the prestige associated with legislative offices;
- or will require the Senator or staff to compromise any other ethical or legal duty.

1-4.4 1-4.5 Special Treatment; Acceptance of Things of Value

- 69 (a) No Senator or staff, acting as an attorney or representative of another, shall seek or
- accept any special treatment not otherwise approved by law or judicial order because of his
- or her legislative role.
- 72 (b) No Senator or staff shall accept anything of value when such thing of value is offered
- with the understanding that official action will be taken or withheld by a Senator or staff
- in consideration of acceptance of that which is offered. Any offer made which is
- conditioned upon the taking or withholding of official action shall immediately be reported
- 76 in writing to the Chairman of the Committee on Ethics Secretary of the Senate. (O.C.G.A.
- 77 16-10-2.)

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78 1-4.5 1-4.6 Crimes of Moral Turpitude and Controlled Substances

- 79 No Senator or staff shall knowingly commit any crime involving moral turpitude or
- 80 knowingly possess, use, manufacture, or distribute any controlled substance, dangerous
- drug, marijuana, or alcoholic beverage in violation of any state or federal law or any county
- or municipal ordinance. Conviction of any such crime, the acceptance of a plea of guilty
- or nolo contendere to any such crime, or imposition of payment of a criminal or
- administrative penalty for any such crime shall constitute a violation of this Rule.

1-4.6 <u>1-4.7</u> Sexual Harassment

- 86 (a) The Senate is committed to providing a healthy and appropriate work environment for
- legislators, legislative employees, interns, aides, and other state employees which is free
- from sexual harassment. Sexual harassment will not be tolerated.
- 89 (b) Senators and staff are expected to discourage sexual harassment in the workplace and
- at events, professional meetings, seminars, or any activities that involve legislative
- 91 business.

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- 92 (c) 'Sexual harassment' means making unwelcome sexual advances, requesting sexual
- favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

94 (1) Submission to such conduct is made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment;

- (2) Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for employment decisions affecting the employee; or
- 98 (3) Such conduct interferes with the employee's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.
- (d) The provisions of this Rule apply to Senators, <u>officers of the Senate, and Senate</u> staff,
 and Senate aides, interns, and volunteers.
 - (e) Complaints may be brought by Senators, Senate staff, and Senate aides, interns, and volunteers under the provisions of Rule 1-4.10; provided, however, that complaints against staff (other than officers of the Senate), aides, or interns shall be brought in accordance with the Georgia General Assembly Employee Handbook, November 2013 edition. Senators, Senate staff, and Senate aides, interns, and volunteers will be subject to sanctions proportionate to the seriousness of the offense Senate staff is required to report any conduct that they believe violates this Rule to their supervisor or to the General Assembly's Director of Human Resources. A supervisor who receives such report shall notify the General Assembly's Director of Human Resources of the report. A supervisor who does not take appropriate action when the supervisor knows or has reason to suspect that harassment is

1-4.7 1-4.8 Discriminatory Harassment

114 (a) The Senate is committed to providing a healthy and appropriate work environment for

occurring is also subject to sanctions proportionate to the seriousness of the offense.

- legislators, legislative employees, interns, aides, and other state employees which is free
- from discriminatory harassment. Discriminatory harassment will not be tolerated.
- (b) 'Discriminatory harassment' means unwelcome conduct that is based on race, color,
- religion, sex (including pregnancy), national origin, age (40 or older), disability, or genetic
- information where:

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- 120 (1) Enduring the offensive conduct becomes a condition of continued employment; or
- 121 (2) The conduct is severe or pervasive enough to create a work environment that a
- reasonable person would consider intimidating, hostile, or abusive.
- (c) The provisions of this Rule apply to Senators, <u>officers of the Senate</u>, and Senate staff,
- and Senate aides, interns, and volunteers.
- (d) Complaints may be brought by Senators, Senate staff, and Senate aides, interns, and
- volunteers under the provisions of Rule 1-4.10; provided, however, that complaints against
- staff (other than officers of the Senate), aides, or interns shall be brought in accordance
- with the Georgia General Assembly Employee Handbook, November 2013 edition.
- Senators, Senate staff, and Senate aides, interns, and volunteers will be subject to sanctions

proportionate to the seriousness of the offense Senate staff is required to report any conduct
that they believe violates this Rule to their supervisor or to the General Assembly's Director
of Human Resources. A supervisor who receives such report shall notify the Director of
Human Resources of the report. A supervisor who does not take appropriate action when
the supervisor knows or has reason to suspect that harassment is occurring is also subject
to sanctions proportionate to the seriousness of the offense.

