The House Committee on Small Business Development offers the following substitute to SB 2:

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1	To amend Chapter 60 of Title 36, Chapter 1 of Title 43, and Title 50 of the Official Code of
2	Georgia Annotated, relating to general provisions applicable to counties and municipal
3	corporations, general provisions regarding professions and businesses, and state government
4	respectively, so as to modify the imposition of regulations on businesses and professions a
5	the state and local levels; to provide for definitions; to provide for schedules of fees and
6	timelines for permits, licenses, and other regulatory requirements; to provide for reduced fees
7	when such deadlines are not met; to provide for expedited processing of licenses and permits
8	to provide for certain transferred professional licenses; to provide for exceptions; to
9	streamline the collection of personal information; to provide for notices and timing for
10	certain regulatory inspections; to revise the procedure by which a state agency modifies its
11	rules; to change the vote requirement for legislative objections to proposed rule making; to
12	provide a short title; to provide for related matters; to provide for effective dates; to repeat

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

15 SECTION 1.

conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

- 16 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "FAST Act Fairness, Accountability,
- 17 Simplification, and Transparency Empowering Our Small Businesses to Succeed."

18 SECTION 2.

- 19 Chapter 60 of Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general
- 20 provisions applicable to counties and municipal corporations, is amended by adding a new
- 21 Code section to read as follows:
- 22 "<u>36-60-27.</u>

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- 23 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 24 (1) 'Administrative fee' means a component of an occupation tax which approximates the
- 25 <u>reasonable cost of handling and processing the occupation tax.</u>

26 (2) 'Alternative permitting, review, or inspection' means the processes provided for in

- 27 <u>Code Section 8-2-26.</u>
- 28 (3) 'Occupation tax' means a tax levied on persons, partnerships, corporations, or other
- 29 <u>entities for engaging in an occupation, profession, or business and enacted by a local</u>
- 30 government as a revenue-raising ordinance or resolution.
- 31 (4) 'Regulatory fees' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code Section 48-13-5.
- 32 (5) 'Regulatory requirement' means an ordinance, resolution, rule, or regulation that
- 33 <u>affects an occupation, a profession, or the establishment or operation of a business.</u>
- 34 (b) Each county or municipality which imposes regulatory fees or regulatory requirements
- 35 within its jurisdiction shall establish a schedule of such regulatory fees and regulatory
- 36 requirements within its jurisdiction which shall include timelines necessary for processing
- 37 <u>completed applications and a list of all documentation related to such regulatory</u>
- 38 <u>requirements.</u>
- 39 (c)(1) Upon receipt of any application related to regulatory requirements that necessitates
- 40 <u>a regulatory fee, a county or municipality shall require the applicant to pay only 50</u>
- 41 <u>percent of regulatory fees due.</u>
- 42 (2) Each county or municipality shall notify each applicant upon receipt and verification
- 43 <u>that an application is complete.</u>
- 44 (3) Whenever a county or municipality does not meet an established deadline for
- 45 processing a completed application, the regulatory fees associated with such deadline
- shall be reduced by 10 percent of the original fee for each ten business days that the
- 47 <u>county or municipality fails to meet its established deadline.</u>
- 48 (4)(A) Upon approval of an application, each county or municipality shall notify and
- inform the applicant of the amount of regulatory fees due, reduced by the amount, if
- any, required by paragraph (3) of this subsection, and shall require payment of such
- 51 <u>fees due prior to the issuance of any license, certificate, or permit.</u>
- 52 (B) If the amount of regulatory fees due has been reduced by more than 50 percent of
- 53 the original fee, such county or municipality shall issue the license, certificate, or
- 54 permit along with any refund of regulatory fees due to the applicant.
- 55 (5) Any delay in the processing of an application outside the control of the county or
- 56 <u>municipality that is processing the application and that is directly caused by or</u>
- 57 <u>attributable to a natural disaster, a state of emergency, a mandated federal or state agency</u>
- 58 review or approval, or through fault of the applicant shall not count toward days for the
- 59 purposes of this subsection; provided, however, that the possibility of such delay is
- included in the schedule required pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section.
- 61 (6) Whenever a county or municipality does not meet an established deadline for
- 62 processing a completed application, an applicant may elect to use the alternative

permitting, review, or inspection process and the county or municipality shall not collect any additional amounts for such application in excess of 50 percent of the original fee that was due upon application.

