

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2746

To amend title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 to establish a Federal renewable electricity standard for retail electricity suppliers and a Federal energy efficiency resource standard for electricity and natural gas suppliers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 25, 2017

Mr. Welch (for himself and Mr. Ben Ray Luján of New Mexico) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To amend title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 to establish a Federal renewable electricity standard for retail electricity suppliers and a Federal energy efficiency resource standard for electricity and natural gas suppliers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "American Renewable
- 5 Energy and Efficiency Act".

1	SEC. 2. FEDERAL RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY STANDARD.
2	Title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act
3	of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) is amended by adding
4	after section 609 (7 U.S.C. 918c) the following:
5	"SEC. 610. FEDERAL RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY STANDARD.
6	"(a) Findings.—Congress finds that—
7	"(1) the Federal renewable electricity standard
8	established by this section establishes a market-
9	based policy to create ongoing competition among
10	renewable electricity generators across the United
11	States and provide the greatest quantity of clean
12	electricity for the lowest price; and
13	"(2) the United States has vast wind, solar, hy-
14	dropower, biomass, and geothermal resources that—
15	"(A) are renewable;
16	"(B) are dispersed widely across different
17	regions of the United States; and
18	"(C) can be harnessed to generate a sig-
19	nificant share of electricity in the United
20	States.
21	"(b) Definitions.—In this section:
22	"(1) Brownfield site generation facil-
23	ITY.—The term 'brownfield site generation facility'
24	means a facility that—
25	"(A) generates renewable electricity; and

1	"(B) occupies a brownfield site (as that
2	term is defined in section 101 of the Com-
3	prehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-
4	tion, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C.
5	9601)).
6	"(2) Distributed renewable generation
7	FACILITY.—The term 'distributed renewable genera-
8	tion facility' means a facility that—
9	"(A) generates renewable electricity;
10	"(B) primarily serves one or more electric
11	consumers at or near the facility site; and
12	"(C) has not more than 2 megawatts in
13	capacity.
14	"(3) Federal Renewable electricity
15	CREDIT.—The term 'Federal renewable electricity
16	credit' means a credit, representing 1 megawatt
17	hour of renewable electricity, issued pursuant to sub-
18	section (f).
19	"(4) Indian Land.—The term 'Indian land'
20	means—
21	"(A) any land within the limits of any In-
22	dian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria;
23	"(B) any land not within the limits of any
24	Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria, title to

1	which was on the date of enactment of this sec-
2	tion held by—
3	"(i) the United States for the benefit
4	of any Indian tribe or individual; or
5	"(ii) any Indian tribe or individual
6	subject to restriction by the United States
7	against alienation;
8	"(C) any dependent Indian community; or
9	"(D) any land conveyed under the Alaska
10	Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601
11	et seq.) to any Native Corporation (as that
12	term is defined in section 3 of that Act (43
13	U.S.C. 1602)).
14	"(5) Indian tribe.—The term 'Indian tribe'
15	means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other orga-
16	nized group or community (including any Native vil-
17	lage, Regional Corporation, or Village Corporation
18	(as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Alas-
19	ka Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1602)))
20	that is recognized as eligible for the special pro-
21	grams and services provided by the United States to
22	Indians because of their status as Indians.
23	"(6) QUALIFIED HYDROPOWER.—The term
24	'qualified hydropower' means—

1	"(A) energy produced from increased effi-
2	ciency achieved, or additions of capacity made,
3	on or after January 1, 2001, at a hydroelectric
4	facility that—
5	"(i) was placed in service before that
6	date; and
7	"(ii) does not include additional en-
8	ergy generated as a result of operational
9	changes not directly associated with effi-
10	ciency improvements or capacity additions;
11	or
12	"(B) energy produced from generating ca-
13	pacity added to a dam on or after January 1,
14	2001, if the Commission certifies that—
15	"(i) the dam—
16	"(I) was placed in service before
17	the date of enactment of this section;
18	"(II) was operated for flood con-
19	trol, navigation, or water supply pur-
20	poses; and
21	"(III) was not producing hydro-
22	electric power prior to the addition of
23	the capacity; and
24	"(ii) the hydroelectric project installed
25	on the dam—

1	((I) is licensed or is exempt from
2	licensing by the Commission;
3	"(II) is in compliance with—
4	"(aa) the terms and condi-
5	tions of the license or exemption;
6	and
7	"(bb) other applicable legal
8	requirements for the protection
9	of environmental quality, includ-
10	ing applicable fish passage re-
11	quirements; and
12	"(III) is operated so that the
13	water surface elevation at any given
14	location and time that would have oc-
15	curred in the absence of the hydro-
16	electric project is maintained, subject
17	to any license or exemption require-
18	ments that require changes in water
19	surface elevation for the purpose of
20	improving the environmental quality
21	of the affected waterway.
22	"(7) QUALIFIED RENEWABLE BIOMASS.—The
23	term 'qualified renewable biomass' means renewable
24	biomass that, when combusted, yields, on a weight-
25	ed-average basis, a 50-percent reduction in lifecycle

1	greenhouse gas emissions (as defined in section 4(a)
2	of the American Renewable Energy and Efficiency
3	Act) per unit of useful energy, as compared to the
4	operation of a combined cycle natural gas electric
5	generating facility using the most efficient commer-
6	cially available technology, when calculated over a
7	20-year life cycle.
8	"(8) Renewable biomass.—The term 'renew-
9	able biomass' means—
10	"(A) crop byproducts or crop residues har-
11	vested from actively managed or fallow agricul-
12	tural land that is cleared prior to the date of
13	enactment of this section;
14	"(B) planted trees, brush, slash, and resi-
15	dues from an actively managed tree farm dedi-
16	cated to energy crop production and located or
17	land cleared prior to the date of enactment of
18	this section;
19	"(C) byproducts of wood or paper mill op-
20	erations, including lignin in spent pulping liq-
21	uors;
22	"(D) algae;
23	"(E) nonhazardous plant matter derived
24	from waste—

1	"(i) including separated yard waste,
2	landscape right-of-way trimmings, or food
3	waste; but
4	"(ii) not including municipal solid
5	waste, recyclable waste paper, painted,
6	treated or pressurized wood, or wood con-
7	taminated with plastic or metals; and
8	"(F) vegetative matter removed from with-
9	in 200 yards of any man-made structure or
10	campground for the purposes of hazardous fuels
11	thinning.
12	"(9) Renewable electricity.—The term 're-
13	newable electricity' means electricity generated (in-
14	cluding by means of a fuel cell) from a renewable en-
15	ergy resource.
16	"(10) Renewable energy resource.—The
17	term 'renewable energy resource' means each of the
18	following:
19	"(A) Wind energy.
20	"(B) Solar energy.
21	"(C) Geothermal energy.
22	"(D) Qualified renewable biomass.
23	"(E) Biogas derived from qualified renew-
24	able biomass.