1-4.8 1-4.9 Standard of Conduct

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- All contact with constituents, staff, lobbyists, representatives of the media, and others interested or involved in the process of government shall be conducted in a courteous,
- professional, and discreet manner No member of the Senate, officer of the Senate, or
- Senate staff shall engage in improper conduct which may reflect negatively upon the
- Senate, is a violation of the law, or is a violation of the Standards of Conduct and Ethics
- 142 under Part 3 or 4 of Section One of the Rules of the Senate.

143 **1-4.9 Opinions and Advice Regarding the Senate Rules**

- A Senator or staff member may request in writing the opinion or advice of the Committee
- on Ethics with regard to interpretation of any section of Part 4 of Section One. The
- 146 Committee on Ethics shall expeditiously respond in writing to such request. All requests
- for opinions or advice or any opinion or advice given shall be confidential.

148 **<u>1-4.10 Committee on Ethics</u>**

- 149 (a) Purpose: The Committee on Ethics (the Committee) is a committee created by the
- Senate and shall be construed to function in furtherance of the powers conferred upon the
- Senate by Article III, Section IV, Paragraph VII of the Constitution of this state. As a
- 152 <u>Committee of the Senate, neither it nor any staff or material in its possession shall be</u>
- deemed to be a public office or records of a public office; provided however, the
- 154 <u>Committee may by rule provide for the release of information or documents received by</u>
- it in the course of the performance of its duties.
- 156 (b) Authority to Take Official Action: The Committee is authorized to meet and to take
- official action on matters within its jurisdiction at any time including during the periods
- after adjournment sine die and prior to the convening of the next legislative session.
- 159 (c) Jurisdiction: The Committee is authorized to:
- (1) Investigate any matter referred to it by the Senate and report its findings and
- recommendations, if any, to the Senate;
- 162 (2) Receive and investigate properly filed complaints alleging that a Senator or officer
- of the Senate engaged in improper conduct that may reflect negatively upon the Senate,

violated the law, or violated any rule under Part 3 or 4 of Section One of the Rules of the

- 165 Senate;
- 166 (3) Initiate an inquiry on its own initiative of improper conduct that is within the
- iurisdiction of the Committee;
- 168 (4) Recommend, when appropriate, disciplinary action against members of the Senate
- or officers of the Senate;
- 170 (5) Recommend to the Senate rules or policies that may be necessary to ensure
- appropriate Senate standards of conduct;
- 172 (6) Report violations of law to appropriate law enforcement authorities; and
- (7) Render advisory opinions on the application of Parts 3 and 4 of Section One of the
- 174 <u>Rules of the Senate.</u>
- 175 (d) Membership and Quorum: The Committee shall be composed of the President Pro
- 176 <u>Tempore, the Majority Leader, the Majority Whip, the Minority Leader, the Minority</u>
- 177 Whip, and eight other members appointed by the Committee on Assignments. The
- 178 President Pro Tempore, the Majority Leader, the Majority Whip, the Minority Leader, and
- the Minority Whip shall be ex officio members of the Committee. The quorum for the
- 180 Committee shall be a majority of its regular members, not including the ex officio
- 181 <u>members. However, the ex officio members may be counted for purposes of determining</u>
- the existence of a quorum.
- (e) Disqualification and Recusal: A member of the Committee shall be ineligible to
- participate in any Committee proceeding, preliminary inquiry, or adjudicatory review of
- a matter which he or she filed or to which he or she is the complainant or respondent. A
- 186 <u>member of the Committee may recuse himself or herself from a matter before the</u>
- 187 Committee at any time. Either the complainant or the respondent may petition the
- 188 <u>Committee to disqualify a member of the Committee from participating in proceedings</u>
- related to the complaint. Such petition shall be granted if the Committee believes, by a
- majority vote, that good cause is shown for disqualification. In the event a member of the
- 191 <u>Committee is disqualified or recused, the Committee on Assignments shall appoint a</u>
- member of the Senate to the Committee to serve during the period of such disqualification
- or recusal. Such appointee shall be a member of the same party as that of the disqualified
- or recused member.

