As Re-reported by the House Rules and Reference Committee

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

Sub. H. B. No. 6

Representatives Callender, Wilkin

A BILL

ŗ	To amend sections 303.213, 519.213, 713.081,	1
	1710.06, 3706.02, 3706.03, 4906.10, 4906.13,	2
	4906.20, 4906.201, 4928.01, 4928.02, 4928.142,	3
	4928.143, 4928.20, 4928.61, 4928.62, 4928.641,	4
	4928.645, 4928.66, 4928.6610, 5501.311, 5727.47,	5
	and 5727.75; to amend, for the purpose of	6
	adopting a new section number as indicated in	7
	parentheses, section 519.214 (519.215); and to	8
	enact new section 519.214 and sections 3706.40,	9
	3706.42, 3706.44, 3706.46, 3706.47, 3706.48,	10
	3706.481, 3706.482, 3706.483, 3706.485,	11
	3706.486, 3706.49, 3706.50, 4905.311, 4906.101,	12
	4906.203, 4928.147, 4928.148, 4928.46, 4928.47,	13
	4928.471, 4928.647, 4928.661, 4928.75, and	14
	4928.80; to repeal section 4928.6616; and to	15
	repeal, effective January 1, 2020, sections	16
	1710.061, 4928.64, 4928.643, 4928.644, and	17
	4928.65 of the Revised Code to create the Ohio	18
	Clean Air Program, to facilitate and encourage	19
	electricity production and use from clean air	20
	resources, and to proactively engage the buying	21
	power of consumers in this state for the purpose	22
	of improving air quality in this state.	23

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 303.213, 519.213, 713.081, 24 3706.02, 3706.03, 4906.10, 4906.13, 4906.20, 4906.201, 4928.01, 25 4928.02, 4928.66, 4928.6610, 5727.47, and 5727.75 be amended; 26 section 519.214 (519.215) be amended for the purpose of adopting 27 a new section number as indicated in parentheses; and new 28 section 519.214 and sections 3706.40, 3706.42, 3706.44, 3706.46, 29 3706.47, 3706.48, 3706.481, 3706.482, 3706.483, 3706.485, 30 3706.486, 3706.49, 3706.50, 4905.311, 4906.101, 4906.203, 31 4928.147, 4928.148, 4928.46, 4928.47, 4928.471, 4928.647, 32 4928.661, 4928.75, and 4928.80 of the Revised Code be enacted to 33 read as follows: 34

Sec. 303.213. (A) As used in this section, "small wind farm" means wind turbines and associated facilities with asingle interconnection to the electrical grid and designed for, or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of less than five megawatts that are not subject to the jurisdiction of the power siting board under sections 4906.20 and 4906.201 of the <u>Revised Code</u>.

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of section 303.211 of the 42 Revised Code, sections 303.01 to 303.25 of the Revised Code 43 confer power on a board of county commissioners or board of 44 zoning appeals to adopt zoning regulations governing the 45 location, erection, construction, reconstruction, change, 46 alteration, maintenance, removal, use, or enlargement of any 47 small wind farm, whether publicly or privately owned, or the use 48 of land for that purpose, which regulations may be more strict 49 than the regulations prescribed in rules adopted under division 50 (B)(2) of section 4906.20 of the Revised Code. 51

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(C) The designation under this section of a small wind farm as a public utility for purposes of sections 303.01 to 303.25 of the Revised Code shall not affect the classification of a small wind farm for purposes of state or local taxation.

(D) Nothing in division (C) of this section shall be
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construed as affecting the classification of a
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telecommunications tower as defined in division (B) or (E) of
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section 303.211 of the Revised Code or any other public utility
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for purposes of state and local taxation.

Sec. 519.213. (A) As used in this section, "small wind farm" means wind turbines and associated facilities—with asingle interconnection to the electrical grid and designed for, or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of less than five megawatts that are not subject to the jurisdiction of the power siting board under sections 4906.20 and 4906.201 of the Revised Code.

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of section 519.211 of the Revised Code, sections 519.02 to 519.25 of the Revised Code confer power on a board of township trustees or board of zoning appeals with respect to the location, erection, construction, reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use, or enlargement of any small wind farm, whether publicly or privately owned, or the use of land for that purpose, which regulations may be more strict than the regulations prescribed in rules adopted under division (B) (2) of section 4906.20 of the Revised Code.

(C) The designation under this section of a small wind
farm as a public utility for purposes of sections 519.02 to
519.25 of the Revised Code shall not affect the classification
of a small wind farm or any other public utility for purposes of
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state or local taxation.

(D) Nothing in division (C) of this section shall be
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construed as affecting the classification of a
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telecommunications tower as defined in division (B) or (E) of
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section 519.211 of the Revised Code or any other public utility
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for purposes of state and local taxation.

Sec. 519.214. (A) If the power siting board issues a 88 certificate to an economically significant wind farm or a large 89 wind farm as those terms are defined in section 4906.13 of the 90 Revised Code, to be located in whole or in part in the 91 unincorporated area of a township, the certificate shall become 92 effective on the ninetieth day after the day it is issued, 93 unless, not later than that day, a referendum petition is filed 94 with the board of elections to require the certificate to be 95 submitted to the electors of the unincorporated area of the 96 township for approval or rejection. 97

(B) (1) A referendum petition submitted under division (A)98of this section shall be signed by a number of qualified99electors residing in the unincorporated area of the township100equal to not less than eight per cent of the total votes cast101for all candidates for governor in the unincorporated area of102the township at the most recent general election at which a103governor was elected.104

(2) Each part petition shall contain a brief description105of the wind farm the certificate authorizes that is sufficient106to identify the certificate. In addition to the requirements of107this section, the requirements of section 3501.38 of the Revised108Code shall apply to the petition.109

(3) The form of the petition shall be substantially as

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follows:	111
"PETITION FOR REFERENDUM OF WIND FARM CERTIFICATE	112
A proposal to approve or reject the wind farm certificate	113
issued for (description of wind farm) in the	114
unincorporated area of Township, County,	115
Ohio, adopted on (date) by the Board of Township	116
Trustees of Township, County, Ohio.	117
We, the undersigned, being electors residing in the	118
unincorporated area of Township, equal to not less	119
than eight per cent of the total vote cast for all candidates	120
for governor in the area at the preceding general election at	121
which a governor was elected, request the Board of Elections to	122
submit this proposal to the electors of the unincorporated area	123
of Township for approval or rejection at a special	124
election to be held on the day of the primary or general	125
election to be held on (date), pursuant to section	126
519.214 of the Revised Code.	127
Signature	128
Residence address	129
Date of signing	130
STATEMENT OF CIRCULATOR	131
I, (name of circulator), declare under penalty	132
of election falsification that I reside at the address appearing	133
below my signature; that I am the circulator of the foregoing	134
part petition containing (number) signatures; that I	135
have witnessed the affixing of every signature; that all signers	136
were to the best of my knowledge and belief qualified to sign;	137
and that every signature is to the best of my knowledge and	138

belief the signature of the person whose signature it purports	139
to be or of an attorney in fact acting pursuant to section_	140
3501.382 of the Revised Code.	141
(Signature of circulator)	142
(Circulator's residence address)	143
WHOEVER COMMITS ELECTION FALSIFICATION IS GUILTY OF A	144
FELONY OF THE FIFTH DEGREE."	145
(C) Upon receiving the referendum petition, the board of	146
elections shall notify the board of township trustees that the	147
petition has been filed. If the board of elections determines	148
that the referendum petition is sufficient and valid, the board	149
shall notify the board of township trustees of that fact and	150
shall submit the certificate to the electors of the	151
unincorporated area of the township for approval or rejection at	152
a special election held on the day of the next primary or	153
general election occurring at least ninety days after the board	154
receives the petition.	155
(D) The certificate shall not take effect unless it is	156
approved by a majority of the electors voting on it. If the	157
certificate is approved by a majority of the electors voting on	158
it, the certificate shall take immediate effect.	159
Sec. 519.214 519.215. Township zoning commissions, boards	160
of township trustees, and township boards of zoning appeals	161
shall comply with section 5502.031 of the Revised Code.	162
Sec. 713.081. (A) As used in this section, "small wind	163
farm" means wind turbines and associated facilities with a	164
single interconnection to the electrical grid and designed for,	165
or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of less than	166
five megawatts that are not subject to the jurisdiction of the	167

power siting board under sections 4906.20 and 4906.201 of the	168
Revised Code.	169
(B) Sections 713.06 to 713.15 of the Revised Code confer	170
power on the legislative authority of a municipal corporation	171
with respect to the location, erection, construction,	172
reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use,	173
or enlargement of any small wind farm as a public utility,	174
whether publicly or privately owned, or the use of land for that	175
purpose, which regulations may be more strict than the	176
regulations prescribed in rules adopted under division (B)(2) of	177
section 4906.20 of the Revised Code.	178
(C) The designation under this section of a small wind	179
farm as a public utility for purposes of sections 713.06 to	180
713.15 of the Revised Code shall not affect the classification	181
of a small wind farm or any other public utility for purposes of	182
state or local taxation.	183
Sec. 3706.02. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio air	184
quality development authority. Such authority is a body both	185
corporate and politic in this state, and the carrying out of its	186
purposes and the exercise by it of the powers conferred by	187
Chapter 3706. of the Revised Code shall be held to be, and are	188
hereby determined to be, essential governmental functions and	189
public purposes of the state, but the authority shall not be	190
immune from liability by reason thereof.	191
<u>(B)</u> The authority shall consist of seven <u>thirteen</u> members	192
as follows: five	193
(1) Five_members appointed by the governor, with the	104
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advice and consent of the senate, no more than three of whom	194

(2) The director of environmental protection and the , who	197
shall be a member ex officio without compensation;	198
(3) The director of health, who shall be members a member	199
ex officio without compensation <u>;</u>	200
(4) Four legislative members, who shall be nonvoting	201
members ex officio without compensation. The speaker of the	202
house of representatives, the president of the senate, and the	203
minority leader of each house shall each appoint one of the	204
legislative members. The legislative members may not vote but	205
may otherwise participate fully in all the board's deliberations	206
and activities. Each appointive	207
(5) Two members of the general public, who shall be voting	208
members without compensation. The speaker of the house of	209
representatives and the president of the senate shall each	210
appoint one member. These members' terms of office shall be for	211
four years.	212
Each appointed member shall be a resident of the state,	213
and a qualified elector therein. The members of the authority	214
first appointed shall continue in office for terms expiring on	215
June 30, 1971, June 30, 1973, June 30, 1975, June 30, 1977, and	216
June 30, 1978, respectively, the term of each member to be	217
designated by the governor. Appointed Except as provided in	218
division (B)(5) of this section, appointed members' terms of	219
office shall be for eight years, commencing on the first day of	220
July and ending on the thirtieth day of June. Each appointed	221
member shall hold office from the date of his appointment until	222
the end of the term for which he was appointed. Any member	223
appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of	224
the term for which <u>his the member's</u> predecessor was appointed	225
shall hold office for the remainder of such term. Any appointed	226

member shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration 227 date of his the member's term until his the member's successor 228 takes office, or until a period of sixty days has elapsed, 229 whichever occurs first. A member of the authority is eligible 230 for reappointment. Each appointed member of the authority, 231 before entering upon his official duties, shall take an oath as 232 233 provided by Section 7 of Article XV, Ohio Constitution. The governor may at any time remove any member of the authority for 234 misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malfeasance in office. The 235 236 authority shall elect one of its appointed members as chairman chairperson and another as vice-chairman vice-chairperson, and 237 shall appoint a secretary-treasurer who need not be a member of 238 the authority. Four members of the authority shall constitute a 239 quorum, and the affirmative vote of four members shall be 240 necessary for any action taken by vote of the authority. No 241 vacancy in the membership of the authority shall impair the 242 rights of a quorum by such vote to exercise all the rights and 243 perform all the duties of the authority. 244

Before (C) Except as provided in division (D) of this 245 section, before the issuance of any air quality revenue bonds 246 under Chapter 3706. of the Revised Code, each appointed member 247 of the authority shall give a surety bond to the state in the 248 penal sum of twenty-five thousand dollars and the secretary-249 treasurer shall give such a bond in the penal sum of fifty 250 thousand dollars, each such surety bond to be conditioned upon 251 the faithful performance of the duties of the office, to be 252 executed by a surety company authorized to transact business in 253 this state, and to be approved by the governor and filed in the 254 office of the secretary of state. Each Except as provided in 255 division (B)(4) of this section, each appointed member of the 256 authority shall receive an annual salary of five thousand 2.57

dollars, payable in monthly installments. Each member shall be 258 reimbursed for his the actual expenses necessarily incurred in 259 the performance of <u>his official</u> duties. All expenses incurred in 260 carrying out Chapter 3706. of the Revised Code shall be payable 261 solely from funds provided under Chapter 3706. of the Revised 2.62 Code, appropriated for such purpose by the general assembly, or 263 provided by the controlling board. No liability or obligation 264 shall be incurred by the authority beyond the extent to which 265 moneys have been so provided or appropriated. 266

(D) The six members appointed under divisions (B) (4) and267(5) of this section shall be exempt from the requirement under268division (C) of this section to give a surety bond.269

Sec. 3706.03. (A) It is hereby declared to be the public 270 policy of the state through the operations of the Ohio air 271 quality development authority under this chapter to contribute 272 toward one or more of the following: to 273

(1) To provide for the conservation of air as a natural resource of the state, and to \underline{i}

(2) To prevent or abate the pollution thereof, to ; 276

(3) To provide for the comfort, health, safety, and277general welfare of all employees, as well as all other278inhabitants of the state, to ;279

(4) To assist in the financing of air quality facilities280for industry, commerce, distribution, and research, including281public utility companies, to ;282

(5) To create or preserve jobs and employment 283 opportunities or improve the economic welfare of the people, or 284 assist and cooperate with governmental agencies in achieving 285 such purposes; 286

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(6) To maintain operations of certified clean air

resources, as defined in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code, 288 that, through continued operation, are expected to provide the 289 greatest quantity of carbon-dioxide-free electric energy 290 generation. 291 (B) In furtherance of such public policy the Ohio air 292 quality development authority may-initiate do any of the 293 294 following: (1) Initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair, and 295 296 operate air quality projects or cause the same to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease, or agreement with any person or 297 298 governmental agency; may make (2) Make_loans and grants to governmental agencies for the 299 acquisition or construction of air quality facilities by such 300 governmental agencies; may make 301 (3) Make loans to persons for the acquisition or 302 construction of air quality facilities by such persons; may 303 304 enter-

(4) Enter into commodity contracts with, or make loans for305the purpose of entering into commodity contracts to, any person,306governmental agency, or entity located within or without the307state in connection with the acquisition or construction of air308quality facilities; and may issue309

(5) Issue air quality revenue bonds of this state payable310solely from revenues, to pay the cost of such projects,311including any related commodity contracts.312

(C) Any air quality project shall be determined by the 313 authority to be not inconsistent with any applicable air quality 314 standards duly established and then required to be met pursuant 315

to the "Clean Air Act," 84 Stat. 1679 (1970), 42 U.S.C.A. 1857, as amended. Any resolution of the authority providing for acquiring or constructing such projects or for making a loan or grant for such projects shall include a finding by the authority that such determination has been made. Determinations by resolution of the authority that a project is an air quality facility under this chapter and is consistent with the purposes of section 13 of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, and this

chapter, shall be conclusive as to the validity and324enforceability of the air quality revenue bonds issued to325finance such project and of the resolutions, trust agreements or326indentures, leases, subleases, sale agreements, loan agreements,327and other agreements made in connection therewith, all in328accordance with their terms.329

Sec.	3706.40.	As use	<u>d in</u>	sections	3706.40	to	3706.50	of	. 330
the Revise	ed Code:								331

(A) "Clean air resource" means both of the following: 332

(1) An electric generating facility in this state fueled333by nuclear power that satisfies all of the following criteria:334

(a) The facility is not wholly or partially owned by a335municipal or cooperative corporation or a group, association, or336consortium of those corporations.337

(b) The facility is not used to supply customers of a338wholly owned municipal or cooperative corporation or a group,339association, or consortium of those corporations.340

(c) Either of the following:

(i) The facility has made a significant historical342contribution to the air quality of the state by minimizing343emissions that result from electricity generated in this state.344

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(ii) The facility will make a significant contribution	345
toward minimizing emissions that result from electric generation	346
in this state.	347
(d) The facility is interconnected with the transmission	348
grid that is subject to the operational control of PJM	349
interconnection, L.L.C., or its successor organization.	350
<u>(e) The facility is a major utility facility in this state</u>	351
as defined in section 4906.01 of the Revised Code.	352
(f) The facility's owner maintains operations in this	353
state.	354
(2) An electric generating facility in this state that	355
uses or will use solar energy as the primary energy source that	356
satisfies all of the criteria in divisions (A)(1)(a) to (e) of	357
this section and that has obtained a certificate from the power	358
siting board prior to June 1, 2019.	359
(B) "Program year" means the twelve-month period beginning	360
the first day of June of a given year of the Ohio clean air	361
program and ending the thirty-first day of May of the following	362
year.	363
(C) "Electric distribution utility" and "renewable energy	364
resource" have the same meanings as in section 4928.01 of the	365
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Revised Code.	200
(D) "Annual capacity factor" means the actual energy	367
produced in a year divided by the energy that would have been	368
produced if the facility was operating continuously at the	369
maximum rating.	370
(E) "Clean air credit" means a credit that represents the	371
<u>clean air attributes of one megawatt hour of electric energy</u>	371
crean arr attributes of one megawatt hour of electric energy	512

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produced from a certified clean air resource.	373
(F) "Credit price adjustment" means a reduction to the	374
price for each clean air credit equal to the market price index	375
minus the strike price.	376
(G) "Strike price" means forty-six dollars per megawatt	377
hour.	378
(H) "Market price index" means the sum, expressed in	379
dollars per megawatt hour, of both of the following for the	380
upcoming program year:	381
(1) Projected energy prices, determined using futures	382
contracts for the PJM AEP-Dayton hub;	383
(2) Projected capacity prices, determined using PJM's	384
rest-of-RTO market clearing price.	385
Sec. 3706.42. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio clean	386
air program, which shall terminate on December 31, 2026.	387
(B) Any person owning or controlling an electric	388
generating facility that meets the definition of a clean air	389
resource in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code may submit a	390
written application with the Ohio air quality development	391
authority for certification as a clean air resource to be	392
eligible to participate in the Ohio clean air program.	393
Applications shall be submitted by the first day of February for	394
any program year beginning the first day of June of the same	395
<u>calendar year.</u>	396
(C) Applications shall include all of the following	397
information:	398
(1) The in-service date and estimated remaining useful	399
life of the resource;	400

(2) For an existing resource, the quantity of megawatt	401
hours generated by the resource annually during each of the	402
previous five calendar years during which the resource was	403
generating, and the annual capacity factor for each of those	404
<u>calendar years;</u>	405
(3) A forecast estimate of the annual quantity of megawatt	406
hours to be generated by the resource and the projected annual	407
capacity factor over the remaining useful life of the resource;	408
(4) A forecast estimate of the emissions that would occur	409
in this state during the remaining useful life of the resource	410
if the resource discontinued operations prior to the end of the	411
<u>resource's useful life;</u>	412
(5) Verified documentation demonstrating all of the	413
following:	414
(a) That certification as a clean air resource and	415
participation in the Ohio clean air program will permit the	416
resource to reduce future emissions per unit of electrical	417
energy generated in this state;	418
(b) That without certification as a clean air resource,	419
the positive contributions to the air quality of this state that	420
the resource has made and is capable of making in the future may	421
be diminished or eliminated;	422
(c) That the clean air resource meets the definition of a	423
clean air resource in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code;	424
(d) That the person seeking certification owns or controls	425
the resource.	426
(6) The resource's nameplate capacity;	427
(7) Any other data or information that the authority	428

