

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 160

To end the use of corporal punishment in schools, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 3, 2017

Mr. Hastings introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

To end the use of corporal punishment in schools, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ending Corporal Pun-
- 5 ishment in Schools Act of 2017".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Behavioral interventions for children must
- 9 promote the right of all children to be treated with
- dignity. All children have the right to be free from
- any corporal punishment.

- (2) Safe, effective, evidence-based strategies are available to support children who display challenging behaviors in school settings.
 - (3) School personnel have the right to work in a safe environment and should be provided training and support to prevent injury and trauma to themselves and others.
 - (4) According to the Department of Education's Technical Assistance Center on School-Wide Positive Behavior Interventions and Support, outcomes associated with school-wide positive behavior support are: decreased office discipline referrals, increased instructional time, decreased administrator time spent on discipline issues, efficient and effective use of scarce resources, and increased perception of school safety and sustainability through a team approach.
 - (5) Every 30 seconds during the school year, a public school student is corporally punished.
 - (6) Nineteen States continue to permit corporal punishment in public schools.
 - (7) According to Department of Education statistics, each year in the United States, hundreds of thousands of school children are subjected to corporal punishment in public schools. School corporal punishment is usually executed in the form of "pad-

- dling", or striking students with a wooden paddle on their buttocks or legs, which can result in abrasions, bruising, severe muscle injury, hematomas, whiplash damage, life-threatening hemorrhages, and other medical complications that may require hospitalization.
- 7 (8) Gross racial disparity exists in the execution 8 of corporal punishment of public school children, and 9 African-American schoolchildren are disproportion-10 ately corporally punished. The most recent available 11 statistics show that African-American students make 12 up 18 percent of the national student population, 13 but comprise 40 percent of all students subjected to 14 physical punishment at school. Black children are 15 nearly two-and-a-half times more likely to be cor-16 porally punished than White children, and nearly 17 eight times more likely to be corporally punished 18 than Hispanic children.

19 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

- The purposes of this Act are to—
- 21 (1) eliminate the use of corporal punishment in schools;
- 23 (2) ensure the safety of all students and school 24 personnel in schools and promote a positive school 25 culture and climate; and

1	(3) assist States, local educational agencies,
2	and schools in identifying and implementing effective
3	evidence-based models to prevent and reduce—
4	(A) corporal punishment in schools; and
5	(B) aversive behavior interventions that
6	compromise health.
7	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION AGAINST CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.
8	Subpart 4 of part C of the General Education Provi-
9	sions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232f et seq.) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following:
11	"SEC. 448. PROHIBITION AGAINST CORPORAL PUNISH-
12	MENT.
13	"(a) General Prohibition.—No funds shall be
14	made available under any applicable program to any edu-
15	cational agency or institution, including a local edu-
16	cational agency or State educational agency, that has a
17	policy or practice which allows school personnel to inflict
	poncy of practice which allows school personner to minet
18	corporal punishment upon a student—
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	corporal punishment upon a student—
19	corporal punishment upon a student— "(1) as a form of punishment; or
19 20	corporal punishment upon a student— "(1) as a form of punishment; or "(2) for the purpose of modifying undesirable
19 20 21	corporal punishment upon a student— "(1) as a form of punishment; or "(2) for the purpose of modifying undesirable behavior.
19 20 21 22	corporal punishment upon a student— "(1) as a form of punishment; or "(2) for the purpose of modifying undesirable behavior. "(b) Local Educational Agencies.—

- cy that is prohibited under subsection (a) from receiving funds under any applicable program, a local educational agency that is not prohibited under subsection (a) from receiving such funds may apply directly to the Secretary to receive funds under the program.
- "(2) CERTIFICATION.—Each local educational agency applying directly to the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall certify in such application that the agency is not prohibited under subsection (a) from receiving funds under any applicable program. "(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
- 13 tion shall be construed to preclude school personnel from 14 using, within the scope of employment, reasonable re-15 straint to the lightest possible degree upon a student, if—
 - "(1) the student's behavior poses an imminent danger of physical injury to the student, school personnel, or others;
 - "(2) less restrictive interventions would be ineffective in stopping such imminent danger of physical injury; and
- 22 "(3) the reasonable restraint ends immediately 23 upon the cessation of the conditions described in 24 paragraphs (1) and (2).
- 25 "(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