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1-4.10 1-4.11 Ethics Complaints

- (a)(1) A Any person may file a complaint alleging a violation of any section of that any
- Senator, officer of the Senate, or member of the Senate staff has engaged in improper
- conduct that reflects negatively upon the Senate, violated the law, or violated any Senate

199 Rule under Part 3 or 4 of Section One of these Rules, provided that: may only be brought 200 by a Senator or Senate staff, aides, or interns 201 (A) No complaint shall be filed against any person for conduct that was not prohibited 202 when the conduct occurred; (B) The Committee shall not have jurisdiction to investigate an act or conduct that 203 204 occurred more than two (2) years prior to the date the complaint is filed; and 205 (C) The Committee shall not take any action on a complaint filed against any member of the Senate or officer of the Senate, who is a candidate for elected office, after such 206 207 person has qualified as a candidate, until such election is certified by the Secretary of 208 State. Complaints that are barred from filing pursuant to this subparagraph may be filed 209 within 30 days of the certification of the election. 210 (2) All complaints against a member of the Senate, an officer of the Senate, or a member 211 of the Senate staff shall be filed according to this rule. A Such complaint shall be 212 initiated by filing a complaint it with the Secretary of the Senate who shall ensure that the 213 complaint is timely and properly completed before it is accepted for filing. The Secretary 214 will retain the original complaint and all related documents as confidential material until such time as the Committee or the Senate has released such information. The Secretary 215 216 shall prescribe a form for such complaints and provide for instructions necessary to 217 properly submit a complaint. The complaint shall: 218 (A) Specifically describing the nature of the alleged violation and the party 219 or parties involved and shall be include a statement by the complainant as to whether 220 or not in filing the complaint he or she is acting as an agent, paid or otherwise, for any 221 other person; 222 (B) Include a statement by the complainant that he or she will abide by the Rules of the 223 Senate and the rules of the Committee, including the rules related to confidentiality. 224 Failure to adhere to these rules may result in the dismissal of the complaint and subject the offending person to sanctions and the contempt powers of the Senate; and 225 (C) Be signed by the complainant and verified under oath. The complaint form shall 226 notify the complainant that any person who knowingly provides false information in 227 228 executing the complaint under this rule commits the offense of false swearing within 229 the meaning of Code Section 16-10-71. (3) Upon the filing of a complaint, the Secretary shall promptly refer the complaint as 230 231 follows: (A) If the complaint is against a member of the Senate, or an officer of the Senate, to 232 the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Ethics. A copy of the complaint shall be 233 234 provided to the President of the Senate. If the subject of the complaint is If the 235 complainant is directly supervised by the Secretary of the Senate and he or she has a

complaint against the Secretary of the Senate, then such complaint shall be filed with the President Pro Tempore. The person receiving such complaint shall maintain the original complaint in confidence and shall promptly deliver a copy of the complaint to the Chairman of the Committee on Ethics, unless the subject of the complaint is the chairman of the committee and in such event such complaint shall be delivered to the Vice-chairman of the Committee on Ethics who shall oversee all matters pertaining to such complaint and shall act as Chairman of the Committee on Ethics for such complaint. The Committee on Ethics (hereinafter in this Rule "the Committee") shall promptly serve the named respondent with a copy of the complaint by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or electronically if agreed to by the respondent If the complaint is against the Secretary of the Senate, such complaint shall be filed with the President Pro Tempore of the Senate; and

- (B) If the complaint is against a member of the Senate staff, the Secretary shall promptly deliver a copy of the complaint to the department director who supervises the respondent and to the General Assembly's Director of Human Resources. Complaints against members of the Senate staff shall be addressed administratively in accordance with applicable policies of the Senate or General Assembly and not through the Committee.
- (2) Any complaint under Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 45 of the O.C.G.A.
 shall be brought, filed, and served as provided in said part.
 - (b) Complaints Initiated by the Committee: The Committee may initiate an ethics investigation on its own initiative by majority vote of the Committee. If the Committee issues a complaint, it shall do so within a reasonable time following the Committee's initiation of such investigation by a majority of the Committee signing a complaint that specifically describes the nature of the alleged violation and the party or parties involved. The Committee shall promptly serve the respondent with a copy of the complaint and service of such complaint shall be by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or electronically if agreed to by the respondent.
 - (c) Confidentiality:

(1) Preliminary Inquiry: Any complaint brought by or before the Committee and all records and information related to such complaint shall remain confidential until the Committee has determined that reasonable grounds substantial credible evidence exists which provides substantial cause to believe that a violation of Part 4 of Section One of these Rules or any violation of Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 45 of the O.C.G.A. an act within the jurisdiction of the Committee has occurred. If the Committee determines that reasonable substantial cause to believe that such violation does not exist, the complaint shall be dismissed and all records and information related to such

complaint shall remain confidential. The Committee, by a majority vote, may waive the confidentiality requirements of this subparagraph upon the request of either party to the complaint or on its own initiative.

