House Bill 847

By: Representatives Chandler of the 105th, Gardner of the 57th, Hawkins of the 27th, Mathiak of the 73rd, and Maxwell of the 17th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Chapter 39 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 1 2 psychologists, so as to enter into an interstate compact known as the "Psychology 3 Interjurisdictional Compact"; to authorize the State Board of Examiners of Psychologists to 4 administer the compact in this state; to revise provisions relating to exceptions to licensure; 5 to provide for the purposes of the compact; to provide definitions; to provide for home state licensure; to establish and provide for the privilege to practice telepsychology; to provide for 6 7 the temporary authorization to practice by psychologists within and through states who enter the compact and the conditions therefor; to provide for adverse actions by each compacting 8 9 state relating to psychologists from other states who may be practicing telemedicine or temporary practice in another state; to provide for additional regulatory authority for the 10 11 State Board of Examiners of Psychologists and the similar boards of other states entering the 12 compact; to provide for a coordinated licensure information system among states entering 13 the compact; to establish the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission and it 14 powers and conditions; to provide for rulemaking by such commission; to provide for 15 oversight, dispute resolution, and enforcement by members of the compact and such 16 commission; to provide for an implementation date of the compact and such commission; to 17 provide for construction and severability of membership in the commission; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 18

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA

20 SECTION 1.

- 21 Chapter 39 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to psychologists,
- 22 is amended by revising Code Section 43-39-6, relating to powers of the State Board of
- 23 Examiners of Psychologists, as follows:
- 24 "43-39-6.

19

- 25 The board shall have authority to establish a code of conduct and of ethics, to administer
- oaths, to summon witnesses, and to take testimony in all matters relating to its duties. The

board shall issue licenses to practice psychology to all persons who shall present 28 satisfactory evidence of attainments and qualifications under this chapter and the rules and 29 regulations of the board. Such licenses shall be attested by the division director under the 30 board's adopted seal, and it shall give absolute authority to the person to whom it is issued to practice psychology in this state. It shall be the duty of the division director, under the 31 32 direction of the board, to aid the prosecuting attorneys in the enforcement of this chapter 33 and the prosecution of all persons charged with the violation of its provisions. The board 34 shall have authority to administer and participate in the 'Psychology Interjurisdictional 35 Compact (Psypact)' set out in Article 2 of this chapter and to recognize and permit the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology and temporary practice in Georgia 36 37 as established by such compact."

38 **SECTION 2.**

39 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 43-39-7, relating to practicing

40 without a license, use of title, and exceptions, as follows:

"43-39-7. 41

27

- 42 A person who is not licensed under this chapter shall not practice psychology, shall not use
- 43 the title 'psychologist,' and shall not imply that he or she is a psychologist. If any person
- 44 shall practice psychology or hold himself or herself out as being engaged in the practice
- 45 of psychology and shall not then possess in full force a valid license to practice psychology
- 46 under the laws of this state, such person shall be in violation of this chapter. The following
- 47 are exceptions:
- (1) Nothing in this chapter shall require licensure for a person who is certified as a 48
- 49 school psychologist by the Professional Standards Commission while that person is
- 50 working as an employee in an educational institution recognized by the State Board of
- 51 Examiners of Psychologists as meeting satisfactory accreditation standards, provided that
- 52 no fees are charged directly to clients or through a third party;
- (2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the teaching of psychology or 53
- the conduct of psychological research, provided that such teaching or research does not 54
- involve the delivery or supervision of direct psychological services to individuals or 55
- groups of individuals by an unlicensed person. Any person holding a doctoral degree in 56
- 57 psychology while working as an employee in a research laboratory, college, or university
- recognized by the board as meeting satisfactory accreditation standards may use the title 58
- 59 'psychologist' in conjunction with activities permitted by this paragraph, provided that no
- fees are charged directly to clients or through a third party; 60
- (3) Nothing in this chapter shall require licensure for a person who was engaged in the 61
- 62 practice of psychology as an employee of an agency or department of the state

63 government, any of its political subdivisions, or community service boards as defined in Code Section 37-2-2 either prior to July 1, 1996, at a state intermediate care or skilled 64 care facility for persons with mental retardation or prior to July 1, 1997, at any other 65 66 facilities or offices of the entities previously mentioned, but only when that person is 67 engaged in that practice as an employee of such entities;

68

69

70

71

74

75

76

77

81

83

84

85

86

87

88

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

under this paragraph;

