The Senate Committee on Judiciary offered the following substitute to HB 791:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

| To amend Chapter 21 of Title 50, Part 1 of Article 3 of Chapter 3 of Title 23, and Code |
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| Section 5-6-34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to waiver of sovereign |
| immunity as to actions ex contractu and state tort claims, conventional quia timet, and |
| judgments and rulings deemed directly appealable, respectively, so as to provide for a limited |
| waiver of sovereign immunity for declaratory or injunctive relief under certain |
| circumstances; to provide for definitions; to provide for exceptions; to provide for appeals; |
| to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date and applicability; to repeal |
| conflicting laws; and for other purposes. |
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| BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA: |
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| PART I |
| SECTION 1-1. |
| Chapter 21 of Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to waiver of |
| sovereign immunity as to actions ex contractu and state tort claims, is amended by adding |
| a new article to read as follows: |
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| "ARTICLE 3 |
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| <u>50-21-50.</u> |
| As used in this article, the term: |
| (1) 'Governmental entity' means a department, agency, division, bureau, board, |
| commission, authority, office, association, or committee. |
| (2)(A) 'Officer or employee' means, whether with or without compensation, any natural |
| <u>person who is:</u> |
| (i) Elected to a state office; |

(ii) Appointed to a state governmental entity; or

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| 24 | (iii) Employed by the state or a state governmental entity. |
| 25 | (B) Such term shall not include an independent contractor doing business with this |
| 26 | state or a state governmental entity. |
| 27 | (3) 'Penal institution' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code Section 42-1-5. |
| 28 | (4) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership, firm, business trust, |
| 29 | joint-stock company, association, syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, and any |
| 30 | unincorporated association or group, but such term shall not include a county, municipal |
| 31 | corporation, consolidated government, school district, hospital authority, housing or other |
| 32 | local authority, or any other unit of local government. |
| 33 | (5) 'State' means the State of Georgia, but such term shall not include a county, |
| 34 | municipal corporation, consolidated government, school district, hospital authority, |
| 35 | housing or other local authority, or any other unit of local government. |
| 36 | (6) 'State mental health facility' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code Section |
| 37 | <u>37-1-1.</u> |
| 38 | (7) 'State statute' means a title, chapter, article, part, subpart, Code section, or part thereof |
| 39 | that is codified in this Code or has become law and will be codified in this Code. |
| 40 | (8) 'Suit' means a civil lawsuit or legal proceeding that contains one or more claims. |
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| 41 | <u>50-21-51.</u> |
| 42 | (a) If notice is provided in strict compliance with Code Section 50-21-54, sovereign |
| 43 | immunity is hereby waived as to any claim that: |
| 44 | (1) Is brought by a person in the courts of this state against this state, a state |
| 45 | governmental entity, or an officer or employee in his or her official capacity; and |
| 46 | (2) Seeks prospective declaratory or injunctive relief from the enforcement of a state |
| 47 | statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia. |
| 48 | (b) This Code section shall not waive sovereign immunity as to any claim: |
| 49 | (1) For which a state statute explicitly prohibits such waiver; |
| 50 | (2) For monetary relief, attorney's fees, or expenses of litigation except as provided in |
| 51 | Code Section 9-15-14; |
| 52 | (3) Challenging past conduct of this state, a state governmental entity, or an officer or |
| 53 | employee; |
| 54 | (4) Seeking declaratory or injunctive relief related to a contract to which this state, a state |
| 55 | governmental entity, or an officer or employee in his or her official capacity is a party; |
| 56 | (5) Alleging a violation of federal law; |
| 57 | (6) Brought in a court of the United States; or |

(7) Brought by, or on behalf of, an individual in a penal institution or a state mental

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health facility.