- 276 (2) Settlement: Any settlement reached between the Committee and the respondent
- 277 pursuant to division (d)(4)(D) of this rule shall be a matter of public record and filed with
- 278 <u>the Secretary of the Senate.</u>
- 279 (3) Adjudicatory Hearing: Adjudicatory hearings to determine whether a violation
- within the jurisdiction of the Committee has occurred shall be open to the public. The
- 281 Committee, by a majority vote, may hold any, some, or all of its meetings in executive
- session upon the request of either party to the complaint or on its own initiative.
- 283 (4) Access to Confidential Information: Each member of the Committee and other
- 284 persons as authorized by the Committee shall have access to all confidential information
- 285 and materials. The Committee shall establish such procedures as may be appropriate and
- 286 <u>necessary to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of confidential information and material.</u>
- Such procedures may include the designation of a secure location at which members of
- 288 the Committee and others as authorized by the Committee can review confidential
- information and materials.
- 290 (5) The Committee shall investigate all alleged breaches of confidentiality under this
- 291 <u>subparagraph.</u>
- 292 (d) <u>Preliminary Inquiry:</u>
- 293 (1) Service on Respondent: After the chairman receives a complaint, either pursuant to
- 294 this Rule or pursuant to Code Section 45-10-91, the Committee or a subcommittee thereof
- 295 appointed by the chairman shall preliminarily investigate the complaint. Upon receipt of
- 296 <u>the complaint, the chairman shall promptly serve the named respondent with a copy of</u>
- 297 the complaint by personal service, or by certified mail return receipt requested, or
- 298 <u>electronically if agreed to by the respondent.</u>
- 299 (2) Preliminary Inquiry Subcommittee: The Chairman, the President Pro Tempore, the
- 300 Majority Leader, the Majority Whip, the Minority Leader, and the Minority Whip shall
- 301 <u>constitute the Preliminary Inquiry Subcommittee</u>. The subcommittee may meet by
- 302 <u>teleconference</u>. Meetings of the subcommittee shall not be open to the public, and all
- information and documents in possession of the subcommittee shall remain confidential
- 304 <u>unless released by the Committee or the Senate.</u>
- 305 (3) Conduct of the Inquiry:
- 306 (A) After receipt of the complaint, the chairman shall promptly convene a meeting of
- 307 the Preliminary Inquiry Subcommittee for the purpose of determining whether
- 308 <u>substantial credible evidence which provides substantial cause to conclude that a</u>
- 309 <u>violation within the jurisdiction of the Committee occurred. The preliminary inquiry</u>

310 may include inquiries, sworn statements, depositions, and other appropriate means of determining the facts of the matter under inquiry. The subcommittee is authorized to 311 312 secure the assistance of the Secretary of the Senate, Legislative Counsel, and other 313 Senate staff as it deems appropriate. It may also retain and compensate counsel or other 314 experts not employed by the General Assembly provided that funding for such outside 315 counsel or expert is approved by the Committee on Administrative Affairs. 316 (B) The respondent shall be afforded the opportunity to respond to the complaint before the subcommittee makes its determination. Such response may be oral or in 317 318 writing, with or without counsel. 319 (e)(4) Upon completion of a preliminary investigation inquiry, which shall include an assessment of jurisdiction, the individuals conducting the investigation Preliminary 320 321 <u>Inquiry Subcommittee</u> shall prepare a written report detailing their its findings and shall 322 present such report to the members of the Committee. Any report of the Preliminary 323 <u>Inquiry Subcommittee must be adopted by a majority vote of those members to which the</u> 324 subcommittee is entitled, one vote of which shall be from a member of the minority party. 325 Such report shall remain confidential except as provided in paragraph (c) of this rule. 326 Upon receipt of the report of the subcommittee, the Committee may make any of the 327 following determinations: 328 (A) The Committee shall determine whether it has jurisdiction over the complaint. If 329 the Committee determines it does not have jurisdiction over the complaint, in which 330 case it shall dismiss the complaint. with written notice to the complainant and 331 respondent and such Such matter shall remain confidential except as provided in 332 paragraph (c) of this rule. If the Committee dismisses the complaint for lack of 333 jurisdiction, it may proceed pursuant to paragraph (b). If the Committee determines it 334 has jurisdiction, but does not find that reasonable grounds to believe that a violation of 335 Part 4 of Section One of these Rules or any violation of Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 336 10 of Title 45 of the O.C.G.A. occurred, it shall dismiss the complaint with written 337 notice to the complainant and the respondent and such 338 (B) No such substantial credible evidence exists in which case it shall dismiss the 339 complaint. The Committee may delegate to its subcommittee the authority to dismiss 340 any matter that it determines, after a preliminary inquiry, lacks substantial credible 341 evidence. Such matter shall remain confidential except as provided in paragraph (c) of 342 this rule. (C) There is substantial credible evidence but the alleged violation is inadvertent, 343 technical, or de minimis in nature, in which case the Committee may dispose of the 344 345 matter by issuing a public or private letter of admonition which shall not be considered 346 discipline.

