

1 AN ACT relating to police pursuit policies and making an appropriation therefor.

2 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:*

3 ➔SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 61 IS CREATED TO
4 READ AS FOLLOWS:

5 *(1) As used in this section, "law enforcement agency" means:*

6 *(a) Any public agency that employs a police officer as defined in KRS 15.420 or*
7 *a special law enforcement officer as defined in KRS 61.900;*

8 *(b) Any public agency that is composed of or employs other public peace*
9 *officers; and*

10 *(c) Any elected or appointed peace officer who is authorized to exercise powers*
11 *of a peace officer as defined in KRS 446.010.*

12 *(2) On or before January 1, 2021, each law enforcement agency of this state shall*
13 *adopt, implement, enforce, and maintain written policies that establish standards*
14 *and procedures for the vehicular pursuit of any person who has violated or is*
15 *suspected of violating the laws of this state. The policy shall create guidelines for*
16 *determining when the interests of public safety and effective law enforcement*
17 *justify the initiation or termination of a vehicular pursuit. The policy shall*
18 *address the following subjects:*

19 *(a) The definition of pursuit that will be governed under the law enforcement*
20 *agency's policy;*

21 *(b) Decision-making criteria or principles that are designed to assist peace*
22 *officers in determining whether to initiate a pursuit. The criteria or*
23 *principles may include but shall not be limited to:*

24 *1. The potential for harm or potential danger to others if the fleeing*
25 *individual evades or escapes immediate custody;*

26 *2. The seriousness of the offense committed or believed to be committed,*
27 *by the fleeing individual or individuals, prior to the officer activating*

1 emergency equipment.

2 3. If the officer has a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the driver
3 or an occupant of the vehicle in which they are fleeing represent a
4 clear and present danger to the public safety;

5 4. Safety factors that pose a risk to peace officers, other motorists,
6 pedestrians, or other third parties;

7 5. Vehicular or pedestrian traffic safety and volume;

8 6. Weather and vehicle conditions;

9 7. Potential speeds of the pursuit; and

10 8. Consideration of whether the identity of an offender is known and
11 could be apprehended at a later time;

12 (c) Responsibilities of the pursuing peace officer or officers, including pursuit
13 tactics and when those tactics are appropriate for use by the officer or
14 officers;

15 (d) Procedures for designating the primary pursuit vehicle and for determining
16 the total number of vehicles that are permitted to participate at one (1) time
17 in the pursuit;

18 (e) Coordination of communications during the pursuit, including but not
19 limited to responsibilities of the pursuing officer to communicate with his or
20 her communications center at the commencement of a pursuit regarding
21 the location, direction of travel, reason for the pursuit, and ongoing status
22 reporting during the pursuit;

23 (f) A requirement that there is supervisory control of the pursuit, including the
24 responsibilities of command staff or other supervisors during the pursuit, if
25 a supervisor is available;

26 (g) The circumstances and conditions where the use of pursuit intervention
27 tactics, including but not limited to blocking, ramming, boxing, and

1 roadblock procedures may be employed;

2 (h) Decision-making criteria or principles that are designed to assist peace
3 officers in making an ongoing determination during the course of the
4 pursuit of whether to continue the pursuit or to terminate or discontinue it.

5 The criteria or principles may include but shall not be limited to:

6 1. The potential for harm or potential danger to others if the fleeing
7 individual evades or escapes immediate custody;

8 2. The seriousness of the offense committed or believed to have been
9 committed by the individual or individuals that are fleeing;

10 3. Safety factors that pose a risk to peace officers, other motorists,
11 pedestrians, or other third parties;

12 4. Vehicular or pedestrian traffic safety and volume;

13 5. Weather and vehicle conditions;

14 6. Speeds of the pursuit;

15 7. Consideration of whether the identity of an offender is known and
16 could be apprehended at a later time; or

17 8. Where the officer has a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the
18 driver or an occupant of the vehicle in which they are fleeing
19 represent a clear and present danger to the public safety;

20 (i) Procedures for coordinating the pursuit with other law enforcement
21 agencies, including procedures for interjurisdictional pursuits; and

22 (j) A process for reporting and evaluating each pursuit by the law enforcement
23 agency.

24 (3) The policy adopted by a law enforcement agency may be a model policy that has
25 been endorsed by a national or state organization if the model complies with
26 subsection (2) of this section and other laws of this Commonwealth.

27 (4) Upon the initial adoption of the policy, a law enforcement agency shall cause a

1 full copy of its policy to be filed with the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet, which
2 shall maintain a list of law enforcement agencies that have complied with the
3 requirements of this section.