- 60 <u>50-21-52.</u>
- This article shall not:
- (1) Create, imply, or otherwise provide a stand-alone private right of action;
- 63 (2) Alter or amend any other waiver of sovereign immunity provided by state statute;
- 64 (3) Toll or extend any applicable period of limitations; or
- 65 (4) Alter or amend any other legal requirement for filing a suit or obtaining relief,
- 66 <u>including, but not limited to, jurisdiction, standing, exhaustion of administrative or other</u>
- 67 remedies, notice requirements, and defenses to or limitations on the exercise of equitable
- 68 <u>jurisdiction.</u>
- 69 50-21-53.

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- Any suit against the state, a state governmental entity, or an officer or employee that
- 71 contains a claim that challenges a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution
 - of Georgia shall name only the state, the state governmental entity that is charged with
- enforcing such statute, the officer or employee in his or her official capacity who is charged
- with enforcing such statute, or a combination thereof. If an officer or employee is named
- in such suit in his or her individual capacity, the court shall substitute as the party
- defendant such officer or employee in his or her official capacity.
- 77 <u>50-21-54.</u>
- 78 (a) Except as provided in Code Section 50-21-55, no suit against the state, a state
- governmental entity, or an officer or employee that contains a claim that challenges a state
- statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia shall be commenced, and the
- 81 courts of this state shall not have jurisdiction thereof, until 30 days after the date that a
- written notice is provided in strict compliance with this Code section.
- 83 (b) No person shall file a suit containing a claim that challenges a state statute on the basis
- 84 <u>that it violates the Constitution of Georgia without first giving written notice by:</u>
- 85 (1) To the extent of the putative plaintiff's knowledge and belief, and as may be
- practicable under the circumstances, providing:
- 87 (A) Identification of the specific state statute being challenged;
- 88 (B) The name of the state governmental entity that is charged with enforcing the state
- 89 <u>statute being challenged or the officer or employee who is charged with enforcing such</u>
- 90 <u>statute</u>;
- 91 (C) The effective date of such statute being challenged; and
- 92 (D) The nature of the relief being sought;
- 93 (2) Providing such notice to the Attorney General by:
- 94 (A) Mailing it to the Attorney General by certified mail, return receipt requested;

| 95 | (B) Sending it to the Attorney General by statutory overnight delivery; or |
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| 96 | (C) Delivering it personally to the Attorney General's designee in the State Law |
| 97 | Department and obtaining a receipt of such delivery; and |
| 98 | (3) Using one of the methods identified in paragraph (2) of this subsection, providing a |
| 99 | copy of such notice to the: |
| 100 | (A) State governmental entity that is charged with enforcing the state statute being |
| 101 | challenged, if a claim is being made against such entity; and |
| 102 | (B) Officer or employee who is charged with enforcing the challenged state statute, if |
| 103 | a claim is being made against such officer or employee. |
| 104 | (c) A state governmental entity shall designate an individual to whom notice shall be |
| 105 | provided under paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of this Code section for claims made against |
| 106 | such entity or against any officer or employee thereof and shall provide such information, |
| 107 | orally or in writing, upon request. |
| 108 | (d) Providing notice pursuant to this Code section shall neither toll nor extend any |
| 109 | applicable period of limitations. |
| 110 | (e) This Code section shall not apply to a claim seeking a declaratory judgment that a state |
| 111 | statute violates the Constitution of Georgia when such claim arises in relation to a pending |
| 112 | suit not against the state. In such circumstances, the party challenging the state statute shall |
| 113 | comply with the notice requirement of subsection (c) of Code Section 9-4-7. |
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| 114 | <u>50-21-55.</u> |
| 114115 | 50-21-55.(a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) |
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| 115 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) |
| 115 116 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: |
| 115116117 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to |
| 115116117118 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the |
| 115 116 117 118 119 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm to the applicant. |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm to the applicant. (b) When a court shortens or waives the notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm to the applicant. (b) When a court shortens or waives the notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54, compliance with subsection (b) of Code Section 50-21-54 shall |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm to the applicant. (b) When a court shortens or waives the notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54, compliance with subsection (b) of Code Section 50-21-54 shall |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm to the applicant. (b) When a court shortens or waives the notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54, compliance with subsection (b) of Code Section 50-21-54 shall still be required. |
| 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 | (a) A court may shorten or waive the 30 day notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 if: (1) An application for interlocutory injunction or temporary restraining order seeking to enjoin or restrain enforcement of a state statute on the basis that it violates the Constitution of Georgia is filed contemporaneously with a suit for which notice is required by Code Section 50-21-54; and (2) It clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or verified complaint that compliance with subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54 will result in irreparable harm to the applicant. (b) When a court shortens or waives the notice requirement set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 50-21-54, compliance with subsection (b) of Code Section 50-21-54 shall still be required. |