347 (D) There is substantial credible evidence and votes to proceed to an adjudicatory 348 hearing. If the Committee determines it has jurisdiction and finds reasonable grounds 349 to believe that a violation of Part 4 of Section One of these Rules or any violation of 350 Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 45 of the O.C.G.A. occurred, Prior to conducting an adjudicatory hearing, the Committee may negotiate a settlement with the 351 352 respondent or set the matter for a hearing. Any negotiated settlement shall be a matter 353 of public record and shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate. If a negotiated settlement is not reached, the Committee will hold open hearings, taking any relevant 354 355 evidence that addresses the complaint. 356 (f) Any negotiated settlement shall be a matter of public record and shall be filed with the 357 Secretary of the Senate. 358 (g)(e) Adjudicatory Hearing: If a negotiated settlement is not reached, the Committee will 359 hold open hearings, taking any relevant evidence that addresses the complaint. In the event the Committee votes to proceed to an adjudicatory hearing and no negotiated settlement 360 361 is reached, the chairman shall set the matter for an adjudicatory hearing which shall be open to the public unless the Committee decides by a majority vote to hold part or all of 362 363 the adjudicatory hearing in executive session. The Committee may require the attendance 364 and testimony of witnesses and the production of documents and materials which the 365 Committee deems advisable and may administer oaths and affirmations. The respondent 366 shall receive reasonable notice of any hearing and shall be entitled to receive within a 367 reasonable time before the hearing copies of access to all relevant material before the 368 Committee that is not otherwise exempt from disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of 369 Title 50 of the O.C.G.A.; In addition, the respondent shall be entitled to secure counsel 370 of his or her choosing; and to examine any witnesses who may be called by the Committee 371 to appear at any hearing. The respondent shall also have the right to call witnesses and 372 present evidence at any hearing. The Committee shall assure that all hearings are recorded. 373 The Committee shall have the burden of proof. Both the Committee and the respondent 374 shall be entitled to rebuttal. Upon completion of such hearing, the Committee shall issue 375 a report of its findings and recommendations of action. The Committee's report and 376 recommended action shall be a matter of public record and shall be filed with the Secretary 377 of the Senate. 378 (h)(f) The Committee must find 'clear and convincing evidence' in order to conclude that 379 a violation of Part 4 of Section One of these Rules or a violation of Part 6 of Article 2 of 380 Chapter 10 of Title 45 of the O.C.G.A. within the jurisdiction of the Committee has 381 occurred. 382 (i)(g) If the Committee finds a Senator in that a violation of Part 4 of Section One of these 383 Rules or of Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 45 of the O.C.G.A. within the

