As Introduced

132nd General Assembly

Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 755

Representatives Brinkman, Lanese

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Gavarone, Romanchuk, Greenspan, LaTourette

A BILL

To amend section 2953.32 and to enact sections	1
959.30, 959.31, 959.32, 959.33, and 959.34 of	2
the Revised Code to require the Attorney General	3
to establish an animal abuser registry.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2953.32 be amended and sections	5
959.30, 959.31, 959.32, 959.33, and 959.34 of the Revised Code	6
be enacted to read as follows:	7
Sec. 959.30. As used in this section and sections 959.31	8
to 959.34 of the Revised Code:	9
(A) "Animal shelter" has the same meaning as in section	10
4729.01 of the Revised Code.	11
(B) "Animal abuse offense" means a violation of section	12
<u>959.01, 959.02, 959.03, 959.13, 959.131, 959.14, 959.15, 959.16,</u>	13
959.17, 959.18, or 959.20 of the Revised Code.	14
(C) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in costion	15
(C) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	10
959.131 of the Revised Code.	16

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Revised Code.

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(C)(1) For a first animal abuse offense, the attorney	46
general shall maintain the information regarding the individual	47
on the registry for two years following the date the individual	48
was sentenced for the offense. After two years, the attorney	49
general shall remove the information regarding the individual	50
from the registry unless the individual has been convicted of or	51
pleaded guilty to another animal abuse offense during that two-	52
year period.	53
(2) For a subsequent animal abuse offense after the first	54
offense, the attorney general shall maintain the information	55
regarding the individual on the registry for five years	56
following the date the individual was sentenced for the	57
subsequent offense. After five years, the attorney general shall	58
remove the information regarding the individual from the	59
registry unless the individual has been convicted of or pleaded	60
guilty to another animal abuse offense during that five-year	61
period.	62
(3) The attorney general shall remove the information	63
regarding an animal abuse offense if the attorney general has	64
been notified that the record regarding the animal abuse offense	65
has been sealed pursuant to section 2953.32 of the Revised Code.	66
Sec. 959.33. An animal shelter shall not place for	67
adoption a companion animal that is kept or harbored by the	68
shelter with an individual whose name is listed on the registry	69
established under section 959.32 of the Revised Code.	70
Sec. 959.34. There is hereby created in the state treasury	71
the animal abuser registration fund. The fund shall consist of	72
money credited to the fund under section 959.31 of the Revised	73

Code. The attorney general shall use money in the fund to	74
administer sections 959.30 to 959.34 of the Revised Code.	75
Sec. 2953.32. (A)(1) Except as provided in section 2953.61	76
of the Revised Code, an eligible offender may apply to the	77
sentencing court if convicted in this state, or to a court of	78
common pleas if convicted in another state or in a federal	79
court, for the sealing of the record of the case that pertains	80
to the conviction. Application may be made at the expiration of	81
three years after the offender's final discharge if convicted of	82
a felony, or at the expiration of one year after the offender's	83
final discharge if convicted of a misdemeanor.	84
(2) Any person who has been arrested for any misdemeanor	85
offense and who has effected a bail forfeiture for the offense	86
charged may apply to the court in which the misdemeanor criminal	87
case was pending when bail was forfeited for the sealing of the	88
record of the case that pertains to the charge. Except as	89
provided in section 2953.61 of the Revised Code, the application	90
may be filed at any time after the expiration of one year from	91
the date on which the bail forfeiture was entered upon the	92
minutes of the court or the journal, whichever entry occurs	93
first.	94
(B) Upon the filing of an application under this section,	95
the court shall set a date for a hearing and shall notify the	96
prosecutor for the case of the hearing on the application. The	97
prosecutor may object to the granting of the application by	98
filing an objection with the court prior to the date set for the	99
hearing. The prosecutor shall specify in the objection the	100
reasons for believing a denial of the application is justified.	101

The court shall direct its regular probation officer, a state102probation officer, or the department of probation of the county103