- (4) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the activities and services of a person in the employ of or serving for an established and recognized religious organization, provided that the title 'psychologist' is not used by a person not licensed and that the person does not imply that he or she is a psychologist;
- (5) Persons who hold a doctoral degree in psychology may practice under the supervision 72 73 of a licensed psychologist in order to obtain the experience required for licensure;
 - (6) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any person from engaging in the lawful practice of medicine, nursing, professional counseling, social work, and marriage and family therapy, as provided for under other state law, provided that such person shall not use the title 'psychologist' nor imply that he or she is a psychologist;
- (7) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent students, trainees, or assistants 78 79 from engaging in activities defined as the practice of psychology, provided such persons 80 are under the direct supervision and responsibility of a licensed psychologist and the student, trainee, or assistant does not represent himself or herself to be a psychologist. 82 The board shall establish rules and regulations for the supervision of persons exempted
 - (8) An individual licensed to practice psychology in another jurisdiction may practice psychology in Georgia without applying for a license, so long as the requirements for a license in the other jurisdiction are equal to or exceed the requirements for licensure in Georgia, and the psychologist limits that person's practice in Georgia to no more than 30 days per year, as defined in the rules and regulations of the board; and
- 89 (9) An individual permitted the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology, temporary practice, or both, pursuant to the 'Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact 90 91 (Psypact)' set out in Article 2 of this chapter may practice psychology in this state in 92 accordance with the provisions of such compact; and
 - (9)(10) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as prohibiting any person licensed under Chapter 10A of this title from providing services he or she is authorized to perform under Chapter 10A of this title, including, but not limited to, administering and interpreting educational and vocational tests; functional assessments; interest inventories; tests that evaluate marital and family functioning; mental health symptom screening and assessment instruments that evaluate emotional, mental, behavioral, and interpersonal problems or conditions, including substance use, health, and disability; or any other

100 assessments or tests which the person is qualified to employ by virtue of his or her 101 education, training, or experience within the scope of practice of professional counselors. 102 The Georgia Composite Board of Professional Counselors, Social Workers, and Marriage 103 and Family Therapists shall have sole authority to regulate assessment and testing 104 performed by persons licensed under Chapter 10A of this title." 105 **SECTION 3.** 106 Said chapter is further amended by redesignating the existing provisions of said chapter as 107 Article 1, by replacing "this chapter" with "this article" everywhere such term occurs in the 108 new article, and by adding a new article, to read as follows: 109 "ARTICLE 2 110 43-39-21. 111 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Psychology Interjurisdictional 112 Compact (Psypact).' 113 43-39-22. 114 The Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact (Psypact) is enacted into law and entered into by the State of Georgia with any and all other states legally joining therein in the form 115 116 substantially as follows: 'PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT (PSYPACT) 117 118 <u>ARTICLE I</u> 119 **PURPOSE** Whereas, states license psychologists, in order to protect the public through 120 verification of education, training, and experience and ensure accountability for 121 122 professional practice; and 123 Whereas, this Compact is intended to regulate the day to day practice of 124 telepsychology (i.e. the provision of psychological services using telecommunication 125 technologies) by psychologists across state boundaries in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate authority; and 126 Whereas, this Compact is intended to regulate the temporary in-person, face-to-face 127 practice of psychology by psychologists across state boundaries for 30 days within a 128 129 calendar year in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an 130 appropriate authority;

131	Whereas, this Compact is intended to authorize State Psychology Regulatory
132	Authorities to afford legal recognition, in a manner consistent with the terms of the
133	Compact, to psychologists licensed in another state;
134	Whereas, this Compact recognizes that states have a vested interest in protecting the
135	public's health and safety through their licensing and regulation of psychologists and
136	that such state regulation will best protect public health and safety;
137	Whereas, this Compact does not apply when a psychologist is licensed in both the
138	Home and Receiving States; and
139	Whereas, this Compact does not apply to permanent in-person, face-to-face practice,
140	it does allow for authorization of temporary psychological practice.
141	Consistent with these principles, this Compact is designed to achieve the following
142	purposes and objectives:
143	1. Increase public access to professional psychological services by allowing for
144	telepsychological practice across state lines as well as temporary in-person,
145	face-to-face services into a state in which the psychologist is not licensed to
146	practice psychology;
147	2. Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety, especially
148	<u>client/patient safety;</u>
149	3. Encourage the cooperation of Compact States in the areas of psychology
150	licensure and regulation;
151	4. Facilitate the exchange of information between Compact States regarding
152	psychologist licensure, Adverse Actions, and disciplinary history;
153	5. Promote compliance with the laws governing psychological practice in each
154	Compact State; and
155	6. Invest all Compact States with the authority to hold licensed psychologists
156	accountable through the mutual recognition of Compact State licenses.
157	<u>ARTICLE II</u>
158	<u>DEFINITIONS</u>
159	A. "Adverse Action" means: any action taken by a State Psychology Regulatory
160	Authority which finds a violation of a statute or regulation that is identified by the State
161	Psychology Regulatory Authority as discipline and is a matter of public record.
162	B. "Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPPB)" means: the
163	recognized membership organization composed of State and Provincial Psychology
164	Regulatory Authorities responsible for the licensure and registration of psychologists
165	throughout the United States and Canada.

166 <u>C. "Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology" means: a licensed</u>