384 jurisdiction of the Committee has occurred, it may recommend to the Senate a sanction or penalty including a letter of reprimand or any penalty as set forth in the Georgia 385 386 Constitution under Article III, Section IV, Paragraph VII. The Senate may independently 387 initiate action against a Senator pursuant to the Georgia Constitution, art. III, sec. IV, par. VII. 388 389 (j) If the Committee finds a Senate staff member, aide, intern, or volunteer in violation of 390 Part 4 of Section One of these Rules, it may recommend a sanction or penalty, up to and 391 including dismissal, to the Committee on Administrative Affairs. The Committee on 392 Administrative Affairs may implement the recommendation of the Committee or take 393 alternate action, including dismissing the complaint, issuing a lesser penalty, or issuing a 394 harsher penalty than that recommended by the Committee. 395 (k)(h) Persons who report to the Committee regarding an alleged violation of Part 4 of 396 Section One of these Rules, or any other government entity regarding such violation, shall 397 not be subjected to reprisal, retaliation, harassment, discrimination, or ridicule by Senators 398 or staff, nor shall the confidentiality provisions contained herein be abridged. 399 (i) If a complaint is deemed frivolous by an affirmative vote of the Committee, or if a party 400 or witness breaches the Rules of the Senate or the Committee, the Committee may take 401 such action as it deems appropriate, including referral to the Senate with a recommendation 402 for sanctions, if any. Such sanctions may include, but not be limited to, any or all of the 403 following: that the person be reprimanded, be required to reimburse the cost associated 404 with the complaint, be fined, or be otherwise sanctioned under the contempt powers of the 405 Senate as provided by the Constitution of this state. 406

1-4.11 1-4.12 Distribution of Rules; Educational Seminars

407 The Secretary of the Senate shall distribute a copy of Senate Rules to all Senators and staff. 408 The Committee on Ethics shall, when deemed appropriate, conduct seminars or other 409 educational programs designed to inform Senators, staff, or other interested parties of the provisions of these Rules, especially Part 4 of Section One, as well as statutes relating to 410 411 ethical standards and conduct, sexual harassment, and discrimination.

1-4.13 Distribution and Advice Regarding the Senate Rules

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A member of the Senate, an officer of the Senate, or an employee of the Senate may request in writing the opinion or advice of the Committee with regard to interpretation of any section of Part 4 of Section One of these rules. The Committee shall respond expeditiously in writing to such request. All requests for opinions or advice or any opinion or advice given shall be confidential."

418 **SECTION 3.**

419 Said rules are further amended by revising Rule 2-1.1 as follows:

"2-1.1 Committee on Assignments

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421 The Committee on Assignments shall be composed of the President of the Senate, the 422 President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Majority Leader, and two Senators appointed by 423 the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate or his designee shall serve as chair 424 of the committee. The chair shall vote only to break a tie. Actions of this committee shall 425 be reported to the Senate by the committee chairperson as necessary. The committee is 426 authorized to meet and take official action after adjournment sine die of a session and prior 427 to the convening of the next session. The meetings of this committee shall be closed to the public." 428

SECTION 4.

430 Said rules are further amended by revising Rule 2-1.2 as follows:

"2-1.2 Committee on Administrative Affairs

There shall be a Committee on Administrative Affairs composed of the President of the Senate, the President Pro Tempore, the Majority Leader, the Minority Leader, the Secretary of the Senate, and three members appointed by the President of the Senate. This committee shall have the responsibility of employing, supervising, disciplining, and setting the compensation of all aides, secretaries, and other personnel for the Senate, including the Senate Budget and Evaluation, Senate Press and Senate Research offices. The committee shall supervise the purchase and allotment of supplies for the Senate. This committee shall also supervise and approve all out-of-state travel of members of the Senate and staff. The committee shall be chaired by the President Pro Tempore or his or her designee. The committee is authorized to meet and take official action after adjournment sine die of a session and prior to the convening of the next session."

SECTION 5.

Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (a) of Rule 2-1.3 as follows:

"(a) The Committee on Assignments shall appoint the members of standing committees and the maximum number of Senators which may serve on that committee as follows:

447	Agriculture and Consumer Affairs	9
448	Appropriations	30
449	Banking and Financial Institutions	10
450	Economic Development and Tourism	12
451	Education and Youth	10
452	Ethics	13

453	Finance	11
454	Government Oversight	11
455	Health and Human Services	14
456	Higher Education	9
457	Insurance and Labor	9
458	Interstate Cooperation	5
459	Judiciary	12 <u>10</u>
460	Natural Resources and the Environment	11
461	Public Safety	8
462	Reapportionment and Redistricting	15
463	Regulated Industries and Utilities	11
464	Retirement	7
465	Rules	14
466	Science and Technology	5
467	Special Judiciary	9
468	State and Local Governmental Operations	7
469	State Institutions and Property	7
470	Transportation	10
471	Urban Affairs	11
472	Veterans, Military, and Homeland Security	8"

SECTION 6.