- 66 (d) Each county or municipality which imposes regulatory requirements shall establish an
- 67 expedited licensing and permitting process which will give priority processing for such
- 68 <u>licenses or permits for which the county or municipality is authorized to charge an</u>
- 69 <u>additional fee in an amount not to exceed two times the regulatory fee for the license or</u>
- 70 permit for which the applicant is requesting expedited processing. The expedited licensing
- and permitting process shall remain subject to the conditions imposed by subsection (c) of
- this Code section and paragraph (6) of Code Section 48-13-5.
- 73 (e) Each county or municipality in this state shall annually review its activities which
- 74 require the collection of personal information and determine whether such information
- 75 could be shared with or acquired from other agencies of government rather than requiring
- 76 <u>licensed or regulated individuals or entities to provide such information to multiple</u>
- 77 <u>agencies</u>.
- 78 (f) This Code section shall not apply to any proprietary function of a county or
- 79 <u>municipality.</u>
- 80 (g) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to create a private cause of action in
- any person or entity other than the applicant for the license or permit.
- 82 (h) To the extent, if any, that a provision of this Code section prevents a county or
- 83 <u>municipality from receiving federal funds, such provision shall not apply."</u>

SECTION 3.

- 85 Chapter 1 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general
- 86 provisions regarding professions and businesses, is amended by revising Code Section
- 87 43-1-8, which is reserved, as follows:
- 88 "43-1-8.
- 89 (a)(1) Each professional licensing board established pursuant to this title shall, not later
- 90 than January 1, 2019, or six months after the creation of such board, whichever is later,
- 91 <u>establish provisions for the issuance of transferred licenses to individuals whose domicile</u>
- 92 <u>is located in this state who have been licensed for such profession in another state whose</u>
- 93 <u>criteria for licensing has been determined by such board to meet or exceed the</u>
- 94 qualifications for licensing in this state; provided, however, that, if a professional
- 95 <u>licensing board promulgates by rule that the issuance of such transferred licenses would</u>
- 96 pose a significant danger to the life, health, or safety of the public, then the board shall
- 97 <u>not be required to issue such transferred licenses.</u>

(2) A transferred license shall not be issued to an individual whose comparable license
 is suspended or revoked.

- (b) Each professional licensing board established pursuant to this title shall, not later than
- January 1, 2019, or six months after the creation of such board, whichever is later, review
- its activities which require the collection of personal information and determine whether
- such information could be shared with or acquired from other government agencies rather
- than requiring licensed or regulated individuals and businesses to provide such information
- to multiple agencies.
- (c)(1) Each professional licensing board which engages in site visits for the purpose of
- verifying compliance with its rules and regulations by licensees shall only make such site
- visits after providing reasonable notice to the licensee of the date and time of such site
- 109 <u>visit. Such site visits shall be scheduled during nonpeak hours of the licensee to</u>
- minimize disruption of the licensee's business.
- 111 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, surprise visits or inspections
- related to health, safety, or welfare may continue unabated.
- 113 (d) During each interaction with a licensee, each professional licensing board shall offer
- to provide information on how such licensee can participate in the rule-making processes
- of the board and how to request waivers or variances from related rules and regulations, if
- any are available.
- 117 (e) To the extent, if any, that a provision of this Code section prevents a professional
- licensing board from receiving federal funds, such provision shall not apply. Reserved."