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1	"(1) the term 'corporal punishment' has the
2	meaning given such term in section 12 of the End-
3	ing Corporal Punishment in Schools Act of 2017;
4	"(2) the term 'educational agency or institution'
5	means any public or private agency or institution
6	which is the recipient, or serves students who are re-
7	cipients of, funds under any applicable program;
8	"(3) the terms 'local educational agency' and
9	'State educational agency' have the meanings given
10	such terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and
11	Secondary Education Act of 1965;
12	"(4) the term 'school personnel' has the mean-
13	ing given such term in section 12 of the Ending Cor-
14	poral Punishment in Schools Act of 2017; and
15	"(5) the term 'student' includes any person who
16	is in attendance at an educational agency or institu-
17	tion.".
18	SEC. 5. STATE PLAN AND ENFORCEMENT.
19	(a) State Plan.—Not later than 18 months after
20	the date of enactment of this Act and every third year
21	thereafter, each State educational agency shall submit to
22	the Secretary a State plan that provides—
23	(1) assurances to the Secretary that the State
24	has in effect policies and procedures that eliminate

the use of corporal punishment in schools;

1	(2) a description of the State's policies and pro-
2	cedures; and
3	(3) a description of the State plans to ensure
4	school personnel and parents, including private
5	school personnel and parents, are aware of the
6	State's policies and procedures.
7	(b) Enforcement.—
8	(1) In general.—
9	(A) Use of remedies.—If a State edu-
10	cational agency fails to comply with subsection
11	(a), the Secretary shall—
12	(i) withhold, in whole or in part, fur-
13	ther payments under an applicable pro-
14	gram (as such term is defined in section
15	400(e) of the General Education Provi-
16	sions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221)) in accordance
17	with section 455 of such Act (20 U.S.C.
18	1234d);
19	(ii) enter into a compliance agreement
20	in accordance with section 457 of the Gen-
21	eral Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C.
22	1234f); or
23	(iii) issue a complaint to compel com-
24	pliance of the State educational agency
25	through a cease and desist order, in the

- same manner the Secretary is authorized to take such action under section 456 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1234e).
 - (B) CESSATION OF WITHHOLDING OF FUNDS.—Whenever the Secretary determines (whether by certification or other appropriate evidence) that a State educational agency that is subject to the withholding of payments under subparagraph (A)(i) has cured the failure providing the basis for the withholding of payments, the Secretary shall cease the withholding of payments with respect to the State educational agency under such subparagraph.
 - (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the Secretary's authority under the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.).
- 19 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-20 tion shall be construed to preclude school personnel from 21 using, within the scope of employment, reasonable re-22 straint to the lightest possible degree upon a student, if—
- 23 (1) the student's behavior poses an imminent 24 danger of physical injury to the student, school per-25 sonnel, or others;

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- 1 (2) less restrictive interventions would be inef-2 fective in stopping such imminent danger of physical 3 injury; and 4 (3) the reasonable restraint ends immediately 5 upon the cessation of the conditions described in
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paragraphs (1) and (2).

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7 SEC. 6. GRANT AUTHORITY.

- 8 (a) In General.—From the amount appropriated
- 9 under section 11, the Secretary may award grants to State
- 10 educational agencies to assist the agencies in improving
- 11 school climate and culture by implementing school-wide
- 12 positive behavior support approaches.
- 13 (b) DURATION OF GRANT.—A grant under this sec-
- 14 tion shall be awarded to a State educational agency for
- 15 a 3-year period.
- 16 (c) APPLICATION.—Each State educational agency
- 17 desiring a grant under this section shall submit an appli-
- 18 cation to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and
- 19 accompanied by such information as the Secretary may
- 20 require, including information on how the State edu-
- 21 cational agency—
- 22 (1) will develop State training programs on
- 23 school-wide positive behavior support approaches,
- such as training programs developed with the assist-
- ance of the Secretary (acting through the Office of

Special Education Programs Technical Assistance
Center on Positive Behavioral Interventions and

Supports of the Department of Education); and

4 (2) will target resources to schools and local 5 educational agencies in need of assistance related to 6 improving school culture and climate through posi-7 tive behavior supports.

(d) AUTHORITY TO MAKE SUBGRANTS.—

- (1) In General.—A State educational agency receiving a grant under this section may use such grant funds to award subgrants, on a competitive basis, to local educational agencies.
- (2) APPLICATION.—A local educational agency desiring to receive a subgrant under this section shall submit an application to the applicable State educational agency at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the State educational agency may require.