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474 Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (a) of Rule 2-1.5 as follows:

"(a) A committee may act upon a bill, resolution, or other matter when the Senate is in session or during a recess or adjournment after the opening day of a regular session and prior to the last day of that session. When a committee so acts during a day of recess or adjournment, the Secretary of the Senate may accept the report of the committee on such day, and the committee report shall be received and read by the Senate on the next day when the Senate is in session. A standing committee may not take official action after the adjournment sine die of a session and prior to the convening of the next session <u>unless</u> authorized by statute or by the Senate."

SECTION 7.

484 Said rules are further amended in Rule 2-1.10 by adding a new paragraph to read as follows:

485 "(c) During the last five (5) legislative days, the Committee on Rules may recommend that

486 <u>any bill or resolution on the General Calendar be amended or substituted prior to placing</u>

the bill on the Rules Calendar. Any such substitute shall be considered and agreed to or rejected prior to the consideration of a substitute reported by any other committee."

Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (c) of Rule 3-1.2 as follows:

SECTION 8.

"(c) No general House bill or resolution, having the effect of law shall be accepted by the Secretary of the Senate for first reading and referral to committee after the twenty-eighth (28th) a day agreed upon by the Senate and the House of Representatives which shall not be earlier than the twenty-fifth (25th) day of any regular session, which shall be known as the crossover day. Referral of House legislation received on the twenty-eighth (28th) legislative crossover day may be made during the Order of Business of First Reading and Reference of House Bills and Resolutions on the twenty-ninth (29th) next legislative day following such crossover day. The provisions of this paragraph shall in no case be suspended except by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members to which the Senate is entitled;

provided that this rule may be suspended by a majority vote on general and supplemental

502 SECTION 9.

appropriations bills."

503 Said rules are further amended by revising Rule 3-1.5 as follows:

"3-1.5 Receipt of House Bills on the 28th Crossover Day

When a general bill or resolution is received from the House during a period when the Senate is in recess on the twenty-eighth (28th) day of a regular session crossover day, the bill or resolution may be read and referred to a standing committee by the President of the Senate during such period of recess. The Secretary of the Senate shall maintain a public listing of all bills so read and referred. Any Senator who desires to move to engross any such bill or resolution must serve written notice of his or her intention to do so by delivering such written notice to the Secretary before midnight of that twenty-eighth (28th) crossover day. When notice is so given, further proceedings on a motion to engross shall be as provided in Rule 6-9.1(b), except as otherwise provided in this Rule."

SECTION 10.

515 Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (a) of Rule 3-3.1 as follows:

"(a) Upon receiving the name of any person whose appointment to public office requires Senate confirmation, the President of the Senate shall refer such appointments to the Committee on Assignments. Such referral shall be made no later than the legislative day after receipt. The Committee on Assignments shall consider such appointments and may refer such appointments to one or more standing committees and shall instruct the

Secretary of the Senate to notify the Senate that the names of such appointees have been received. Except for appointments to the Judicial Qualifications Commission which shall be submitted pursuant to statute, no appointees shall be considered for confirmation by the Senate unless the names of such appointees are received by the President of the Senate prior to the twentieth (20th) tenth (10th) legislative day. However, no appointments may be considered by the Senate until the expiration of seventy-two (72) hours after receipt thereof by the President of the Senate, or until the expiration of forty-eight (48) hours after being referred to the Committee on Assignments. The Secretary of the Senate shall make the names of appointees submitted to the Senate for confirmation available for review by any Senator. The chair of the standing committee or committees to which the appointment may have been referred shall cause such appointment or appointments to be considered by the committee within a reasonable period of time after receiving the referral. The chair of the standing committee or committees to which the appointments may have been referred shall then report the committee's recommendations to the Committee on Assignments which shall report its recommendations to the full Senate."

SECTION 11.

Said rules are further amended by revising paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 3-3.2 as follows: "(a) In order for local legislation to be favorably reported by the Committee on State and Local Governmental Operations, such legislation must be signed by a majority of the Senators representing the political subdivision affected by such legislation. For the purpose of determining which Senator or Senators represent a political subdivision, the Senator's district must include all or a portion of the geographical area of the political subdivision affected by the local legislation. If an even number of Senators representing multi-member political subdivisions are equally divided on any local legislation, the legislation may be considered by the Committee on State and Local Governmental Operations on its merits, and the committee may report the legislation to the Senate with the recommendation that it 'do pass' or 'do not pass.'