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in which the applicant resides to make inquiries and written 104 reports as the court requires concerning the applicant. The 105 probation officer or county department of probation that the 106 court directs to make inquiries concerning the applicant shall 107 determine whether or not the applicant was fingerprinted at the 108 time of arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code. If 109 the applicant was so fingerprinted, the probation officer or 110 county department of probation shall include with the written 111 report a record of the applicant's fingerprints. If the 112 applicant was convicted of or pleaded quilty to a violation of 113 division (A)(2) or (B) of section 2919.21 of the Revised Code, 114 the probation officer or county department of probation that the 115 court directed to make inquiries concerning the applicant shall 116 contact the child support enforcement agency enforcing the 117 applicant's obligations under the child support order to inquire 118 about the offender's compliance with the child support order. 119

(C)(1) The court shall do each of the following:

(a) Determine whether the applicant is an eligible 121 offender or whether the forfeiture of bail was agreed to by the 122 applicant and the prosecutor in the case. If the applicant 123 applies as an eligible offender pursuant to division (A) (1) of 124 this section and has two or three convictions that result from 125 the same indictment, information, or complaint, from the same 126 plea of guilty, or from the same official proceeding, and result 127 from related criminal acts that were committed within a three-128 month period but do not result from the same act or from 129 offenses committed at the same time, in making its determination 130 under this division, the court initially shall determine whether 131 it is not in the public interest for the two or three 132 convictions to be counted as one conviction. If the court 133 determines that it is not in the public interest for the two or 134

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three convictions to be counted as one conviction, the court135shall determine that the applicant is not an eligible offender;136if the court does not make that determination, the court shall137determine that the offender is an eligible offender.138

(b) Determine whether criminal proceedings are pending against the applicant;

(c) If the applicant is an eligible offender who applies
pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section, determine whether
the applicant has been rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the
court;

(d) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordancewith division (B) of this section, consider the reasons againstgranting the application specified by the prosecutor in theobjection;

(e) Weigh the interests of the applicant in having the records pertaining to the applicant's conviction or bail forfeiture sealed against the legitimate needs, if any, of the government to maintain those records.

(2) If the court determines, after complying with division 153 (C)(1) of this section, that the applicant is an eligible 154 offender or the subject of a bail forfeiture, that no criminal 155 proceeding is pending against the applicant, that the interests 156 of the applicant in having the records pertaining to the 157 applicant's conviction or bail forfeiture sealed are not 158 outweighed by any legitimate governmental needs to maintain 159 those records, and that the rehabilitation of an applicant who 160 is an eligible offender applying pursuant to division (A)(1) of 161 this section has been attained to the satisfaction of the court, 162 the court, except as provided in division (C)(4), (G), (H), or 163

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(I) of this section, shall order all official records of the 164 case that pertain to the conviction or bail forfeiture sealed 165 and, except as provided in division (F) of this section, all 166 index references to the case that pertain to the conviction or 167 bail forfeiture deleted and, in the case of bail forfeitures, 168 shall dismiss the charges in the case. The proceedings in the 169 case that pertain to the conviction or bail forfeiture shall be 170 considered not to have occurred and the conviction or bail 171 forfeiture of the person who is the subject of the proceedings 172 shall be sealed, except that upon conviction of a subsequent 173 offense, the sealed record of prior conviction or bail 174 forfeiture may be considered by the court in determining the 175 sentence or other appropriate disposition, including the relief 176 provided for in sections 2953.31 to 2953.33 of the Revised Code. 177

(3) An applicant may request the sealing of the records of 178 more than one case in a single application under this section. 179 Upon the filing of an application under this section, the 180 applicant, unless indigent, shall pay a fee of fifty dollars, 181 regardless of the number of records the application requests to 182 have sealed. The court shall pay thirty dollars of the fee into 183 the state treasury. It shall pay twenty dollars of the fee into 184 the county general revenue fund if the sealed conviction or bail 185 forfeiture was pursuant to a state statute, or into the general 186 revenue fund of the municipal corporation involved if the sealed 187 conviction or bail forfeiture was pursuant to a municipal 188 ordinance. 189