1	"(F) Biofuels derived from qualified re-
2	newable biomass.
3	"(G) Qualified hydropower.
4	"(H) Marine and hydrokinetic renewable
5	energy (as defined in section 632 of the Energy
6	Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42
7	U.S.C. 17211)).
8	"(I) Landfill gas.
9	"(11) Retail electric supplier.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'retail elec-
11	tric supplier' means, for any calendar year, an
12	electric utility that sells not fewer than
13	1,000,000 megawatt hours of electric energy to
14	electric consumers for purposes other than re-
15	sale during the preceding calendar year.
16	"(B) Inclusions and limitations.—For
17	purposes of determining whether an electric
18	utility qualifies as a retail electric supplier
19	under subparagraph (A)—
20	"(i) the sales made by any affiliate of
21	the electric utility to electric consumers,
22	other than sales to lessees or tenants of
23	the affiliate, for purposes other than resale
24	shall be considered to be sales made by the
25	electric utility: and

1	"(ii) sales made by the electric utility
2	to an affiliate, lessee, or tenant of the elec-
3	tric utility shall not be treated as sales to
4	electric consumers.
5	"(C) Affiliate.—In this paragraph, the
6	term 'affiliate' when used in relation to a per-
7	son, means another person that directly or indi-
8	rectly owns or controls, is owned or controlled
9	by, or is under common ownership or control
10	with, that person, as determined under regula-
11	tions promulgated by the Commission.
12	"(12) Retail electric supplier's base
13	QUANTITY.—The term 'retail electric supplier's base
14	quantity' means the total quantity of electric energy
15	sold by the retail electric supplier, expressed in
16	megawatt hours, to electric customers for purposes
17	other than resale during the relevant calendar year,
18	excluding—
19	"(A) electricity generated by a hydro-
20	electric facility, other than qualified hydro-
21	power; and
22	"(B) electricity generated by the combus-
23	tion of municipal solid waste.
24	"(13) Retire and retirement.—The terms
25	'retire' and 'retirement' with respect to a Federal re-

1	newable electricity credit, mean to disqualify the
2	credit for any subsequent use under this section, re-
3	gardless of whether the use is a sale, transfer, ex-
4	change, or submission in satisfaction of a compliance
5	obligation.
6	"(c) Annual Compliance Obligation.—Except as
7	otherwise provided in subsection (g), for each of calendar
8	years 2019 through 2042, not later than March 31 of the
9	following calendar year, each retail electric supplier shall
10	submit to the Commission a quantity of Federal renewable
11	electricity credits that is equal to at least the annual tar-
12	get of the retail electric supplier under subsection (e).
13	"(d) Establishment of Program.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
15	the date of enactment of this section, the Commis-
16	sion shall promulgate regulations to implement and
17	enforce the requirements of this section.
18	"(2) Considerations.—In promulgating regu-
19	lations under paragraph (1), the Commission shall,
20	to the maximum extent practicable—
21	"(A) preserve the integrity and incorporate
22	best practices of existing State and tribal re-
23	newable electricity programs;
24	"(B) rely on existing and emerging State,
25	tribal, or regional tracking systems that issue

1	and track non-Federal renewable electricity
2	credits; and
3	"(C) cooperate with States and Indian
4	tribes—
5	"(i) to facilitate coordination between
6	State, tribal, and Federal renewable elec-
7	tricity programs; and
8	"(ii) to minimize administrative bur-
9	dens and costs to retail electric suppliers.
10	"(e) Annual Compliance Requirement.—
11	"(1) Annual targets.—For each of calendar
12	years 2019 through 2042, the annual target of a re-
13	tail electric supplier shall be equal to the product ob-
14	tained by multiplying—
15	"(A) the required annual percentage for
16	that calendar year under paragraph (2); and
17	"(B) the retail electric supplier's base
18	quantity for that calendar year.
19	"(2) Required annual percentage.—
20	"(A) CALENDAR YEARS 2019 THROUGH
21	2042.—Subject to subparagraph (B), for each of
22	calendar years 2019 through 2042, the required
23	annual percentage shall be as follows:

	Required annual
	"Year: percentage:
	2019
	2020
	2021
	2022
	2023
	2024
	2025
	2026
	2027
	2028
	2029
	2030
	2031
	2032-2042
1	"(B) Increase authorized for cal-
2	ENDAR YEARS 2032 THROUGH 2042.—The Com-
3	mission may issue orders increasing the re-
4	quired annual percentage amounts for each of
5	calendar years 2032 through 2042 to reflect the
6	maximum achievable level of renewable elec-
7	tricity generation potential, taking into account
8	regional resource availability, economic feasi-
9	bility, and technological capability.
10	"(f) Federal Renewable Electricity Cred-
11	ITS.—
12	"(1) In general.—
13	"(A) ISSUANCE; TRACKING;
14	VERIFICATION.—The regulations promulgated
15	under this section shall include provisions gov-
16	erning the issuance, tracking, and verification
17	of Federal renewable electricity credits.

in paragraphs (2) through (4), the Commission shall issue to each generator of renewable electricity, 1 Federal renewable electricity credit for each megawatt hour of renewable electricity generated by the generator after December 31, 2018.

- "(C) Serial number.—The Commission shall assign a unique serial number to each Federal renewable electricity credit.
- "(2) GENERATION FROM CERTAIN STATE RE-NEWABLE ELECTRICITY PROGRAMS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If renewable electricity is generated with the support of payments from a retail electric supplier pursuant to a State renewable electricity program (whether through State alternative compliance payments or through payments to a State renewable electricity procurement fund or entity), the Commission shall issue Federal renewable electricity credits to the retail electric supplier for the portion of the relevant renewable electricity generation that is attributable to payments made by the retail electric supplier, as

determined pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Commission.

"(B) Remaining portion.—For any remaining portion of the relevant renewable electricity generation, the Commission shall issue Federal renewable electricity credits to the generator, as provided in paragraph (1), except that not more than 1 Federal renewable electricity credit shall be issued for the same megawatt hour of electricity.

"(C) STATE GUIDANCE.—In determining how Federal renewable electricity credits will be apportioned among retail electric suppliers and generators under this paragraph, the Commission shall consider information and guidance issued by the applicable one or more States.

"(3) CERTAIN POWER SALES CONTRACTS.—Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2), if a generator has sold renewable electricity to a retail electric supplier under a contract for power from a facility placed in service before the date of enactment of this section, and the contract does not provide for the determination of ownership of the Federal renewable electricity credits associated with the generation, the Commission shall issue the Federal

1	renewable electricity credits to the retail electric sup-
2	plier for the duration of the contract.
3	"(4) Credit multipliers.—
4	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
5	subparagraph (B), the Commission shall
6	issue—
7	"(i) not more than 3 Federal renew-
8	able electricity credits for each megawatt
9	hour of renewable electricity generated by
10	a distributed renewable generation facility;
11	"(ii) not more than 2 Federal renew-
12	able electricity credits for each megawatt
13	hour of renewable electricity generated on
14	Indian land; and
15	"(iii) not more than 2 Federal renew-
16	able electricity credits for each megawatt
17	hour of renewable electricity generated by
18	a brownfield site generation facility.
19	"(B) Adjustment.—Except as provided
20	in subparagraph (C), not later than January 1,
21	2021, and not less frequently than every 4
22	years thereafter, the Commission shall review
23	the effect of this paragraph on the aggregate
24	quantity of renewable electricity produced under
25	the standard and shall, as necessary and after

1	providing 1 year of notice, reduce the number
2	of Federal renewable electricity credits per
3	megawatt hour issued under this paragraph for
4	any given energy source or facility, but not
5	below one, to ensure that the number is no
6	higher than the Commission determines is nec-
7	essary—
8	"(i) to incentivize incremental renew-
9	able energy generation on Indian land and
10	brownfield sites; and
11	"(ii) to make distributed renewable
12	generation facilities cost competitive with
13	other sources of renewable electricity gen-
14	eration.
15	"(C) FACILITIES PLACED IN SERVICE
16	AFTER ENACTMENT.—
17	"(i) In general.—For any renewable
18	generation facility placed in service after
19	the date of enactment of this section, sub-
20	paragraph (B) shall not apply for the first
21	10 years after the date on which the facil-
22	ity is placed in service.
23	"(ii) Initial period.—For each year
24	during the 10-year period described in
25	clause (i), the Commission shall issue to

