

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1159

To protect consumers from discriminatory State taxes on motor vehicle rentals.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 17, 2017

Mr. Blunt (for himself, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Roberts, and Mr. Moran) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To protect consumers from discriminatory State taxes on motor vehicle rentals.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "End Discriminatory
- 5 State Taxes for Automobile Renters Act of 2017".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Congress has prohibited economic protec-
- 9 tionism by State and local governments that unduly
- 10 burden or discriminate against interstate commerce

- and transportation under the authority granted by
- 2 the Commerce Clause of the Constitution by enact-
- 3 ing laws such as the Railroad Revitalization and
- 4 Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, the Motor Carrier
- 5 Act of 1980, the Bus Regulatory Reform Act of
- 6 1982, and the Airport and Airway Improvement Act
- 7 of 1982.
- 8 (2) In Gibbons v. Ogden (22 U.S. 1 (1824)), a
- 9 case challenging the exclusive right of navigating the
- waters of New York granted by that State, the Su-
- preme Court affirmed that it is the sole right of
- 12 Congress to regulate commerce between the States
- under what Chief Justice John Marshall recognized
- as the dormant Commerce Clause.
- 15 (3) Since 1990, over 100 discriminatory taxes
- have been imposed by State and local governments
- on motor vehicle rentals in violation of the dormant
- 18 Commerce Clause.
- 19 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to prohibit
- 20 prospectively, and provide a remedy for, tax discrimination
- 21 by a State or Locality against the rental of motor vehicles.
- 22 SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION.
- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 805 of title 49, United
- 24 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 25 lowing new section:

1	"SEC. 80505. TAX DISCRIMINATION AGAINST MOTOR VEHI-
2	CLE RENTAL PROPERTY.
3	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
4	"(1) Assessment and assessment jurisdic-
5	TION.—
6	"(A) Assessment.—The term 'assess-
7	ment' has the meaning given that term in sec-
8	tion $11501(a)(1)$.
9	"(B) Assessment Jurisdiction.—The
10	term 'assessment jurisdiction' has the meaning
11	given that term in section 11501(a)(2).
12	"(2) Commercial and industrial prop-
13	ERTY.—The term 'commercial and industrial prop-
14	erty' means property, other than motor vehicle rent-
15	al property and land used primarily for agricultural
16	purposes or timber growing, which is devoted to a
17	commercial or industrial use.
18	"(3) Commercial and industrial tax-
19	PAYERS.—The term 'other commercial and indus-
20	trial taxpayers' means persons or entities who are
21	engaged in a trade or business, other than the trade
22	or business of renting motor vehicles, within a State
23	or Locality.
24	"(4) COVERED PERSON.—The term 'covered
25	person' means a person who—

1	"(A) rents motor vehicles to another per-
2	son;
3	"(B) is engaged in the business of renting
4	motor vehicles;
5	"(C) owns motor vehicle rental property;
6	"(D) rents a motor vehicle from another
7	person; or
8	"(E) purchases motor vehicle rental prop-
9	erty.
10	"(5) DISCRIMINATORY TAX.—The term 'dis-
11	criminatory tax' includes the following:
12	"(A) A tax discriminates against the rental
13	of motor vehicles if a State or Locality imposes
14	the tax on, or with respect to—
15	"(i) the rental of motor vehicles but
16	the tax is not a generally applicable tax on,
17	or with respect to, more than 51 percent of
18	the rentals of other tangible personal prop-
19	erty within the State or Locality; or
20	"(ii) the rental of motor vehicles at a
21	tax rate that exceeds the generally applica-
22	ble tax rate on at least 51 percent of the
23	rentals of other tangible personal property
24	within the same State or Locality.

1	"(B) A tax discriminates against the busi-
2	ness of renting motor vehicles if a State or Lo-
3	cality imposes the tax on, or with respect to—
4	"(i) the business of renting motor ve-
5	hicles but the tax is not a generally appli-
6	cable tax on, or with respect to, more than
7	51 percent of the businesses of other com-
8	mercial and industrial taxpayers within the
9	State or Locality, on the same tax base as
10	the State or Locality employs with respect
11	to the business of renting motor vehicles;
12	or
13	"(ii) the business of renting motor ve-
14	hicles at a tax rate that exceeds the gen-
15	erally applicable tax rate on at least 51
16	percent of the business of commercial and
17	industrial taxpayers within the State or
18	Local jurisdiction.
19	"(C) A tax discriminates against motor ve-
20	hicle rental property if a State or Locality—
21	"(i) assesses motor vehicle rental
22	property at a value that has a higher ratio
23	to the true market value of the property
24	than the ratio of the assessed value to the
25	true market value applicable to commercial