## 119 **SECTION 4.**

- 120 Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to state government, is amended
- in Chapter 1, relating to general provisions regarding state government, by adding a new
- 122 Code section to read as follows:
- 123 "<u>50-1-10.</u>
- 124 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Regulatory fee' means payments, whether designated as license fees, permit fees, or
- by another name, which are required by a state agency as a part of or as an aid to
- regulation of an occupation, profession, or business.
- 128 (2) 'Regulatory requirement' means an ordinance, resolution, rule, or regulation that
- affects an occupation, a profession, or the establishment or operation of a business.
- (3) 'State agency' means every state department, agency, bureau, office, commission,
- public corporation, and authority.
- (b) Each state agency which imposes regulatory fees or regulatory requirements within its
- jurisdiction shall establish a schedule of such regulatory fees and regulatory requirements

18 LC 43 0893ERS 134 which shall include timelines necessary for processing completed applications and a list of 135 all documentation related to such regulatory requirements. 136 (c)(1) Each state agency shall notify each applicant upon receipt and verification that an 137 application is complete. 138 (2) Whenever a state agency does not meet an established deadline for processing a 139 completed application, the regulatory fees associated with such deadline shall be reduced 140 by 10 percent of the original fee for each ten business days that the state agency fails to 141 meet its established deadline. 142 (3) Upon approval of an application, each state agency shall notify and inform the 143 applicant of the amount of regulatory fees due, reduced by the amount, if any, required by paragraph (2) of this subsection, and shall issue the license, certificate, or permit along 144 145 with any refund of regulatory fees due to the applicant. 146 (4) Any delay in the processing of an application outside the control of the state agency that is processing the application and that is directly caused by or attributable to a natural 147 148 disaster, a state of emergency, a mandated federal review or approval, another state 149 agency's review or approval, or through fault of the applicant shall not count toward days 150 for the purposes of this subsection; provided, however, that the possibility of such delay 151 is included in the schedule required pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section. 152 (d) Each state agency which imposes regulatory requirements shall establish an expedited licensing and permitting process which will give priority processing for such licenses or 153 154 permits for which the state agency is authorized to charge an additional fee in an amount 155 not to exceed two times the regulatory fee for the license or permit for which the applicant 156 is requesting expedited processing. The expedited licensing and permitting process shall 157 remain subject to the conditions imposed by subsection (c) of this Code section. 158 (e) Each state agency shall annually review its activities which require the collection of 159 personal information and determine whether such information could be shared with or 160 acquired from other agencies of government rather than requiring licensed or regulated 161 individuals or entities to provide such information to multiple agencies. (f)(1) Each state agency which engages in site visits for the purpose of verifying 162 compliance with its rules and regulations by licensees shall only make such site visits after providing reasonable notice to the licensee of the date and time of such site visit.

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- When possible, such site visits shall be scheduled during nonpeak hours of the licensee 165
- 166 to minimize disruption of the licensee's business.
- 167 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, surprise visits or inspections
- related to health, safety, or welfare may continue unabated. 168
- (g) Nothing in this Code section shall be applicable to: 169
- 170 (1) Any regulatory requirement under the authority of the office of the Secretary of State:

171 (2) The licensing and permitting duties of the Environmental Protection Division of the

- Department of Natural Resources under Title 12;
- 173 (3) The responsibilities of the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of
- Natural Resources for licensing and permitting or other delegated duties under the federal
- 175 <u>Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, or any other federal statute or regulation, or under a</u>
- contract or agreement with the United States Army Corps of Engineers;
- 177 <u>(4) Title 43; or</u>
- 178 <u>(5) Chapter 5 of Title 10.</u>
- (h) Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to create a private cause of action in
- any person or entity other than the applicant for the license or permit.
- (i) During each interaction with a regulated entity, each state agency shall offer to provide
- information on how such regulated entity can participate in the rule-making processes of
- 183 <u>the state agency and how to request waivers or variances from related rules and regulations,</u>
- if any are available.
- 185 (j) To the extent, if any, that a provision of this Code section prevents a state agency from
- receiving federal funds, such provision shall not apply."