	4.0.0
requests and determines is necessary to evaluate an application	429
for certification as a clean air resource or to demonstrate that	430
certification would be in the public interest.	431
(D) The authority shall post on the authority's web site	432
all applications and nonconfidential supporting materials	433
submitted under this section.	434
(E) Interested persons may file comments not later than	435
twenty days after the date that an application is posted on the	436
authority's web site. All comments shall be posted on the	437
authority's web site. An applicant may respond to those comments	438
not later than ten days thereafter.	439
Sec. 3706.44. (A)(1) On or before the thirty-first day of	440
March, the Ohio air quality development authority shall review_	441
all applications timely submitted under section 3706.42 of the	442
Revised Code and issue an order certifying a clean air resource	443
that meets the definition of a clean air resource in section	444
3706.40 of the Revised Code.	445
(2) A clean air resource shall remain certified as a clean	446
air resource as long as the resource continues to meet the	447
definition of a clean air resource in section 3706.40 of the	448
Revised Code.	449
(B) In the event the authority does not issue an order_	450
under division (A) of this section by the thirty-first day of	451
March, each electric generating facility included in a timely	452
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and properly filed application shall be deemed a clean air	
resource.	454
(C)(1) The authority may decertify a clean air resource at	455
any time if it determines that certification is not in the	456
public interest.	457

(2) Before decertifying a clean air resource, the	458
authority shall do both of the following:	459
(a) Allow the resource to provide additional information	460
in support of remaining certified;	461
(b) Hold a public hearing and allow for public comment.	462
(b) note a public heating and allow for public comment.	402
Sec. 3706.46. (A) For the purpose of funding benefits	463
provided by the Ohio clean air program, there is hereby created	464
the Ohio clean air program fund. The fund shall be in the	465
custody of the state treasurer but shall not be part of the	466
state treasury. The fund shall consist of the charges under	467
section 3706.47 of the Revised Code. All interest generated by	468
the fund shall be retained in the fund and used for the purpose	469
of funding the Ohio clean air program.	470
(B) The treasurer shall distribute the moneys in the Ohio	471
clean air program fund in accordance with the directions	472
provided by the Ohio air quality development authority.	473
Sec. 3706.47. (A) Beginning January 1, 2020, and ending on	474
December 31, 2026, each retail electric customer of an electric	475
distribution utility in this state shall pay a per-account	476
monthly charge, which shall be billed and collected by each	477
electric distribution utility and remitted to the state	478
treasurer for deposit into the Ohio clean air program fund,	479
created under section 3706.46 of the Revised Code.	480
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(B) The monthly charges established under division (A) of	481
this section shall be in accordance with the following:	482
(1) For customers classified by the utility as	483
residential:	484
(a) For the year 2020, fifty cents;	485

(b) For the years 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026,	486
<u>one dollar.</u>	487
(2) For customers classified by the utility as commercial,	488
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge	489
that is determined by a structure and design that the public	490
utilities commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019,	491
establish. The commission shall establish the structure and	492
design of the charge such that the average charge across all	493
customers subject to the charge under division (B)(2) of this	494
section is:	495
(a) For the year 2020, ten dollars; and	496
(b) For the years 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026,	497
<u>fifteen dollars.</u>	498
(3) For customers classified by the utility as industrial,	499
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge	500
that is determined by a structure and design that the commission	501
shall, not later than October 1, 2019, establish. The commission	502
shall establish the structure and design of the charge such that	503
the average charge across all customers subject to the charge	504
under division (B)(3) of this section is two hundred fifty	505
<u>dollars;</u>	506
(4) For customers classified by the utility as commercial	507
or industrial that exceeded forty-five million kilowatt hours of	508
electricity at a single location in the preceding year, two	509
thousand five hundred dollars.	510
	- 1 4
(C) The commission shall comply with divisions (B)(2) and	511
(3) of this section in a manner that avoids abrupt or excessive	512
total electric bill impacts for typical customers with a	513
classification of commercial or industrial.	514

(D) For purposes of division (B) of this section, the 515 classification of residential, commercial, and industrial 516 customers shall be consistent with the utility's reporting under 517 its approved rate schedules. 518 Sec. 3706.48. Each owner of a certified clean air resource 519 shall report to the Ohio air quality development authority, not 520 later than seven days after the close of each month during a 521 program year, the number of megawatt hours the resource produced 522 in the previous month. 523 Sec. 3706.481. A certified clean air resource shall earn a 524 clean air credit for each megawatt hour of electricity it 525 produces. 526 Sec. 3706.482. (A) Not later than fourteen days after the 527 close of each month during a program year, the Ohio air quality 528 development authority shall direct the treasurer of state to 529 remit money from the Ohio clean air program fund, subject to 530 section 3706.486 of the Revised Code, to each owner of a 531 certified clean air resource in the amount equivalent to the 532 number of credits earned by the resource during the previous 533 month multiplied by the credit price. 534 (B) The price for each clean air credit shall be nine 535 dollars, except as provided in division (C) of this section. 536 (C) To ensure that the purchase of clean air credits 537 remains affordable to retail customers if electricity prices 538

increase, on the first day of April during the first program539year and annually on that date in subsequent program years, the540authority shall apply the credit price adjustment for the541upcoming program year if the market price index exceeds the542strike price on that date. This division shall apply only to543

clean air resources fueled by nuclear power.	544
Sec. 3706.483. The Ohio air quality development authority	545
shall adopt rules to provide for this state a system of	546
registering clean air credits by specifying that the generation	547
attribute tracking system may be used for that purpose and not	548
by creating a registry.	549
Sec. 3706.485. (A) An electric distribution utility shall	550
submit an application to the Ohio air quality development	551
authority for reimbursement from the Ohio clean air program fund	552
of the net costs that are recoverable under section 4928.641 of	553
the Revised Code. The public utilities commission shall certify	554
the utility's net costs to be recovered in accordance with	555
division (F) of section 4928.641 of the Revised Code.	556
(B) Not later than ninety days after the receipt of an	557
application under division (A) of this section, the authority	558
shall direct the treasurer of state to remit money from the Ohio	559
clean air program fund to the electric distribution utility as	560
reimbursement for those costs.	561
Sec. 3706.486. (A) If the money in the Ohio clean air	562
program fund is insufficient in a particular month to make the	563
remittances in the amount required under division (A) of section	564
3706.482 of the Revised Code, the Ohio air quality development	565
authority shall, not later than fourteen days after the close of	566
that month, direct the treasurer of state to remit money from	567
the Ohio clean air program fund to pay for the unpaid credits	568
before any other remittances are made. Remittances made under	569
division (A) of this section shall be made in the following	570
order of priority:	571
(1) To the owners of clean air resources fueled by nuclear	572

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power;	573
(2) To the owners of clean air resources that use or will	574
<u>use solar energy.</u>	575
(B) After any remittances are made under division (A) of	576
this section, the remittances under sections 3706.482 and	577
3706.485 of the Revised Code shall be made in the following	578
order of priority:	579
(1) Under section 3706.482 of the Revised Code, to the	580
owners of clean air resources fueled by nuclear power;	581
(2) Under section 3706.482 of the Revised Code, to the	582
owners of clean air resources that use or will use solar energy;	583
(3) Under section 3706.485 of the Revised Code, to	584
electric distribution utilities as reimbursement for costs as	585
described in that section.	586
Sec. 3706.49. (A) To facilitate air quality development	587
related capital formation and investment by or in a certified	588
clean air resource, the Ohio air quality development authority	589
may pledge a portion of moneys that may, in the future, be	590
accumulated in the Ohio clean air program fund for the benefit	591
of any certified clean air resource, provided the resource	592
agrees to be bound by the conditions the authority may attach to	593
the pledge.	594
(B) The authority shall not be required to direct	595
distribution of moneys in the Ohio clean air program fund unless	596
or until there are adequate moneys available in the Ohio clean	597
air program fund. Nothing herein shall cause any such pledge to	598
be construed or applied to create, directly or indirectly, a	599
general obligation of or for this state.	600

Sec. 3706.50. (A) In the years 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024,	601
2025, 2026, and 2027, an unaffiliated and independent third	602
party shall conduct an annual audit of the Ohio clean air	603
program.	604
(B) Not later than ninety days after the effective date of	605
this section, the authority shall adopt rules that are necessary	606
to begin implementation of the Ohio clean air program. The rules	607
adopted under this division shall include provisions for both of	608
the following:	609
(1) Tracking the number of clean air credits earned by	610
each certified clean air resource during each month of a program	611
year, based on the information reported under section 3706.48 of	612
the Revised Code;	613
(2) The annual audit required under division (A) of this	614
section.	615
	010
(C) Not later than two hundred seventy-five days after the	616
effective date of this section, the authority shall adopt rules	617
that are necessary for the further implementation and	618
administration of the Ohio clean air program.	619
Sec. 4905.311. In order to promote job growth and	620
retention in this state, the public utilities commission, when	621
ruling on a reasonable arrangement application under section	622
4905.31 of the Revised Code, shall attempt to minimize electric	623
rates to the maximum amount possible on trade-exposed industrial	624
manufacturers.	625
Sec. 4906.10. (A) The power siting board shall render a	626
decision upon the record either granting or denying the	627
application as filed, or granting it upon such terms,	628
conditions, or modifications of the construction, operation, or	629

maintenance of the major utility facility as the board considers 630 appropriate. The certificate shall be <u>subject to section</u> 631 4906.101 of the Revised Code and conditioned upon the facility 632 being in compliance with standards and rules adopted under 633 sections 1501.33, 1501.34, and 4561.32 and Chapters 3704., 634 3734., and 6111. of the Revised Code. An applicant may withdraw 635 an application if the board grants a certificate on terms, 636 conditions, or modifications other than those proposed by the 637 638 applicant in the application. The board shall not grant a certificate for the 639 construction, operation, and maintenance of a major utility 640 facility, either as proposed or as modified by the board, unless 641 it finds and determines all of the following: 642 (1) The basis of the need for the facility if the facility 643 is an electric transmission line or gas pipeline; 644 (2) The nature of the probable environmental impact; 645 (3) That the facility represents the minimum adverse 646 environmental impact, considering the state of available 647 technology and the nature and economics of the various 648 alternatives, and other pertinent considerations; 649 (4) In the case of an electric transmission line or 650 generating facility, that the facility is consistent with 651 regional plans for expansion of the electric power grid of the 652 electric systems serving this state and interconnected utility 653 systems and that the facility will serve the interests of 654 electric system economy and reliability; 655 (5) That the facility will comply with Chapters 3704., 656 657

3734., and 6111. of the Revised Code and all rules and standards adopted under those chapters and under sections 1501.33, 658

1501.34, and 4561.32 of the Revised Code. In determining whether the facility will comply with all rules and standards adopted under section 4561.32 of the Revised Code, the board shall consult with the office of aviation of the division of multimodal planning and programs of the department of transportation under section 4561.341 of the Revised Code.

(6) That the facility will serve the public interest,665convenience, and necessity;666

667 (7) In addition to the provisions contained in divisions (A) (1) to (6) of this section and rules adopted under those 668 divisions, what its impact will be on the viability as 669 agricultural land of any land in an existing agricultural 670 district established under Chapter 929. of the Revised Code that 671 is located within the site and alternative site of the proposed 672 major utility facility. Rules adopted to evaluate impact under 673 division (A)(7) of this section shall not require the 674 compilation, creation, submission, or production of any 675 information, document, or other data pertaining to land not 676 located within the site and alternative site. 677

(8) That the facility incorporates maximum feasible water
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conservation practices as determined by the board, considering
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available technology and the nature and economics of the various
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alternatives.

(B) If the board determines that the location of all or a
part of the proposed facility should be modified, it may
condition its certificate upon that modification, provided that
condition and counties, and persons residing
therein, affected by the modification shall have been given
condition thereof.

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(C) A copy of the decision and any opinion issued	688
therewith shall be served upon each party.	689
Sec. 4906.101. (A) If the power siting board issues a	690
certificate to a large wind farm as defined in section 4906.13	691
of the Revised Code and the large wind farm is to be located in	692
the unincorporated area of a township, the certificate shall be	693
conditioned upon the right of referendum as provided in section	694
519.214 of the Revised Code.	695
(B) If the certificate is rejected in a referendum under	696
section 519.214 of the Revised Code, one of the following	697
applies:	698
(1) If the large wind farm is to be located in the	699
unincorporated area of a single township, the certificate shall	700
<u>be invalid;</u>	701
(2) If the large wind farm is to be located in the	702
unincorporated area of more than one township, one of the	703
following applies:	704
(a) If less than all of the townships with electors voting	705
on the referendum reject the certificate, the power siting board	706
shall modify the certificate to exclude the area of each	707
township whose electors rejected the certificate.	708
(b) If all the townships with electors voting on the	709
referendum reject the certificate, the certificate is invalid.	710
Sec. 4906.13. (A) As used in this section and sections	711
4906.20 <u>, 4906.201, 4906.203,</u> and 4906.98 of the Revised Code ,	712
"economically:	713
"Economically significant wind farm" means wind turbines	714
and associated facilities with a single interconnection to the	715

electrical grid and designed for, or capable of, operation at an 716 aggregate capacity of five or more megawatts but less than fifty 717 megawatts. The term excludes any such wind farm in operation on 718 June 24, 2008. The term also excludes one or more wind turbines 719 and associated facilities that are primarily dedicated to 720 providing electricity to a single customer at a single location 721 and that are designed for, or capable of, operation at an 722 aggregate capacity of less than twenty megawatts, as measured at 723 the customer's point of interconnection to the electrical grid. 724 "Large wind farm" means an electric generating plant that 725 consists of wind turbines and associated facilities with a 726 single interconnection to the electrical grid that is a major 727 utility facility as defined in section 4906.01 of the Revised 728 Code. 729 (B) No public agency or political subdivision of this 730 state may require any approval, consent, permit, certificate, or 731 other condition for the construction or operation of a major 732 utility facility or economically significant wind farm 733 authorized by a certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 4906. of 734 the Revised Code. Nothing herein shall prevent the application 735 of state laws for the protection of employees engaged in the 736 construction of such facility or wind farm nor of municipal 737 regulations that do not pertain to the location or design of, or 738 pollution control and abatement standards for, a major utility 739 facility or economically significant wind farm for which a 740 certificate has been granted under this chapter. 741 Sec. 4906.20. (A) No-Subject to section 4906.203 of the 742 Revised Code, no person shall commence to construct an 743 744

economically significant wind farm in this state without first 744 having obtained a certificate from the power siting board. An 745

economically significant wind farm with respect to which such a 746 certificate is required shall be constructed, operated, and 747 maintained in conformity with that certificate and any terms, 748 conditions, and modifications it contains. A certificate shall 749 be issued only pursuant to this section. The certificate may be 750 transferred, subject to the approval of the board, to a person 751 that agrees to comply with those terms, conditions, and 752 modifications. 753

(B) The board shall adopt rules governing the 754 certificating of economically significant wind farms under this 755 section. Initial rules shall be adopted within one hundred 756 twenty days after June 24, 2008. 757

(1) The rules shall provide for an application process for 758 certificating economically significant wind farms that is 759 identical to the extent practicable to the process applicable to 760 certificating major utility facilities under sections 4906.06, 761 4906.07, 4906.08, 4906.09, 4906.10, 4906.11, and 4906.12 of the Revised Code and shall prescribe a reasonable schedule of application filing fees structured in the manner of the schedule of filing fees required for major utility facilities.

(2) Additionally, the rules shall prescribe reasonable 766 regulations regarding any wind turbines and associated 767 facilities of an economically significant wind farm, including, 768 but not limited to, their location, erection, construction, 769 reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use, 770 or enlargement and including erosion control, aesthetics, 771 recreational land use, wildlife protection, interconnection with 772 power lines and with regional transmission organizations, 773 774 independent transmission system operators, or similar organizations, ice throw, sound and noise levels, blade shear, 775

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shadow flicker, decommissioning, and necessary cooperation for	776
site visits and enforcement investigations.	777
(a) The rules also shall prescribe a minimum setback for a	778
wind turbine of an economically significant wind farm. That	779
minimum shall be equal to a horizontal distance, from the	780
turbine's base to the property line of the wind farm property,	781
equal to one and one-tenth times the total height of the turbine	782
structure as measured from its base to the tip of its highest	783
blade and be at least one thousand one hundred twenty-five feet	784
in horizontal distance from the tip of the turbine's nearest	785
blade at ninety degrees to <u>the p</u> roperty line of the nearest	786
adjacent property at the time of the certification application.	787

(b)(i) For any existing certificates and amendments thereto, and existing certification applications that have been found by the chairperson to be in compliance with division (A) of section 4906.06 of the Revised Code before the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 59 of the 130th general assembly, September 29, 2013, the distance shall be seven hundred fifty feet instead of one thousand one hundred twentyfive feet.

(ii) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after
the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 483
of the 130th general assembly, September 15, 2014, shall be
subject to the setback provision of this section as amended by
that act. The amendments to this section by that act shall not
be construed to limit or abridge any rights or remedies in
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equity or under the common law.

(c) The setback shall apply in all cases except those in
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 which all owners of property adjacent to the wind farm property
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 waive application of the setback to that property pursuant to a
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procedure the board shall establish by rule and except in which,	806
in a particular case, the board determines that a setback	807
greater than the minimum is necessary.	808
Sec. 4906.201. (A) An electric generating plant that	809
consists of wind turbines and associated facilities with a	810
single interconnection to the electrical grid that is designed	811
for, or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of fifty	812
megawatts or more <u>A large wind farm</u> is subject to the minimum	813
setback requirements established in rules adopted by the power	814
siting board under division (B)(2) of section 4906.20 of the	815
Revised Code.	816
Nevised code.	010
(B)(1) For any existing certificates and amendments	817
thereto, and existing certification applications that have been	818
found by the chairperson to be in compliance with division (A)	819
of section 4906.06 of the Revised Code before the effective date	820
of the amendment of this section by H.B. 59 of the 130th general	821
assembly, September 29, 2013, the distance shall be seven	822
hundred fifty feet instead of one thousand one hundred twenty-	823
five feet.	824
(2) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after	825
the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 483	826
of the 130th general assembly, <u>September 15, 2014</u> , shall be	827
subject to the setback provision of this section as amended by	828
that act. The amendments to this section by that act shall not	829
be construed to limit or abridge any rights or remedies in	830
equity or under the common law.	831
Sec. 4906.203. (A) If the power siting board issues a	832
certificate under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code to an	833
accompany colly according to the located in the	031

economically significant wind farm to be located in the834unincorporated area of a township, the certificate shall be835

conditioned upon the right of referendum as provided in section	836
519.214 of the Revised Code.	837
(B) If the certificate is rejected in a referendum under	838
section 519.214 of the Revised Code, one of the following	839
applies:	840
(1) If the economically significant wind farm is to be	841
located in the unincorporated area of a single township, the	842
<u>certificate is invalid;</u>	843
(2) If the economically significant wind farm is to be	844
located in the unincorporated area of more than one township,	845
one of the following applies:	846
(a) If less than all of the townships with electors voting	847
on the referendum reject the certificate, the power siting board	848
shall modify the certificate to exclude the area of each	849
township whose electors rejected the certificate.	850
(b) If all the townships with electors voting on the	851
referendum reject the certificate, the certificate is invalid.	852
Sec. 4928.01. (A) As used in this chapter:	853
(1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to	854
the provision of electric transmission or distribution service	855
to a retail customer and includes, but is not limited to,	856
scheduling, system control, and dispatch services; reactive	857
supply from generation resources and voltage control service;	858
reactive supply from transmission resources service; regulation	859
service; frequency response service; energy imbalance service;	860
operating reserve-spinning reserve service; operating reserve-	861
supplemental reserve service; load following; back-up supply	862
service; real-power loss replacement service; dynamic	863
scheduling; system black start capability; and network stability	864

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service.