- psychologist's authority to practice telepsychology, within the limits authorized under
- this Compact, in another Compact State.
- D. "Bylaws" means: those Bylaws established by the Psychology Interjurisdictional
- 170 <u>Compact Commission pursuant to Article X for its governance, or for directing and</u>
- controlling its actions and conduct.
- E. "Client/Patient" means: the recipient of psychological services, whether
- psychological services are delivered in the context of healthcare, corporate, supervision,
- or consulting services or any combination thereof.
- F. "Commissioner" means: the voting representative appointed by each State
- 176 <u>Psychology Regulatory Authority pursuant to Article X.</u>
- G. "Compact State" means: a state, the District of Columbia, or United States territory
- that has enacted this Compact legislation and which has not withdrawn pursuant to
- Article XIII, Section C or been terminated pursuant to Article XII, Section B.
- 180 H. "Coordinated Licensure Information System" also referred to as "Coordinated
- Database" means: an integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing information
- on psychologists' licensure and enforcement activities related to psychology licensure
- laws, which is administered by the recognized membership organization composed of
- 184 <u>State and Provincial Psychology Regulatory Authorities.</u>
- 185 <u>I. "Confidentiality" means: the principle that data or information is not made available</u>
- or disclosed to unauthorized persons or processes, or both.
- J. "Day" means: any part of a day in which psychological work is performed.
- 188 K. "Distant State" means: the Compact State where a psychologist is physically present
- 189 (not through the use of telecommunications technologies), to provide temporary
- in-person, face-to-face psychological services.
- L. "E.Passport" means: a certificate issued by the Association of State and Provincial
- 192 <u>Psychology Boards (ASPPB) that promotes the standardization in the criteria of</u>
- interjurisdictional telepsychology practice and facilitates the process for licensed
- 194 <u>psychologists to provide telepsychological services across state lines.</u>
- M. "Executive Board" means: a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf
- of, and within the powers granted to them by, the Commission.
- N. "Home State" means: a Compact State where a psychologist is licensed to practice
- psychology. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact State and is
- practicing under the Authorization to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology, the
- 200 Home State is the Compact State where the psychologist is physically present when the
- 201 <u>telepsychological services are delivered</u>. If the psychologist is licensed in more than

202 <u>one Compact State and is practicing under the Temporary Authorization to Practice, the</u>

- 203 <u>Home State is any Compact State where the psychologist is licensed.</u>
- O. "Identity History Summary" means: a summary of information retained by the FBI,
- or other designee with similar authority, in connection with arrests and, in some
- instances, federal employment, naturalization, or military service.
- 207 <u>P. "In-Person, Face-to-Face" means: interactions in which the psychologist and the</u>
- 208 <u>client/patient are in the same physical space and which does not include interactions</u>
- 209 that may occur through the use of telecommunication technologies.
- Q. "Interjurisdictional Practice Certificate (IPC)" means: a certificate issued by the
- 211 <u>Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPPB) that grants temporary</u>
- 212 <u>authority to practice based on notification to the State Psychology Regulatory Authority</u>
- of intention to practice temporarily, and verification of one's qualifications for such
- 214 <u>practice.</u>
- 215 R. "License" means: authorization by a State Psychology Regulatory Authority to
- 216 engage in the independent practice of psychology, which would be unlawful without
- 217 <u>the authorization.</u>
- S. "Non-Compact State" means: any State which is not at the time a Compact State.
- 219 T. "Psychologist" means: an individual licensed for the independent practice of
- 220 <u>psychology.</u>
- 221 <u>U. "Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission" also referred to as</u>
- 222 "Commission" means: the national administration of which all Compact States are
- members.
- V. "Receiving State" means: a Compact State where the client/patient is physically
- 225 <u>located when the telepsychological services are delivered.</u>
- W. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact
- 227 <u>Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of the Compact that is of general</u>
- 228 applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the Compact,
- or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the Commission and has the
- 230 <u>force and effect of statutory law in a Compact State, and includes the amendment,</u>
- 231 repeal or suspension of an existing rule.
- 232 <u>X. "Significant Investigatory Information" means:</u>
- 233 <u>1. investigative information that a State Psychology Regulatory Authority, after a</u>
- preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an opportunity to respond if
- 235 required by state law, has reason to believe, if proven true, would indicate more than
- 236 <u>a violation of a state statute or ethics code that would be considered more substantial</u>
- 237 <u>than a minor infraction; or</u>

-	
238	2. investigative information that indicates that the psychologist represents an
239	immediate threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the psychologist
240	has been notified or had an opportunity to respond.
241	Y. "State" means: a state, commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States,
242	or the District of Columbia.
243	Z. "State Psychology Regulatory Authority" means: the Board, office or other agency
244	with the legislative mandate to license and regulate the practice of psychology.
245	AA. "Telepsychology" means: the provision of psychological services using
246	telecommunication technologies.
247	BB. "Temporary Authorization to Practice" means: a licensed psychologist's authority
248	to conduct temporary in-person, face-to-face practice, within the limits authorized
249	under this Compact, in another Compact State.
250	CC. "Temporary In-Person, Face-to-Face Practice" means: where a psychologist is
251	physically present (not through the use of telecommunications technologies), in the
252	Distant State to provide for the practice of psychology for 30 days within a calendar
253	year and based on notification to the Distant State.
254	ARTICLE III
255	HOME STATE LICENSURE
256	A. The Home State shall be a Compact State where a psychologist is licensed to
257	practice psychology.
258	B. A psychologist may hold one or more Compact State licenses at a time. If the
259	psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact State, the Home State is the
260	Compact State where the psychologist is physically present when the services are
261	delivered as authorized by the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology
262	under the terms of this Compact.
263	C. Any Compact State may require a psychologist not previously licensed in a
264	Compact State to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in the Compact
265	State under circumstances not authorized by the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional
266	Telepsychology under the terms of this Compact.
267	D. Any Compact State may require a psychologist to obtain and retain a license to be
268	authorized to practice in a Compact State under circumstances not authorized by
269	Temporary Authorization to Practice under the terms of this Compact.
270	E. A Home State's license authorizes a psychologist to practice in a Receiving State
271	under the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology only if the Compact
272	State:

1. Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active E.Passport;

273

274	2. Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about
275	licensed individuals;
276	3. Notifies the Commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any Adverse
277	Action or Significant Investigatory Information regarding a licensed individual;
278	4. Requires an Identity History Summary of all applicants at initial licensure,
279	including the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks
280	compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), or
281	other designee with similar authority, no later than ten years after activation of the
282	Compact; and
283	5. Complies with the Bylaws and Rules of the Commission.
284	F. A Home State's license grants Temporary Authorization to Practice to a psychologist
285	in a Distant State only if the Compact State:
286	1. Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active IPC;
287	2. Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about
288	licensed individuals;
289	3. Notifies the Commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any Adverse
290	Action or Significant Investigatory Information regarding a licensed individual;
291	4. Requires an Identity History Summary of all applicants at initial licensure,
292	including the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks
293	compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), or
294	other designee with similar authority, no later than ten years after activation of the
295	Compact; and
296	5. Complies with the Bylaws and Rules of the Commission.
297	ARTICLE IV
298	COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEPSYCHOLOGY
299	A. Compact States shall recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a Compact
300	State in conformance with Article III, to practice telepsychology in other Compact
301	States (Receiving States) in which the psychologist is not licensed, under the Authority
302	to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology as provided in the Compact.
303	B. To exercise the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology under the
304	terms and provisions of this Compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a Compact
305	State must:
306	1. Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that
307	was, at the time the degree was awarded:

308	a. Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Department
309	of Education to grant graduate degrees, OR authorized by Provincial Statute or
310	Royal Charter to grant doctoral degrees; OR
311	b. A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to 1 (a) above by a
312	foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association
313	of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or by a recognized foreign credential
314	evaluation service; AND
315	2. Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
316	a. The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, must be clearly
317	identified and labeled as a psychology program. Such a program must specify in
318	pertinent institutional catalogues and brochures its intent to educate and train
319	professional psychologists;
320	b. The psychology program must stand as a recognizable, coherent, organizational
321	entity within the institution;
322	c. There must be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and
323	specialty areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
324	d. The program must consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
325	e. There must be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth
326	to carry out its responsibilities;
327	f. The designated director of the program must be a psychologist and a member of
328	the core faculty;
329	g. The program must have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in
330	that program for a degree;
331	h. The program must include supervised practicum, internship, or field training
332	appropriate to the practice of psychology;
333	i. The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time
334	graduate study for a doctoral degree and a minimum of one academic year of
335	full-time graduate study for a master's degree; and
336	j. The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the Rules of the
337	Commission.
338	3. Possess a current, full, and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a Home
339	State which is a Compact State;
340	4. Have no history of Adverse Action that violates the Rules of the Commission;
341	5. Have no criminal record history reported on an Identity History Summary that
342	violates the Rules of the Commission;
343	6. Possess a current, active E.Passport;

7. Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice, conformity with
standards of practice, competence in telepsychology technology; criminal
background; and knowledge and adherence to legal requirements in the home and
receiving states, and provide a release of information to allow for primary source
verification in a manner specified by the Commission; and
8. Meet other criteria as defined by the Rules of the Commission.
C. The Home State maintains authority over the license of any psychologist practicing
into a Receiving State under the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional
Telepsychology.
D. A psychologist practicing in a Receiving State under the Authority to Practice
Interjurisdictional Telepsychology will be subject to the Receiving State's scope of
practice. A Receiving State may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit
or revoke a psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology in
the Receiving State and may take any other necessary actions under the Receiving
State's applicable law to protect the health and safety of the Receiving State's citizens.
If a Receiving State takes action, the state shall promptly notify the Home State and the
Commission.
E. If a psychologist's license in any Home State, another Compact State, or any
Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology in any Receiving State, is
restricted, suspended, or otherwise limited, the E.Passport shall be revoked and
therefore the psychologist shall not be eligible to practice telepsychology in a Compact
State under the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology.
<u>ARTICLE V</u>
COMPACT TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATION TO PRACTICE
A. Compact States shall also recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a
Compact State in conformance with Article III, to practice temporarily in other
Compact States (Distant States) in which the psychologist is not licensed, as provided
in the Compact.
B. To exercise the Temporary Authorization to Practice under the terms and provisions
of this Compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a Compact State must:
1. Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that
was, at the time the degree was awarded:
a. Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Department
of Education to grant graduate degrees, OR authorized by Provincial Statute or
Royal Charter to grant doctoral degrees: OR

379	b. A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to 1 (a) above by a
380	foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association
381	of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or by a recognized foreign credential
382	evaluation service; AND
383	2. Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
384	a. The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, must be clearly
385	identified and labeled as a psychology program. Such a program must specify in
386	pertinent institutional catalogues and brochures its intent to educate and train
387	professional psychologists;
388	b. The psychology program must stand as a recognizable, coherent, organizational
389	entity within the institution;
390	c. There must be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and
391	specialty areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
392	d. The program must consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
393	e. There must be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth
394	to carry out its responsibilities;
395	f. The designated director of the program must be a psychologist and a member of
396	the core faculty;
397	g. The program must have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in
398	that program for a degree;
399	h. The program must include supervised practicum, internship, or field training
400	appropriate to the practice of psychology;
401	i. The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time
402	graduate study for a doctoral degree and a minimum of one academic year of
403	full-time graduate study for a master's degree; and
404	j. The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the Rules of the
405	Commission.
406	3. Possess a current, full, and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a Home
407	State which is a Compact State;
408	4. Have no history of Adverse Action that violates the Rules of the Commission;
409	5. Have no criminal record history that violates the Rules of the Commission;
410	6. Possess a current, active IPC;
411	7. Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice and work experience
412	and provide a release of information to allow for primary source verification in a
413	manner specified by the Commission; and
414	8. Meet other criteria as defined by the Rules of the Commission.