(4) If the court orders the official records pertaining to the case sealed, the court shall do one of the following:

(a) If the applicant was fingerprinted at the time ofarrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code and the193

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record of the applicant's fingerprints was provided to the court 194 under division (B) of this section, forward a copy of the 195 sealing order and the record of the applicant's fingerprints to 196 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation. 197

(b) If the applicant was not fingerprinted at the time of 198 arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code, or the 199 record of the applicant's fingerprints was not provided to the 200 court under division (B) of this section, but fingerprinting was 201 required for the offense, order the applicant to appear before a 202 203 sheriff to have the applicant's fingerprints taken according to the fingerprint system of identification on the forms furnished 204 by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification 205 and investigation. The sheriff shall forward the applicant's 206 fingerprints to the court. The court shall forward the 207 applicant's fingerprints and a copy of the sealing order to the 208 bureau of criminal identification and investigation. 209

Failure of the court to order fingerprints at the time of210sealing does not constitute a reversible error.211

(5) At the time an applicant files an application underdivision (A) of this section, the following shall apply:213

(a) The clerk of court shall notify the applicant in
writing that the court will send notice of any order under
division (C) (2) of this section to the qualified third party
selected by the attorney general under section 109.38 of the
Revised Code and shall inform the applicant of the procedures
under section 109.381 of the Revised Code.

(b) The applicant shall then notify the clerk if the
applicant wishes to opt out of receiving the benefits of having
the court send notice of its order under division (C) (2) of this
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section to the qualified third party and having the procedures223under section 109.381 of the Revised Code apply to the records224that are subject to the order.225

(c) If the applicant does not opt out under division (C)
(5) (b) of this section, the applicant shall pay to the clerk of
court the fee provided in the contract between the attorney
general and the qualified third party under division (D) (2) (b)
of section 109.38 of the Revised Code.

(6) (a) Upon the issuance of an order under division (C) (2) 231 of this section, and unless the applicant opts out under 232 division (C) (5) (b) of this section, the clerk shall remit the 233 fee paid by the applicant under division (C) (5) (c) of this 234 section to the qualified third party. The court shall send 235 notice of the order under division (C) (2) of this section to the 236 qualified third party. 237

(b) If the applicant's application under division (A) of 238 this section is denied for any reason or if the applicant 239 informs the clerk of court in writing, before the issuance of 240 the order under division (C)(2) of this section, that the 241 applicant wishes to opt out of having the court send notice of 242 its order under division (C)(2) of this section to the qualified 243 third party, the clerk shall remit the fee paid by the applicant 244 under division (C)(5)(c) of this section that is intended for 245 the qualified third party back to the applicant. 246

(D) Inspection of the sealed records included in the order 247may be made only by the following persons or for the following 248purposes: 249

(1) By a law enforcement officer or prosecutor, or theassistants of either, to determine whether the nature and251

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would be affected by virtue of the person's previously having 253 been convicted of a crime; 254 (2) By the parole or probation officer of the person who 255 is the subject of the records, for the exclusive use of the 256 officer in supervising the person while on parole or under a 257 community control sanction or a post-release control sanction, 258 and in making inquiries and written reports as requested by the 259 court or adult parole authority; 260 (3) Upon application by the person who is the subject of 261 the records, by the persons named in the application; 262 (4) By a law enforcement officer who was involved in the 263 case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising 264 out of the officer's involvement in that case; 265 (5) By a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting 266 attorney's assistants, to determine a defendant's eligibility to 267 enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to 268 section 2935.36 of the Revised Code; 269 (6) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized 270 employee of a law enforcement agency or by the department of 271 rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services as 272 part of a background investigation of a person who applies for 273 employment with the agency or with the department; 274

character of the offense with which a person is to be charged

(7) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized
employee of a law enforcement agency, for the purposes set forth
in, and in the manner provided in, section 2953.321 of the
Revised Code;