| 130 | Failure to comply strictly with this subsection shall result in the court dismissing such suit |
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| 131 | without prejudice, either sua sponte or upon the state raising such issue by motion. |
| 132 | (b) Any complaint or other legal document initiating a suit for which notice is required by |
| 133 | Code Section 50-21-54 shall have attached thereto as exhibits a copy of such notice and a |
| 134 | copy of the certified mail return receipt, statutory overnight delivery receipt, or receipt for |
| 135 | personal delivery. Failure to attach such exhibits must be cured within 30 days of filing |
| 136 | suit or shall result in the court dismissing such suit without prejudice, either sua sponte or |
| 137 | upon the state raising such issue by motion. |
| 138 | (c) A dismissal under this Code section shall not extend any applicable period of |
| 139 | <u>limitations.</u> " |
| 140 | PART II |
| 140 | SECTION 2-1. |
| 141 | SECTION 2-1. |
| 142 | Part 1 of Article 3 of Chapter 3 of Title 23 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, |
| 143 | relating to conventional quia timet, is amended by revising Code Section 23-3-41, relating |
| 144 | to when relief is granted and costs, as follows: |
| 145 | "23-3-41. |
| 146 | (a) In all proceedings quia timet or proceedings to remove clouds upon titles to real estate, |
| 147 | if a proper case is made, the relief sought shall be granted to any complainant irrespective |
| 148 | of whether the invalidity of the instrument sought to be canceled appears upon the face of |
| 149 | the instrument or whether the invalidity appears or arises solely from facts outside of the |
| 150 | instrument. |
| 151 | (b) In Except as provided in Code Section 23-3-45, in such cases the costs shall be taxed |
| 152 | against the litigants in the discretion of the court." |
| 152 | CECTION 2.2 |
| 153 | SECTION 2-2. |
| 154 | Said part is further amended by adding two new Code sections to read as follows: |
| 155 | " <u>23-3-45.</u> |
| 156 | Sovereign immunity is waived as to any claim, counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party |
| 157 | claim brought in the courts of this state by an aggrieved person seeking a declaratory |
| 158 | judgment or injunctive relief under this part; provided, however, that sovereign immunity |
| 159 | is not waived as to any claim for monetary relief, attorney's fees, or expenses of litigation |
| 160 | that are included in or related to such claim, counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim. |

161 <u>23-3-46.</u>

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a proceeding under this part involving title to property or an instrument held by the state or any department, agency, commission, board, authority, or entity thereof shall also be served on the Attorney General. When the Attorney General does not file a responsive pleading to an action filed pursuant to this part, the court shall accept this state's acquiescence to the petitioner's claim for declaratory judgment or injunctive relief."

168 PART III

SECTION 3-1.

Code Section 5-6-34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to judgments and rulings deemed directly appealable, is amended in subsection (a) by deleting "and" at the end of paragraph (12), by replacing the period with "; and" at the end of paragraph (13), and by adding a new paragraph to read as follows:

"(14) All judgments, orders, or rulings denying or refusing to grant immunity to one or more parties based upon sovereign, official, qualified, or any other immunity established by the Constitution of Georgia or laws of this state, when such party is a state governmental entity or an officer or employee, as such terms are defined in Code Section 50-21-50."

179 PART IV

SECTION 4-1.

This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval and shall apply to all claims arising on or after such date.

SECTION 4-2.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.