(2) "Billing and collection agent" means a fully 866 independent agent, not affiliated with or otherwise controlled 867 by an electric utility, electric services company, electric 868 cooperative, or governmental aggregator subject to certification 869 under section 4928.08 of the Revised Code, to the extent that 870 the agent is under contract with such utility, company, 871 cooperative, or aggregator solely to provide billing and 872 collection for retail electric service on behalf of the utility 873 874 company, cooperative, or aggregator.

(3) "Certified territory" means the certified territory
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established for an electric supplier under sections 4933.81 to
4933.90 of the Revised Code.
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(4) "Competitive retail electric service" means a
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component of retail electric service that is competitive as
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provided under division (B) of this section.
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(5) "Electric cooperative" means a not-for-profit electric
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light company that both is or has been financed in whole or in
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part under the "Rural Electrification Act of 1936," 49 Stat.
1363, 7 U.S.C. 901, and owns or operates facilities in this
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state to generate, transmit, or distribute electricity, or a
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not-for-profit successor of such company.

(6) "Electric distribution utility" means an electricutility that supplies at least retail electric distribution888service.

(7) "Electric light company" has the same meaning as in
section 4905.03 of the Revised Code and includes an electric
services company, but excludes any self-generator to the extent
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that it consumes electricity it so produces, sells that

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electricity for resale, or obtains electricity from a generating	894
facility it hosts on its premises.	895
(8) "Electric load center" has the same meaning as in	896
section 4933.81 of the Revised Code.	897
(9) "Electric services company" means an electric light	898
company that is engaged on a for-profit or not-for-profit basis	899
in the business of supplying or arranging for the supply of only	900
a competitive retail electric service in this state. "Electric	901
services company" includes a power marketer, power broker,	902
aggregator, or independent power producer but excludes an	903
electric cooperative, municipal electric utility, governmental	904
aggregator, or billing and collection agent.	905
(10) "Electric supplier" has the same meaning as in	906
section 4933.81 of the Revised Code.	907
(11) "Electric utility" means an electric light company	908
that has a certified territory and is engaged on a for-profit	909
basis either in the business of supplying a noncompetitive	910
retail electric service in this state or in the businesses of	911
supplying both a noncompetitive and a competitive retail	912
electric service in this state. "Electric utility" excludes a	913
municipal electric utility or a billing and collection agent.	914
(12) "Firm electric service" means electric service other	915
than nonfirm electric service.	916

(13) "Governmental aggregator" means a legislative
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authority of a municipal corporation, a board of township
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trustees, or a board of county commissioners acting as an
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aggregator for the provision of a competitive retail electric
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service under authority conferred under section 4928.20 of the
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Revised Code.

(14) A person acts "knowingly," regardless of the person's 923 purpose, when the person is aware that the person's conduct will 924 probably cause a certain result or will probably be of a certain 925 nature. A person has knowledge of circumstances when the person 926 is aware that such circumstances probably exist. 927

(15) "Level of funding for low-income customer energy 928 efficiency programs provided through electric utility rates" 929 means the level of funds specifically included in an electric 930 utility's rates on October 5, 1999, pursuant to an order of the 931 public utilities commission issued under Chapter 4905. or 4909. 932 of the Revised Code and in effect on October 4, 1999, for the 933 purpose of improving the energy efficiency of housing for the 934 utility's low-income customers. The term excludes the level of 935 any such funds committed to a specific nonprofit organization or 936 organizations pursuant to a stipulation or contract. 937

(16) "Low-income customer assistance programs" means the
percentage of income payment plan program, the home energy
passistance program, the home weatherization assistance program,
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and the targeted energy efficiency and weatherization program.

(17) "Market development period" for an electric utility 942 means the period of time beginning on the starting date of 943 competitive retail electric service and ending on the applicable 944 date for that utility as specified in section 4928.40 of the 945 Revised Code, irrespective of whether the utility applies to 946 receive transition revenues under this chapter. 947

(18) "Market power" means the ability to impose on
customers a sustained price for a product or service above the
price that would prevail in a competitive market.
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(19) "Mercantile customer" means a commercial or

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industrial customer if the electricity consumed is for 952 nonresidential use and the customer consumes more than seven 953 hundred thousand kilowatt hours per year or is part of a 954 national account involving multiple facilities in one or more 955 states. 956 (20) "Municipal electric utility" means a municipal 957 corporation that owns or operates facilities to generate, 958 transmit, or distribute electricity. 959 (21) "Noncompetitive retail electric service" means a 960 component of retail electric service that is noncompetitive as 961 provided under division (B) of this section. 962 (22) "Nonfirm electric service" means electric service 963 provided pursuant to a schedule filed under section 4905.30 of 964 the Revised Code or pursuant to an arrangement under section 965 4905.31 of the Revised Code, which schedule or arrangement 966 includes conditions that may require the customer to curtail or 967 interrupt electric usage during nonemergency circumstances upon 968 notification by an electric utility. 969 (23) "Percentage of income payment plan arrears" means 970 funds eligible for collection through the percentage of income 971 payment plan rider, but uncollected as of July 1, 2000. 972 (24) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of 973 the Revised Code. 974 (25) "Advanced energy project" means any technologies, 975 products, activities, or management practices or strategies that 976 facilitate the generation or use of electricity or energy and 977 that reduce or support the reduction of energy consumption or 978 support the production of clean, renewable energy for 979 industrial, distribution, commercial, institutional, 980

governmental, research, not-for-profit, or residential energy 981 users, including, but not limited to, advanced energy resources 982 and renewable energy resources. "Advanced energy project" also 983 includes any project described in division (A), (B), or (C) of 984 section 4928.621 of the Revised Code. 985

(26) "Regulatory assets" means the unamortized net 986 regulatory assets that are capitalized or deferred on the 987 regulatory books of the electric utility, pursuant to an order 988 or practice of the public utilities commission or pursuant to 989 990 generally accepted accounting principles as a result of a prior commission rate-making decision, and that would otherwise have 991 been charged to expense as incurred or would not have been 992 993 capitalized or otherwise deferred for future regulatory consideration absent commission action. "Regulatory assets" 994 includes, but is not limited to, all deferred demand-side 995 management costs; all deferred percentage of income payment plan 996 arrears; post-in-service capitalized charges and assets 997 recognized in connection with statement of financial accounting 998 standards no. 109 (receivables from customers for income taxes); 999 future nuclear decommissioning costs and fuel disposal costs as 1000 1001 those costs have been determined by the commission in the electric utility's most recent rate or accounting application 1002 proceeding addressing such costs; the undepreciated costs of 1003 safety and radiation control equipment on nuclear generating 1004 plants owned or leased by an electric utility; and fuel costs 1005 currently deferred pursuant to the terms of one or more 1006 settlement agreements approved by the commission. 1007

(27) "Retail electric service" means any service involved
in supplying or arranging for the supply of electricity to
ultimate consumers in this state, from the point of generation
to the point of consumption. For the purposes of this chapter,

retail electric service includes one or more of the following	1012
"service components": generation service, aggregation service,	1013
power marketing service, power brokerage service, transmission	1014
service, distribution service, ancillary service, metering	1015
service, and billing and collection service.	1016
(28) "Starting date of competitive retail electric	1017
service" means January 1, 2001.	1018
(29) "Customer-generator" means a user of a net metering	1019
system.	1020
(30) "Net metering" means measuring the difference in an	1021
applicable billing period between the electricity supplied by an	1022
electric service provider and the electricity generated by a	1023
customer-generator that is fed back to the electric service	1024
provider.	1025
(31) "Net metering system" means a facility for the	1026
production of electrical energy that does all of the following:	1027
(a) Uses as its fuel either solar, wind, biomass, landfill	1028
gas, or hydropower, or uses a microturbine or a fuel cell;	
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(b) Is located on a customer-generator's premises;	1029 1030
(b) Is located on a customer-generator's premises;(c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's	
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(c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's	1030 1031
(c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's transmission and distribution facilities;	1030 1031 1032
(c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's transmission and distribution facilities;(d) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the	1030 1031 1032 1033
(c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's transmission and distribution facilities;(d) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer-generator's requirements for electricity. For an	1030 1031 1032 1033 1034
 (c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's transmission and distribution facilities; (d) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer-generator's requirements for electricity. For an industrial customer-generator with a net metering system that 	1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035
 (c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's transmission and distribution facilities; (d) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer-generator's requirements for electricity. For an industrial customer-generator with a net metering system that has a capacity of less than twenty megawatts and uses wind as 	1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036

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interconnection. 1040 (32) "Self-generator" means an entity in this state that 1041 owns or hosts on its premises an electric generation facility 1042 that produces electricity primarily for the owner's consumption 1043 and that may provide any such excess electricity to another 1044 entity, whether the facility is installed or operated by the 1045 owner or by an agent under a contract. 1046 1047 (33) "Rate plan" means the standard service offer in effect on the effective date of the amendment of this section by 1048 1049 S.B. 221 of the 127th general assembly, July 31, 2008. (34) "Advanced energy resource" means any of the 1050 following: 1051 (a) Any method or any modification or replacement of any 1052 property, process, device, structure, or equipment that 1053 increases the generation output of an electric generating 1054 facility to the extent such efficiency is achieved without 1055 additional carbon dioxide emissions by that facility; 1056 (b) Any distributed generation system consisting of 1057 customer cogeneration technology; 1058 (c) Clean coal technology that includes a carbon-based 1059 1060 product that is chemically altered before combustion to demonstrate a reduction, as expressed as ash, in emissions of 1061 nitrous oxide, mercury, arsenic, chlorine, sulfur dioxide, or 1062 sulfur trioxide in accordance with the American society of 1063 testing and materials standard D1757A or a reduction of metal 1064 oxide emissions in accordance with standard D5142 of that 1065

society, or clean coal technology that includes the design capability to control or prevent the emission of carbon dioxide, 1067 which design capability the commission shall adopt by rule and 1068

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shall be based on economically feasible best available	1069
technology or, in the absence of a determined best available	1070
technology, shall be of the highest level of economically	1071
feasible design capability for which there exists generally	1072
accepted scientific opinion;	1073
(d) Advanced nuclear energy technology consisting of	1074
generation III technology as defined by the nuclear regulatory	1075
commission; other, later technology; or significant improvements	1076
to existing facilities;	1077
(e) Any fuel cell used in the generation of electricity,	1078
including, but not limited to, a proton exchange membrane fuel	1079
cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, or	1080
solid oxide fuel cell;	1081
(f) Advanced solid waste or construction and demolition	1082
debris conversion technology, including, but not limited to,	1083
advanced stoker technology, and advanced fluidized bed	1084
gasification technology, that results in measurable greenhouse	1085
gas emissions reductions as calculated pursuant to the United	1086
States environmental protection agency's waste reduction model	1087
(WARM);	1088
(g) Demand-side management and any energy efficiency	1089
<pre>improvement;</pre>	1090
(h) Any new, retrofitted, refueled, or repowered	1091
generating facility located in Ohio, including a simple or	1092
combined-cycle natural gas generating facility or a generating	1093
facility that uses biomass, coal, modular nuclear, or any other	1094
fuel as its input;	1095
(i) Any uprated capacity of an existing electric	1096

generating facility if the uprated capacity results from the 1097

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deployment of advanced technology.	1098
"Advanced energy resource" does not include a waste energy-	1099
recovery system that is, or has been, included in an energy	1100
efficiency program of an electric distribution utility pursuant	1101
to requirements under section 4928.66 of the Revised Code.	1102
(35) "Air contaminant source" has the same meaning as in	1103
section 3704.01 of the Revised Code.	1104
(36) "Cogeneration technology" means technology that	1105
produces electricity and useful thermal output simultaneously.	1106
(37)(a) "Renewable energy resource" means any of the	1107
following:	1108
(i) Solar photovoltaic or solar thermal energy;	1109
(ii) Wind energy;	1110
(iii) Power produced by a hydroelectric facility;	1111
(iv) Power produced by a small hydroelectric facility,	1112
which is a facility that operates, or is rated to operate, at an	1113
aggregate capacity of less than six megawatts;	1114
(v) Power produced by a run-of-the-river hydroelectric	1115
facility placed in service on or after January 1, 1980, that is	1116
located within this state, relies upon the Ohio river, and	1117
operates, or is rated to operate, at an aggregate capacity of	1118
forty or more megawatts;	1119
(vi) Geothermal energy;	1120
(vii) Fuel derived from solid wastes, as defined in	1121
section 3734.01 of the Revised Code, through fractionation,	1122
biological decomposition, or other process that does not	1123
principally involve combustion;	1124

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(viii) Biomass energy;	1125
(ix) Energy produced by cogeneration technology that is	1126
placed into service on or before December 31, 2015, and for	1127
which more than ninety per cent of the total annual energy input	1128
is from combustion of a waste or byproduct gas from an air	1129
contaminant source in this state, which source has been in	1130
operation since on or before January 1, 1985, provided that the	1131
cogeneration technology is a part of a facility located in a	1132
county having a population of more than three hundred sixty-five	1133
thousand but less than three hundred seventy thousand according	1134
to the most recent federal decennial census;	1135
(x) Biologically derived methane gas;	1136
(xi) Heat captured from a generator of electricity,	1137
boiler, or heat exchanger fueled by biologically derived methane	1138
gas;	1139
(xii) Energy derived from nontreated by-products of the	1140
pulping process or wood manufacturing process, including bark,	1141
wood chips, sawdust, and lignin in spent pulping liquors.	1142
"Renewable energy resource" includes, but is not limited	1143
to, any fuel cell used in the generation of electricity,	1144
including, but not limited to, a proton exchange membrane fuel	1145
cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, or	1146
solid oxide fuel cell; wind turbine located in the state's	1147
territorial waters of Lake Erie; methane gas emitted from an	1148
abandoned coal mine; waste energy recovery system placed into	1149
service or retrofitted on or after the effective date of the	1150
amendment of this section by S.B. 315 of the 129th general	1151
assembly, September 10, 2012, except that a waste energy	1152
recovery system described in division (A)(38)(b) of this section	1153

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may be included only if it was placed into service between	1154
January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004; storage facility that	1155
will promote the better utilization of a renewable energy	1156
resource; or distributed generation system used by a customer to	1157
generate electricity from any such energy.	1158
"Renewable energy resource" does not include a waste-	1159
energy recovery system that is, or was, on or after January 1,-	1160
2012, included in an energy efficiency program of an electric	1161
distribution utility pursuant to requirements under section	1162
4928.66 of the Revised Code.	1163
(b) As used in division (A)(37) of this section,	1164
"hydroelectric facility" means a hydroelectric generating	1165
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water	1166
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or	1167
within or bordering an adjoining state and meets all of the	1168
following standards:	1169
(i) The facility provides for river flows that are not	1170
detrimental for fish, wildlife, and water quality, including	1171
seasonal flow fluctuations as defined by the applicable	1172
licensing agency for the facility.	1173
(ii) The facility demonstrates that it complies with the	1174
water quality standards of this state, which compliance may	1175
consist of certification under Section 401 of the "Clean Water	1176
Act of 1977," 91 Stat. 1598, 1599, 33 U.S.C. 1341, and	1177
demonstrates that it has not contributed to a finding by this	1178
state that the river has impaired water quality under Section	1179
303(d) of the "Clean Water Act of 1977," 114 Stat. 870, 33	1180
U.S.C. 1313.	1181
(iii) The facility complies with mandatory prescriptions	1182

(iii) The facility complies with mandatory prescriptions 1182

regarding fish passage as required by the federal energy 1183 regulatory commission license issued for the project, regarding 1184 fish protection for riverine, anadromous, and catadromous fish. 1185

(iv) The facility complies with the recommendations of the
Ohio environmental protection agency and with the terms of its
federal energy regulatory commission license regarding watershed
protection, mitigation, or enhancement, to the extent of each
agency's respective jurisdiction over the facility.

(v) The facility complies with provisions of the
"Endangered Species Act of 1973," 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C. 1531
to 1544, as amended.

(vi) The facility does not harm cultural resources of the 1194 area. This can be shown through compliance with the terms of its 1195 federal energy regulatory commission license or, if the facility 1196 is not regulated by that commission, through development of a 1197 plan approved by the Ohio historic preservation office, to the 1198 extent it has jurisdiction over the facility. 1199

(vii) The facility complies with the terms of its federal 1200 energy regulatory commission license or exemption that are 1201 related to recreational access, accommodation, and facilities 1202 or, if the facility is not regulated by that commission, the 1203 facility complies with similar requirements as are recommended 1204 by resource agencies, to the extent they have jurisdiction over 1205 the facility; and the facility provides access to water to the 1206 public without fee or charge. 1207

(viii) The facility is not recommended for removal by any1208federal agency or agency of any state, to the extent the1209particular agency has jurisdiction over the facility.1210

(c) The standards in divisions (A)(37)(b)(i) to (viii) of 1211

this section do not apply to a small hydroelectric facility	1212
under division (A)(37)(a)(iv) of this section.	1213
(38) "Waste energy recovery system" means either of the	1214
following:	1215
(a) A facility that generates electricity through the	1216
conversion of energy from either of the following:	1217
(i) Exhaust heat from engines or manufacturing,	1218
industrial, commercial, or institutional sites, except for	1219
exhaust heat from a facility whose primary purpose is the	1220
generation of electricity;	1221
(ii) Reduction of pressure in gas pipelines before gas is	1222
distributed through the pipeline, provided that the conversion	1223
of energy to electricity is achieved without using additional	1224
fossil fuels.	1225
(b) A facility at a state institution of higher education	1226
as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code that recovers	1227
waste heat from electricity-producing engines or combustion	1228
turbines and that simultaneously uses the recovered heat to	1229
produce steam, provided that the facility was placed into	1230
service between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004.	1231
(39) "Smart grid" means capital improvements to an	1232
electric distribution utility's distribution infrastructure that	1233
improve reliability, efficiency, resiliency, or reduce energy	1234
demand or use, including, but not limited to, advanced metering	1235
and automation of system functions.	1236
(40) "Combined heat and power system" means the	1237
coproduction of electricity and useful thermal energy from the	1238

coproduction of electricity and useful thermal energy from the1238same fuel source designed to achieve thermal-efficiency levels1239of at least sixty per cent, with at least twenty per cent of the1240

system's total useful energy in the form of thermal energy.	1241
(41) "National security generation resource" means all	1242
generating facilities owned directly or indirectly by a	1243
corporation that was formed prior to 1960 by investor-owned	1244
utilities for the original purpose of providing capacity and	1245
electricity to the federal government for use in the nation's	1246
defense or in furtherance of national interests. The term	1247
includes the Ohio valley electric corporation.	1248
(42) "Prudently incurred costs related to a national	1249
security generation resource" means, subject to section 4928.148	1250
of the Revised Code, costs, including deferred costs, allocated	1251
pursuant to a power agreement approved by the federal energy	1252
regulatory commission that relates to a national security	1253
generation resource. Such costs shall exclude any return on	1254
investment in common equity and, in the event of a premature	1255
retirement of a national security generation resource, shall	1256
exclude any recovery of remaining debt. Such costs shall include	1257
any incremental costs resulting from the bankruptcy of a current	1258
or former co-owner of the national security generation resource	1259
if not otherwise recovered through a utility rate cost recovery	1260
mechanism.	1261
(43) "National security generation resource net impact"	1262
means retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a	1263
national security generation resource, less any revenues	1264
realized from offering the contractual commitment related to a	1265
national security generation resource into the wholesale	1266
markets, provided that where the net revenues exceed net costs,	1267
those excess revenues shall be credited to customers.	1268