(e) Private School Participation.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A local educational agency receiving subgrant funds under this section shall, after timely and meaningful consultation with appropriate private school officials, ensure that private school personnel can participate, on an equitable

- basis, in activities supported by funds under this
 section.
- 3 (2) Public control of funds.—The control
 4 of funds provided under this section, and title to ma5 terials, equipment, and property purchased with
 6 such funds, shall be in a public agency, and a public
 7 agency shall administer such funds, materials, equip8 ment, and property.
- 9 (f) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—A State educational 10 agency receiving a grant, or a local educational agency re-11 ceiving a subgrant, under this section shall use such grant 12 or subgrant funds to carry out the following:
- 13 (1) Developing and implementing high-quality 14 professional development and training programs, 15 such as training programs developed with the assist-16 ance of the Secretary (acting through the Office of 17 Special Education Programs Technical Assistance 18 Center on Positive Behavioral Interventions and 19 Supports of the Department of Education), to imple-20 evidence-based ment systematic approaches 21 school-wide positive behavior supports, including im-22 proving coaching, facilitation, and training capacity 23 for principals and other administrators, teachers, 24 specialized instructional support personnel, 25 other staff.

- 1 (2) Providing technical assistance to develop 2 and implement evidence-based systematic approaches 3 to school-wide positive behavior supports, including 4 technical assistance for data-driven decisionmaking 5 related to behavioral supports and interventions in 6 the classroom and throughout common areas.
 - (3) Researching, evaluating, and disseminating high-quality evidence-based programs and activities that implement school-wide positive behavior supports with fidelity.
 - (4) Supporting other local positive behavior support implementation activities consistent with this subsection, including outreach to families and community agencies and providers, such as mental health authorities.
- 16 (g) EVALUATION AND REPORT.—Each State edu-17 cational agency receiving a grant under this section shall, 18 at the end of the 3-year grant period for such grant, pre-19 pare and submit to the Secretary, a report that—
- 20 (1) evaluates the State's progress toward devel-21 oping and implementing evidence-based systematic 22 approaches to school-wide positive behavior supports; 23 and
- (2) includes such information as the Secretarymay require.

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- 1 (h) DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.—From the
- 2 amount appropriated under section 11, the Secretary may
- 3 allocate funds to the Secretary of the Interior for activities
- 4 under this section with respect to schools operated or
- 5 funded by the Department of the Interior, under such
- 6 terms as the Secretary of Education may prescribe.

7 SEC. 7. NATIONAL ASSESSMENT.

- 8 (a) National Assessment.—The Secretary shall
- 9 carry out a national assessment to—
- 10 (1) determine compliance with the requirements
- of this Act; and
- 12 (2) identify best practices with respect to pro-
- 13 fessional development and training programs carried
- out under section 6, which shall include identifying
- evidence-based school personnel training models with
- demonstrated success (including models that empha-
- 17 size positive behavior supports and de-escalation
- techniques over physical intervention).
- 19 (b) Report.—The Secretary shall submit to the
- 20 Committee on Education and the Workforce of the House
- 21 of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Edu-
- 22 cation, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate—
- 23 (1) an interim report that summarizes the pre-
- liminary findings of the assessment described in sub-

- section (a) not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act; and
- 3 (2) a final report of the findings of the assess-4 ment not later than 5 years after the date of the en-
- 5 actment of this Act.

6 SEC. 8. PROTECTION AND ADVOCACY SYSTEMS.

- 7 Protection and Advocacy Systems shall have the au-
- 8 thority provided under section 143 of the Developmental
- 9 Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42)
- 10 U.S.C. 15043) to investigate, monitor, and enforce protec-
- 11 tions provided for students under this Act and the amend-
- 12 ments made by this Act.

13 SEC. 9. LIMITATION OF AUTHORITY.

- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act shall be con-
- 15 strued to restrict or limit, or allow the Secretary to restrict
- 16 or limit, any other rights or remedies otherwise available
- 17 to students or parents under Federal, State, or local law
- 18 or regulation.

19 (b) Applicability.—

- 20 (1) Private schools.—Nothing in this Act
- shall be construed to affect any private school that
- does not receive, or does not serve students who re-
- ceive, support in any form from any program sup-
- ported, in whole or in part, with funds appropriated
- 25 to the Department of Education.