1	the facility the same number of Federal re-
2	newable electricity credits per megawatt
3	hour as are issued to that facility in the
4	year in which the facility is placed in serv-
5	ice.
6	"(iii) Subsequent Period.—After
7	the 10-year period described in clause (i),
8	the Commission shall issue Federal renew-
9	able electricity credits to the facility in ac-
10	cordance with subparagraph (B).
11	"(5) Credits based on qualified hydro-
12	POWER.—For purposes of this subsection, the num-
13	ber of Federal renewable electricity credits issued for
14	qualified hydropower shall be calculated—
15	"(A) based solely on the increase in aver-
16	age annual generation directly resulting from
17	the efficiency improvements or capacity addi-
18	tions described in subsection (b)(6)(A); and
19	"(B) using the same water flow informa-
20	tion used to determine a historic average an-
21	nual generation baseline for the hydroelectric
22	facility, as certified by the Commission.
23	"(6) Generation from mixed renewable
24	AND NONRENEWABLE RESOURCES.—If electricity is
25	generated using both a renewable energy resource

1	and an energy source that is not a renewable energy
2	resource (such as cofiring of renewable biomass and
3	fossil fuel), the Commission shall issue Federal re-
4	newable electricity credits based on the proportion of
5	the electricity that is attributable to the renewable
6	energy resource.
7	"(7) Prohibition against double-count-
8	ING.—The Commission shall ensure that—
9	"(A) no Federal renewable electricity cred-
10	it is used more than once for compliance with
11	this section; and
12	"(B) except as provided in paragraph (4),
13	not more than 1 Federal renewable electricity
14	credit is issued for any megawatt hour of re-
15	newable electricity.
16	"(8) Trading.—The lawful holder of a Federal
17	renewable electricity credit may—
18	"(A) sell, exchange, or transfer the credit;
19	"(B) submit the credit for compliance
20	under subsection (c); or
21	"(C) submit the credit for retirement by
22	the Commission.
23	"(9) Banking.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A Federal renewable
25	electricity credit may be submitted in satisfac-

tion of the compliance obligation under subsection (c) for the compliance year in which the credit was issued or for any of the 3 immediately subsequent compliance years.

"(B) RETIREMENT.—The Commission shall retire any Federal renewable electricity credit that has not been retired by April 2 of the calendar year that is 3 years after the calendar year during which the credit was issued.

"(10) Retirement.—The Commission shall retire a Federal renewable electricity credit immediately upon submission by the lawful holder of the credit, whether in satisfaction of a compliance obligation under subsection (c) or for another reason.

"(g) Alternative Compliance Payments.—

"(1) In General.—A retail electric supplier may satisfy the requirements of subsection (c) in whole or in part by submitting in accordance with this subsection, in lieu of each Federal renewable electricity credit that would otherwise be due, a payment equal to \$50, adjusted for inflation on January 1 of each year following calendar year 2019, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Commission.

"(2) Payment to state funds.—

1	"(A) In general.—Except as otherwise
2	provided in this paragraph, payments made
3	under this subsection shall be made directly to
4	one or more States in which the retail electric
5	supplier sells electric energy, in proportion to
6	the portion of the retail electric supplier's base
7	quantity that is sold within each applicable
8	State, if—
9	"(i) the payments are deposited di-
10	rectly into a fund of the State treasury es-
11	tablished for that purpose; and
12	"(ii) the State uses the funds in ac-
13	cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4).
14	"(B) Noncompliance.—If the Commis-
15	sion determines that a State is in substantial
16	noncompliance with paragraph (3) or (4), the
17	Commission shall direct that any future alter-
18	native compliance payments that would other-
19	wise be paid to the State under this subsection
20	shall instead be paid to the Commission and de-
21	posited in the Treasury.
22	"(3) State use of funds.—As a condition of
23	receipt of alternative compliance payments under
24	this subsection, a State shall use the payments ex-
25	clusively for—

1	"(A) deploying technologies that generate
2	electricity from renewable energy resources; or
3	"(B) implementing cost-effective energy ef-
4	ficiency programs to achieve energy savings.
5	"(4) Reporting.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of re-
7	ceipt of alternative compliance payments pursu-
8	ant to this subsection, a State shall submit to
9	the Commission an annual report, in accord-
10	ance with regulations promulgated by the Com-
11	mission, containing a full accounting of the use
12	of the payments, including a detailed descrip-
13	tion of the activities funded by the payments
14	and demonstrating compliance with the require-
15	ments of this subsection.
16	"(B) Deadline.—A State shall submit a
17	report under this paragraph—
18	"(i) not later than 1 year after the
19	date on which the first alternative compli-
20	ance payment is received; and
21	"(ii) every 1 year thereafter until all
22	alternative compliance payments are ex-
23	pended.
24	"(h) Information Collection.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may re-1 2 quire any retail electric supplier, renewable elec-3 tricity generator, or any other entity that the Com-4 mission determines appropriate, to provide any in-5 formation the Commission determines appropriate to 6 carry out this section. 7 "(2) Failure to submit; false or mis-8 LEADING INFORMATION.—Any entity required to 9

LEADING INFORMATION.—Any entity required to submit information under paragraph (1) that fails to submit the information or submits false or misleading information shall be in violation of this section.

"(i) Enforcement and Judicial Review.—

- "(1) Failure to submit credits.—If any person fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (c) or (g), the person shall be liable to pay to the Commission a civil penalty equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
- "(A) double the alternative compliance payment calculated under subsection (g)(1); and
- 22 "(B) the aggregate quantity of Federal re-23 newable electricity credits or equivalent alter-24 native compliance payments that the person

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1	failed to submit in violation of the requirements
2	of subsections (c) and (g).
3	"(2) Enforcement.—The Commission shall
4	assess a civil penalty under paragraph (1) in accord-
5	ance with the procedures described in section 31(d)
6	of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 823b(d)).
7	"(3) Violation of requirement of regula-
8	TIONS OR ORDERS.—
9	"(A) In General.—Any person who vio-
10	lates or fails or refuses to comply with any re-
11	quirement of a regulation promulgated or order
12	issued under this section shall be subject to a
13	civil penalty under section 316A(b) of the Fed-
14	eral Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8250–1(b)).
15	"(B) Assessment.—The penalty under
16	subparagraph (A) shall be assessed by the Com-
17	mission in the same manner as in the case of
18	a violation referred to in section 316A(b) of
19	that Act.
20	"(4) Judicial review.—
21	"(A) In general.—Any person aggrieved
22	by a final action taken by the Commission
23	under this section, other than the assessment of
24	a civil penalty under paragraphs (1) through
25	(3), may use the procedures for review de-

1	scribed in section 313 of the Federal Power Act
2	(16 U.S.C. 825 <i>l</i>).
3	"(B) Reference.—For purposes of this
4	paragraph, references to an order in section
5	313 of that Act shall be considered to refer also
6	to all other final actions of the Commission
7	under this section other than the assessment of
8	a civil penalty under paragraphs (1) through
9	(3).
10	"(j) Administration.—Nothing in this section—
11	"(1) diminishes or qualifies any authority of a
12	State, a political subdivision of a State, or an Indian
13	tribe—
14	"(A) to adopt or enforce any law or regula-
15	tion respecting renewable electricity, including
16	any law or regulation establishing requirements
17	that are more stringent than those established
18	by this section, provided that no such law or
19	regulation may relieve any person of any re-
20	quirement otherwise applicable under this sec-
21	tion; or
22	"(B) to regulate the acquisition and dis-
23	position of Federal renewable electricity credits
24	by retail electric suppliers within the jurisdic-