(B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electricservice component shall be deemed a competitive retail electric1270

service if the service component is competitive pursuant to a	1271
declaration by a provision of the Revised Code or pursuant to an	1272
order of the public utilities commission authorized under	1273
division (A) of section 4928.04 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	1274
the service component shall be deemed a noncompetitive retail	1275
electric service.	1276
Sec. 4928.02. It is the policy of this state to do the	1277
following throughout this state:	1278
(A) Ensure the availability to consumers of adequate,	1279
reliable, safe, efficient, nondiscriminatory, and reasonably	1280
priced retail electric service;	1281
(B) Ensure the availability of unbundled and comparable	1282
retail electric service that provides consumers with the	1283
supplier, price, terms, conditions, and quality options they	1284
elect to meet their respective needs;	1285
(C) Ensure diversity of electricity supplies and	1286
suppliers, by giving consumers effective choices over the	1287
selection of those supplies and suppliers and by encouraging the	1288
development of distributed and small generation facilities;	1289
(D) Encourage innovation and market access for cost-	1290
effective supply- and demand-side retail electric service	1291
including, but not limited to, demand-side management, time-	1292
differentiated pricing, waste energy recovery systems, smart	1293
grid programs, and implementation of advanced metering	1294
infrastructure;	1295
(E) Encourage cost-effective and efficient access to	1296
information regarding the operation of the transmission and	1297
distribution systems of electric utilities in order to promote	1298
both effective customer choice of retail electric service and	1299

the development of performance standards and targets for service 1300
quality for all consumers, including annual achievement reports 1301
written in plain language; 1302
(F) Ensure that an electric utility's transmission and 1303
distribution systems are available to a customer-generator or 1304

owner of distributed generation, so that the customer-generator1305or owner can market and deliver the electricity it produces;1306

(G) Recognize the continuing emergence of competitive 1307
electricity markets through the development and implementation 1308
of flexible regulatory treatment; 1309

(H) Ensure effective competition in the provision of 1310 retail electric service by avoiding anticompetitive subsidies 1311 flowing from a noncompetitive retail electric service to a 1312 competitive retail electric service or to a product or service 1313 other than retail electric service, and vice versa, including by 1314 prohibiting the recovery of any generation-related costs through 1315 distribution or transmission rates; 1316

(I) Ensure retail electric service consumers protection
 against unreasonable sales practices, market deficiencies, and
 market power;
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(J) Provide coherent, transparent means of giving
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appropriate incentives to technologies that can adapt
successfully to potential environmental mandates;
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(K) Encourage implementation of distributed generation
 1323
 across customer classes through regular review and updating of
 1324
 administrative rules governing critical issues such as, but not
 1325
 limited to, interconnection standards, standby charges, and net
 1326
 metering;

(L) Protect at-risk populations, including, but not 1328

limited to, when considering the implementation of any new	1329
advanced energy or renewable energy resource;	1330
(M) Encourage the education of small business owners in	1331
this state regarding the use of, and encourage the use of,	1332
energy efficiency programs and alternative energy resources in	1333
their businesses;	1334
(N) Facilitate the state's effectiveness in the global	1335
economy <u>;</u>	1336
(O) Provide clarity in cost recovery for Ohio-based	1337
electric distribution utilities in conjunction with national	1338
security generation resources and support electric distribution	1339
utility and affiliate divestiture of ownership interests in any	1340
national security generation resource if divestiture efforts	1341
result in no adverse consequences to the utility.	1342
In carrying out this policy, the commission shall consider	1343
rules as they apply to the costs of electric distribution	1344
infrastructure, including, but not limited to, line extensions,	1345
for the purpose of development in this state.	1346
Sec. 4928.147. (A) Upon the expiration of any mechanism	1347
authorized by the public utilities commission to recover an	1348
electric distribution utility's national security generation	1349
resource net impact, an electric distribution utility may	1350
recover, subject to an audit, reconciliation, and prudence	1351
review under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code, the national	1352
security generation resource net impact that remains unrecovered	1353
at the time of expiration.	1354
(B) An electric distribution utility, including all	1355
electric distribution utilities in the same holding company,	1356
shall bid all output from the national security generation	1357

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resource into the wholesale market and shall not use the output	1358
in supplying its standard service offer provided under section	1359
4928.142 or 4928.143 of the Revised Code.	1360
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Sec. 4928.148. (A) In establishing a nonbypassable rate	1361
mechanism for recovery of a national security generation	1362
resource net impact under section 4928.147 of the Revised Code,	1363
the public utilities commission shall do all of the following:	1364
(1) Determine, every three years, the prudence and	1365
reasonableness of the electric distribution utility's actions	1366
related to the national security generation resource, including	1367
its decisions related to offering the contractual commitment	1368
into the wholesale markets, and exclude from recovery those	1369
costs that it determines imprudent and unreasonable.	1370
(2) Determine the proper rate design for recovering or	1371
remitting the national security generation resource net impact,	1372
provided, however, that the monthly charge or credit recovering	1373
that impact, including any deferrals or credits, shall not	1374
exceed two dollars and fifty cents per customer per month for	1375
residential customers. For all other customer classes, the	1376
commission shall establish comparable monthly caps for each at	1377
or below two thousand five hundred dollars per customer per	1378
month. Insofar as the national security generation resource net	1379
impact exceeds these monthly limits, the electric distribution	1380
utility shall defer the remaining net impact as a regulatory	1381
asset or liability that shall be recovered as determined by the	1382
commission subject to the monthly rate caps set forth in this	1383
division.	1384
(3) Provide for discontinuation, subject to final	1385
reconciliation, of the nonbypassable rate mechanism on December_	1386
	4.0.5-

31, 2030, unless the mechanism is extended by the general

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assembly under division (B) of this section.	1388
(B) The commission shall conduct an inquiry in 2029 to	1389
determine whether it is in the public interest to continue	1390
recovery of a national security generation resource net impact	1391
after 2030, and report its findings to the general assembly.	1392
Sec. 4928.46. (A) In the event that the federal energy	1393
regulatory commission authorizes a program by which this state	1394
may take action to satisfy any portion of the capacity resource	1395
obligation associated with the organized wholesale market that	1396
functions to meet the capacity, energy services, and ancillary	1397
services needs of consumers in this state, the public utilities	1398
commission shall promptly review the program and submit a report	1399
of its findings to the general assembly.	1400
(B) The report shall include any recommendations for both	1401
of the following:	1402
(1) Legislation that may be necessary to permit this state	1403
to beneficially participate in any such program;	1404
(2) How to maintain participation by end-use customers in	1405
this state in the demand response program offered by PJM	1406
Interconnection, L.L.C., or its successor organization,	1407
including how the state may consider structuring procurement for	1408
demand response that would allow demand response to satisfy a	1409
portion of the state's capacity resource obligation.	1410
(C) The report shall incorporate the policy of	1411
facilitating the state's effectiveness in the global economy by	1412
minimizing any adverse impact on trade-exposed industrial	1413
manufacturers.	1414
Sec. 4928.47. (A) As used in this section, "clean air	1415
resource" means any of the following:	1416

(1) A clean air resource as defined in section 3706.40 of	1417
the Revised Code;	1418
(2) A customer-sited renewable energy resource;	1419
(3) A renewable energy resource that is a self-generator.	1420
(B)(1) Through its general supervision, ratemaking, cost	1421
assignment, allocation, rate schedule approval, and rulemaking	1422
authority, as well as its authority under section 4905.31 of the	1423
Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall facilitate	1424
and encourage the establishment of retail purchased power	1425
agreements having a term of three years or more through which	1426
mercantile customers of an electric distribution utility commit	1427
to satisfy a material portion of their electricity requirements	1428
from the output of a clean air resource.	1429
(2) The commission's application and administration of	1430
this section shall be the same for all clean air resources	1431
regardless of whether the resource is certified or eligible for	1432
certification under the Ohio clean air program created under	1433
section 3706.42 of the Revised Code.	1434
(3) In addition to any other benefits that may be	1435
available as a result of the commission's application of its	1436
authority under this section, on the effective date of a retail	1437
purchased power agreement, the commission may exempt such	1438
purchasing mercantile customer from the Ohio clean air program	1439
per-account monthly charge established in section 3706.47 of the	1440
Revised Code.	1441
(C)(1) Not later than ninety days after the effective date	1442
of this section, the commission shall promulgate rules as	1443
necessary to begin the implementation of this section.	1444
(2) Not later than two hundred seventy-five days after the	1445

effective date of this section, the commission shall promulgate	1446
rules for further implementation and administration of this	1447
section.	1448
Sec. 4928.471. (A) Except as provided in division (E) of	1449
this section, not earlier than thirty days after the effective	1450
date of this section, an electric distribution utility may file	1451
an application to implement a decoupling mechanism for the 2019	1452
calendar year and each calendar year thereafter. For an electric	1453
distribution utility that applies for a decoupling mechanism	1454
under this section, the base distribution rates for residential	1455
and commercial customers shall be decoupled to the base	1456
distribution revenue and revenue resulting from implementation_	1457
of section 4928.66 of the Revised Code, excluding program costs	1458
	1459
and shared savings, and recovered pursuant to an approved	
electric security plan under section 4928.143 of the Revised	1460
Code, as of the twelve-month period ending on December 31, 2018.	1461
An application under this division shall not be considered an	1462
application under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code.	1463
(B) The commission shall issue an order approving an	1464
application for a decoupling mechanism filed under division (A)	1465
of this section not later than sixty days after the application	1466
is filed. In determining that an application is not unjust and	1467
unreasonable, the commission shall verify that the rate schedule	1468
or schedules are designed to recover the electric distribution	1469
utility's 2018 annual revenues as described in division (A) of	1470
this section and that the decoupling rate design is aligned with	1471
the rate design of the electric distribution utility's existing	1472
base distribution rates. The decoupling mechanism shall recover	1473
an amount equal to the base distribution revenue and revenue	1474
resulting from implementation of section 4928.66 of the Revised	1475
Code, excluding program costs and shared savings, and recovered	1476

nurguant to an approved electric sequrity plan under section	
pursuant to an approved electric security plan under section	1477
4928.143 of the Revised Code, as of the twelve-month period	1478
ending on December 31, 2018. The decoupling mechanism shall be	1479
adjusted annually thereafter to reconcile any over recovery or	1480
under recovery from the prior year and to enable an electric	1481
distribution utility to recover the same level of revenues	1482
described in division (A) of this section in each year.	1483
(C) The commission's approval of a decoupling mechanism	1484
under this section shall not affect any other rates, riders,	1485
charges, schedules, classifications, or services previously_	1486
approved by the commission. The decoupling mechanism shall_	1487
remain in effect until the next time that the electric	1488
distribution utility applies for and the commission approves	1489
base distribution rates for the utility under section 4909.18 of	1490
the Revised Code.	1491
<u>Ine Kevised Code.</u>	TIDT
(D) If the commission determines that approving a	1492
<u>decoupling mechanism will result in a double recovery by the</u>	1 4 0 0
	1493
electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve	1493 1494
electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve	1494
electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery.	1494 1495
electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not	1494 1495 1496
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31,</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31, 2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31, 2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an application for an increase in base distribution rates filed</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499 1500
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31, 2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an application for an increase in base distribution rates filed under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code.</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499 1500 1501
electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31, 2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an application for an increase in base distribution rates filed under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code. Sec. 4928.647. Subject to approval by the public utilities	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499 1500 1501 1502
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31, 2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an application for an increase in base distribution rates filed under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code. Sec. 4928.647. Subject to approval by the public utilities commission and regardless of any limitations set forth in any</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499 1500 1501 1502 1503
<pre>electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve the application unless the utility cures the double recovery. (E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not apply to an electric distribution utility that has base distribution rates that became effective between December 31, 2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an application for an increase in base distribution rates filed under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code. Sec. 4928.647. Subject to approval by the public utilities commission and regardless of any limitations set forth in any other section of Chapter 4928. of the Revised Code, an electric</pre>	1494 1495 1496 1497 1498 1499 1500 1501 1502 1503 1504

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by doing either of the following:	1507
(A)(1) An electric distribution utility may seek approval	1508
from the commission to establish a schedule or schedules	1509
applicable to residential, commercial, industrial, or other	1510
customers and provide a customer the opportunity to purchase	1511
renewable energy credits for any purpose the customer elects.	1512
(2) The commission shall not approve any schedule unless	1513
it determines both of the following:	1514
<u>(a) The proposed schedule or schedules do not create an</u>	1515
<u>undue burden or unreasonable preference or disadvantage to</u>	1516
nonparticipating customers.	1517
(b) The electric distribution utility seeking approval	1518
commits to comply with any conditions the commission may impose	1519
to ensure that the electric distribution utility and any	1520
participating customers are solely responsible for the risks,	1521
costs, and benefits of any schedule or schedules.	1522
(B)(1) Consistent with section 4905.31 of the Revised	1523
<u>Code, an electric distribution utility, a customer, or a group</u>	1524
of customers may seek approval of a nondiscriminatory schedule	1525
or reasonable arrangement involving the production and supply of	1526
renewable energy, including long-term renewable energy purchase	1527
agreements through which an electric distribution utility may	1528
construct, lease, finance, or operate renewable energy resources	1529
dedicated to that customer or customers.	1530
(2) The commission shall not approve any schedule or	1531
arrangement unless it determines both of the following:	1532
(a) The proposed schedule or arrangement does not create	1533
an undue burden or unreasonable preference or disadvantage to	1534
nonparticipating customers.	1535

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(b) The electric distribution utility seeking approval	1536
commits to comply with any conditions the commission may impose	1537
to ensure that the electric distribution utility and any	1538
participating customers are solely responsible for the risks,	1539
costs, and benefits of any schedule or reasonable arrangement.	1540

Sec. 4928.66. (A) (1) (a) Beginning in 2009, an electric 1541 distribution utility shall implement energy efficiency programs 1542 that achieve energy savings equivalent to at least three-tenths 1543 of one per cent of the total, annual average, and normalized 1544 kilowatt-hour sales of the electric distribution utility during 1545 the preceding three calendar years to customers in this state. 1546 An energy efficiency program may include a combined heat and 1547 power system placed into service or retrofitted on or after the 1548 effective date of the amendment of this section by S.B. 315 of 1549 the 129th general assembly, September 10, 2012, or a waste 1550 energy recovery system placed into service or retrofitted on or 1551 after September 10, 2012, except that a waste energy recovery 1552 system described in division (A) (38) (b) of section 4928.01 of 1553 the Revised Code may be included only if it was placed into 1554 service between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004. For a 1555 waste energy recovery or combined heat and power system, the 1556 savings shall be as estimated by the public utilities 1557 commission. The savings requirement, using such a three-year 1558 average, shall increase to an additional five-tenths of one per 1559 cent in 2010, seven-tenths of one per cent in 2011, eight-tenths 1560 of one per cent in 2012, nine-tenths of one per cent in 2013, 1561 and one per cent in 2014. In 2015 and 2016, an electric 1562 distribution utility shall achieve energy savings equal to the 1563 result of subtracting the cumulative energy savings achieved 1564 since 2009 from the product of multiplying the baseline for 1565 energy savings, described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section, 1566

by four and two-tenths of one per cent. If the result is zero or 1567 less for the year for which the calculation is being made, the 1568 utility shall not be required to achieve additional energy 1569 savings for that year, but may achieve additional energy savings 1570 for that year. Thereafter, the The annual savings requirements 1571 shall be, for years 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020, an additional 1572 1573 one per cent of the baseline, and two per cent each year thereafter, achieving cumulative energy savings in excess of 1574 twenty-two per cent by the end of 2027. For purposes of a waste 1575 energy recovery or combined heat and power system, an electric 1576 distribution utility shall not apply more than the total annual 1577 percentage of the electric distribution utility's industrial-1578 customer load, relative to the electric distribution utility's 1579 total load, to the annual energy savings requirement. 1580

(b) Beginning in 2009, an electric distribution utility 1581 shall implement peak demand reduction programs designed to 1582 achieve a one per cent reduction in peak demand in 2009 and an 1583 additional seventy-five hundredths of one per cent reduction 1584 each year through 2014. In 2015 and 2016, an electric 1585 distribution utility shall achieve a reduction in peak demand 1586 equal to the result of subtracting the cumulative peak demand 1587 reductions achieved since 2009 from the product of multiplying 1588 the baseline for peak demand reduction, described in division 1589 (A) (2) (a) of this section, by four and seventy-five hundredths 1590 of one per cent. If the result is zero or less for the year for 1591 which the calculation is being made, the utility shall not be 1592 required to achieve an additional reduction in peak demand for 1593 that year, but may achieve an additional reduction in peak 1594 demand for that year. In 2017 and each year thereafter through 1595 2020, the utility shall achieve an additional seventy-five 1596 hundredths of one per cent reduction in peak demand. 1597

(2) For the purposes of divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of	1598
this section:	1599
(a) The baseline for energy savings under division (A)(1)	1600
(a) of this section shall be the average of the total kilowatt	1601
hours the electric distribution utility sold in the preceding	1602
three calendar years. The baseline for a peak demand reduction	1603
under division (A)(1)(b) of this section shall be the average	1604
peak demand on the utility in the preceding three calendar	1605
years, except that the commission may reduce either baseline to	1606
adjust for new economic growth in the utility's certified	1607
territory. Neither baseline shall include the load and usage of	1608
any of the following customers:	1609
(i) Beginning January 1, 2017, a customer for which a	1610
reasonable arrangement has been approved under section 4905.31	1611
of the Revised Code;	1612
(ii) A customer that has opted out of the utility's	1613
portfolio plan under section 4928.6611 of the Revised Code;	1613
portroiro pran under section 4920.0011 of the Revised Code,	1014
(iii) A customer that has opted out of the utility's	1615
portfolio plan under Section 8 of S.B. 310 of the 130th general	1616
assembly.	1617
(b) The commission may amend the benchmarks set forth in	1618
division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if, after application	1619
by the electric distribution utility, the commission determines	1620
that the amendment is necessary because the utility cannot	1621
reasonably achieve the benchmarks due to regulatory, economic,	1622
or technological reasons beyond its reasonable control.	1623
(c) Compliance with divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this	1624
section shall be measured by including the effects of all	1625
demand-response programs for mercantile customers of the subject	1626

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electric distribution utility, all waste energy recovery systems 1627 and all combined heat and power systems, and all such mercantile 1628 customer-sited energy efficiency, including waste energy 1629 recovery and combined heat and power, and peak demand reduction 1630 programs, adjusted upward by the appropriate loss factors. Any 1631 mechanism designed to recover the cost of energy efficiency, 1632 including waste energy recovery and combined heat and power, and 1633 peak demand reduction programs under divisions (A) (1) (a) and (b) 1634 of this section may exempt mercantile customers that commit 1635 their demand-response or other customer-sited capabilities, 1636 whether existing or new, for integration into the electric 1637 distribution utility's demand-response, energy efficiency, 1638 including waste energy recovery and combined heat and power, or 1639 peak demand reduction programs, if the commission determines 1640 that that exemption reasonably encourages such customers to 1641 commit those capabilities to those programs. If a mercantile 1642 customer makes such existing or new demand-response, energy 1643 efficiency, including waste energy recovery and combined heat 1644 and power, or peak demand reduction capability available to an 1645 electric distribution utility pursuant to division (A)(2)(c) of 1646 this section, the electric utility's baseline under division (A) 1647 (2) (a) of this section shall be adjusted to exclude the effects 1648 of all such demand-response, energy efficiency, including waste 1649 energy recovery and combined heat and power, or peak demand 1650 reduction programs that may have existed during the period used 1651 to establish the baseline. The baseline also shall be normalized 1652 for changes in numbers of customers, sales, weather, peak 1653 demand, and other appropriate factors so that the compliance 1654 measurement is not unduly influenced by factors outside the 1655 control of the electric distribution utility. 1656

(d) (i) Programs implemented by a utility may include the 1657

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following:	1658
(I) Demand-response programs;	1659
(II) Smart grid investment programs, provided that such	1660
programs are demonstrated to be cost-beneficial;	1661
(III) Customer-sited programs, including waste energy	1662
recovery and combined heat and power systems;	1663
(IV) Transmission and distribution infrastructure	1664
improvements that reduce line losses;	1665
(V) Energy efficiency savings and peak demand reduction	1666
that are achieved, in whole or in part, as a result of funding	1667
provided from the universal service fund established by section	1668
4928.51 of the Revised Code to benefit low-income customers	1669
through programs that include, but are not limited to, energy	1670
audits, the installation of energy efficiency insulation,	1671
appliances, and windows, and other weatherization measures.	1672
(ii) No energy efficiency or peak demand reduction	1673
achieved under divisions (A)(2)(d)(i)(IV) and (V) of this	1674
section shall qualify for shared savings.	1675
(iii) Division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall be applied	1676
to include facilitating efforts by a mercantile customer or	1677
group of those customers to offer customer-sited demand-	1678
response, energy efficiency, including waste energy recovery and	1679
combined heat and power, or peak demand reduction capabilities	1680
to the electric distribution utility as part of a reasonable	1681
arrangement submitted to the commission pursuant to section	1682
4905.31 of the Revised Code.	1683
(e) No programs or improvements described in division (A)	1684
(2)(d) of this section shall conflict with any statewide	1685

building code adopted by the board of building standards. 1686 (B) In accordance with rules it shall adopt, the public 1687 utilities commission shall produce and docket at the commission 1688 an annual report containing the results of its verification of 1689 the annual levels of energy efficiency and of peak demand 1690 reductions achieved by each electric distribution utility 1691 pursuant to division (A) of this section. A copy of the report 1692 shall be provided to the consumers' counsel. 1693

(C) If the commission determines, after notice and 1694 opportunity for hearing and based upon its report under division 1695 (B) of this section, that an electric distribution utility has 1696 failed to comply with an energy efficiency or peak demand 1697 reduction requirement of division (A) of this section, the 1698 commission shall assess a forfeiture on the utility as provided 1699 under sections 4905.55 to 4905.60 and 4905.64 of the Revised 1700 Code, either in the amount, per day per undercompliance or 1701 noncompliance, relative to the period of the report, equal to 1702 that prescribed for noncompliances under section 4905.54 of the 1703 Revised Code, or in an amount equal to the then existing market 1704 value of one renewable energy credit per megawatt hour of-1705 undercompliance or noncompliance. Revenue from any forfeiture 1706 assessed under this division shall be deposited to the credit of 1707 the advanced energy fund created under section 4928.61 of the 1708 Revised Code. 1709

(D) The commission may establish rules regarding the
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content of an application by an electric distribution utility
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for commission approval of a revenue decoupling mechanism under
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this division. Such an application shall not be considered an
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application to increase rates and may be included as part of a
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proposal to establish, continue, or expand energy efficiency or
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conservation programs. The commission by order may approve an 1716 application under this division if it determines both that the 1717 revenue decoupling mechanism provides for the recovery of 1718 revenue that otherwise may be forgone by the utility as a result 1719 of or in connection with the implementation by the electric 1720 distribution utility of any energy efficiency or energy 1721 conservation programs and reasonably aligns the interests of the 1722 utility and of its customers in favor of those programs. 1723

(E) The commission additionally shall adopt rules that
require an electric distribution utility to provide a customer
upon request with two years' consumption data in an accessible
form.