(8) By the bureau of criminal identification and 279investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the 280

purpose of providing information to a board or person pursuant 281 to division (F) or (G) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code; 282 (9) By the bureau of criminal identification and 283 investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the 284 purpose of performing a criminal history records check on a 285 person to whom a certificate as prescribed in section 109.77 of 286 the Revised Code is to be awarded; 287 (10) By the bureau of criminal identification and 288 investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the 289 290 purpose of conducting a criminal records check of an individual pursuant to division (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code 291 that was requested pursuant to any of the sections identified in 292 division (B)(1) of that section; 293 (11) By the bureau of criminal identification and 294 investigation, an authorized employee of the bureau, a sheriff, 295 or an authorized employee of a sheriff in connection with a 296 criminal records check described in section 311.41 of the 297 Revised Code: 298 (12) By the attorney general or an authorized employee of 299 300 the attorney general or a court for purposes of determining a person's classification pursuant to Chapter 2950. of the Revised 301 Code; 302 (13) By a court, the registrar of motor vehicles, a 303

prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting attorney's assistants, 304 or a law enforcement officer for the purpose of assessing points 305 against a person under section 4510.036 of the Revised Code or 306 for taking action with regard to points assessed. 307

When the nature and character of the offense with which a308person is to be charged would be affected by the information, it309

may be used for the purpose of charging the person with an 310
offense. 311

(E) In any criminal proceeding, proof of any otherwise 312
admissible prior conviction may be introduced and proved, 313
notwithstanding the fact that for any such prior conviction an 314
order of sealing previously was issued pursuant to sections 315
2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code. 316

(F) The person or governmental agency, office, or 317 department that maintains sealed records pertaining to 318 convictions or bail forfeitures that have been sealed pursuant 319 to this section may maintain a manual or computerized index to 320 the sealed records. The index shall contain only the name of, 321 and alphanumeric identifiers that relate to, the persons who are 322 the subject of the sealed records, the word "sealed," and the 323 name of the person, agency, office, or department that has 324 custody of the sealed records, and shall not contain the name of 325 the crime committed. The index shall be made available by the 326 person who has custody of the sealed records only for the 327 purposes set forth in divisions (C), (D), and (E) of this 328 329 section.

(G) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or 330 section 2953.33 of the Revised Code that requires otherwise, a 331 board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 332 vocational school district that maintains records of an 333 individual who has been permanently excluded under sections 334 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code is permitted to 335 maintain records regarding a conviction that was used as the 336 basis for the individual's permanent exclusion, regardless of a 337 court order to seal the record. An order issued under this 338 section to seal the record of a conviction does not revoke the 339

adjudication order of the superintendent of public instruction 340 to permanently exclude the individual who is the subject of the 341 sealing order. An order issued under this section to seal the 342 record of a conviction of an individual may be presented to a 343 district superintendent as evidence to support the contention 344 that the superintendent should recommend that the permanent 345 346 exclusion of the individual who is the subject of the sealing order be revoked. Except as otherwise authorized by this 347 division and sections 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code, 348 any school employee in possession of or having access to the 349 sealed conviction records of an individual that were the basis 350 of a permanent exclusion of the individual is subject to section 351 2953.35 of the Revised Code. 352

(H) For purposes of sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the 353 Revised Code, DNA records collected in the DNA database and 354 fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the 355 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall not be 356 sealed unless the superintendent receives a certified copy of a 357 final court order establishing that the offender's conviction 358 has been overturned. For purposes of this section, a court order 359 is not "final" if time remains for an appeal or application for 360 discretionary review with respect to the order. 361

(I) The sealing of a record under this section does not
 affect the assessment of points under section 4510.036 of the
 Revised Code and does not erase points assessed against a person
 as a result of the sealed record.
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 (J) For purposes of section 959.32 of the Revised Code, if
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 a record is sealed that pertains to a conviction of section
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 959.01, 959.02, 959.03, 959.13, 959.131, 959.14, 959.15, 959.16,
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 959.17, 959.18, or 959.20 of the Revised Code, the clerk of
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court shall so notify the attorney general.	370
Section 2. That existing section 2953.32 of the Revised	371
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