tion of the State, political subdivision, or Indian

1	tribe, including the authority to require the re-
2	tail electric supplier to acquire and submit to
3	the Commission for retirement Federal renew-
4	able electricity credits in excess of those sub-
5	mitted under this section; or
6	"(2) affects the application of or the responsi-
7	bility for compliance with any other provision of law
8	or regulation, including environmental and licensing
9	requirements.
10	"(k) Sunset.—The authority provided by this sec-
11	tion expires on December 31, 2043.".
12	SEC. 3. CLARIFYING STATE AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RENEW-
13	ABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES.
	ABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES. Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies
13	
13 14	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies
131415	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding
1314151617	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding at the end the following:
1314151617	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(o) CLARIFICATION OF STATE AUTHORITY TO
13 14 15 16 17 18	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(o) CLARIFICATION OF STATE AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RENEWABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES.—
13 14 15 16 17 18	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(o) Clarification of State Authority To Adopt Renewable Energy Incentives.— "(1) Definition of State-Approved Pro-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(o) CLARIFICATION OF STATE AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RENEWABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES.— "(1) DEFINITION OF STATE-APPROVED PRODUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.—In this subsection,
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(o) CLARIFICATION OF STATE AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RENEWABLE ENERGY INCENTIVES.— "(1) DEFINITION OF STATE-APPROVED PRODUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.—In this subsection, the term 'State-approved production incentive pro-

1	utility purchase renewable energy (as defined in sec-
2	tion 609(a)) at a specified rate.
3	"(2) State authority to adopt renewable
4	ENERGY INCENTIVES.—Notwithstanding any other
5	provision of this Act or the Federal Power Act (16
6	U.S.C. 791a et seq.), a State legislature or regu-
7	latory authority may set the rates for a sale of elec-
8	tric energy by a facility generating electric energy
9	from renewable energy sources pursuant to a State-
10	approved production incentive program under which
11	the facility voluntarily participates in the State-ap-
10	proved production incentive program.".
12	provou production meentive program.
	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE-
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13 14	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE-
13 14 15	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS.
13 14 15 16	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis-
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency. (2) LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMIS-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency. (2) LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING QUALIFIED RE- NEWABLE BIOMASS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency. (2) LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "lifecycle"

1	tential of the emissions relative to all green-
2	house gas emissions.
3	(B) Inclusions.—For purposes of sub-
4	paragraph (A), the term "greenhouse gas emis-
5	sions' includes—
6	(i) direct emissions; and
7	(ii) significant indirect emissions, in-
8	cluding from—
9	(I) land use changes and tem-
10	poral changes in forest carbon seques-
11	tration;
12	(II) biomass harvests, regrowth,
13	and avoided decomposition related to
14	the full fuel life cycle, including all
15	stages of fuel and feedstock produc-
16	tion and distribution; and
17	(III) feedstock generation or ex-
18	traction through the distribution and
19	delivery of the finished fuel to the ul-
20	timate consumer.
21	(b) Guidelines.—Not later than 1 year after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall, rec-
23	ognizing the recommendations of and coordinating with
24	the Scientific Advisory Board of the Environmental Pro-
25	tection Agency regarding the accounting of biogenic car-

1	bon dioxide emissions and after notice and public com-
2	ment, issue guidelines for calculating lifecycle greenhouse
3	gas emissions for renewable biomass (as that term is de-
4	fined in section 610(b) of the Public Utility Regulatory
5	Policies Act of 1978).
6	SEC. 5. ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCE STANDARD FOR
7	RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS
8	SUPPLIERS.
9	(a) In General.—Title VI of the Public Utility Reg-
10	ulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) (as
11	amended by section 2) is amended by adding after section
12	610 the following:
12	"SEC. 611. FEDERAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCE
13	SEC. UII. FEDERAL ENERGI EFFICIENCI RESOURCE
13	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND
14	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND
14 15	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS.
14 15 16	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
14 15 16 17	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— "(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource
14 15 16 17 18	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— "(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource standard established by this section—
14 15 16 17 18	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— "(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource standard established by this section— "(A) establishes nationwide minimum lev-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	STANDARD FOR RETAIL ELECTRICITY AND NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— "(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource standard established by this section— "(A) establishes nationwide minimum levels of electricity and natural gas savings to be
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— "(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource standard established by this section— "(A) establishes nationwide minimum levels of electricity and natural gas savings to be achieved through utility efficiency programs,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	NATURAL GAS SUPPLIERS. "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that— "(1) the Federal energy efficiency resource standard established by this section— "(A) establishes nationwide minimum levels of electricity and natural gas savings to be achieved through utility efficiency programs, building energy codes, appliance standards, and

1	"(i) end-use energy efficiency up-
2	grades;
3	"(ii) reduced losses in transmission
4	and distribution of energy; and
5	"(iii) fuel-switching, to the extent that
6	the switching results in reduced primary
7	energy use; and
8	"(2) in light of the cost-effective energy effi-
9	ciency opportunities that exist across the United
10	States in every sector of the economy, retail elec-
11	tricity suppliers, retail natural gas suppliers, and
12	States should—
13	"(A) consider energy efficiency as a re-
14	source in utility planning and procurement ac-
15	tivities; and
16	"(B) seek to achieve all energy efficiency
17	that is available at lower cost than other energy
18	supply options.
19	"(b) Definitions.—In this section:
20	"(1) Affiliate.—The term 'affiliate' when
21	used in relation to a person, means another person
22	that owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or
23	is under common ownership control with, that per-
24	son, as determined under regulations promulgated
25	by the Secretary.

"(2) ASHRAE, ANSI, AND IESNA.—The terms
(ASHRAE', 'ANSI', and 'IESNA' mean the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, the American National Standards Institute, and the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America, respectively.

"(3) Base quantity.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'base quantity', with respect to a retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier, means, for each calendar year for which a performance standard is established under subsection (d), the average annual quantity of electricity or natural gas delivered by the retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier to retail customers during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding the year that compliance is required under subsection (d)(1).

"(B) EXCLUSION.—The term 'base quantity', with respect to a retail natural gas supplier, does not include natural gas delivered for purposes of electricity generation.

"(4) CHP savings.—The term 'CHP savings' means—

1 "(A) CHP system savings from a combined 2 heat and power system that commences oper-3 ation after the date of enactment of this sec-4 tion; and

> "(B) the increase in CHP system savings from upgrading or replacing, after the date of enactment of this section, a combined heat and power system that commenced operation on or before the date of enactment of this section.

"(5) CHP SYSTEM SAVINGS.—The term 'CHP system savings' means the electric output, and the electricity saved due to the mechanical output, of a combined heat and power system, adjusted to reflect any increase in fuel consumption by that system as compared to the fuel that would have been required to produce an equivalent useful thermal energy output in a separate thermal-only system, as determined in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

"(6) Codes and Standards Savings.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'codes and standards savings' means a reduction in enduse electricity or natural gas consumption by a retail electricity supplier or in the service territory of a retail natural gas supplier as a result

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1	of the adoption and implementation, after the
2	date of enactment of this section, of new or re-
3	vised appliance and equipment efficiency stand-
4	ards or building energy codes.
5	"(B) Baselines.—In calculating codes
6	and standards savings under subparagraph
7	(A)—
8	"(i) the baseline for calculating sav-
9	ings from building codes shall be the more
10	stringent of—
11	"(I)(aa) the 2015 International
12	Energy Conservation Code for resi-
13	dential buildings; or
14	"(bb) the ASHRAE/ANSI/
15	IESNA Standard 90.1–2013 for com-
16	mercial buildings; or
17	"(II) the applicable State build-
18	ing code in effect on the date of en-
19	actment of this section; and
20	"(ii) the baseline for calculating sav-
21	ings from appliance standards shall be the
22	average efficiency of new appliances in the
23	applicable one or more categories prior to
24	the adoption and implementation of the
25	new standard.