(F)(1) All the terms and conditions of an electric	1728
distribution utility's portfolio plan in effect as of the	1729
effective date of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of	1730
the 133rd general assembly shall remain in place through	1731
December 31, 2020, and terminate on that date.	1732

(2) If a portfolio plan is extended beyond its commission-1733approved term by division (F) (1) of this section, the existing1734plan's budget shall be increased for the extended term to1735include an amount equal to the annual average of the approved1736budget for all years of the portfolio plan in effect as of the1737effective date of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of1738the 133rd general assembly.1739

(3) All other terms and conditions of a portfolio plan1740extended beyond its commission-approved term by division (F)(1)1741of this section shall remain the same unless changes are1742authorized by the commission upon the electric distribution1743utility's request.1744

(G) All requirements imposed and all programs implemented	1745
under this section shall terminate on December 31, 2020,	1746
provided an electric distribution utility recovers in the	1747
following year all remaining program costs incurred or to be	1748
incurred, including costs incurred for contractual obligations	1749
and any costs to discontinue the portfolio plan programs,	1750
through applicable tariff schedules or riders in effect on the	1751
effective date of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of	1752
the 133rd general assembly.	1753
Sec. 4928.661. (A) Not earlier than January 1, 2020, an	1754
electric distribution utility may submit an application to the	1755
public utilities commission for approval of programs to	1756
encourage energy efficiency or peak demand reduction. The	1757
application may include descriptions of the proposed programs	1758
including all of the following:	1759
(1) The size and scope of the programs;	1760
(2) Applicability of the programs to specific customer	1761
classes;	1762
(3) Recovery of costs and incentives;	1763
(4) Any other information determined by the electric	1764
distribution utility to be appropriate for the commission's	1765
review.	1766
(B) The commission shall issue an order approving or	1767
modifying and approving an application if it finds that the	1768
proposed programs will be cost-effective, in the public	1769
interest, and consistent with state policy as specified in	1770
section 4928.02 of the Revised Code.	1771
(C) Applications submitted and approved under this section	1772
shall not take effect earlier than January 1, 2021.	1773

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Sec. 4928.6610. As used in sections 4928.6611 to 4928.6616	1774
4928.6615 of the Revised Code:	177
(A) "Customer" means any either of the following:	177
(1) Effective January 1, 2020, a mercantile customer as	177
defined in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code;	1778
(2) Any customer of an electric distribution utility to	177
which either of the following applies:	178
(1) (a) The customer receives service above the primary	178
voltage level as determined by the utility's tariff	178
classification.	178
(2) (b) The customer is a commercial or industrial	178
customer to which both of the following apply:	178
(a) (i) The customer receives electricity through a meter	178
of an end user or through more than one meter at a single	178
location in a quantity that exceeds forty-five million kilowatt	178
hours of electricity for the preceding calendar year.	178
(b) <u>(</u>ii) T he customer has made a written request for	179
registration as a self-assessing purchaser pursuant to section	179
5727.81 of the Revised Code.	179
(B) "Energy intensity" means the amount of energy, from	179
electricity, used or consumed per unit of production.	179
(C) "Portfolio plan" means <u>either of the following:</u>	179
(1) The comprehensive energy efficiency and peak-demand	179
reduction program portfolio plan required under rules adopted by	179
the public utilities commission and codified in Chapter 4901:1-	179
39 of the Administrative Code or hereafter recodified or	179
amended <u>;</u>	180

(2) A plan approved under section 4928.661 of the Revised	1801
Code or under rules adopted under that section.	1802
Sec. 4928.75. Beginning in fiscal year 2021 and each	1803
fiscal year thereafter, the director of development services	1804
shall, in each fiscal year, submit a completed waiver request in	1805
accordance with section 96.83 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal	1806
Regulations to the United States department of health and human	1807
services and any other applicable federal agencies for the state	1808
to expend twenty-five per cent of federal low-income home energy	1809
assistance programs funds from the home energy assistance block	1810
grants for weatherization services allowed by section 96.83(a)	1811
of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations to the United	1812
States department of health and human services.	1813
Sec. 4928.80. (A) Each electric distribution utility shall_	1814
file with the public utilities commission a tariff applicable to	1815
county fairs and agricultural societies that includes either of	1816
the following:	1817
(1) A fixed monthly service fee;	1818
(2) An energy charge on a kilowatt-hour basis.	1819
(B) The minimum monthly charge shall not exceed the fixed	1820
monthly service fee and the customer shall not be subject to any	1821
demand-based riders.	1822
(C) The electric distribution utility shall be eligible to	1823
recover any revenue loss associated with customer migration to	1824
this new tariff.	1825
Sec. 5727.47. (A) Notice of each assessment certified or	1826
issued pursuant to section 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised	1827
Code shall be mailed to the public utility, and its mailing	1828
shall be prima-facie evidence of its receipt by the public	1829

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utility to which it is addressed. With the notice, the tax 1830 commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for 1831 reassessment and request a hearing on the petition. If Except as 1832 otherwise provided in division (G) of this section, if a public 1833 utility objects to such an assessment, it may file with the 1834 commissioner, either personally or by certified mail, within 1835 sixty days after the mailing of the notice of assessment a 1836 written petition for reassessment signed by the utility's 1837 authorized agent having knowledge of the facts. The date the 1838 commissioner receives the petition shall be considered the date 1839 of filing. The petition shall indicate the utility's objections, 1840 but additional objections may be raised in writing if received 1841 by the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 1842 determination. 1843

In the case of a petition seeking a reduction in taxable 1844 value filed with respect to an assessment certified under 1845 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall state 1846 in the petition the total amount of reduction in taxable value 1847 sought by the petitioner. If the petitioner objects to the 1848 percentage of true value at which taxable property is assessed 1849 by the commissioner, the petitioner shall state in the petition 1850 the total amount of reduction in taxable value sought both with 1851 and without regard to the objection pertaining to the percentage 1852 of true value at which its taxable property is assessed. If a 1853 petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment of the 1854 taxable value of the petitioner's taxable property, the 1855 petitioner shall distinctly state in the petition that the 1856 petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment, and, 1857 within forty-five days after filing the petition for 1858 reassessment, shall submit the petitioner's proposed 1859 apportionment of the taxable value of its taxable property among 1860

taxing districts. If a petitioner that objects to the 1861 commissioner's apportionment fails to state its objections to 1862 that apportionment in its petition for reassessment or fails to 1863 submit its proposed apportionment within forty-five days after 1864 filing the petition for reassessment, the commissioner shall 1865 dismiss the petitioner's objection to the commissioner's 1866 apportionment, and the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable 1867 property, subject to any adjustment to taxable value pursuant to 1868 the petition or appeal, shall be apportioned in the manner used 1869 by the commissioner in the preliminary or amended preliminary 1870 assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code. 1871

If an additional objection seeking a reduction in taxable 1872 value in excess of the reduction stated in the original petition 1873 is properly and timely raised with respect to an assessment 1874 issued under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner 1875 shall state the total amount of the reduction in taxable value 1876 sought in the additional objection both with and without regard 1877 to any reduction in taxable value pertaining to the percentage 1878 of true value at which taxable property is assessed. If a 1879 petitioner fails to state the reduction in taxable value sought 1880 in the original petition or in additional objections properly 1881 raised after the petition is filed, the commissioner shall 1882 notify the petitioner of the failure by certified mail. If the 1883 petitioner fails to notify the commissioner in writing of the 1884 reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in an 1885 additional objection within thirty days after receiving the 1886 commissioner's notice, the commissioner shall dismiss the 1887 petition or the additional objection in which that reduction is 1888 sought. 1889

(B) (1) Subject to divisions (B) (2) and (3) of this1890section, a public utility filing a petition for reassessment1891

regarding an assessment certified or issued under section 1892 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised Code shall pay the tax with 1893 respect to the assessment objected to as required by law. The 1894 acceptance of any tax payment by the treasurer of state, tax 1895 commissioner, or any county treasurer shall not prejudice any 1896 claim for taxes on final determination by the commissioner or 1897 final decision by the board of tax appeals or any court. 1898

(2) If a public utility properly and timely files a
petition for reassessment regarding an assessment certified
under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall
pay the tax as prescribed by divisions (B) (2) (a), (b), and (c)
of this section:

(a) If the petitioner does not object to the
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commissioner's apportionment of the taxable value of the
petitioner's taxable property, the petitioner is not required to
pay the part of the tax otherwise due on the taxable value that
the petitioner seeks to have reduced, subject to division (B) (2)
(c) of this section.

(b) If the petitioner objects to the commissioner's 1910 apportionment of the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable 1911 property, the petitioner is not required to pay the tax 1912 otherwise due on the part of the taxable value apportioned to 1913 any taxing district that the petitioner objects to, subject to 1914 division (B)(2)(c) of this section. If, pursuant to division (A) 1915 of this section, the petitioner has, in a proper and timely 1916 manner, apportioned taxable value to a taxing district to which 1917 the commissioner did not apportion the petitioner's taxable 1918 value, the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the taxable value 1919 that the petitioner has apportioned to the taxing district, 1920 subject to division (B)(2)(c) of this section. 1921

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(c) If a petitioner objects to the percentage of true 1922 value at which taxable property is assessed by the commissioner, 1923 the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the basis of the 1924 percentage of true value at which the public utility's taxable 1925 property is assessed by the commissioner. In any case, the 1926 petitioner's payment of tax shall not be less than the amount of 1927 tax due based on the taxable value reflected on the last appeal 1928 notice issued by the commissioner under division (C) of this 1929 section. Until the county auditor receives notification under 1930 division (E) of this section and proceeds under section 5727.471 1931 of the Revised Code to issue any refund that is found to be due, 1932 the county auditor shall not issue a refund for any increase in 1933 the reduction in taxable value that is sought by a petitioner 1934 later than forty-five days after the petitioner files the 1935 original petition as required under division (A) of this 1936 section. 1937

(3) Any part of the tax that, under division (B)(2)(a) or 1938 (b) of this section, is not paid shall be collected upon receipt 1939 of the notification as provided in section 5727.471 of the 1940 Revised Code with interest thereon computed in the same manner 1941 as interest is computed under division (E) of section 5715.19 of 1942 the Revised Code, subject to any correction of the assessment by 1943 the commissioner under division (E) of this section or the final 1944 judgment of the board of tax appeals or a court to which the 1945 board's final judgment is appealed. The penalty imposed under 1946 section 323.121 of the Revised Code shall apply only to the 1947 unpaid portion of the tax if the petitioner's tax payment is 1948 less than the amount of tax due based on the taxable value 1949 reflected on the last appeal notice issued by the commissioner 1950 under division (C) of this section. 1951

(C) Upon receipt of a properly filed petition for

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reassessment with respect to an assessment certified under 1953 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner shall 1954 notify the treasurer of state or the auditor of each county to 1955 which the assessment objected to has been certified. In the case 1956 of a petition with respect to an assessment certified under 1957 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall 1958 1959 issue an appeal notice within thirty days after receiving the amount of the taxable value reduction and apportionment changes 1960 sought by the petitioner in the original petition or in any 1961 additional objections properly and timely raised by the 1962 petitioner. The appeal notice shall indicate the amount of the 1963 reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in the 1964 additional objections and the extent to which the reduction in 1965 taxable value and any change in apportionment requested by the 1966 petitioner would affect the commissioner's apportionment of the 1967 taxable value among taxing districts in the county as shown in 1968 the assessment. If a petitioner is seeking a reduction in 1969 taxable value on the basis of a lower percentage of true value 1970 than the percentage at which the commissioner assessed the 1971 petitioner's taxable property, the appeal notice shall indicate 1972 the reduction in taxable value sought by the petitioner without 1973 regard to the reduction sought on the basis of the lower 1974 percentage and shall indicate that the petitioner is required to 1975 pay tax on the reduced taxable value determined without regard 1976 to the reduction sought on the basis of a lower percentage of 1977 true value, as provided under division (B)(2)(c) of this 1978 section. The appeal notice shall include a statement that the 1979 reduced taxable value and the apportionment indicated in the 1980 notice are not final and are subject to adjustment by the 1981 commissioner or by the board of tax appeals or a court on 1982 appeal. If the commissioner finds an error in the appeal notice, 1983 the commissioner may amend the notice, but the notice is only 1984

for informational and tax payment purposes; the notice is not 1985 subject to appeal by any person. The commissioner also shall 1986 mail a copy of the appeal notice to the petitioner. Upon the 1987 request of a taxing authority, the county auditor may disclose 1988 to the taxing authority the extent to which a reduction in 1989 taxable value sought by a petitioner would affect the 1990 apportionment of taxable value to the taxing district or 1991 districts under the taxing authority's jurisdiction, but such a 1992 disclosure does not constitute a notice required by law to be 1993

(D) If the petitioner requests a hearing on the petition,
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the tax commissioner shall assign a time and place for the
hearing on the petition and notify the petitioner of such time
and place, but the commissioner may continue the hearing from
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time to time as necessary.

given for the purpose of section 5717.02 of the Revised Code.

2000 (E) The tax commissioner may make corrections to the assessment as the commissioner finds proper. The commissioner 2001 shall serve a copy of the commissioner's final determination on 2002 the petitioner in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the 2003 Revised Code. The commissioner's decision in the matter shall be 2004 final, subject to appeal under section 5717.02 of the Revised 2005 2006 Code. With respect to a final determination issued for an assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, 2007 the commissioner also shall transmit a copy of the final 2008 determination to the applicable county auditor. In the absence 2009 of any further appeal, or when a decision of the board of tax 2010 appeals or of any court to which the decision has been appealed 2011 becomes final, the commissioner shall notify the public utility 2012 and, as appropriate, shall proceed under section 5727.42 of the 2013 Revised Code, or notify the applicable county auditor, who shall 2014 proceed under section 5727.471 of the Revised Code. 2015

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The notification made under this division is not subject	2016
to further appeal.	2017
(F) On appeal, no adjustment shall be made in the tax	2018
commissioner's assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the	2019
Revised Code that reduces the taxable value of a petitioner's	2020
taxable property by an amount that exceeds the reduction sought	2021
by the petitioner in its petition for reassessment or in any	2022
additional objections properly and timely raised after the	2023
petition is filed with the commissioner.	2024
(G) An electric company with taxable property that is, or	2025
is part of, a clean air resource fueled by nuclear power and	2026
certified under section 3706.44 of the Revised Code may file a	2027
petition for reassessment seeking a reduction in taxable value	2028
of that property, provided that any such petition shall not	2029
request, and the tax commissioner shall have no authority to	2030
grant, a reduction in taxable value below the taxable values for	2031
such property as of the effective date of the amendments to this	2032
section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general assembly. As used in this	2033
division, "clean air resource" has the same meaning as defined	2034
by section 3706.40 of the Revised Code.	2035
Sec. 5727.75. (A) For purposes of this section:	2036
(1) "Qualified energy project" means an energy project	2037
certified by the director of development services pursuant to	2038
this section.	2039
(2) "Energy project" means a project to provide electric	2040
power through the construction, installation, and use of an	2041
energy facility.	2042
(3) "Alternative energy zone" means a county declared as	2043
such by the board of county commissioners under division (E)(1)	2044

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(b) or (c) of this section.

(4) "Full-time equivalent employee" means the total number 2046 of employee-hours for which compensation was paid to individuals 2047 employed at a qualified energy project for services performed at 2048 the project during the calendar year divided by two thousand 2049 eighty hours. 2050

(5) "Solar energy project" means an energy project 2051 composed of an energy facility using solar panels to generate 2052 2053 electricity.

(6) "Internet identifier of record" has the same meaning 2054 as in section 9.312 of the Revised Code. 2055

(B) (1) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy project using renewable energy resources is exempt from taxation 2057 for tax years 2011 through 2021 if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) On or before December 31, 2020, the owner or a lessee 2060 pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction of the project 2061 submits an application to the power siting board for a 2062 certificate under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, or if 2063 that section does not apply, submits an application for any 2064 approval, consent, permit, or certificate or satisfies any 2065 condition required by a public agency or political subdivision 2066 of this state for the construction or initial operation of an 2067 energy project. 2068

(b) Construction or installation of the energy facility 2069 begins on or after January 1, 2009, and before January 1, 2021. 2070 For the purposes of this division, construction begins on the 2071 earlier of the date of application for a certificate or other 2072 approval or permit described in division (B)(1)(a) of this 2073

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section, or the date the contract for the construction or 2074 installation of the energy facility is entered into. 2075

(c) For a qualified energy project with a nameplate 2076 capacity of five twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 2077 commissioners of a county in which property of the project is 2078 located has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) 2079 of this section to approve the application submitted under 2080 division (E) of this section to exempt the property located in 2081 that county from taxation. A board's adoption of a resolution 2082 2083 rejecting an application or its failure to adopt a resolution approving the application does not affect the tax-exempt status 2084 of the qualified energy project's property that is located in 2085 2086 another county.