(b) For the purpose of determining which Senator or Senators represent a political subdivision, the Senator's district must include all or a portion of the geographical area of the political subdivision affected by the local legislation. Annexation bills shall be assumed to affect other municipalities and the county in which they are located. If an annexation bill affects more than one senatorial district, the bill must be signed by the Senate delegation a majority of the Senators representing all the affected counties and municipalities."

SECTION 12.

Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (a) of Rule 4-2.9 as follows:

"(a) All bills and resolutions shall be called in the order in which they appear on the Rules Calendar. On the days on which there is no Rules Calendar, bills shall be called in numerical order. No general Senate bill or resolution having the effect of law shall be read the third time and put upon its passage or adoption after the twenty-eighth (28th) crossover day of any regular session. No general House bill or resolution having the effect of law shall be read the third time and put upon its passage or adoption after the thirty-ninth (39th) day of any regular session except that this prohibition shall not apply to a bill or resolution which was laid on the table on the thirty-ninth (39th) day. The provisions of this paragraph shall in no case be suspended except by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members to which the Senate is entitled."

SECTION 13.

568 Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (b) of Rule 5-1.3 as follows:

"(b) The President's method of stating the question on any motion for a voice vote <u>division</u> of the Senate shall be as follows: 'All those who favor the motion shall rise, stand and be counted'; after a count is had by the Secretary of the Senate, he or she shall call upon the Senators to 'Reverse your position,' and the President shall announce the result."

SECTION 14.

Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (c) of Rule 6-7.1 as follows:

"(c) A notice of motion to reconsider a bill or resolution shall take precedence over a motion to transmit and shall have the effect of defeating the motion to transmit; except on the twenty-eighth (28th) crossover day and during the last three (3) days of any regular session, a Senator must give notice immediately of his or her intention to move to reconsider, and the President or the designee of the President shall set a time during the day when the motion will be entertained, so stating the time to the Senate; the time shall be at the discretion of the President or the designee of the President, but not less than ten minutes. If the Senate is considering any other business at the time the motion to reconsider has been set to be entertained, the motion will be taken up upon conclusion of that business."

SECTION 15.

Said rules are further amended by revising Rule 9-1.4 by adding a new paragraph to read as follows:

588 "(d) All persons entering the Senate chamber shall be dressed in attire appropriate to the Senate. No person shall be admitted on the floor of the Senate bearing a placard, display, 589 590 banner, or sign unless authorized by the President. All buttons, signs, or articles of clothing 591 that promote a candidate for public office are prohibited." 592 **SECTION 16.** Said rules are further amended by revising paragraph (d) of Rule 9-1.9 as follows: 593 594 "(d) The President of the Senate Committee on Administrative Affairs shall issue media 595 credentials, and the Secretary of the Senate shall certify such credentials and issue 596 identification badges as appropriate. The Sergeant at Arms, with the assistance of the Director of the Senate Press Office, is specifically charged with enforcing this Rule. 597 598 Credentials may be revoked at any time for failure to observe the Rules of the Senate." 599 **SECTION 17.** 600 Said rules are further amended by revising Rule 9-1.16 as follows: 601 **"9-1.16 Gallery and Senate Environs** (a) Expressions of approval or disapproval are not permitted in the Senate gallery. 602 603 (b) Applause, hisses, shouting, or other disruptive noise in the gallery, lobbies, or hallways 604 in the immediate environs of the Senate during any legislative proceeding shall be promptly suppressed. Placards, displays, banners, and signs in these areas are prohibited and shall 605 606 be removed promptly. 607 (c) The use of cameras, including cell phone cameras and similar devices, is prohibited in 608 the Senate gallery unless expressly authorized by the President. 609 (d) The President shall have power to cause the galleries and lobbies of the Senate take any 610 action deemed necessary to maintain decorum in the Senate chamber, the Senate lobbies, 611 the Senate gallery, and the immediate environs of the Senate. Such actions include, but are not limited to, causing these areas to be cleared by the Sergeant at Arms in case of 612 disturbance or disorderly conduct therein, and to cause any person or persons so offending 613 614 to be arrested and brought before the bar of the Senate to be dealt with for contempt of the 615 Senate. 616 (e) The Committee on Administrative Affairs may establish guidelines addressing 617 appropriate conduct and activity in the gallery Senate lobbies, the Senate galleries, and the

immediate environs of the Senate."

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