"(7) COMBINED HEAT AND POWER SYSTEM.—
The term 'combined heat and power system' means a system that uses the same energy source both for the generation of electrical or mechanical power and the production of steam or another form of useful thermal energy, if—

- "(A) the system meets any requirements relating to efficiency and other operating characteristics that the Secretary promulgates by regulation; and
- "(B) the net wholesale sales of electricity by a facility does not exceed 50 percent of total annual electric generation by the facility.
- "(8) Cost-effective.—The term 'cost-effective', with respect to an energy efficiency measure, means that the measure achieves a net present value of economic benefits over the life of the measure, both directly to the energy consumer and to the economy, that is greater than the net present value of the cost of the measure over the life of the measure, both directly to the energy consumer and to the economy, using the societal benefit-cost test calculated using the lower of a utility weighted average cost of capital or a social discount rate of 3 percent.

1	"(9) Customer facility savings.—The term
2	'customer facility savings' means a reduction in end-
3	use electricity or natural gas consumption (including
4	waste heat energy savings) at a facility of an end-
5	use consumer of electricity or natural gas served by
6	a retail electricity supplier or natural gas supplier,
7	as compared to—
8	"(A) in the case of a new facility, con-
9	sumption at a reference facility of average effi-
10	ciency;
11	"(B) in the case of an existing facility,
12	consumption at the facility during a base period
13	of not less than 1 year;
14	"(C) in the case of new equipment that re-
15	places existing equipment at the end of the use-
16	ful life of the existing equipment, consumption
17	by new equipment of average efficiency of the
18	same equipment type, except that customer sav-
19	ings under this subparagraph shall not be
20	counted towards customer savings under sub-
21	paragraph (A) or (B); and
22	"(D) in the case of new equipment that re-
23	places existing equipment with remaining useful
24	life—

1	"(i) consumption of the existing
2	equipment for the remaining useful life of
3	the equipment; and
4	"(ii) thereafter, consumption of new
5	equipment of average efficiency.
6	"(10) Electricity savings.—The term 'elec-
7	tricity savings' means reductions in electricity con-
8	sumption achieved through measures implemented
9	after the date of enactment of this section, as deter-
10	mined in accordance with regulations promulgated
11	by the Secretary, that are limited to—
12	"(A) customer facility savings of elec-
13	tricity, adjusted to reflect any associated in-
14	crease in fuel consumption at the facility;
15	"(B) reductions in distribution system
16	losses of electricity achieved by a retail elec-
17	tricity supplier, as compared to losses attrib-
18	utable to new or replacement distribution sys-
19	tem equipment of average efficiency, as defined
20	in regulations promulgated by the Secretary;
21	"(C) CHP savings;
22	"(D) codes and standards savings of elec-
23	tricity; and
24	"(E) fuel switching energy savings that re-
25	sults in net savings of electricity.

1	"(11) Fuel switching energy savings.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'fuel-switch-
3	ing energy savings' means net energy savings,
4	calculated in accordance with subparagraph
5	(B), from end-user switches from 1 energy
6	source to another, as determined in accordance
7	with regulations promulgated by the Secretary.
8	"(B) CALCULATION.—For purposes of cal-
9	culating fuel-switching net energy savings—
10	"(i) electricity use shall be evaluated
11	based on the average quantity of fuel
12	burned at a new power plant taking into
13	account existing and planned renewable en-
14	ergy generators to provide each kilowatt
15	hour of electricity;
16	"(ii) electricity and natural gas use
17	shall include losses in the transmission and
18	distribution system; and
19	"(iii) fuel-switching that is not cost-ef-
20	fective to the end-user shall not be count-
21	ed.
22	"(12) NATURAL GAS SAVINGS.—The term 'nat-
23	ural gas savings' means reductions in natural gas
24	consumption from measures implemented after the
25	date of enactment of this section, as determined in

1	accordance with regulations promulgated by the Sec-
2	retary, that are limited to—
3	"(A) customer facility savings of natural
4	gas, adjusted to reflect any associated increase
5	in electricity consumption or consumption of
6	other fuels at the facility;
7	"(B) reductions in leakage, operational
8	losses, and consumption of natural gas fuel to
9	operate a gas distribution system, achieved by
10	a retail natural gas supplier, as compared to
11	similar leakage, losses, and consumption during
12	a base period of not less than 1 year;
13	"(C) codes and standards savings of nat-
14	ural gas; and
15	"(D) fuel switching energy savings that re-
16	sults in net savings of natural gas.
17	"(13) Power pool.—The term 'power pool'
18	means an association of two or more interconnected
19	electric systems that have entered into an agreement
20	to coordinate operations and planning for improved
21	reliability and efficiencies, including a Regional
22	Transmission Organization or an Independent Sys-
23	tem Operator, as determined by the Secretary.
24	"(14) Reporting Period.—The term 'report-
25	ing period' means—

1	"(A) calendar year 2019; and
2	"(B) each successive 2-calendar-year pe-
3	riod thereafter.
4	"(15) Retail electricity supplier.—
5	"(A) In general.—The term 'retail elec-
6	tricity supplier' means, for any given calendar
7	year, an electric utility that sells not less than
8	1,000,000 megawatt hours of electric energy to
9	electric consumers for purposes other than re-
10	sale during the preceding calendar year.
11	"(B) Inclusions and Limitations.—For
12	purposes of determining whether an electric
13	utility qualifies as a retail electricity supplier
14	under subparagraph (A)—
15	"(i) deliveries by any affiliate of an
16	electric utility to electric consumers for
17	purposes other than resale shall be consid-
18	ered to be deliveries by the electric utility;
19	and
20	"(ii) deliveries by any electric utility
21	to a lessee, tenant, or affiliate of the elec-
22	tric utility shall not be considered to be de-
23	liveries to electric consumers.
24	"(16) Retail natural gas supplier.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'retail nat-
2	ural gas supplier' means, for any given calendar
3	year, a local distribution company (as defined
4	in section 2 of the Natural Gas Policy Act of
5	1978 (15 U.S.C. 3301)), that delivered to nat-
6	ural gas consumers more than 5,000,000,000
7	cubic feet of natural gas for purposes other
8	than resale during the preceding calendar year.
9	"(B) Inclusions and Limitations.—For
10	purposes of determining whether a person
11	qualifies as a retail natural gas supplier under
12	subparagraph (A)—
13	"(i) deliveries of natural gas by any
14	affiliate of a local distribution company to
15	consumers for purposes other than resale
16	shall be considered to be deliveries by the
17	local distribution company; and
18	"(ii) deliveries of natural gas to a les-
19	see, tenant, or affiliate of a local distribu-
20	tion company shall not be considered to be
21	deliveries to natural gas consumers.
22	"(17) Third-party efficiency provider.—
23	The term 'third-party efficiency provider' means any
24	retailer, building owner, energy service company, fi-
25	nancial institution, or other commercial, industrial,

1	or nonprofit entity that is capable of providing elec-
2	tricity savings or natural gas savings in accordance
3	with subsections (e) and (f).
4	"(18) Waste heat energy savings.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'waste heat
6	energy savings' means a reduction in electricity
7	or natural gas consumption that results from a
8	modification of an industrial or commercial sys-
9	tem that commenced operation before the date
10	of enactment of this section, in order to recap-
11	ture electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy
12	that would otherwise be wasted, as determined
13	in accordance with regulations promulgated by
14	the Secretary.
15	"(B) Inclusion.—Such savings shall be
16	included as part of customer facility savings.
17	"(c) Establishment of Program.—
18	"(1) Regulations.—Not later than 1 year
19	after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec-
20	retary shall, by regulation, establish a program to
21	implement and enforce the requirements of this sec-
22	tion, including by—
23	"(A) establishing measurement and
24	verification procedures and standards under
25	subsection (f):