(2) If tangible personal property of a qualified energy 2087 project using renewable energy resources was exempt from 2088 taxation under this section beginning in any of tax years 2011 2089 through 2021, and the certification under division (E)(2) of 2090 this section has not been revoked, the tangible personal 2091 property of the qualified energy project is exempt from taxation 2092 for tax year 2022 and all ensuing tax years if the property was 2093 placed into service before January 1, 2022, as certified in the 2094 construction progress report required under division (F)(2) of 2095 this section. Tangible personal property that has not been 2096 placed into service before that date is taxable property subject 2097 to taxation. An energy project for which certification has been 2098 revoked is ineligible for further exemption under this section. 2099 Revocation does not affect the tax-exempt status of the 2100 project's tangible personal property for the tax year in which 2101 revocation occurs or any prior tax year. 2102

(C) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy

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project using clean coal technology, advanced nuclear2104technology, or cogeneration technology is exempt from taxation2105for the first tax year that the property would be listed for2106taxation and all subsequent years if all of the following2107circumstances are met:2108

(1) The property was placed into service before January 1, 2109
2021. Tangible personal property that has not been placed into 2110
service before that date is taxable property subject to 2111
taxation. 2112

(2) For such a qualified energy project with a nameplate 2113 capacity of five twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 2114 commissioners of a county in which property of the qualified 2115 energy project is located has adopted a resolution under 2116 division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of this section to approve the 2117 application submitted under division (E) of this section to 2118 exempt the property located in that county from taxation. A 2119 board's adoption of a resolution rejecting the application or 2120 its failure to adopt a resolution approving the application does 2121 not affect the tax-exempt status of the qualified energy 2122 project's property that is located in another county. 2123

(3) The certification for the qualified energy project
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issued under division (E) (2) of this section has not been
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revoked. An energy project for which certification has been
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revoked is ineligible for exemption under this section.
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Revocation does not affect the tax-exempt status of the
project's tangible personal property for the tax year in which
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revocation occurs or any prior tax year.

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this section, real2131property of a qualified energy project is exempt from taxation2132for any tax year for which the tangible personal property of the2133

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qualified energy projec	t is exempted	under this section.	2134
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(E) (1) (a) A person may apply to the director of
development services for certification of an energy project as a
qualified energy project on or before the following dates:
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(i) December 31, 2020, for an energy project using2138renewable energy resources;2139

(ii) December 31, 2017, for an energy project using cleancoal technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration2141technology.

(b) The director shall forward a copy of each application 2143 for certification of an energy project with a nameplate capacity 2144 of five twenty megawatts or greater to the board of county 2145 commissioners of each county in which the project is located and 2146 to each taxing unit with territory located in each of the 2147 affected counties. Any board that receives from the director a 2148 copy of an application submitted under this division shall adopt 2149 a resolution approving or rejecting the application unless it 2150 has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(c) of this 2151 section. A resolution adopted under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of 21.52 this section may require an annual service payment to be made in 2153 addition to the service payment required under division (G) of 2154 this section. The sum of the service payment required in the 2155 resolution and the service payment required under division (G) 2156 of this section shall not exceed nine thousand dollars per 2157 megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county. The 2158 resolution shall specify the time and manner in which the 2159 payments required by the resolution shall be paid to the county 2160 treasurer. The county treasurer shall deposit the payment to the 2161 credit of the county's general fund to be used for any purpose 2162 for which money credited to that fund may be used. 2163

The board shall send copies of the resolution to the owner 2164 of the facility and the director by certified mail or, if the 2165 board has record of an internet identifier of record associated 2166 with the owner or director, by ordinary mail and by that 2167 internet identifier of record. The board shall send such notice 2168 within thirty days after receipt of the application, or a longer 2169 period of time if authorized by the director. 2170

(c) A board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution
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declaring the county to be an alternative energy zone and
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declaring all applications submitted to the director of
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development services under this division after the adoption of
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the resolution, and prior to its repeal, to be approved by the
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board.

All tangible personal property and real property of an2177energy project with a nameplate capacity of five-twenty2178megawatts or greater is taxable if it is located in a county in2179which the board of county commissioners adopted a resolution2180rejecting the application submitted under this division or2181failed to adopt a resolution approving the application under2182division (E) (1) (b) or (c) of this section.2183

(2) The director shall certify an energy project if all of 2184the following circumstances exist: 2185

(a) The application was timely submitted.

(b) For an energy project with a nameplate capacity of2187five_twenty_megawatts or greater, a board of county2188commissioners of at least one county in which the project is2189located has adopted a resolution approving the application under2190division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of this section.2191

(c) No portion of the project's facility was used to 2192

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supply electricity before December 31, 2009. 2193

(3) The director shall deny a certification application if 2194 the director determines the person has failed to comply with any 2195 requirement under this section. The director may revoke a 2196 certification if the director determines the person, or 2197 subsequent owner or lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback 2198 transaction of the qualified energy project, has failed to 2199 comply with any requirement under this section. Upon 2200 certification or revocation, the director shall notify the 2201 2202 person, owner, or lessee, the tax commissioner, and the county 2203 auditor of a county in which the project is located of the certification or revocation. Notice shall be provided in a 2204 manner convenient to the director. 2205

(F) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction of a qualified energy project shall do each of the following:

(1) Comply with all applicable regulations;

(2) File with the director of development services a 2210 certified construction progress report before the first day of 2211 March of each year during the energy facility's construction or 2212 2213 installation indicating the percentage of the project completed, and the project's nameplate capacity, as of the preceding 2214 thirty-first day of December. Unless otherwise instructed by the 2215 director of development services, the owner or lessee of an 2216 2217 energy project shall file a report with the director on or before the first day of March each year after completion of the 2218 energy facility's construction or installation indicating the 2219 project's nameplate capacity as of the preceding thirty-first 2220 day of December. Not later than sixty days after June 17, 2010, 2221 the owner or lessee of an energy project, the construction of 2222

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which was completed before June 17, 2010, shall file a 2223 certificate indicating the project's nameplate capacity. 2224

(3) File with the director of development services, in a 2225 manner prescribed by the director, a report of the total number 2226 of full-time equivalent employees, and the total number of fulltime equivalent employees domiciled in Ohio, who are employed in 2228 the construction or installation of the energy facility; 2229

2230 (4) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity of five 2231 twenty megawatts or greater, repair all roads, bridges, and culverts affected by construction as reasonably required to 2232 restore them to their preconstruction condition, as determined 2233 by the county engineer in consultation with the local 2234 jurisdiction responsible for the roads, bridges, and culverts. 2235 In the event that the county engineer deems any road, bridge, or 2236 culvert to be inadequate to support the construction or 2237 decommissioning of the energy facility, the road, bridge, or 2238 culvert shall be rebuilt or reinforced to the specifications 2239 established by the county engineer prior to the construction or 2240 decommissioning of the facility. The owner or lessee of the 2241 facility shall post a bond in an amount established by the 2242 county engineer and to be held by the board of county 2243 2244 commissioners to ensure funding for repairs of roads, bridges, and culverts affected during the construction. The bond shall be 2245 released by the board not later than one year after the date the 2246 repairs are completed. The energy facility owner or lessee 2247 pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction shall post a bond, 2248 as may be required by the Ohio power siting board in the 2249 certificate authorizing commencement of construction issued 2250 pursuant to section 4906.10 of the Revised Code, to ensure 2251 funding for repairs to roads, bridges, and culverts resulting 2252 from decommissioning of the facility. The energy facility owner 2253

or lessee and the county engineer may enter into an agreement 2254 regarding specific transportation plans, reinforcements, 2255 modifications, use and repair of roads, financial security to be 2256 provided, and any other relevant issue. 2257

(5) Provide or facilitate training for fire and emergency 2258 responders for response to emergency situations related to the 2259 energy project and, for energy projects with a nameplate 2260 capacity of <u>five_twenty_megawatts or greater</u>, at the person's 2261 expense, equip the fire and emergency responders with proper 2262 equipment as reasonably required to enable them to respond to 2263 such emergency situations; 2264

2265 (6) Maintain a ratio of Ohio-domiciled full-time equivalent employees employed in the construction or 2266 installation of the energy project to total full-time equivalent 2267 employees employed in the construction or installation of the 2268 energy project of not less than eighty per cent in the case of a 2269 solar energy project, and not less than fifty per cent in the 2270 case of any other energy project. In the case of an energy 2271 project for which certification from the power siting board is 2272 required under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, the number 2273 of full-time equivalent employees employed in the construction 2274 or installation of the energy project equals the number actually 2275 employed or the number projected to be employed in the 2276 certificate application, if such projection is required under 2277 regulations adopted pursuant to section 4906.03 of the Revised 2278 Code, whichever is greater. For all other energy projects, the 2279 number of full-time equivalent employees employed in the 2280 construction or installation of the energy project equals the 2281 number actually employed or the number projected to be employed 2282 by the director of development services, whichever is greater. 2283 To estimate the number of employees to be employed in the 2284

construction or installation of an energy project, the director2285shall use a generally accepted job-estimating model in use for2286renewable energy projects, including but not limited to the job2287and economic development impact model. The director may adjust2288an estimate produced by a model to account for variables not2289accounted for by the model.2290

(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in 2291 excess of two-twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with a 2292 member of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 2293 2294 3345.011 of the Revised Code or with a person offering an apprenticeship program registered with the employment and 2295 training administration within the United States department of 2296 labor or with the apprenticeship council created by section 2297 4139.02 of the Revised Code, to educate and train individuals 2298 for careers in the wind or solar energy industry. The 2299 relationship may include endowments, cooperative programs, 2300 internships, apprenticeships, research and development projects, 2301 and curriculum development. 2302

(8) Offer to sell power or renewable energy credits from-2303 the energy project to electric distribution utilities or 2304 2305 electric service companies subject to renewable energy resourcerequirements under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code that have 2306 issued requests for proposal for such power or renewable energy 2307 credits. If no electric distribution utility or electric service 2308 company issues a request for proposal on or before December 31, 2309 2010, or accepts an offer for power or renewable energy credits 2310 within forty-five days after the offer is submitted, power or 2311 renewable energy credits from the energy project may be sold to 2312 other persons. Division (F)(8) of this section does not apply 2313 if: 2314

(a) The owner or lessee is a rural electric company or a	2315
municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058 of the	2316
Revised Code.	2317
(b) The owner or lessee is a person that, before	2318
completion of the energy project, contracted for the sale of	2319
power or renewable energy credits with a rural electric company	2320
or a municipal power agency.	2321
of a manifolpat power ageney.	2021
(c) The owner or lessee contracts for the sale of power or	2322
renewable energy credits from the energy project before June 17,	2323
2010.	2324
(9) Make annual service payments as required by division	2325
(G) of this section and as may be required in a resolution	2326
adopted by a board of county commissioners under division (E) of	2327
this section.	2328
(G) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	2329
transaction of a qualified energy project shall make annual	2329
service payments in lieu of taxes to the county treasurer on or	2331
before the final dates for payments of taxes on public utility	2332
	2332
personal property on the real and public utility personal	
property tax list for each tax year for which property of the	2334
energy project is exempt from taxation under this section. The	2335
county treasurer shall allocate the payment on the basis of the	2336
project's physical location. Upon receipt of a payment, or if	2337
timely payment has not been received, the county treasurer shall	2338
certify such receipt or non-receipt to the director of	2339
development services and tax commissioner in a form determined	2340
by the director and commissioner, respectively. Each payment	2341
shall be in the following amount:	2342

(1) In the case of a solar energy project, seven thousand 2343

dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county2344as of December 31, 2010, for tax year 2011, as of December 31,23452011, for tax year 2012, as of December 31, 2012, for tax year23462013, as of December 31, 2013, for tax year 2014, as of December234731, 2014, for tax year 2015, as of December 31, 2015, for tax2348year 2016, and as of December 31, 2016, for tax year 2017 and2349each tax year thereafter;2350

(2) In the case of any other energy project using2351renewable energy resources, the following:2352

(a) If the project maintains during the construction or
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installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled
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full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent
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employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand
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dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county
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as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax
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year;

(b) If the project maintains during the construction or 2360 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2361 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2362 employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than 2363 sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2364 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2365 December of the preceding tax year; 2360

(c) If the project maintains during the construction or 2367 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2368 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2369 employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty 2370 per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2371 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2372 December of the preceding tax year. 2373

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(3) In the case of an energy project using clean coal
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technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration
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technology, the following:
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(a) If the project maintains during the construction or
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installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled
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full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent
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employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand
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dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county
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as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax
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year;

(b) If the project maintains during the construction or 2384 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2385 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2386 employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than 2387 sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2388 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2389 December of the preceding tax year; 2390

(c) If the project maintains during the construction or 2391 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2392 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2393 employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty 2394 per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2395 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2396 December of the preceding tax year. 2391

(H) The director of development services in consultationwith the tax commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to Chapter119. of the Revised Code to implement and enforce this section.

Section 2. That existing sections 303.213, 519.213,2401519.214, 713.081, 3706.02, 3706.03, 4906.10, 4906.13, 4906.20,2402

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4906.201, 4928.01, 4928.02, 4928.66, 4928.6610, 5727.47, and	2403
5727.75 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	2404
	0.4.0.5
Section 3. That section 4928.6616 of the Revised Code is	2405
hereby repealed.	2406
Section 4. The amendments by this act to division (A)(34)	2407
of section 4928.01 of the Revised Code, division (C) of section	2408
4928.66 of the Revised Code, and divisions (F)(8) and (9) of	2409
section 5727.75 of the Revised Code take effect January 1, 2020.	2410
Section 5. That sections 1710.06, 4928.142, 4928.143,	2411
4928.20, 4928.61, 4928.62, 4928.641, 4928.645, and 5501.311 of	2412
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	2413
Sec. 1710.06. (A) The board of directors of a special	2414
improvement district may develop and adopt one or more written	2415

plans for public improvements or public services that benefit 2416 all or any part of the district. Each plan shall set forth the 2417 specific public improvements or public services that are to be 2418 provided, identify the area in which they will be provided, and 2419 specify the method of assessment to be used. Each plan for 2420 public improvements or public services shall indicate the period 2421 of time the assessments are to be levied for the improvements 2422 2423 and services and, if public services are included in the plan, the period of time the services are to remain in effect. Plans 2424 for public improvements may include the planning, design, 2425 construction, reconstruction, enlargement, or alteration of any 2426 public improvements and the acquisition of land for the 2427 improvements. Plans for public improvements or public services 2428 may also include, but are not limited to, provisions for the 2429 following: 2430

(1) Creating and operating the district and the nonprofit 2431

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corporation under this chapter, including hiring employees and	2432
professional services, contracting for insurance, and purchasing	2433
or leasing office space and office equipment and other	2434
requirements of the district;	2435
(2) Planning, designing, and implementing a public	2436
improvements or public services plan, including hiring	2437
architectural, engineering, legal, appraisal, insurance,	2438
consulting, energy auditing, and planning services, and, for	2439
public services, managing, protecting, and maintaining public	2440
and private facilities, including public improvements;	2441
(3) Conducting court proceedings to carry out this	2442
chapter;	2443
	2110
(4) Paying damages resulting from the provision of public	2444
improvements or public services and implementing the plans;	2445
(5) Paying the costs of issuing, paying interest on, and	2446
redeeming notes and bonds issued for funding public improvements	2447
and public services plans; and	2448
(6) Sale, lease, lease with an option to purchase,	2449
conveyance of other interests in, or other contracts for the	2450
acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, furnishing,	2451
equipping, operation, or improvement of any special energy	2452
improvement project by the special improvement district, between	2453
a participating political subdivision and the special	2454
improvement district, and between the special improvement	2455
district and any owner of real property in the special	2456
improvement district on which a special energy improvement	2457
project has been acquired, installed, equipped, or improved; and	2458
(7) Aggregating the renewable energy credits generated by	2459

one or more special energy improvement projects within a special 2460

improvement district, upon the consent of the owners of the2461credits and for the purpose of negotiating and completing the2462sale of such credits.2463
sale of such credits. 2463
(B) Once the board of directors of the special improvement 2464
district adopts a plan, it shall submit the plan to the 2465
legislative authority of each participating political 2466
subdivision and the municipal executive of each municipal 2467
corporation in which the district is located, if any. The 2468
legislative authorities and municipal executives shall review 2469
the plan and, within sixty days after receiving it, may submit 2470
their comments and recommendations about it to the district. 2471
After reviewing these comments and recommendations, the board of 2472
directors may amend the plan. It may then submit the plan, 2473
amended or otherwise, in the form of a petition to members of 2474
the district whose property may be assessed for the plan. Once 2475
the petition is signed by those members who own at least sixty 2476
per cent of the front footage of property that is to be assessed 2477
and that abuts upon a street, alley, public road, place, 2478
boulevard, parkway, park entrance, easement, or other public 2479
improvement, or those members who own at least seventy-five per 2480
cent of the area to be assessed for the improvement or service, 2481
the petition may be submitted to each legislative authority for 2482
approval. Except as provided in division (H) of section 1710.02 2483
of the Revised Code, if the special improvement district was 2484
created for the purpose of developing and implementing plans for 2485
special energy improvement projects or shoreline improvement 2486
projects, the petition required under this division shall be 2487
signed by one hundred per cent of the owners of the area of all 2488
real property located within the area to be assessed for the 2489
special energy improvement project or shoreline improvement 2490
project. 2491

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Each legislative authority shall, by resolution, approve 2492 or reject the petition within sixty days after receiving it. If 2493 the petition is approved by the legislative authority of each 2494 participating political subdivision, the plan contained in the 2495 petition shall be effective at the earliest date on which a 2496 nonemergency resolution of the legislative authority with the 2497 latest effective date may become effective. A plan may not be 2498 resubmitted to the legislative authorities and municipal 2499 executives more than three times in any twelve-month period. 2500

(C) Each participating political subdivision shall levy, 2501 by special assessment upon specially benefited property located 2502 within the district, the costs of any public improvements or 2503 public services plan contained in a petition approved by the 2504 participating political subdivisions under this section or 2505 division (F) of section 1710.02 of the Revised Code. The levy 2506 shall be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in 2507 Chapter 727. of the Revised Code, except that: 2508

(1) The assessment for each improvements or services plan
may be levied by any one or any combination of the methods of
assessment listed in section 727.01 of the Revised Code,
provided that the assessment is uniformly applied.

(2) For the purpose of levying an assessment, the board of
directors may combine one or more improvements or services plans
or parts of plans and levy a single assessment against specially
benefited property.

(3) For purposes of special assessments levied by a
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township pursuant to this chapter, references in Chapter 727. of
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the Revised Code to the municipal corporation shall be deemed to
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refer to the township, and references to the legislative
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authority of the municipal corporation shall be deemed to refer
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to the board of township trustees.

Church property or property owned by a political 2523 subdivision, including any participating political subdivision 2524 in which a special improvement district is located, shall be 2525 included in and be subject to special assessments made pursuant 2526 to a plan adopted under this section or division (F) of section 2527 1710.02 of the Revised Code, if the church or political 2528 subdivision has specifically requested in writing that its 2529 property be included within the special improvement district and 2530 the church or political subdivision is a member of the district 2531 2532 or, in the case of a district created by an existing qualified nonprofit corporation, if the church is a member of the 2533 2534 corporation.