1	and industrial property in the same assess-
2	ment jurisdiction;
3	"(ii) levies or collects a tax on an as-
4	sessment that may not be made under
5	clause (i); or
6	"(iii) levies or collects an ad valorem
7	property tax on motor vehicle rental prop-
8	erty at a generally applicable tax rate that
9	exceeds the tax rate applicable to commer-
10	cial and industrial property in the same as-
11	sessment jurisdiction.
12	"(6) Local or locality.—The terms 'Local'
13	and 'Locality' mean a political subdivision of any
14	State, or any governmental entity or person acting
15	on behalf of such Locality, with the authority to im-
16	pose, levy, or collect taxes.
17	"(7) Motor vehicle.—The term 'motor vehi-
18	cle' has the meaning given that term in section
19	13102(16).
20	"(8) Motor vehicle rental property.—
21	The term 'motor vehicle rental property' means
22	property owned or used by a person engaged in the
23	business of renting motor vehicles and used to pro-
24	vide rentals of motor vehicles.

- "(9) Rental of motor vehicles.—The term 1 2 'rental of motor vehicles' means the rental of a 3 motor vehicle that is given by the owner of the 4 motor vehicle for exclusive use to another for not 5 longer than 180 days for valuable consideration and 6 only includes the rental of motor vehicles with a pre-7 arranged driver or motor vehicles without a driver, 8 but shall not include taxi cab service as defined by 9 section 13102(22).
 - "(10) Rentals of other tangible personal property' means any rental of tangible personal property, other than the rental of motor vehicles.
 - "(11) STATE.—The term 'State' means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States, or any governmental entity or person acting on behalf of such State, and with the authority to impose, levy, or collect taxes.
 - "(12) Tax.—Except as otherwise specifically provided below, the term 'tax' means any type of charge required by statute, regulation, or agreement to be paid or furnished to a State or Locality, regardless of whether such charge is denominated as

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a tax, a fee, or any other type of exaction. The term 'tax' does not include any charge imposed by a State or Locality with respect to a concession agreement at a federally assisted airport (provided the agreement does not violate the revenue diversion provisions of section 47107(b), or the registration, licensing, or inspection of motor vehicles), if the charge is imposed generally with respect to motor vehicles, without regard to whether such vehicles are used in the business of renting motor vehicles within the State or Locality.

- "(13) Tax base.—The term 'tax base' means the receipts, income, value, weight, or other measure of a tax to which the rate is applied. The 'tax base' of a tax imposed on a per unit basis is the unit.
- "(14) GENERALLY APPLICABLE TAX.—The term 'generally applicable tax' may be determined by—

"(A) the gross receipts of rentals of other tangible personal property or other commercial and industrial taxpayers within the State or Locality to which the tax is imposed by the State or Locality compared to the gross receipts of rentals of other tangible personal property or

1	other commercial and industrial taxpayers with-
2	in the State or Locality; or
3	"(B) another method used to determine
4	whether more than 51 percent of rentals of
5	other tangible personal property or other com-
6	mercial and industrial taxpayers is subject to
7	the tax.
8	"(b) Unreasonable Burdens and Discrimina-
9	TION AGAINST INTERSTATE COMMERCE.—
10	"(1) In general.—The following acts unrea-
11	sonably burden and discriminate against interstate
12	commerce, and a State or Locality may not do any
13	of them:
14	"(A) Levy or collect a discriminatory tax
15	on the rental of motor vehicles.
16	"(B) Levy or collect a discriminatory tax
17	on the business of renting motor vehicles.
18	"(C) Levy or collect a discriminatory tax
19	on motor vehicle rental property.
20	"(2) Exclusion.—Discriminatory taxes are
21	not prohibited under this section if the tax is im-
22	posed as of the date of the enactment of this section,
23	does not lapse, the tax rate does not increase, and
24	the tax base for such tax does not change.
25	"(c) Remedies.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
1341 of title 28, a covered person aggrieved of a violation of subsection (b) may bring a civil action in
a district court of the United States seeking damages, injunctive relief, other legal or equitable relief,
or declaratory relief.

"(2) Relief.—In granting relief against a tax levied or collected in violation of subsection (b), if the tax is a discriminatory tax the court shall strike only the discriminatory or excessive portion of the tax.

"(3) Burden of Proof.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a covered person shall have the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the levying or collecting of a tax violates subsection (b).

"(B) Equivalent of other taxes.—If the court determines that the levying or collecting of a tax violates subsection (b), the State or Locality shall have the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the tax is the equivalent of a tax imposed on other commercial and industrial taxpayers under paragraph (2).

- 1 "(4) OTHER REMEDIES.—Nothing in this sub-
- 2 section shall limit any cause of action or remedy
- 3 available under any other provision of Federal or
- 4 State law.
- 5 "(d) LIMITATIONS.—This section shall not be con-
- 6 strued to constitute the consent of Congress to State or
- 7 Local taxation that would be prohibited in the absence of
- 8 this section.".
- 9 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 10 for chapter 805 of title 49, United States Code, is amend-
- 11 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 80504
- 12 the following:

"80505. Rules relating to State taxation with respect to automobile rentals.".

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