187 **SECTION 5.** 

- 188 Said title is further amended in Code Section 50-13-4, relating to procedural requirements
- 189 for adoption, amendment, or repeal of rules, emergency rules, limitation on action to contest
- rule, and legislative override, by revising subsections (a) and (f) and by adding a new
- 191 subsection to read as follows:

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- 192 "(a) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule, other than interpretive rules
- or general statements of policy, the agency shall:
- 194 (1) Give at least 30 days' notice of its intended action intent to modify its rules. The
- notice shall include an exact copy of the proposed rule modification to its rules and a
- synopsis of the proposed <del>rule</del> modification to its rules. The synopsis shall be distributed
- with and in the same manner as the proposed rule modification to its rules. The synopsis
- shall contain a statement of the purpose and the main features of the proposed <del>rule, and,</del>
- in the case of a proposed amendatory rule, the synopsis also shall indicate modification
- 200 <u>to its rules, and, when applicable,</u> the differences between the existing rule and the

proposed rule. The notice shall also include the exact date on which the agency shall

- consider the adoption, amendment, or repeal of the rule and shall include the time and
- place in order that interested persons may present their views thereon. The notice shall
- also contain a citation to and concise explanation of the statutory authority pursuant to
- which the rule is proposed for adoption, amendment, or repeal and, if the proposal is an
- amendment or repeal of an existing rule, the rule modification to the rules shall be clearly

207 identified. The notice shall be mailed to all persons who have requested in writing that 208 they be placed upon a mailing list which shall be maintained by the agency for advance 209 notice of its rule-making proceedings and who have tendered the actual cost of such 210 mailing as from time to time estimated by the agency. Such notice shall also be 211 published on the agency's web page and sent to each individual or entity regulated by the 212 agency by e-mail to the extent the agency has a record of a valid e-mail address for such 213 individual or entity; (1.1) Prepare an economic impact analysis for each proposed modification to its rules 214 215 that would affect revenue for or require expenditures by the state or a local government 216 which shall state the name and title of the officer or employee responsible for its preparation or approval and which shall state for each year of the first five years that the 217 218 proposed rule would be in effect: (A) The additional estimated costs to the state and to local governments as a result of 219 enforcing or administering the rules as modified; 220 221 (B) The estimated reduction in costs to the state and to local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the rules as modified; 222 (C) The estimated loss or increase in revenue to the state or to local governments as a 223 224 result of enforcing or administering the rules as modified; and 225 (D) If applicable, that enforcement or administration of the rules as modified would not have foreseeable implications relating to costs or revenues of the state or local 226 227 governments; 228 (1.2) Prepare a note about public benefits and costs showing the name and title of the 229 officer or employee responsible for preparing or approving the note and stating for each 230 year of the first five years that the proposed modification to its rules would be in effect: 231 (A) The public benefits expected as a result of the modification of its rules; and (B) The probable economic costs to persons required to comply with the rules as 232 233 modified; 234 (2) Afford to all interested persons reasonable opportunity to submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. In the case of substantive rules, opportunity for oral 235 hearing must be granted if requested by 25 persons who will be directly affected by the 236 proposed rule, by a governmental subdivision, or by an association having not less 237 238 than 25 members. The agency shall consider fully all written and oral submissions respecting the proposed rule. Upon adoption of a rule, the agency, if requested to do so 239 by an interested person either prior to adoption or within 30 days thereafter, shall issue 240 241 a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption and incorporate 242 therein its reason for overruling the consideration urged against its adoption;

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(3) In the formulation and adoption of any rule which will have an economic impact on businesses in the state, reduce the economic impact of the rule on small businesses which are independently owned and operated, are not dominant in their field, and employ 100 employees or less by implementing one or more of the following actions when it is legal and feasible in meeting the stated objectives of the statutes which are the basis of the proposed rule:

- (A) Establish differing compliance or reporting requirements or timetables for small businesses;
- 251 (B) Clarify, consolidate, or simplify the compliance and reporting requirements under 252 the rule for small businesses;
  - (C) Establish performance rather than design standards for small businesses; or
  - (D) Exempt small businesses from any or all requirements of the rules; and
  - (4) In the formulation and adoption of any rule, an agency shall choose an alternative that does not impose excessive regulatory costs on any regulated person or entity which costs could be reduced by a less expensive alternative that fully accomplishes the stated objectives of the statutes which are the basis of the proposed rule.
  - (a.1) Paragraphs (1.1) and (1.2) of subsection (a) of this Code section shall not apply to an agency adopting, amending, or repealing a rule that is related to a program that has been delegated to the state by the federal government."
    - "(f)(1) In the event a standing committee to which a notice is assigned as provided in subsection (e) of this Code section files an objection which has been approved by a majority vote of such committee to a proposed rule prior to its adoption and the agency adopts the proposed rule over the objection, the rule may be considered by the branch of the General Assembly whose committee objected to its adoption by the introduction of a resolution for the purpose of overriding the rule at any time within the first 30 days of the next regular session of the General Assembly. It shall be the duty of any agency which adopts a proposed rule over such objection so to notify the presiding officers of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the chairpersons of the Senate and House committees to which the rule was referred, and the legislative counsel within ten days after the adoption of the rule. In the event the resolution is adopted by such branch of the General Assembly, it shall be immediately transmitted to the other branch of the General Assembly. It shall be the duty of the presiding officer of the other branch of the General Assembly to have such branch, within five days after the receipt of the resolution, to consider the resolution for the purpose of overriding the rule. In the event the resolution is adopted by two-thirds a majority of the votes of each branch of the General Assembly, the rule shall be void on the day after the adoption of the resolution by the second branch of the General Assembly. In the event the resolution is ratified by less than two-thirds

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of the votes of either branch, the resolution shall be submitted to the Governor for his or her approval or veto. In the event of his or her veto, the rule shall remain in effect. In the event of his or her approval, the rule shall be void on the day after the date of his or her approval.

(2) In the event each standing committee to which a notice is assigned as provided in subsection (e) of this Code section files an objection to a proposed rule prior to its adoption by a two-thirds' vote of the members of the committee who were voting members on the tenth day of the current session, after having given public notice of the time, place, and purpose of such vote at least 48 hours in advance, as well as the opportunity for members of the public including the promulgating agency, to have a reasonable time to comment on the proposed committee action at the hearing, the effectiveness of such rule shall be stayed until the next legislative session at which time the rule may be considered by the General Assembly by the introduction of a resolution in either branch of the General Assembly for the purpose of overriding the rule at any time within the first 30 days of the next regular session of the General Assembly. In the event the resolution is adopted by the branch of the General Assembly in which it was introduced, it shall be immediately transmitted to the other branch of the General Assembly. It shall be the duty of the presiding officer of the other branch of the General Assembly to have such branch, within five days after the receipt of the resolution, to consider the resolution for the purpose of overriding the rule. In the event the resolution is adopted by two-thirds a majority of the votes of each branch of the General Assembly, the rule shall be void on the day after the adoption of the resolution by the second branch of the General Assembly. In the event the resolution is ratified by less than two-thirds of the votes of either branch, the resolution shall be submitted to the Governor for his or her approval or veto. In the event of his or her veto, the rule shall remain in effect. In the event of his or her approval, the rule shall be void on the day after the date of his or her approval. If after the thirtieth legislative day of the legislative session of which the challenged rule was to be considered the General Assembly has not considered an override of the challenged rule pursuant to this subsection, the rule shall then immediately take effect."

310 **SECTION 6.** 

- 311 (a) This section and sections 5 and 7 of this Act shall become effective July 1, 2018.
- 312 (b) Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this Act shall become effective January 1, 2019.

313 **SECTION 7.** 

314 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.