(D) All rights and privileges of property owners who are 2535 assessed under Chapter 727. of the Revised Code shall be granted 2536 to property owners assessed under this chapter, including those 2537 rights and privileges specified in sections 727.15 to 727.17 and 2538 727.18 to 727.22 of the Revised Code and the right to notice of 2539 the resolution of necessity and the filing of the estimated 2540 assessment under section 727.13 of the Revised Code. Property 2.541 owners assessed for public services under this chapter shall 2542 have the same rights and privileges as property owners assessed 2543 for public improvements under this chapter. 2544

Sec. 4928.142. (A) For the purpose of complying with 2545 section 4928.141 of the Revised Code and subject to division (D) 2546 of this section and, as applicable, subject to the rate plan 2547 requirement of division (A) of section 4928.141 of the Revised 2548 Code, an electric distribution utility may establish a standard 2549 service offer price for retail electric generation service that 2550 is delivered to the utility under a market-rate offer. 2551

(1) The market-rate offer shall be determined through a	2552
competitive bidding process that provides for all of the	2553
following:	2554
(a) Open, fair, and transparent competitive solicitation;	2555
(b) Clear product definition;	2556
(c) Standardized bid evaluation criteria;	2557
(d) Oversight by an independent third party that shall	2558
design the solicitation, administer the bidding, and ensure that	2559
the criteria specified in -division<u>divisions</u> (A)(1)(a) to (c) of	2560
this section are met;	2561
(e) Evaluation of the submitted bids prior to the	2562
selection of the least-cost bid winner or winners.	2563
No generation supplier shall be prohibited from	2564
participating in the bidding process.	2565
(2) The public utilities commission shall modify rules, or	2566
adopt new rules as necessary, concerning the conduct of the	2567
competitive bidding process and the qualifications of bidders,	2568
which rules shall foster supplier participation in the bidding	2569
process and shall be consistent with the requirements of	2570
division (A)(1) of this section.	2571
(B) Prior to initiating a competitive bidding process for	2572
a market-rate offer under division (A) of this section, the	2573
electric distribution utility shall file an application with the	2574
commission. An electric distribution utility may file its	2575
application with the commission prior to the effective date of	2576
the commission rules required under division (A)(2) of this	2577
section, and, as the commission determines necessary, the	2578
utility shall immediately conform its filing to the rules upon	2579

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their taking effect.

An application under this division shall detail the2581electric distribution utility's proposed compliance with the2582requirements of division (A) (1) of this section and with2583commission rules under division (A) (2) of this section and2584demonstrate that all of the following requirements are met:2585

(1) The electric distribution utility or its transmission
service affiliate belongs to at least one regional transmission
organization that has been approved by the federal energy
regulatory commission; or there otherwise is comparable and
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nondiscriminatory access to the electric transmission grid.

(2) Any such regional transmission organization has a
market-monitor function and the ability to take actions to
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identify and mitigate market power or the electric distribution
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utility's market conduct; or a similar market monitoring
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function exists with commensurate ability to identify and
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monitor market conditions and mitigate conduct associated with
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the exercise of market power.

(3) A published source of information is available
publicly or through subscription that identifies pricing
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information for traded electricity on- and off-peak energy
products that are contracts for delivery beginning at least two
years from the date of the publication and is updated on a
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regular basis.

The commission shall initiate a proceeding and, within2604ninety days after the application's filing date, shall determine2605by order whether the electric distribution utility and its2606market-rate offer meet all of the foregoing requirements. If the2607finding is positive, the electric distribution utility may2608

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initiate its competitive bidding process. If the finding is 2609 negative as to one or more requirements, the commission in the 2610 order shall direct the electric distribution utility regarding 2611 how any deficiency may be remedied in a timely manner to the 2612 commission's satisfaction; otherwise, the electric distribution 2613 utility shall withdraw the application. However, if such remedy 2614 is made and the subsequent finding is positive and also if the 2615 electric distribution utility made a simultaneous filing under 2616 this section and section 4928.143 of the Revised Code, the 2617 utility shall not initiate its competitive bid until at least 2618 one hundred fifty days after the filing date of those 2619 applications. 2620

2621 (C) Upon the completion of the competitive bidding process authorized by divisions (A) and (B) of this section, including 2622 for the purpose of division (D) of this section, the commission 2623 shall select the least-cost bid winner or winners of that 2624 process, and such selected bid or bids, as prescribed as retail 2625 rates by the commission, shall be the electric distribution 2626 utility's standard service offer unless the commission, by order 2627 issued before the third calendar day following the conclusion of 2628 the competitive bidding process for the market rate offer, 2629 determines that one or more of the following criteria were not 2630 2631 met:

(1) Each portion of the bidding process was
oversubscribed, such that the amount of supply bid upon was
greater than the amount of the load bid out.
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(2) There were four or more bidders.

(3) At least twenty-five per cent of the load is bid uponby one or more persons other than the electric distribution2637utility.

All costs incurred by the electric distribution utility as 2639 a result of or related to the competitive bidding process or to 2640 procuring generation service to provide the standard service 2641 offer, including the costs of energy and capacity and the costs 2642 of all other products and services procured as a result of the 2643 competitive bidding process, shall be timely recovered through 2644 the standard service offer price, and, for that purpose, the 2645 commission shall approve a reconciliation mechanism, other 2646 recovery mechanism, or a combination of such mechanisms for the 2647 2648 utility.

(D) The first application filed under this section by an 2649 electric distribution utility that, as of July 31, 2008, 2650 directly owns, in whole or in part, operating electric 2651 generating facilities that had been used and useful in this 2652 state shall require that a portion of that utility's standard 2653 service offer load for the first five years of the market rate 2654 offer be competitively bid under division (A) of this section as 2655 follows: ten per cent of the load in year one, not more than 2656 twenty per cent in year two, thirty per cent in year three, 2657 forty per cent in year four, and fifty per cent in year five. 2658 Consistent with those percentages, the commission shall 2659 determine the actual percentages for each year of years one 2660 through five. The standard service offer price for retail 2661 electric generation service under this first application shall 2662 be a proportionate blend of the bid price and the generation 2663 service price for the remaining standard service offer load, 2664 which latter price shall be equal to the electric distribution 2665 utility's most recent standard service offer price, adjusted 2666 upward or downward as the commission determines reasonable, 2667 relative to the jurisdictional portion of any known and 2668 measurable changes from the level of any one or more of the 2669

following costs as reflected in that most recent standard	2670
service offer price:	2671
(1) The electric distribution utility's prudently incurred	2672
cost of fuel used to produce electricity;	2673
(2) Its prudently incurred purchased power costs;	2674
(3) Its prudently incurred costs of satisfying the supply	2675
and demand portfolio requirements of this state, including, but	2676
not limited to, renewable energy resource and energy efficiency	2677
<pre>requirements_programs;</pre>	2678
(4) Its costs prudently incurred to comply with	2679
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the	2680
derating of any facility associated with those costs.	2681
	0.000
In making any adjustment to the most recent standard	2682
service offer price on the basis of costs described in division	2683
(D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits	2684
that may become available to the electric distribution utility	2685
as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the	2686
adjustment, including, but not limited to, the utility's receipt	2687
of emissions credits or its receipt of tax benefits or of other	2688
benefits, and, accordingly, the commission may impose such	2689
conditions on the adjustment to ensure that any such benefits	2690
are properly aligned with the associated cost responsibility.	2691
The commission shall also determine how such adjustments will	2692
affect the electric distribution utility's return on common	2693
equity that may be achieved by those adjustments. The commission	2694
shall not apply its consideration of the return on common equity	2695
to reduce any adjustments authorized under this division unless	2696
the adjustments will cause the electric distribution utility to	2697
earn a return on common equity that is significantly in excess	2698

of the return on common equity that is earned by publicly traded2699companies, including utilities, that face comparable business2700and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure2701as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating2702that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on2703the electric distribution utility.2704

Additionally, the commission may adjust the electric 2705 distribution utility's most recent standard service offer price 2706 by such just and reasonable amount that the commission 2707 2708 determines necessary to address any emergency that threatens the utility's financial integrity or to ensure that the resulting 2709 revenue available to the utility for providing the standard 2710 service offer is not so inadequate as to result, directly or 2711 indirectly, in a taking of property without compensation 2712 pursuant to Section 19 of Article I, Ohio Constitution. The 2713 electric distribution utility has the burden of demonstrating 2714 that any adjustment to its most recent standard service offer 2715 price is proper in accordance with this division. 2716

(E) Beginning in the second year of a blended price under 2717 division (D) of this section and notwithstanding any other 2718 requirement of this section, the commission may alter 2719 prospectively the proportions specified in that division to 2720 mitigate any effect of an abrupt or significant change in the 2721 electric distribution utility's standard service offer price 2722 that would otherwise result in general or with respect to any 2723 rate group or rate schedule but for such alteration. Any such 2724 alteration shall be made not more often than annually, and the 2725 commission shall not, by altering those proportions and in any 2726 event, including because of the length of time, as authorized 2727 under division (C) of this section, taken to approve the market 2728 rate offer, cause the duration of the blending period to exceed 2729

ten years as counted from the effective date of the approved2730market rate offer. Additionally, any such alteration shall be2731limited to an alteration affecting the prospective proportions2732used during the blending period and shall not affect any2733blending proportion previously approved and applied by the2734commission under this division.2735

(F) An electric distribution utility that has received
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commission approval of its first application under division (C)
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of this section shall not, nor ever shall be authorized or
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required by the commission to, file an application under section
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4928.143 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4928.143. (A) For the purpose of complying with 2741 section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, an electric distribution 2742 utility may file an application for public utilities commission 2743 approval of an electric security plan as prescribed under 2744 division (B) of this section. The utility may file that 2745 application prior to the effective date of any rules the 2746 commission may adopt for the purpose of this section, and, as 2747 the commission determines necessary, the utility immediately 2748 shall conform its filing to those rules upon their taking 2749 effect. 2750

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of Title XLIX of
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the Revised Code to the contrary except division (D) of this
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section, divisions (I), (J), and (K) of section 4928.20,
division (E) of section 4928.64, and section 4928.69 of the
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Revised Code:

(1) An electric security plan shall include provisions
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 relating to the supply and pricing of electric generation
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 service. In addition, if the proposed electric security plan has
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 a term longer than three years, it may include provisions in the
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plan to permit the commission to test the plan pursuant to2760division (E) of this section and any transitional conditions2761that should be adopted by the commission if the commission2762terminates the plan as authorized under that division.2763

(2) The plan may provide for or include, without2764limitation, any of the following:2765

(a) Automatic recovery of any of the following costs of 2766 the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is 2767 prudently incurred: the cost of fuel used to generate the 2768 electricity supplied under the offer; the cost of purchased 2769 power supplied under the offer, including the cost of energy and 2770 capacity, and including purchased power acquired from an 2771 affiliate; the cost of emission allowances; and the cost of 2772 federally mandated carbon or energy taxes; 2773

(b) A reasonable allowance for construction work in 2774 progress for any of the electric distribution utility's cost of 2775 constructing an electric generating facility or for an 2776 environmental expenditure for any electric generating facility 2777 of the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is 2778 incurred or the expenditure occurs on or after January 1, 2009. 2779 Any such allowance shall be subject to the construction work in 2780 progress allowance limitations of division (A) of section 2781 4909.15 of the Revised Code, except that the commission may 2782 authorize such an allowance upon the incurrence of the cost or 2783 occurrence of the expenditure. No such allowance for generating 2784 facility construction shall be authorized, however, unless the 2785 commission first determines in the proceeding that there is need 2786 for the facility based on resource planning projections 2787 submitted by the electric distribution utility. Further, no such 2788 allowance shall be authorized unless the facility's construction 2789

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was sourced through a competitive bid process, regarding which 2790
process the commission may adopt rules. An allowance approved 2791
under division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be established as 2792
a nonbypassable surcharge for the life of the facility. 2793

(c) The establishment of a nonbypassable surcharge for the 2794 life of an electric generating facility that is owned or 2795 operated by the electric distribution utility, was sourced 2796 through a competitive bid process subject to any such rules as 2797 the commission adopts under division (B)(2)(b) of this section, 2798 and is newly used and useful on or after January 1, 2009, which 2799 surcharge shall cover all costs of the utility specified in the 2800 application, excluding costs recovered through a surcharge under 2801 division (B)(2)(b) of this section. However, no surcharge shall 2802 be authorized unless the commission first determines in the 2803 proceeding that there is need for the facility based on resource 2804 planning projections submitted by the electric distribution 2805 utility. Additionally, if a surcharge is authorized for a 2806 facility pursuant to plan approval under division (C) of this 2807 section and as a condition of the continuation of the surcharge, 2808 the electric distribution utility shall dedicate to Ohio 2809 consumers the capacity and energy and the rate associated with 2810 the cost of that facility. Before the commission authorizes any 2811 surcharge pursuant to this division, it may consider, as 2812 applicable, the effects of any decommissioning, deratings, and 2813 retirements. 2814

(d) Terms, conditions, or charges relating to limitations
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on customer shopping for retail electric generation service,
bypassability, standby, back-up, or supplemental power service,
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default service, carrying costs, amortization periods, and
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accounting or deferrals, including future recovery of such
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deferrals, as would have the effect of stabilizing or providing
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certainty regarding retail electric service;	2821
(e) Automatic increases or decreases in any component of	2822
the standard service offer price;	2823
(f) Consistent with sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the	2824
Revised Code, both of the following:	2825
(i) Provisions for the electric distribution utility to	2826
securitize any phase-in, inclusive of carrying charges, of the	2827
utility's standard service offer price, which phase-in is	2828
authorized in accordance with section 4928.144 of the Revised	2829
Code;	2830
(ii) Provisions for the recovery of the utility's cost of	2831
securitization.	2832
(g) Provisions relating to transmission, ancillary,	2833
congestion, or any related service required for the standard	2834
service offer, including provisions for the recovery of any cost	2835
of such service that the electric distribution utility incurs on	2836
or after that date pursuant to the standard service offer;	2837
(h) Provisions regarding the utility's distribution	2838
service, including, without limitation and notwithstanding any	2839
provision of Title XLIX of the Revised Code to the contrary,	2840
provisions regarding single issue ratemaking, a revenue	2841
decoupling mechanism or any other incentive ratemaking, and	2842
provisions regarding distribution infrastructure and	2843
modernization incentives for the electric distribution utility.	2844
The latter may include a long-term energy delivery	2845
infrastructure modernization plan for that utility or any plan	2846
providing for the utility's recovery of costs, including lost	2847
revenue, shared savings, and avoided costs, and a just and	2848
reasonable rate of return on such infrastructure modernization.	2849

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As part of its determination as to whether to allow in an 2850 electric distribution utility's electric security plan inclusion 2851 of any provision described in division (B)(2)(h) of this 2852 section, the commission shall examine the reliability of the 2853 electric distribution utility's distribution system and ensure 2854 that customers' and the electric distribution utility's 2855 expectations are aligned and that the electric distribution 2856 utility is placing sufficient emphasis on and dedicating 2857 sufficient resources to the reliability of its distribution 2858 2859 system.

(i) Provisions under which the electric distribution
utility may implement economic development, job retention, and
energy efficiency programs, which provisions may allocate
program costs across all classes of customers of the utility and
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those of electric distribution utilities in the same holding
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company system.

(C) (1) The burden of proof in the proceeding shall be on 2866 the electric distribution utility. The commission shall issue an 2867 order under this division for an initial application under this 2868 section not later than one hundred fifty days after the 2869 application's filing date and, for any subsequent application by 2870 2871 the utility under this section, not later than two hundred seventy-five days after the application's filing date. Subject 2872 to division (D) of this section, the commission by order shall 2873 approve or modify and approve an application filed under 2874 division (A) of this section if it finds that the electric 2875 security plan so approved, including its pricing and all other 2876 terms and conditions, including any deferrals and any future 2877 recovery of deferrals, is more favorable in the aggregate as 2878 compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply 2879 under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. Additionally, if the 2880

commission so approves an application that contains a surcharge2881under division (B)(2)(b) or (c) of this section, the commission2882shall ensure that the benefits derived for any purpose for which2883the surcharge is established are reserved and made available to2884those that bear the surcharge. Otherwise, the commission by2885order shall disapprove the application.2886

(2) (a) If the commission modifies and approves an 2887 application under division (C) (1) of this section, the electric 2888 distribution utility may withdraw the application, thereby 2889 terminating it, and may file a new standard service offer under 2890 this section or a standard service offer under section 4928.142 2891 of the Revised Code. 2892

(b) If the utility terminates an application pursuant to 2893 division (C)(2)(a) of this section or if the commission 2894 disapproves an application under division (C)(1) of this 2895 section, the commission shall issue such order as is necessary 2896 to continue the provisions, terms, and conditions of the 2897 utility's most recent standard service offer, along with any 2898 expected increases or decreases in fuel costs from those 2899 contained in that offer, until a subsequent offer is authorized 2900 pursuant to this section or section 4928.142 of the Revised 2901 2902 Code, respectively.

(D) Regarding the rate plan requirement of division (A) of 2903 section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, if an electric 2904 distribution utility that has a rate plan that extends beyond 2905 December 31, 2008, files an application under this section for 2906 the purpose of its compliance with division (A) of section 2907 4928.141 of the Revised Code, that rate plan and its terms and 2908 conditions are hereby incorporated into its proposed electric 2909 security plan and shall continue in effect until the date 2910

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scheduled under the rate plan for its expiration, and that 2911 portion of the electric security plan shall not be subject to 2912 commission approval or disapproval under division (C) of this 2913 section, and the earnings test provided for in division (F) of 2914 this section shall not apply until after the expiration of the 2915 rate plan. However, that utility may include in its electric 2916 security plan under this section, and the commission may 2917 approve, modify and approve, or disapprove subject to division 2918 (C) of this section, provisions for the incremental recovery or 2919 the deferral of any costs that are not being recovered under the 2920 rate plan and that the utility incurs during that continuation 2921 period to comply with section 4928.141, division (B) of section 2922 4928.64, the Revised Code or division (A) of section 4928.66 of 2923 the Revised Code. 2924

(E) If an electric security plan approved under division 2925 (C) of this section, except one withdrawn by the utility as 2926 authorized under that division, has a term, exclusive of phase-2927 ins or deferrals, that exceeds three years from the effective 2928 date of the plan, the commission shall test the plan in the 2929 fourth year, and if applicable, every fourth year thereafter, to 2930 determine whether the plan, including its then-existing pricing 2931 and all other terms and conditions, including any deferrals and 2932 any future recovery of deferrals, continues to be more favorable 2933 in the aggregate and during the remaining term of the plan as 2934 compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply 2935 under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. The commission shall 2936 also determine the prospective effect of the electric security 2937 plan to determine if that effect is substantially likely to 2938 provide the electric distribution utility with a return on 2939 common equity that is significantly in excess of the return on 2940 common equity that is likely to be earned by publicly traded 2941

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companies, including utilities, that face comparable business 2942 and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure 2943 as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating 2944 that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on 2945 the electric distribution utility. If the test results are in 2946 the negative or the commission finds that continuation of the 2947 electric security plan will result in a return on equity that is 2948 significantly in excess of the return on common equity that is 2949 likely to be earned by publicly traded companies, including 2950 utilities, that will face comparable business and financial 2951 risk, with such adjustments for capital structure as may be 2952 appropriate, during the balance of the plan, the commission may 2953 terminate the electric security plan, but not until it shall 2954 have provided interested parties with notice and an opportunity 2955 to be heard. The commission may impose such conditions on the 2956 plan's termination as it considers reasonable and necessary to 2957 accommodate the transition from an approved plan to the more 2958 advantageous alternative. In the event of an electric security 2959 plan's termination pursuant to this division, the commission 2960 shall permit the continued deferral and phase-in of any amounts 2961 that occurred prior to that termination and the recovery of 2962 those amounts as contemplated under that electric security plan. 2963

(F) With regard to the provisions that are included in an 2964 electric security plan under this section, the commission shall 2965 consider, following the end of each annual period of the plan, 2966 if any such adjustments resulted in excessive earnings as 2967 measured by whether the earned return on common equity of the 2968 electric distribution utility is significantly in excess of the 2969 return on common equity that was earned during the same period 2970 by publicly traded companies, including utilities, that face 2971 comparable business and financial risk, with such adjustments 2972

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for capital structure as may be appropriate. Consideration also 2973 shall be given to the capital requirements of future committed 2974 investments in this state. The burden of proof for demonstrating 2975 that significantly excessive earnings did not occur shall be on 2976 the electric distribution utility. If the commission finds that 2977 such adjustments, in the aggregate, did result in significantly 2978 excessive earnings, it shall require the electric distribution 2979 utility to return to consumers the amount of the excess by 2980 prospective adjustments; provided that, upon making such 2981 prospective adjustments, the electric distribution utility shall 2982 have the right to terminate the plan and immediately file an 2983 application pursuant to section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. 2984 Upon termination of a plan under this division, rates shall be 2985 set on the same basis as specified in division (C)(2)(b) of this 2986 section, and the commission shall permit the continued deferral 2987 and phase-in of any amounts that occurred prior to that 2988 termination and the recovery of those amounts as contemplated 2989 under that electric security plan. In making its determination 2990 of significantly excessive earnings under this division, the 2991 commission shall not consider, directly or indirectly, the 2992 revenue, expenses, or earnings of any affiliate or parent 2993 2994 company.