4 (5) Each law enforcement agency shall receive and maintain written confirmation
5 from each officer in its employment that he or she has received a copy of the
6 policy, and that he or she has received instruction or training specific to the law
7 enforcement agency's policy.

8 (6) Any policy adopted pursuant to this section shall be reviewed annually and may
9 be revised at any time by the agency adopting it. The agency shall cause a full
10 copy of its revised policy to be filed with the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet.

11 (7) The requirements of this section are solely intended to direct law enforcement
12 agencies to adopt, implement, enforce, and maintain written vehicular pursuit
13 policies and outline the subjects of these policies. This section shall not be
14 interpreted or construed to:

15 (a) Mandate the actions of individual peace officers of a law enforcement
16 agency during any particular pursuit;

17 (b) Restrict a law enforcement agency from adopting additional policy
18 requirements, including policies that limit or prohibit vehicular pursuits; or

19 (c) Create any civil liability upon peace officers, law enforcement agencies, or
20 any public agency for the process of creating the vehicular pursuit policies
21 or the process of documenting compliance with the vehicular pursuit
22 policies.

23 ➔Section 2. KRS 15.440 is amended to read as follows:

24 (1) Each unit of government that meets the following requirements shall be eligible to
25 share in the distribution of funds from the Law Enforcement Foundation Program
26 fund:

27 (a) Employs one (1) or more police officers;

- 1 (b) Pays every police officer at least the minimum federal wage;
- 2 (c) Requires all police officers to have, at a minimum, a high school degree, or its
3 equivalent as determined by the council, except that each police officer
4 employed prior to the date on which the officer's police department was
5 included as a participant under KRS 15.410 to 15.510 shall be deemed to have
6 met the requirements of this subsection;
- 7 (d) 1. Requires all police officers to successfully complete a basic training
8 course of nine hundred twenty-eight (928) hours' duration within one (1)
9 year of the date of employment at a school certified or recognized by the
10 council, which may provide a different number of hours of instruction as
11 established in this paragraph, except that each police officer employed
12 prior to the date on which the officer's police department was included
13 as a participant under KRS 15.410 to 15.510 shall be deemed to have
14 met the requirements of this subsection.
- 15 2. As the exclusive method by which the number of hours required for
16 basic training courses shall be modified from that which is specifically
17 established by this paragraph, the council may, by the promulgation of
18 administrative regulations in accordance with the provisions of KRS
19 Chapter 13A, explicitly set the exact number of hours for basic training
20 at a number different from nine hundred twenty-eight (928) hours based
21 upon a training curriculum approved by the Kentucky Law Enforcement
22 Council as determined by a validated job task analysis.
- 23 3. If the council sets an exact number of hours different from nine hundred
24 twenty-eight (928) in an administrative regulation as provided by this
25 paragraph, it shall not further change the number of hours required for
26 basic training without promulgating administrative regulations in
27 accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 13A.

- 1 4. Nothing in this paragraph shall be interpreted to prevent the council,
2 pursuant to its authority under KRS 15.330, from approving training
3 schools with a curriculum requiring attendance of a number of hours that
4 exceeds nine hundred twenty-eight (928) hours or the number of hours
5 established in an administrative regulation as provided by subparagraphs
6 2. and 3. of this paragraph. However, the training programs and schools
7 for the basic training of law enforcement personnel conducted by the
8 department pursuant to KRS 15A.070 shall not contain a curriculum that
9 requires attendance of a number of hours for basic training that is
10 different from nine hundred twenty-eight (928) hours or the number of
11 hours established in an administrative regulation promulgated by the
12 council pursuant to the provisions of KRS Chapter 13A as provided by
13 subparagraphs 2. and 3. of this paragraph.
- 14 5. KRS 15.400 and 15.404(1), and subparagraphs 1. to 4. of this paragraph
15 to the contrary notwithstanding, the council may, through the
16 promulgation of administrative regulations in accordance with KRS
17 Chapter 13A, approve basic training credit for:
- 18 a. Years of service credit as a law enforcement officer with previous
19 service in another state; and
- 20 b. Basic training completed in another state;
- 21 (e) Requires all police officers to successfully complete each calendar year an in-
22 service training course, appropriate to the officer's rank and responsibility and
23 the size and location of the officer's police department, of forty (40) hours'
24 duration~~[, of which the number of hours shall not be changed by the council]~~,
25 at a school certified or recognized by the council, **which may include a four**
26 **(4) hour course which meets the requirements of paragraph (j) of this**
27 **subsection.** This **in-service training** requirement shall be waived for the