415	C. A psychologist practicing in a Distant State under the Temporary Authorization to
416	Practice shall practice within the scope of practice authorized by the Distant State.
417	D. A psychologist practicing in a Distant State under the Temporary Authorization to
418	Practice will be subject to the Distant State's authority and law. A Distant State may,
419	in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's
420	Temporary Authorization to Practice in the Distant State and may take any other
421	necessary actions under the Distant State's applicable law to protect the health and
422	safety of the Distant State's citizens. If a Distant State takes action, the state shall
423	promptly notify the Home State and the Commission.
424	E. If a psychologist's license in any Home State, another Compact State, or any
425	Temporary Authorization to Practice in any Distant State, is restricted, suspended, or
426	otherwise limited, the IPC shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall not be
427	eligible to practice in a Compact State under the Temporary Authorization to Practice.
428	ARTICLE VI
429	CONDITIONS OF TELEPSYCHOLOGY PRACTICE
430	<u>IN A RECEIVING STATE</u>
431	A. A psychologist may practice in a Receiving State under the Authority to Practice
432	$\underline{Interjurisdictional\ Telepsychology\ only\ in\ the\ performance\ of\ the\ scope\ of\ practice\ for}$
433	psychology as assigned by an appropriate State Psychology Regulatory Authority, as
434	defined in the Rules of the Commission, and under the following circumstances:
435	1. The psychologist initiates a client/patient contact in a Home State via
436	telecommunications technologies with a client/patient in a Receiving State; and
437	2. Other conditions regarding telepsychology as determined by Rules promulgated
438	by the Commission.
439	ARTICLE VII
440	ADVERSE ACTIONS
441	A. A Home State shall have the power to impose Adverse Action against a
442	psychologist's license issued by the Home State. A Distant State shall have the power
443	$\underline{to\ take\ Adverse\ Action\ on\ a\ psychologist's\ Temporary\ Authorization\ to\ Practice\ within}$
444	that Distant State.
445	B. A Receiving State may take Adverse Action on a psychologist's Authority to
446	$\underline{Practice\ Interjurisdictional\ Telepsychology\ within\ that\ Receiving\ State.\ A\ Home\ State}$
447	may take Adverse Action against a psychologist based on an Adverse Action taken by
448	a Distant State regarding temporary in-person, face-to-face practice.

C. If a Home State takes Adverse Action against a psychologist's license, that

- 450 <u>psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology is terminated</u>
- 451 and the E.Passport is revoked. Furthermore, that psychologist's Temporary
- Authorization to Practice is terminated and the IPC is revoked.
- 453 <u>1. All Home State disciplinary orders which impose Adverse Action shall be reported</u>
- 454 <u>to the Commission in accordance with the Rules promulgated by the Commission.</u>
- 455 A Compact State shall report Adverse Actions in accordance with the Rules of the
- 456 <u>Commission.</u>
- 2. In the event discipline is reported on a psychologist, the psychologist will not be
- 458 <u>eligible for telepsychology or temporary in-person, face-to-face practice in</u>
- accordance with the Rules of the Commission.
- 3. Other actions may be imposed as determined by the Rules promulgated by the
- 461 <u>Commission.</u>
- D. A Home State's Psychology Regulatory Authority shall investigate and take
- appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a
- 464 <u>licensee which occurred in a Receiving State as it would if such conduct had occurred</u>
- by a licensee within the Home State. In such cases, the Home State's law shall control
- in determining any Adverse Action against a psychologist's license.
- E. A Distant State's Psychology Regulatory Authority shall investigate and take
- appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a
- psychologist practicing under Temporary Authorization to Practice which occurred in
- 470 that Distant State as it would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the
- Home State. In such cases, Distant State's law shall control in determining any Adverse
- 472 <u>Action against a psychologist's Temporary Authorization to Practice.</u>
- F. Nothing in this Compact shall override a Compact State's decision that a
- 474 <u>psychologist's participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of Adverse</u>
- Action and that such participation shall remain non-public if required by the Compact
- State's law. Compact States must require psychologists who enter any alternative
- 477 <u>programs to not provide telepsychology services under the Authority to Practice</u>
- 478 <u>Interjurisdictional Telepsychology or provide temporary psychological services under</u>
- 479 <u>the Temporary Authorization to Practice in any other Compact State during the term</u>
- of the alternative program.
- 481 <u>G. No other judicial or administrative remedies shall be available to a psychologist in</u>
- 482 <u>the event a Compact State imposes an Adverse Action pursuant to subsection C, above.</u>