1	(2) HOME SCHOOLS.—Nothing in this Act shall
2	be construed to—
3	(A) affect a home school, whether or not a
4	home school is treated as a private school or
5	home school under State law; or
6	(B) consider parents who are schooling a
7	child at home as school personnel.
8	SEC. 10. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION ON DATA COLLECTION.
9	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect the
10	collection of information or data with respect to corporal
11	punishment authorized under the statutes and regulations
12	implementing title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
13	U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title IX of the Education Amend-
14	ments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), section 504 of
15	the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794 et seq.),
16	or the Department of Education Organization Act (20
17	U.S.C. 3401 et seq.).
18	SEC. 11. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
20	as may be necessary to carry out this Act for fiscal year
21	2017 and each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years.
22	SEC. 12. DEFINITIONS.
23	In this Act:
24	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "cor-
25	poral punishment" means paddling, spanking, or

- other forms of physical punishment, however light, imposed upon a student.
- 3 (2) EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY.—The
 4 term "educational service agency" has the meaning
 5 given such term in section 8101(18) of the Elemen6 tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
 7 U.S.C. 7801(18)).
 - (3) ELEMENTARY SCHOOL.—The term "elementary school" has the meaning given the term in section 8101(19) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(19)).
 - (4) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term "local educational agency" has the meaning given the term in section 8101(30) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(30)).
 - (5) PARENT.—The term "parent" has the meaning given the term in section 8101(38) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(38)).
 - (6) Positive behavior supports" means a systematic approach to embed evidence-based practices and datadriven decision making to improve school climate and culture, including a range of systemic and indi-

1	vidualized strategies to reinforce desired behaviors
2	and diminish reoccurrence of problem behaviors, in
3	order to achieve improved academic and social out-
4	comes and increase learning for all students, includ-
5	ing those with the most complex and intensive be-
6	havioral needs.
7	(7) Protection and advocacy system.—The
8	term "protection and advocacy system" means a
9	protection and advocacy system established under
10	section 143 of the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
11	ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
12	15043).
13	(8) School.—The term "school" means an en-
14	tity—
15	(A) that—
16	(i) is a public or private—
17	(I) day or residential elementary
18	school or secondary school; or
19	(II) early childhood, elementary
20	school, or secondary school program
21	that is under the jurisdiction of a
22	school, local educational agency, edu-
23	cational service agency, or other edu-
24	cational institution or program; and

1	(ii) receives, or serves students who
2	receive, support in any form from any pro-
3	gram supported, in whole or in part, with
4	funds appropriated to the Department of
5	Education; or
6	(B) that is a school funded or operated by
7	the Department of the Interior.
8	(9) Specialized instructional support
9	PERSONNEL.—The term "specialized instructional
10	support personnel" means school counselors, school
11	social workers, school nurses, school psychologists
12	and other qualified professional personnel involved in
13	providing assessment, diagnosis, counseling, edu-
14	cational, health, therapeutic, and other necessary
15	corrective or supportive services.
16	(10) Secondary school.—The term "sec-
17	ondary school" has the meaning given the term in
18	section 8101(45) of the Elementary and Secondary
19	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801(45)).
20	(11) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
21	means the Secretary of Education.
22	(12) State.—The term "State" has the mean-
23	ing given the term in section 8101 of the Elemen-

tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20

U.S.C. 7801).

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1	(13) State educational agency.—The term
2	"State educational agency" has the meaning given
3	the term in section 8101(48) of the Elementary and
4	Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
5	7801(48)).
6	(14) Student.—The term "student" means a
7	student enrolled in a school defined in paragraph
8	(8).
9	SEC. 13. PRESUMPTION OF CONGRESS RELATING TO COM-
10	PETITIVE PROCEDURES.
11	(a) Presumption.—It is the presumption of Con-
12	gress that grants awarded under this Act will be awarded
13	using competitive procedures based on merit.
14	(b) Report to Congress.—If grants are awarded
15	under this Act using procedures other than competitive
16	procedures, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-
17	port explaining why competitive procedures were not used.
18	SEC. 14. PROHIBITION ON EARMARKS.
19	None of the funds appropriated to carry out this Act
20	may be used for a congressional earmark as defined in

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22 resentatives of the 114th Congress.

21 clause 9(e) of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Rep-