- 1 period of time that a peace officer is serving on active duty in the United
2 States Armed Forces. This waiver shall be retroactive for peace officers from
3 the date of September 11, 2001;
- 4 (f) Complies with all provisions of law applicable to police officers or police
5 departments, including transmission of data to the centralized criminal history
6 record information system as required by KRS 17.150 and transmission of
7 reports as required by KRS 15.391;
- 8 (g) Complies with all rules and regulations, appropriate to the size and location of
9 the police department issued by the cabinet to facilitate the administration of
10 the fund and further the purposes of KRS 15.410 to 15.510;
- 11 (h) Possesses a written policy and procedures manual related to domestic violence
12 for law enforcement agencies that has been approved by the cabinet. The
13 policy shall comply with the provisions of KRS 403.715 to 403.785. The
14 policy shall include a purpose statement; definitions; supervisory
15 responsibilities; procedures for twenty-four (24) hour access to protective
16 orders; procedures for enforcement of court orders or relief when protective
17 orders are violated; procedures for timely and contemporaneous reporting of
18 adult abuse and domestic violence to the Cabinet for Health and Family
19 Services, Department for Community Based Services; victim rights,
20 assistance, and service responsibilities; and duties related to timely completion
21 of records; ~~and~~
- 22 (i) Possesses by January 1, 2017, a written policy and procedures manual related
23 to sexual assault examinations that meets the standards provided by, and has
24 been approved by, the cabinet, and which includes:
- 25 1. A requirement that evidence collected as a result of an examination
26 performed under KRS 216B.400 be taken into custody within five (5)
27 days of notice from the collecting facility that the evidence is available

1 for retrieval;

2 2. A requirement that evidence received from a collecting facility relating
3 to an incident which occurred outside the jurisdiction of the police
4 department be transmitted to a police department with jurisdiction
5 within ten (10) days of its receipt by the police department;

6 3. A requirement that all evidence retrieved from a collecting facility under
7 this paragraph be transmitted to the Department of Kentucky State
8 Police forensic laboratory within thirty (30) days of its receipt by the
9 police department;

10 4. A requirement that a suspect standard, if available, be transmitted to the
11 Department of Kentucky State Police forensic laboratory with the
12 evidence received from a collecting facility; and

13 5. A process for notifying the victim from whom the evidence was
14 collected of the progress of the testing, whether the testing resulted in a
15 match to other DNA samples, and if the evidence is to be destroyed. The
16 policy may include provisions for delaying notice until a suspect is
17 apprehended or the office of the Commonwealth's attorney consents to
18 the notification, but shall not automatically require the disclosure of the
19 identity of any person to whom the evidence matched; and

20 (j) Requires all police officers to successfully complete by December 31, 2022,
21 and every two (2) years thereafter a training course, certified by the council,
22 of not less than four (4) hours in emergency vehicle operation.

23 (2) A unit of government which meets the criteria of this section shall be eligible to
24 continue sharing in the distribution of funds from the Law Enforcement Foundation
25 Program fund only if the police department of the unit of government remains in
26 compliance with the requirements of this section.

27 (3) Deputies employed by a sheriff's office shall be eligible to participate in the

1 distribution of funds from the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund
2 regardless of participation by the sheriff.

3 (4) Failure to meet a deadline established in a policy adopted pursuant to subsection
4 (1)(i) of this section for the retrieval or submission of evidence shall not be a basis
5 for a dismissal of a criminal action or a bar to the admissibility of the evidence in a
6 criminal action.

7 ➔Section 3. KRS 186.560 (Effective July 1, 2020) is amended to read as follows:

8 (1) The cabinet shall forthwith revoke the license of any operator of a motor vehicle
9 upon receiving record of his or her:

10 (a) Conviction of any of the following offenses:

- 11 1. Murder or manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
- 12 2. Driving a vehicle which is not a motor vehicle while under the influence
13 of alcohol or any other substance which may impair one's driving ability;
- 14 3. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit under KRS 186.400 to 186.640
15 or any law requiring the registration of motor vehicles or regulating their
16 operation on highways;
- 17 4. Any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used;
- 18 5. Conviction or forfeiture of bail upon three (3) charges of reckless
19 driving within the preceding twelve (12) months;
- 20 6. Conviction of driving a motor vehicle involved in an accident and
21 failing to stop and disclose his identity at the scene of the accident;
- 22 7. Conviction of theft of a motor vehicle or any of its parts, including the
23 conviction of any person under the age of eighteen (18) years;
- 24 8. Failure to have in full force and effect the security required by Subtitle
25 39 of KRS Chapter 304 upon conviction of a second and each
26 subsequent offense within any five (5) year period;
- 27 9. Conviction for fraudulent use of a driver's license or use of a fraudulent

1 driver's license to purchase or attempt to purchase alcoholic beverages,
2 as defined in KRS 241.010, in violation of KRS 244.085(4);~~and~~

3 10. Conviction of operating a motor vehicle, motorcycle, or moped without
4 an operator's license as required by KRS 186.410; ~~and~~~~or~~

5 **11. Conviction of fleeing or evading police in the second degree when the**
6 **offense involved the operation of a motor vehicle; or**

7 (b) Being found incompetent to stand trial under KRS Chapter 504.