1	"(B) establishing requirements under
2	which retail electricity suppliers and retail nat-
3	ural gas suppliers shall—
4	"(i) demonstrate, document, and re-
5	port the compliance of the retail electricity
6	suppliers and retail natural gas suppliers
7	with the performance standards under sub-
8	section (d); and
9	"(ii) estimate the impact of the stand-
10	ards on current and future electricity and
11	natural gas use in the service territories of
12	the suppliers; and
13	"(C) establishing requirements governing
14	applications for, and implementation of, dele-
15	gated State administration under subsection
16	(h).
17	"(2) Coordination with state programs.—
18	In establishing and implementing this section, the
19	Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable,
20	preserve the integrity and incorporate best practices
21	of existing State energy efficiency programs.
22	"(d) Performance Standards.—
23	"(1) COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION.—Not later
24	than May 1 of the calendar year immediately fol-
25	lowing each reporting period—

"(A) each retail electricity supplier shall submit to the Secretary a report, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary, demonstrating that the retail electricity supplier has achieved cumulative electricity savings (adjusted to account for any attrition of savings measures implemented in prior years) in each calendar year that are equal to the applicable percentage, established under paragraph (2), (3), or (4), of the base quantity of the retail electricity supplier; and

"(B) each retail natural gas supplier shall submit to the Secretary a report, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary, demonstrating that it has achieved cumulative natural gas savings (adjusted to account for any attrition of savings measures implemented in prior years) in each calendar year that are equal to the applicable percentage, established under paragraph (2), (3), or (4), of the base quantity of such retail natural gas supplier.

"(2) STANDARDS FOR 2019 THROUGH 2032.— For each of calendar years 2019 through 2032, the applicable percentages are as follows:

"Calendar Year	Cumulative Electricity Savings Percentage	Cumulative Natural Gas Savings Percentage
2019	1.00	0.50
2020	2.00	1.25
2021	3.00	2.00
2022	4.25	3.00
2023	5.50	4.00
2024	7.00	5.00
2025	8.50	6.00
2026	10.00	7.00
2027	11.50	8.00
2028	13.00	9.00
2029	14.75	10.00
2030	16.50	11.00
2031	18.25	12.00
2032	20.00	13.00

"(3) Subsequent Years.—

"(A) Calendar years 2033 through 2042.—Not later than December 31, 2030, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations establishing performance standards (expressed as applicable percentages of base quantity for both cumulative electricity savings and cumulative natural gas savings) for each of calendar years 2033 through 2042.

"(B) Subsequent extensions.—Except as provided in subparagraph (A), not later than December 31 of the penultimate reporting period for which performance standards have been

1	established under this paragraph, the Secretary
2	shall promulgate regulations establishing per-
3	formance standards (expressed as applicable
4	percentages of base quantity for both cumu-
5	lative electricity savings and cumulative natural
6	gas savings) for the 10-calendar-year period fol-
7	lowing the last calendar year for which perform-
8	ance standards previously were established.
9	"(C) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary
10	shall establish standards under this paragraph
11	at levels reflecting the maximum achievable
12	level of cost-effective energy efficiency potential,
13	taking into account—
14	"(i) cost-effective energy savings
15	achieved by leading retail electricity sup-
16	pliers and retail natural gas suppliers;
17	"(ii) opportunities for new codes and
18	standards savings;
19	"(iii) technology improvements; and
20	"(iv) other indicators of cost-effective
21	energy efficiency potential.
22	"(D) MINIMUM PERCENTAGE.—In no case
23	shall the applicable percentages for any cal-
24	endar year be less than the applicable percent-
25	ages for calendar year 2032 (including any in-

1	crease in the standard for calendar year 2032
2	established pursuant to paragraph (4)).
3	"(4) Midcourse review and adjustment of
4	STANDARDS.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than De-
6	cember 31, 2025, and at 10-year intervals
7	thereafter, the Secretary shall—
8	"(i) review the most recent standards
9	established under paragraph (2) or (3);
10	and
11	"(ii) increase the standards by regula-
12	tion if the Secretary determines that addi-
13	tional cost-effective energy efficiency po-
14	tential is achievable, taking into account
15	the requirements described in paragraph
16	(3)(C).
17	"(B) Lead time.—If the Secretary revises
18	standards under this paragraph, the regulations
19	shall provide adequate lead time to ensure that
20	compliance with the increased standards is fea-
21	sible.
22	"(5) Delay of submission for first re-
23	PORTING PERIOD.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
25	paragraphs (1) and (2), for the 2019 reporting

1 period, the Secretary may accept a request from 2 a retail electricity supplier or a retail natural gas supplier to delay the required submission of 3 4 documentation of all or part of the required 5 savings for up to 2 years.

- "(B) PLAN FOR COMPLIANCE.—The request for delay under subparagraph (A) shall include a plan for coming into full compliance by the end of the 2020–2021 reporting period.
- "(6) Applying unused savings to future YEARS.—If savings achieved in a year exceed the performance standards specified in this subsection, any savings in excess of the performance standards may be applied toward performance standards specified for future years.
- "(e) Transfers of Electricity or Natural Gas 16 17 SAVINGS.—
- 18 BILATERAL CONTRACTS FOR SAVINGS 19 TRANSFERS.—Subject to the limitations of this sub-20 section, a retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier may use electricity savings or natural 22 gas savings purchased pursuant to a bilateral con-23 tract from another retail electricity supplier or retail 24 natural gas supplier, a State, or a third-party effi-

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1	ciency provider to meet the applicable performance
2	standard under subsection (d).
3	"(2) Requirements.—Electricity savings or
4	natural gas savings purchased and used for compli-
5	ance under this subsection shall be—
6	"(A) measured and verified in accordance
7	with subsection (f);
8	"(B) reported in accordance with sub-
9	section (d); and
10	"(C) achieved within the same State as is
11	served by the retail electricity supplier or retail
12	natural gas supplier.
13	"(3) Exception.—Notwithstanding paragraph
14	(2)(C), a State regulatory authority may authorize a
15	retail electricity supplier or a retail natural gas sup-
16	plier regulated by the State regulatory authority to
17	purchase savings achieved in a different State, if—
18	"(A) the savings are achieved within the
19	same power pool; and
20	"(B) the State regulatory authority that
21	regulates the purchaser oversees the measure-
22	ment and verification of the savings pursuant to
23	the procedures and standards applicable in the
24	State in which the purchaser is located.

"(4) REGULATORY APPROVAL.—Nothing in this 1 2 subsection limits or affects the authority of a State 3 regulatory authority to require a retail electricity 4 supplier or retail natural gas supplier that is regu-5 lated by the State regulatory authority to obtain the 6 authorization or approval of the State regulatory au-7 thority of a contract for transfer of electricity sav-8 ings or natural gas savings under this subsection.