483 ARTICLE VIII ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN A COMPACT STATE'S 484 485 PSYCHOLOGY REGULATORY AUTHORITY 486 A. In addition to any other powers granted under state law, a Compact State's Psychology Regulatory Authority shall have the authority under this Compact to: 487 488 1. Issue subpoenas, for both hearings and investigations, which require the 489 attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas 490 issued by a Compact State's Psychology Regulatory Authority for the attendance and 491 testimony of witnesses, the production of evidence, or any combination of the 492 foregoing from another Compact State shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to that court's practice and procedure in 493 considering subpoenas issued in its own proceedings. The issuing State Psychology 494 495 Regulatory Authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses, evidence, or 496 497 both, are located; and 498 2. Issue cease and desist orders, injunctive relief orders, or both, to revoke a 499 psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology, Temporary 500 Authorization to Practice, or both. B. During the course of any investigation, a psychologist may not change his/her Home 501 502 State licensure. A Home State Psychology Regulatory Authority is authorized to 503 complete any pending investigations of a psychologist and to take any actions 504 appropriate under its law. The Home State Psychology Regulatory Authority shall 505 promptly report the conclusions of such investigations to the Commission. Once an 506 investigation has been completed, and pending the outcome of said investigation, the 507 psychologist may change his/her Home State licensure. The Commission shall 508 promptly notify the new Home State of any such decisions as provided in the Rules of 509 the Commission. All information provided to the Commission or distributed by 510 Compact States pursuant to the psychologist shall be confidential, filed under seal and used for investigatory or disciplinary matters. The Commission may create additional 511 512 rules for mandated or discretionary sharing of information by Compact States. 513 ARTICLE IX COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM 514 A. The Commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a 515 516 Coordinated Licensure Information System (Coordinated Database) and reporting 517 system containing licensure and disciplinary action information on all psychologists to

518	whom this Compact is applicable in all Compact States as defined by the Rules of the
519	Commission.
520	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a Compact State
521	shall submit a uniform data set to the Coordinated Database on all licensees as required
522	by the Rules of the Commission, including:
523	1. Identifying information;
524	2. Licensure data;
525	3. Significant Investigatory Information;
526	4. Adverse Actions against a psychologist's license;
527	5. An indicator that a psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional
528	Telepsychology, Temporary Authorization to Practice, or both, is revoked;
529	6. Nonconfidential information related to alternative program participation
530	information;
531	7. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reasons for such denial; and
532	8. Other information which may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as
533	determined by the Rules of the Commission.
534	C. The Coordinated Database administrator shall promptly notify all Compact States
535	of any Adverse Action taken against, or significant investigative information on, any
536	licensee in a Compact State.
537	D. Compact States reporting information to the Coordinated Database may designate
538	information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of
539	the Compact State reporting the information.
540	E. Any information submitted to the Coordinated Database that is subsequently
541	required to be expunged by the law of the Compact State reporting the information shall
542	be removed from the Coordinated Database.
543	ARTICLE X
544	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE
545	PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT COMMISSION
546	A. The Compact States hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as the
547	Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission.
548	1. The Commission is a body politic and an instrumentality of the Compact States.
549	2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be
550	brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal
551	office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and
552	jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative
553	dispute resolution proceedings.

554	3. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
555	B. Membership, Voting, and Meetings
556	1. The Commission shall consist of one voting representative appointed by each
557	Compact State who shall serve as that state's Commissioner. The State Psychology
558	Regulatory Authority shall appoint its delegate. This delegate shall be empowered
559	to act on behalf of the Compact State. This delegate shall be limited to:
560	a. Executive Director, Executive Secretary, or similar executive;
561	b. Current member of the State Psychology Regulatory Authority of a Compact
562	State; OR
563	c. Designee empowered with the appropriate delegate authority to act on behalf of
564	the Compact State.
565	2. Any Commissioner may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the
566	law of the state from which the Commissioner is appointed. Any vacancy occurring
567	in the Commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the Compact State
568	in which the vacancy exists.
569	3. Each Commissioner shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard to the
570	promulgation of Rules and creation of Bylaws and shall otherwise have an
571	opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the Commission. A
572	Commissioner shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the Bylaws.
573	The Bylaws may provide for Commissioners' participation in meetings by telephone
574	or other means of communication.
575	4. The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional
576	meetings shall be held as set forth in the Bylaws.
577	5. All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be
578	given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in Article XI.
579	6. The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting if the Commission
580	must discuss:
581	a. Non-compliance of a Compact State with its obligations under the Compact;
582	b. The employment, compensation, discipline, or other personnel matters, practices,
583	or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the
584	Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
585	c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation against the Commission;
586	d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
587	e. Accusation against any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
588	f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is
589	privileged or confidential;