8 (2) If the person convicted of any offense named in subsection (1) of this section or
9 who is found incompetent to stand trial is not the holder of a license, the cabinet
10 shall deny the person so convicted a license for the same period of time as though
11 he had possessed a license which had been revoked. If through an inadvertence the
12 defendant should be issued a license, the cabinet shall forthwith cancel it.

13 (3) The cabinet, upon receiving a record of the conviction of any person upon a charge
14 of operating a motor vehicle while the license of that person is denied, or
15 suspended, or revoked, or while his privilege to operate a motor vehicle is
16 withdrawn, shall immediately extend the period of the first denial, suspension,
17 revocation, or withdrawal for an additional like period.

18 (4) The revocation or denial of a license or the withdrawal of the privilege of operating
19 a motor vehicle for a violation of subsection (1)(a)1. of this section shall be for a
20 period of not less than five (5) years. Revocations or denials under this section shall
21 not be subject to any lessening of penalties authorized under any other provision of
22 this section or any other statute.

23 (5) Except as provided in subsections (3), (4), (8), and (9) of this section, in all other
24 cases, the revocation or denial of a license or the withdrawal of the privilege of
25 operating a motor vehicle under this section shall be for a period of six (6) months,
26 except that if the same person has had one (1) previous conviction of any offense
27 enumerated in subsection (1) of this section, regardless of whether the person's

1 license was revoked because of the previous conviction, the period of the
2 revocation, denial, or withdrawal shall be one (1) year. If the person has had more
3 than one (1) previous conviction of the offenses considered collectively as
4 enumerated in subsection (1) of this section, regardless of whether the person's
5 license was revoked for any previous conviction, the period of revocation, denial, or
6 withdrawal shall be for not less than two (2) years. If the cabinet, upon receipt of the
7 written recommendation of the court in which any person has been convicted of
8 violating KRS 189.520(1) or 244.085(4) as relates to instances in which a driver's
9 license or fraudulent driver's license was the identification used or attempted to be
10 used in the commission of the offense, who has had no previous conviction of said
11 offense, the person's operator's license shall not be revoked, but the person's
12 operator's license shall be restricted to any terms and conditions the secretary in his
13 discretion may require, provided the person has enrolled in an alcohol or substance
14 abuse education or treatment program as the cabinet shall require. If the person fails
15 to satisfactorily complete the education or treatment program or violates the
16 restrictions on his operator's license, the cabinet shall immediately revoke his
17 operator's license for a period of six (6) months.

18 (6) In order to secure the reinstatement of a license to operate a motor vehicle or
19 motorcycle restored following a period of suspension pursuant to KRS Chapter
20 189A, the person whose license is suspended shall comply with the fees and other
21 procedures of the Transportation Cabinet with regard to the reinstatement of
22 suspended licenses.

23 (7) The cabinet shall revoke the license of any operator of a motor vehicle upon
24 receiving notification that the person is under age eighteen (18) and has dropped out
25 of school or is academically deficient, as defined in KRS 159.051(1).

26 (8) A person under the age of eighteen (18) who is convicted of the offenses of
27 subsections (1) or (3) of this section, except for subsection (1)(a)8. or 9. of this

1 section, shall have his license revoked until he reaches the age of eighteen (18) or
2 shall have his license revoked as provided in this section, whichever penalty will
3 result in the longer period of revocation.

4 (9) A revocation or denial of a license or the withdrawal of the privilege of operating a
5 motor vehicle under this section due to a person being found incompetent to stand
6 trial shall extend until the person is found competent to stand trial or the criminal
7 case is dismissed.

8 ➔SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 15 IS CREATED TO
9 READ AS FOLLOWS:

10 *Each law enforcement agency or other employing agency whose officers are required*
11 *to meet the training requirements of subsection (1)(j) of Section 3 of this Act, or whose*
12 *officers voluntarily meet the requirements of subsection (1)(b) of Section 2 of this Act,*
13 *shall retain a record of each of its officers having met the biennial training. These*
14 *records shall be made available upon request to the Kentucky Law Enforcement*
15 *Council and to the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet.*

16 ➔Section 5. Section 1 of this Act may be cited as Jill's Law.