- "(5) LIMITATIONS.—To optimize the achievement of cost-effective efficiency potential, the Secretary may prescribe such limitations as the Secretary determines appropriate with respect to the proportion of the compliance obligation of a retail electricity or natural gas supplier under the applicable performance standards under subsection (d) that may be met using electricity savings or natural gas savings that are purchased under this subsection.
- 18 "(f) Measurement and Verification of Sav-19 ings.—The regulations promulgated pursuant to sub-20 section (c) shall include—
- "(1) procedures and standards for defining and measuring electricity savings and natural gas savings that can be counted towards the performance standards established under subsection (d), that shall—

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1	"(A) specify the types of energy efficiency
2	and energy conservation measures that can be
3	counted;
4	"(B) require that energy consumption esti-
5	mates for customer facilities or portions of fa-
6	cilities in the applicable base and current years
7	be adjusted, as appropriate, to account for
8	changes in weather, level of production, and
9	building area;
10	"(C) account for the useful life of meas-
11	ures;
12	"(D) include assigned savings values for
13	specific, commonly used measures;
14	"(E) allow for savings from a program to
15	be estimated based on extrapolation from a rep-
16	resentative sample of participating customers;
17	"(F) include procedures for calculating and
18	documenting CHP savings, fuel-switching en-
19	ergy savings, and waste heat energy savings;
20	"(G) establish methods for calculating
21	codes and standards energy savings, including
22	the use of verified compliance rates;
23	"(H) include procedures for calculating
24	and documenting—

1	"(i) customer facility savings and re-
2	ductions in distribution system losses of
3	electricity and natural gas that are
4	achieved as a result of smart grid deploy-
5	ment, as described in section 1301 of the
6	Energy Independence and Security Act of
7	2007 (42 U.S.C. 17381); and
8	"(ii) reductions in natural gas dis-
9	tribution system losses attributable to pipe-
10	line repair and replacement programs;
11	"(I) count only measures and savings that
12	are additional to business-as-usual customer
13	purchase practices;
14	"(J) ensure that the retail electricity sup-
15	plier or retail natural gas supplier claiming the
16	electricity savings or natural gas savings, in-
17	cluding codes and standards savings, played a
18	significant role in achieving the savings (includ-
19	ing through the activities of a designated agent
20	of the supplier or through the purchase of
21	transferred electricity savings or natural gas
22	savings);
23	"(K) avoid double-counting of savings used
24	for compliance with this section, including
25	transferred savings;

"(L) include electricity savings or natural gas savings from programs administered by the retail electric supplier or natural gas supplier that are funded by Federal, State, or other sources;

"(M) credit large customer self-directed electricity savings or natural gas savings to the retail electricity supplier or the retail natural gas supplier if the large customers receive incentives or rate reductions from the retail supplier for self-directed energy efficiency improvements;

"(N) include procedures for counting electricity savings and natural gas savings achieved by solar heating and cooling technologies, solar light pipe technology, geothermal heat pumps, and other technologies utilizing renewable resources that do not produce electricity or gaseous fuel but that reduce on-site energy use;

"(O) in any State in which the State regulatory authority has designated one or more entities to administer electric ratepayer-funded efficiency programs approved by the State regulatory authority, provide that electricity savings and natural gas savings achieved through the

1	programs shall be distributed proportionally
2	among retail electric suppliers and retail nat-
3	ural gas suppliers; and
4	"(P) include guidance for utilities to cal-
5	culate and document business-as-usual con-
6	sumption projections; and
7	"(2) procedures and standards for third-party
8	verification of reported electricity savings or natural
9	gas savings.
10	"(g) Enforcement and Judicial Review.—
11	"(1) Review of retail supplier reports.—
12	"(A) In General.—The Secretary shall
13	review each report submitted to the Secretary
14	by a retail electricity supplier or retail natural
15	gas supplier under subsection (d) to verify that
16	the applicable performance standards under
17	subsection (d) have been met.
18	"(B) Exclusion.—In determining compli-
19	ance with the applicable performance standards
20	under subsection (d), the Secretary shall ex-
21	clude reported electricity savings or natural gas
22	savings that are not adequately demonstrated
23	and documented, in accordance with the regula-
24	tions promulgated under this section.

"(2) Penalty for failure to document adequate savings.—If a retail electricity supplier or a retail natural gas supplier fails to demonstrate compliance with an applicable performance standard under subsection (d), or to pay to the State an applicable alternative compliance payment under subsection (h)(4), the Secretary shall assess against the retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier a civil penalty for each failure in an amount equal to, as adjusted for inflation in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may promulgate—

"(A) \$100 per megawatt hour of electricity savings or alternative compliance payment that the retail electricity supplier failed to achieve or make, respectively; or

- "(B) \$10 per million Btu of natural gas savings or alternative compliance payment that the retail natural gas supplier failed to achieve or make, respectively.
- "(3) OFFSETTING STATE PENALTIES.—The Secretary shall reduce the amount of any penalty under paragraph (2) by the amount paid by the relevant retail electricity supplier or retail natural gas supplier to a State for failure to comply with the requirements of a State energy efficiency resource

1	standard during the same compliance period, if the
2	State standard—
3	"(A) is comparable in type to the Federal
4	standard established under this section; and
5	"(B) is more stringent than the applicable
6	performance standards under subsection (d).
7	"(4) Enforcement procedures.—The Sec-
8	retary shall assess a civil penalty, as provided under
9	paragraph (2), in accordance with the procedures
10	described in section 333(d) of the Energy Policy and
11	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6303(d)).
12	"(5) Judicial review.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person adversely
14	affected by a final action taken by the Sec-
15	retary under this section, other than the assess-
16	ment of a civil penalty, may use the procedures
17	for review described in section 336(b) of the
18	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
19	6306(b)).
20	"(B) Reference.—In this paragraph,
21	references to a rule in section 336(b) of the En-
22	ergy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
23	6306(b)) shall be considered to refer also to all
24	other final actions of the Secretary under this

1	section other than the assessment of a civil pen-
2	alty.
3	"(h) State Administration.—
4	"(1) In general.—Upon receipt of an applica-
5	tion from the Governor of a State (including the
6	Mayor of the District of Columbia), the Secretary
7	may delegate to the State responsibility for admin-
8	istering this section within the territory of the State
9	if the Secretary determines that the State will imple-
10	ment an energy efficiency program that meets or ex-
11	ceeds the requirements of this section, including—
12	"(A) achieving electricity savings and nat-
13	ural gas savings that are at least as great as
14	those required under the applicable performance
15	standards established under subsection (d);
16	"(B) reviewing reports and verifying elec-
17	tricity savings and natural gas savings achieved
18	in the State (including savings transferred from
19	outside the State); and
20	"(C) collecting any alternative compliance
21	payments under paragraph (4) and using the
22	payments to implement cost-effective efficiency
23	programs.
24	"(2) Secretarial Determination.—Not
25	later than 180 days after the date on which a com-

plete application is received by the Secretary, the Secretary shall make a substantive determination approving or disapproving a State application, after public notice and comment.

"(3) ALTERNATIVE MEASUREMENT AND VERIFICATION PROCEDURES AND STANDARDS.—As part of an application submitted under paragraph (1), a State may request to use alternative measurement and verification procedures and standards from the procedures and standards described in subsection (f), if the State demonstrates that the alternative procedures and standards provide a level of accuracy of measurement and verification that are at least equivalent to the Federal procedures and standards under subsection (f).