g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute

590

591 a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; 592 h. Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes; 593 i. Disclosure of information related to any investigatory reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the Commission or other committee charged with 594 595 responsibility for investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to 596 the Compact; or 597 j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute. 598 7. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision, the 599 Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The Commission shall keep 600 601 minutes which fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall 602 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, of any person participating in the meeting, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. 603 604 All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such 605 minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, 606 subject to release only by a majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of 607 competent jurisdiction. 608 C. The Commission shall, by a majority vote of the Commissioners, prescribe Bylaws, 609 Rules, or both, to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the 610 purposes and exercise the powers of the Compact, including but not limited to: 611 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Commission; 612 2. Providing reasonable standards and procedures: 613 a. for the establishment and meetings of other committees; and 614 b. governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the 615 Commission; 616 3. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the 617 Commission, ensuring reasonable advance notice of all meetings and providing an opportunity for attendance of such meetings by interested parties, with enumerated 618 619 exceptions designed to protect the public's interest, the privacy of individuals of such 620 proceedings, and proprietary information, including trade secrets. The Commission 621 may meet in closed session only after a majority of the Commissioners vote to close 622 a meeting to the public in whole or in part. As soon as practicable, the Commission 623 must make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting revealing the vote of each 624 Commissioner with no proxy votes allowed; 625 4. Establishing the titles, duties and authority and reasonable procedures for the 626 election of the officers of the Commission;

18 627 5. Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the Commission. Notwithstanding any civil 628 629 service or other similar law of any Compact State, the Bylaws shall exclusively 630 govern the personnel policies and programs of the Commission; 631 6. Promulgating a Code of Ethics to address permissible and prohibited activities of 632 Commission members and employees; 7. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Commission and the 633 634 equitable disposition of any surplus funds that may exist after the termination of the Compact after the payment and/or reserving of all of its debts and obligations; 635 636 8. Publishing its Bylaws in a convenient form and filing a copy thereof and a copy 637 of any amendment thereto, with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the 638 Compact States; 639 9. Maintaining its financial records in accordance with the Bylaws; and 10. Meeting and taking such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this 640 641 Compact and the Bylaws. 642 D. The Commission shall have the following powers: 643 1. To promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and 644 administration of this Compact. The rule shall have the force and effect of law and 645 shall be binding in all Compact States; 2. To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the 646 647 Commission, provided that the standing of any State Psychology Regulatory 648 Authority or other regulatory body responsible for psychology licensure to sue or be 649 sued under applicable law shall not be affected; 650 3. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds; 651 4. To borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited 652 to, employees of a Compact State; 653 5. To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant 654 such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of 655 656 interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters; 657 6. To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; 658 659 provided that at all times the Commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of 660 impropriety or conflict of interest;

- 7. To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own, 661
- 662 hold, improve or use, any property, real, personal, or mixed; provided that at all times
- 663 the Commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety;

8. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose

- of any property real, personal, or mixed;
- 9. To establish a budget and make expenditures;
- 667 <u>10. To borrow money;</u>
- 11. To appoint committees, including advisory committees comprised of members,
- State regulators, State legislators or their representatives, and consumer
- representatives, and such other interested persons as may be designated in this
- 671 <u>Compact and the Bylaws;</u>
- 672 <u>12. To provide and receive information from, and to cooperate with, law enforcement</u>
- agencies;
- 674 <u>13. To adopt and use an official seal; and</u>
- 675 <u>14. To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve</u>
- the purposes of this Compact consistent with the state regulation of psychology
- 677 <u>licensure, temporary in-person, face-to-face practice and telepsychology practice.</u>
- E. The Executive Board
- The elected officers shall serve as the Executive Board, which shall have the power to
- act on behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact.
- 1. The Executive Board shall be comprised of six members:
- 682 <u>a. Five voting members who are elected from the current membership of the</u>
- 683 <u>Commission by the Commission; and</u>
- 684 <u>b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership</u>
- organization composed of State and Provincial Psychology Regulatory Authorities.
- 2. The ex-officio member must have served as staff or member on a State Psychology
- Regulatory Authority and will be selected by its respective organization.
- 3. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Board as provided in
- Bylaws.
- 690 <u>4. The Executive Board shall meet at least annually.</u>
- 5. The Executive Board shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
- a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the Rules or Bylaws, changes
- 693 to this Compact legislation, fees paid by Compact States such as annual dues, and
- any other applicable fees;
- b. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual
- 696 <u>or otherwise;</u>
- 697 <u>c. Prepare and recommend the budget;</u>
- d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
- 699 <u>e. Monitor Compact compliance of member states and provide compliance reports</u>
- 700 <u>to the Commission;</u>

- 701 f. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
- 702 g. Other duties as provided in Rules or Bylaws.
- 703 F. Financing of the Commission
- 704 1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities. 705
- 706 2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, 707 and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
- 3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each 708 709 Compact State or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and 710 activities of the Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient 711 to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided 712 by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based 713 upon a formula to be determined by the Commission which shall promulgate a rule 714 binding upon all Compact States.
- 715 4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds 716 adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the 717 Compact States, except by and with the authority of the Compact State.
- 718 5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. 719 The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its Bylaws. However, all receipts and 720 721 disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a 722 certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission.
- 724 G. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification

723

737

725 1. The members, officers, Executive Director, employees, and representatives of the 726 Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their 727 official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury 728 or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or 729 omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a 730 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, 731 duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed 732 to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury or 733 <u>liability</u> caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. 734 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, Executive Director, employee, 735 or representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability 736 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the

scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person

against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within

the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, Executive Director, employee, or representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

751 <u>ARTICLE XI</u>

752 <u>RULEMAKING</u>

- A. The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set
- forth in this Article and the Rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall
- become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
- B. If a majority of the legislatures of the Compact States rejects a rule, by enactment
- of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact, then such rule
- shall have no further force and effect in any Compact State.
- 759 C. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting
- of the Commission.