"(4) ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PAYMENTS.—

"(A) In General.—As part of an application submitted under paragraph (1), a State may permit retail electricity suppliers or retail natural gas suppliers to pay to the State, by not later than May 1 of the calendar year immediately following the applicable reporting period, an alternative compliance payment in an amount equal to, as adjusted for inflation in ac-

1	cordance with such regulations as the Secretary
2	may promulgate, not less than—
3	"(i) \$50 per megawatt hour of elec-
4	tricity savings needed to make up any def-
5	icit with regard to a compliance obligation
6	under the applicable performance stand-
7	ard; or
8	"(ii) \$5 per million Btu of natural gas
9	savings needed to make up any deficit with
10	regard to a compliance obligation under
11	the applicable performance standard.
12	"(B) USE OF PAYMENTS.—Alternative
13	compliance payments collected by a State under
14	subparagraph (A) shall be used by the State to
15	administer the delegated authority of the State
16	under this section and to implement cost-effec-
17	tive energy efficiency programs that—
18	"(i) to the maximum extent prac-
19	ticable, achieve electricity savings and nat-
20	ural gas savings in the State sufficient to
21	make up the deficit associated with the al-
22	ternative compliance payments; and
23	"(ii) can be measured and verified in
24	accordance with the applicable procedures

1	and standards under subsection (f) or
2	paragraph (3), as applicable.
3	"(5) Review of state implementation.—
4	"(A) Periodic Review.—Every 2 years
5	the Secretary shall review State implementation
6	of this section for conformance with the re-
7	quirements of this section in approximately ½
8	of the States that have received approval under
9	this subsection to administer the program, so
10	that each State shall be reviewed at least every
11	4 years.
12	"(B) Report.—To facilitate the review
13	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary may re-
14	quire the State to submit a report dem-
15	onstrating the conformance of the State with
16	the requirements of this section, including—
17	"(i) reports submitted by retail elec-
18	tricity suppliers and retail natural gas sup-
19	pliers to the State demonstrating compli-
20	ance with applicable performance stand-
21	ards;
22	"(ii) the impact of the standards on
23	projected electricity and natural gas de-
24	mand within the State;

1	"(iii) an accounting of the use of al-
2	ternative compliance payments by the
3	State and the resulting electricity savings
4	and natural gas savings achieved; and
5	"(iv) any other information that the
6	Secretary determines appropriate.
7	"(C) REVIEW UPON PETITION.—Notwith-
8	standing subparagraph (A), upon receipt of a
9	public petition containing credible allegation of
10	substantial deficiencies, the Secretary shall
11	promptly review the State implementation of
12	delegated authority under this section.
13	"(D) Deficiencies.—
14	"(i) In general.—In completing a
15	review under this paragraph, if the Sec-
16	retary finds deficiencies, the Secretary
17	shall—
18	"(I) notify the State of the defi-
19	ciencies;
20	"(II) direct the State to correct
21	the deficiencies; and
22	"(III) require the State to report
23	to the Secretary on progress made by
24	not later than 180 days after the date

1	on which the State receives notice
2	under subclause (I).
3	"(ii) Substantial deficiencies.—If
4	the deficiencies are substantial, the Sec-
5	retary shall—
6	"(I) disallow the reported elec-
7	tricity savings or natural gas savings
8	that the Secretary determines are not
9	credible due to deficiencies;
10	"(II) re-review the State not
11	later than 2 years after the date on
12	which the original review was com-
13	pleted; and
14	"(III) if substantial deficiencies
15	remain uncorrected after the review
16	provided for under subclause (II), re-
17	voke the authority of the State to ad-
18	minister the program established
19	under this section.
20	"(6) Calls for revision of state applica-
21	TIONS.—As a condition of maintaining the delegated
22	authority of a State to administer this section, the
23	Secretary may require a State to submit a revised
24	application under paragraph (1) if the Secretary
25	has—

1	"(A) promulgated new or revised perform-
2	ance standards under subsection (d);
3	"(B) promulgated new or substantially re-
4	vised measurement and verification procedures
5	and standards under subsection (f); or
6	"(C) otherwise substantially revised the
7	program established under this section.
8	"(7) Cost recovery, fixed cost recovery
9	AND SHAREHOLDER INCENTIVES.—State utility reg-
10	ulatory commissions are encouraged to review the
11	rules and regulations of the commission to ensure
12	that utilities under the jurisdiction of the commis-
13	sion can—
14	"(A) recover the direct costs of energy effi-
15	ciency programs;
16	"(B) fully recover authorized fixed costs,
17	including lost margins from lower annual sales
18	due to energy efficiency programs; and
19	"(C) earn an incentive for shareholders if
20	the energy efficiency standards are achieved.
21	"(i) Information and Reports.—In accordance
22	with section 13 of the Federal Energy Administration Act
23	of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 772), the Secretary may require any
24	retail electricity supplier, retail natural gas supplier, third-
25	party efficiency provider, or any other entity that the Sec-

- 1 retary determines appropriate, to provide any information
- 2 the Secretary determines appropriate to carry out this sec-
- 3 tion.
- 4 "(j) STATE LAW.—Nothing in this section diminishes
- 5 or qualifies any authority of a State or political subdivision
- 6 of a State to adopt or enforce any law or regulation re-
- 7 specting electricity savings or natural gas savings, includ-
- 8 ing any law or regulation establishing energy efficiency re-
- 9 quirements that are more stringent than those under this
- 10 section, except that no State law or regulation shall relieve
- 11 any person of any requirement otherwise applicable under
- 12 this section.".

13 SEC. 6. PROGRAM REVIEW.

- 14 (a) National Academy of Sciences Review.—
- 15 The Secretary of Energy shall enter into a contract with
- 16 the National Academy of Sciences under which the Acad-
- 17 emy shall, not later than July 1, 2023, and every 10 years
- 18 thereafter, submit to Congress, the Federal Energy Regu-
- 19 latory Commission, and the Secretary of Energy a com-
- 20 prehensive evaluation of all aspects of the programs estab-
- 21 lished under sections 610 and 611 of the Public Utility
- 22 Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (as added by this Act),
- 23 including—
- 24 (1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the pro-
- 25 grams, including the specific design elements of the

1	programs, in increasing the efficiency of retail nat-
2	ural gas and electricity distribution and consumption
3	and increasing the deployment of renewable elec-
4	tricity capacity;
5	(2) the opportunities for additional technologies
6	and sources of efficiency and renewable electricity
7	that have emerged since the date of enactment of
8	this Act;
9	(3) the impact of the programs on the reli-
10	ability of electricity and natural gas supply;
11	(4) the net benefits or costs of the programs to
12	the United States and the States, including—
13	(A) the effects on electricity and natural
14	gas demand and prices;
15	(B) the economic development benefits of
16	investment;
17	(C) environmental costs and benefits;
18	(D) the impacts on public health and
19	health care costs; and
20	(E) avoided costs related to environmental
21	and congestion mitigation investments that oth-
22	erwise would have been required;
23	(5) an assessment of the benefits and costs of
24	increasing the performance standards established

1 under section 611(d) of the Public Utility Regu-2 latory Policies Act of 1978 (as added by this Act); 3 (6) the feasibility, advantages, and disadvan-4 tages of alternative models for demonstrating compliance with a Federal energy efficiency resource 5 6 standard, including— 7 (A) establishing a national trading system 8 for energy efficiency credits; or 9 (B) demonstrating compliance through ac-10 tual reductions in delivery or sales of electricity 11 and natural gas, rather than on program sav-12 ings; and 13 recommendations regarding (7)potential 14 changes to the programs, including to regulations 15 and procedures for implementing the programs, or 16 to related public policies. 17 (b) RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than January 1, 2024, and every 10 years thereafter, the 18 19 Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and 20 21 the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report making recommendations for modifications and improvements to the programs established under sections 610 and 611 of the Public Utility Regulatory

Policies Act of 1978 (as added by this Act), including an

- 1 explanation of the inconsistencies, if any, between the rec-
- 2 ommendations of the Secretary of Energy and the rec-
- 3 ommendations included in the evaluation of the National
- 4 Academy of Sciences under subsection (a).
- 5 SEC. 7. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.
- 6 The table of contents of the Public Utility Regulatory
- 7 Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. prec. 2601) is amended
- 8 by adding at the end of the items relating to title VI the
- 9 following:

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[&]quot;Sec. 609. Rural and remote communities electrification grants.

[&]quot;Sec. 610. Federal renewable electricity standard.

[&]quot;Sec. 611. Federal energy efficiency resource standard for retail electricity and natural gas suppliers.".