738

739

740

741

742

743

744

745

746

747

748

749

750

- D. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or Rules by the Commission, and
- at least sixty (60) days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered
- and voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:
- 764 <u>1. On the website of the Commission; and</u>
- 2. On the website of each Compact States' Psychology Regulatory Authority or the
- publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
- E. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
- 1. The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule will be
- 769 <u>considered and voted upon;</u>
- 2. The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed rule;
- 3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and
- 4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission of
- their intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.

F. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission shall allow persons to submit

- written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the
- 776 public.
- 777 G. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a
- rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
- 779 <u>1. At least twenty-five (25) persons who submit comments independently of each</u>
- 780 <u>other</u>;
- 781 <u>2. A governmental subdivision or agency; or</u>
- 782 3. A duly appointed person in an association that has at least twenty-five (25)
- 783 <u>members.</u>
- H. If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the Commission shall
- publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing.
- 786 <u>1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the Executive Director</u>
- of the Commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear
- and testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date
- of the hearing.
- 790 <u>2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to</u>
- 791 comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
- 3. No transcript of the hearing is required, unless a written request for a transcript is
- made, in which case the person requesting the transcript shall bear the cost of
- 794 producing the transcript. A recording may be made in lieu of a transcript under the
- same terms and conditions as a transcript. This subsection shall not preclude the
- 796 Commission from making a transcript or recording of the hearing if it so chooses.
- 797 <u>4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each</u>
- 798 rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings
- required by this section.
- 800 <u>I. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled</u>
- hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and
- 802 <u>oral comments received.</u>
- J. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the
- proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the
- rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- K. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is
- 807 received, the Commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without
- 808 <u>a public hearing.</u>
- 809 L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and
- adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing,

provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to: 1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare; 2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Compact State funds;

- 817
- 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established 818 819 by federal law or rule; or
- 820 4. Protect public health and safety.

811

812

813

814

815

816

821

822

823

824

825

826

827

828

829

830

832

834

835

836

837

838

839

840

841

842

843

844

M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the Chair of the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the

831 ARTICLE XII

OVERSIGHT, DEFAULT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission.

833 A. Oversight

1. The Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches of state government in each Compact State shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this Compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law. 2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a Compact State pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Commission. 3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this Compact or promulgated rules.

845	B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
846	1. If the Commission determines that a Compact State has defaulted in the
847	performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the
848	promulgated rules, the Commission shall:
849	a. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other Compact States of the
850	nature of the default, the proposed means of remedying the default, and any other
851	action to be taken by the Commission; and
852	b. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
853	2. If a state in default fails to remedy the default, the defaulting state may be
854	terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Compact
855	States, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this Compact shall be
856	terminated on the effective date of termination. A remedy of the default does not
857	relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of
858	<u>default.</u>
859	3. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other
860	means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or
861	terminate shall be submitted by the Commission to the Governor, the majority and
862	minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the Compact States.
863	4. A Compact State which has been terminated is responsible for all assessments,
864	obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination,
865	including obligations which extend beyond the effective date of termination.
866	5. The Commission shall not bear any costs incurred by the state which is found to
867	be in default or which has been terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in
868	writing between the Commission and the defaulting state.
869	6. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the
870	U.S. District Court for the state of Georgia or the federal district where the Compact
871	has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such
872	litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
873	C. Dispute Resolution
874	1. Upon request by a Compact State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve
875	disputes related to the Compact which arise among Compact States and between
876	Compact and Non-Compact States.
877	2. The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding
878	dispute resolution for disputes that arise before the commission.
879	D. Enforcement
880	1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the
881	provisions and Rules of this Compact.

882	2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the United States
883	District Court for the State of Georgia or the federal district where the Compact has
884	its principal offices against a Compact State in default to enforce compliance with the
885	provisions of the Compact and its promulgated Rules and Bylaws. The relief sought
886	may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is
887	necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation,
888	including reasonable attorney's fees.
889	3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The
890	Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.
891	ARTICLE XIII
892	DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF
893	THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT COMMISSION
894	AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENTS
895	A. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact is enacted
896	into law in the seventh Compact State. The provisions which become effective at that
897	time shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly and
898	the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise
899	rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of the Compact.
900	B. Any state which joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption
901	of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact
902	becomes law in that state. Any rule which has been previously adopted by the
903	Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes
904	law in that state.
905	C. Any Compact State may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute
906	repealing the same.
907	1. A Compact State's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after
908	enactment of the repealing statute.
909	2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing State's
910	Psychology Regulatory Authority to comply with the investigative and Adverse
911	Action reporting requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
912	D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any
913	psychology licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a Compact
914	State and a Non-Compact State which does not conflict with the provisions of this
915	Compact.

916	E. This Compact may be amended by the Compact States. No amendment to this
917	Compact shall become effective and binding upon any Compact State until it is enacted
918	into the law of all Compact States.
919	ARTICLE XIV
920	CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
921	This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. If
922	this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state member thereto, the
923	Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining Compact States."
924	SECTION 4.
925	All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.