Sec. 4928.20. (A) The legislative authority of a municipal 2995 corporation may adopt an ordinance, or the board of township 2996 trustees of a township or the board of county commissioners of a 2997 county may adopt a resolution, under which, on or after the 2998 starting date of competitive retail electric service, it may 2999 aggregate in accordance with this section the retail electrical 3000 loads located, respectively, within the municipal corporation, 3001 township, or unincorporated area of the county and, for that 3002 purpose, may enter into service agreements to facilitate for 3003

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those loads the sale and purchase of electricity. The 3004 legislative authority or board also may exercise such authority 3005 jointly with any other such legislative authority or board. For 3006 customers that are not mercantile customers, an ordinance or 3007 resolution under this division shall specify whether the 3008 aggregation will occur only with the prior, affirmative consent 3009 of each person owning, occupying, controlling, or using an 3010 electric load center proposed to be aggregated or will occur 3011 automatically for all such persons pursuant to the opt-out 3012 requirements of division (D) of this section. The aggregation of 3013 mercantile customers shall occur only with the prior, 3014 affirmative consent of each such person owning, occupying, 3015 controlling, or using an electric load center proposed to be 3016 aggregated. Nothing in this division, however, authorizes the 3017 aggregation of the retail electric loads of an electric load 3018 center, as defined in section 4933.81 of the Revised Code, that 3019 is located in the certified territory of a nonprofit electric 3020 supplier under sections 4933.81 to 4933.90 of the Revised Code 3021 or an electric load center served by transmission or 3022 distribution facilities of a municipal electric utility. 3023

(B) If an ordinance or resolution adopted under division 3024 (A) of this section specifies that aggregation of customers that 3025 are not mercantile customers will occur automatically as 3026 described in that division, the ordinance or resolution shall 3027 direct the board of elections to submit the question of the 3028 authority to aggregate to the electors of the respective 3029 municipal corporation, township, or unincorporated area of a 3030 county at a special election on the day of the next primary or 3031 general election in the municipal corporation, township, or 3032 county. The legislative authority or board shall certify a copy 3033 of the ordinance or resolution to the board of elections not 3034

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less than ninety days before the day of the special election. No 3035 ordinance or resolution adopted under division (A) of this 3036 section that provides for an election under this division shall 3037 take effect unless approved by a majority of the electors voting 3038 upon the ordinance or resolution at the election held pursuant 3039 to this division. 3040

(C) Upon the applicable requisite authority under 3041 divisions (A) and (B) of this section, the legislative authority 3042 or board shall develop a plan of operation and governance for 3043 3044 the aggregation program so authorized. Before adopting a plan under this division, the legislative authority or board shall 3045 hold at least two public hearings on the plan. Before the first 3046 hearing, the legislative authority or board shall publish notice 3047 of the hearings once a week for two consecutive weeks in a 3048 newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction or as 3049 provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall 3050 summarize the plan and state the date, time, and location of 3051 each hearing. 3052

(D) No legislative authority or board, pursuant to an 3053 ordinance or resolution under divisions (A) and (B) of this 3054 3055 section that provides for automatic aggregation of customers 3056 that are not mercantile customers as described in division (A) of this section, shall aggregate the electrical load of any 3057 electric load center located within its jurisdiction unless it 3058 in advance clearly discloses to the person owning, occupying, 3059 controlling, or using the load center that the person will be 3060 enrolled automatically in the aggregation program and will 3061 remain so enrolled unless the person affirmatively elects by a 3062 stated procedure not to be so enrolled. The disclosure shall 3063 state prominently the rates, charges, and other terms and 3064 conditions of enrollment. The stated procedure shall allow any 3065

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person enrolled in the aggregation program the opportunity to3066opt out of the program every three years, without paying a3067switching fee. Any such person that opts out before the3068commencement of the aggregation program pursuant to the stated3069procedure shall default to the standard service offer provided3070under section 4928.14 or division (D) of section 4928.35 of the3071Revised Code until the person chooses an alternative supplier.3072

(E) (1) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a 3073
municipal corporation that is authorized pursuant to divisions 3074
(A) to (D) of this section, resolutions may be proposed by 3075
initiative or referendum petitions in accordance with sections 3076
731.28 to 731.41 of the Revised Code. 3077

(2) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a 3078
township or the unincorporated area of a county, which 3079
aggregation is authorized pursuant to divisions (A) to (D) of 3080
this section, resolutions may be proposed by initiative or 3081
referendum petitions in accordance with sections 731.28 to 3082
731.40 of the Revised Code, except that: 3083

(a) The petitions shall be filed, respectively, with the
township fiscal officer or the board of county commissioners,
who shall perform those duties imposed under those sections upon
the city auditor or village clerk.

(b) The petitions shall contain the signatures of not less
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than ten per cent of the total number of electors in,
respectively, the township or the unincorporated area of the
county who voted for the office of governor at the preceding
3091
general election for that office in that area.

(F) A governmental aggregator under division (A) of this3093section is not a public utility engaging in the wholesale3094

purchase and resale of electricity, and provision of the	3095
aggregated service is not a wholesale utility transaction. A	3096
governmental aggregator shall be subject to supervision and	3097
regulation by the public utilities commission only to the extent	3098
of any competitive retail electric service it provides and	3099
commission authority under this chapter.	3100
(G) This section does not apply in the case of a municipal	3101
corporation that supplies such aggregated service to electric	3102
load centers to which its municipal electric utility also	3103
supplies a noncompetitive retail electric service through	3104
transmission or distribution facilities the utility singly or	3105
jointly owns or operates.	3106
(H) A governmental aggregator shall not include in its	3107
aggregation the accounts of any of the following:	3108
(1) A customer that has opted out of the aggregation;	3109
(2) A customer in contract with a certified electric	3110
services company;	3111
(3) A customer that has a special contract with an	3112
electric distribution utility;	3113
(4) A customer that is not located within the governmental	3114
aggregator's governmental boundaries;	3115
(5) Subject to division (C) of section 4928.21 of the	3116
Revised Code, a customer who appears on the "do not aggregate"	3117
list maintained under that section.	3118
(I) Customers that are part of a governmental aggregation	3119
under this section shall be responsible only for such portion of	3120
a surcharge under section 4928.144 of the Revised Code that is	3121
proportionate to the benefits, as determined by the commission,	3122

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that electric load centers within the jurisdiction of the 3123 governmental aggregation as a group receive. The proportionate 3124 surcharge so established shall apply to each customer of the 3125 governmental aggregation while the customer is part of that 3126 aggregation. If a customer ceases being such a customer, the 3127 otherwise applicable surcharge shall apply. Nothing in this 3128 section shall result in less than full recovery by an electric 3129 distribution utility of any surcharge authorized under section 3130 4928.144 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this section shall 3131 result in less than the full and timely imposition, charging, 3132 collection, and adjustment by an electric distribution utility, 3133 its assignee, or any collection agent, of the phase-in-recovery 3134 charges authorized pursuant to a final financing order issued 3135 pursuant to sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised Code. 3136

(J) On behalf of the customers that are part of a 3137 governmental aggregation under this section and by filing 31.38 written notice with the public utilities commission, the 3139 legislative authority that formed or is forming that 3140 governmental aggregation may elect not to receive standby 3141 service within the meaning of division (B)(2)(d) of section 3142 4928.143 of the Revised Code from an electric distribution 3143 utility in whose certified territory the governmental 3144 aggregation is located and that operates under an approved 3145 electric security plan under that section. Upon the filing of 3146 that notice, the electric distribution utility shall not charge 3147 any such customer to whom competitive retail electric generation 3148 service is provided by another supplier under the governmental 3149 aggregation for the standby service. Any such consumer that 3150 returns to the utility for competitive retail electric service 3151 shall pay the market price of power incurred by the utility to 3152 serve that consumer plus any amount attributable to the 3153

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utility's cost of compliance with the renewable energy resource 3154 provisions of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code to serve the 3155 consumer. Such market price shall include, but not be limited 3156 to, capacity and energy charges; all charges associated with the 3157 provision of that power supply through the regional transmission 3158 organization, including, but not limited to, transmission, 3159 ancillary services, congestion, and settlement and 3160 administrative charges; and all other costs incurred by the 3161 utility that are associated with the procurement, provision, and 3162 administration of that power supply, as such costs may be 3163 approved by the commission. The period of time during which the 3164 market price and renewable energy resource amount shall be so 3165 assessed on the consumer shall be from the time the consumer so 3166 returns to the electric distribution utility until the 3167 expiration of the electric security plan. However, if that 3168 period of time is expected to be more than two years, the 3169 commission may reduce the time period to a period of not less 3170 than two years. 3171

(K) The commission shall adopt rules to encourage and 3172 promote large-scale governmental aggregation in this state. For 3173 that purpose, the commission shall conduct an immediate review 3174 of any rules it has adopted for the purpose of this section that 3175 are in effect on the effective date of the amendment of this 3176 section by S.B. 221 of the 127th general assembly, July 31, 3177 2008. Further, within the context of an electric security plan 3178 under section 4928.143 of the Revised Code, the commission shall 3179 consider the effect on large-scale governmental aggregation of 3180 any nonbypassable generation charges, however collected, that 3181 would be established under that plan, except any nonbypassable 3182 generation charges that relate to any cost incurred by the 3183 electric distribution utility, the deferral of which has been 3184

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authorized by the commission prior to the effective date of the	3185
amendment of this section by S.B. 221 of the 127th general	3186
assembly, July 31, 2008.	3187
Sec. 4928.61. (A) There is hereby established in the state	3188
treasury the advanced energy fund, into which shall be deposited	3189
all advanced energy revenues remitted to the director of	3190
development under division (B) of this section, for the	3191
exclusive purposes of funding the advanced energy program	3192
created under section 4928.62 of the Revised Code and paying the	3193
program's administrative costs. Interest on the fund shall be	3194
credited to the fund.	3195
	5195
(B) Advanced energy revenues shall include all of the	3196
following:	3197
(1) Revenues remitted to the director after collection by	3198
each electric distribution utility in this state of a temporary	3199
rider on retail electric distribution service rates as such	3200
rates are determined by the public utilities commission pursuant	3201
to this chapter. The rider shall be a uniform amount statewide,	3202
determined by the director of development, after consultation	3203
with the public benefits advisory board created by section	3204
4928.58 of the Revised Code. The amount shall be determined by	3205
dividing an aggregate revenue target for a given year as	3206
determined by the director, after consultation with the advisory	3207
board, by the number of customers of electric distribution	3208
utilities in this state in the prior year. Such aggregate	3209
revenue target shall not exceed more than fifteen million	3210
dollars in any year through 2005 and shall not exceed more than	3211
five million dollars in any year after 2005. The rider shall be	3212
imposed beginning on the effective date of the amendment of this	3213

section by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 126th general assembly, January

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4, 2007, and shall terminate at the end of ten years following	3215
the starting date of competitive retail electric service or	3216
until the advanced energy fund, including interest, reaches one	3217
hundred million dollars, whichever is first.	3218
(2) Revenues from payments, repayments, and collections	3219
under the advanced energy program and from program income;	3220
(3) Revenues remitted to the director after collection by	3221
a municipal electric utility or electric cooperative in this	3222
state upon the utility's or cooperative's decision to	3223
participate in the advanced energy fund;	3224
(4) Revenues from renewable energy compliance payments as	3225
provided under division (C)(2) of section 4928.64 of the Revised-	3226
Code;	3227
(5) Revenue from forfeitures under division (C) of section	3228
4928.66 of the Revised Code;	3229
(6) (5) Funds transferred pursuant to division (B) of	3230
Section 512.10 of S.B. 315 of the 129th general assembly;	3231
$\frac{(7)}{(6)}$ Interest earnings on the advanced energy fund.	3232
(C)(1) Each electric distribution utility in this state	3233
shall remit to the director on a quarterly basis the revenues	3234
described in divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section. Such	3235
remittances shall occur within thirty days after the end of each	3236
calendar quarter.	3237
(2) Each participating electric cooperative and	3238
participating municipal electric utility shall remit to the	3239
director on a quarterly basis the revenues described in division	3240
(B)(3) of this section. Such remittances shall occur within	3241
thirty days after the end of each calendar quarter. For the	3242

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purpose of division (B) (3) of this section, the participation of3243an electric cooperative or municipal electric utility in the3244energy efficiency revolving loan program as it existed3245immediately prior to the effective date of the amendment of this3246section by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 126th general assembly, January32474, 2007, does not constitute a decision to participate in the3248advanced energy fund under this section as so amended.3249

(3) All remittances under divisions (C) (1) and (2) of this
section shall continue only until the end of ten years following
3251
the starting date of competitive retail electric service or
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until the advanced energy fund, including interest, reaches one
3253
hundred million dollars, whichever is first.

(D) Any moneys collected in rates for non-low-income 3255 customer energy efficiency programs, as of October 5, 1999, and 3256 not contributed to the energy efficiency revolving loan fund 3257 authorized under this section prior to the effective date of its 3258 amendment by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 126th general assembly, 3259 3260 January 4, 2007, shall be used to continue to fund costeffective, residential energy efficiency programs, be 3261 contributed into the universal service fund as a supplement to 32.62 that required under section 4928.53 of the Revised Code, or be 3263 3264 returned to ratepayers in the form of a rate reduction at the option of the affected electric distribution utility. 3265

Sec. 4928.62. (A) There is hereby created the advanced 3266 energy program, which shall be administered by the director of 3267 development. Under the program, the director may authorize the 3268 use of moneys in the advanced energy fund for financial, 3269 technical, and related assistance for advanced energy projects 3270 in this state or for economic development assistance, in 3271 furtherance of the purposes set forth in section 4928.63 of the 3272

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3273

Revised Code.

(1) To the extent feasible given approved applications for
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assistance, the assistance shall be distributed among the
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certified territories of electric distribution utilities and
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participating electric cooperatives, and among the service areas
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of participating municipal electric utilities, in amounts
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proportionate to the remittances of each utility and cooperative
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under divisions (B)(1) and (3) of section 4928.61 of the Revised 3280 Code. 3281

(2) The funds described in division (B) (6) (5) of section 3282
4928.61 of the Revised Code shall not be subject to the 3283
territorial requirements of division (A) (1) of this section. 3284

(3) The director shall not authorize financial assistance
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for an advanced energy project under the program unless the
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director first determines that the project will create new jobs
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or preserve existing jobs in this state or use innovative
3288
technologies or materials.

(B) In carrying out sections 4928.61 to 4928.63 of the 3290
Revised Code, the director may do all of the following to 3291
further the public interest in advanced energy projects and 3292
economic development: 3293

(1) Award grants, contracts, loans, loan participation 3294agreements, linked deposits, and energy production incentives; 3295

(2) Acquire in the name of the director any property of
any kind or character in accordance with this section, by
purchase, purchase at foreclosure, or exchange, on such terms
and in such manner as the director considers proper;

(3) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements3300necessary or incidental to the performance of the director's3301

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duties and the exercise of the director's powers under sections	3302
4928.61 to 4928.63 of the Revised Code;	3303
(4) Employ or enter into contracts with financial	3304
consultants, marketing consultants, consulting engineers,	3305
architects, managers, construction experts, attorneys, technical	3306
monitors, energy evaluators, or other employees or agents as the	3307
director considers necessary, and fix their compensation;	3308
(5) Adopt rules prescribing the application procedures for	3309
financial assistance under the advanced energy program; the	3310
fees, charges, interest rates, payment schedules, local match	3311
requirements, and other terms and conditions of any grants,	3312
contracts, loans, loan participation agreements, linked	3313
deposits, and energy production incentives; criteria pertaining	3314
to the eligibility of participating lending institutions; and	3315
any other matters necessary for the implementation of the	3316
program;	3317
(6) Do all things necessary and appropriate for the	3318
operation of the program.	3319
(C) The department of development may hold ownership to	3320
any unclaimed energy efficiency and renewable energy emission	3321
allowances provided for in Chapter 3745-14 of the Administrative	3322
Code or otherwise, that result from advanced energy projects	3323
that receive funding from the advanced energy fund, and it may	3324
use the allowances to further the public interest in advanced	3325
energy projects or for economic development.	3326
(D) Financial statements, financial data, and trade	3327
secrets submitted to or received by the director from an	3328

applicant or recipient of financial assistance under sections33294928.61 to 4928.63 of the Revised Code, or any information taken3330

from those statements, data, or trade secrets for any purpose,	3331
are not public records for the purpose of section 149.43 of the	3332
Revised Code.	3333
(E) Nothing in the amendments of sections 4928.61,	3334
4928.62, and 4928.63 of the Revised Code by Sub. H.B. 251 of the	3335
126th general assembly shall affect any pending or effected	3336
assistance, pending or effected purchases or exchanges of	3337
property made, or pending or effected contracts or agreements	3338
entered into pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section as	3339
the section existed prior to the effective date of those	3340
amendments, January 4, 2007, or shall affect the exemption	3341
provided under division (C) of this section as the section	3342
existed prior to that effective date.	3343
	0010
(F) Any assistance a school district receives for an	3344
advanced energy project, including a geothermal heating,	3345
ventilating, and air conditioning system, shall be in addition	3346
to any assistance provided under Chapter 3318. of the Revised	3347
Code and shall not be included as part of the district or state	3348
portion of the basic project cost under that chapter.	3349
Sec. 4928.641. (A) As used in this section, "net cost"	3350
means a charge or a credit and constitutes the ongoing costs	3351
including the charges incurred by the utility under each	3352
contract, including the annual renewable energy credit inventory	3353
amortization charge in division (E)(3) of this section, the	3354
carrying charges, less the revenue received by the utility as a	3355
result of liquidating into competitive markets the electrical	3356
and renewable products provided to the utility under the same	3357
contract, including capacity, ancillary services, and renewable	3358
energy credits.	3359
(B) All prudently incurred costs incurred by an electric	3360
(D) AII PIUUENLIV INCUITED COSLS INCUITED DV AN ELECTIC	3360

(B) All prudently incurred costs incurred by an electric 3360

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distribution utility associated with contractual obligations	3361
that existed prior to the effective date of the amendments to	3362
this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general assembly to	3363
implement section 4928.64 of the Revised Code shall be	3364
recoverable from the utility's retail customers as a	3365
distribution expense if the money received from the Ohio clean	3366
air program fund, created under section 3706.46 of the Revised	3367
Code, is insufficient to offset those costs. Such costs are	3368
ongoing costs and shall include costs incurred to discontinue	3369
existing programs that were implemented by the electric	3370
distribution utility under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code.	3371
(C) If an electric distribution utility has executed a	3372
contract before April 1, 2014, to procure renewable energy	3372
resources to implement section 4928.64 of the Revised Code and	3373
	3374
there are ongoing costs associated with that contract that are	
being recovered from customers through a bypassable charge as of	3376
the effective date of S.B. 310 the amendments to this section by	3377
<u>H.B. 6 of the 130th 133rd general assembly, that cost recovery</u>	3378
shall continue on a bypassable basis , upon final	3379
reconciliation, be replaced with the accounting mechanism	3380
permitted under this section. The accounting mechanism shall be	3381
effective for the remaining term of the contract and for a	3382
subsequent reconciliation period until all the prudently	3383
incurred costs associated with that contract are fully	3384
recovered.	3385
(D) Division (D) of this section applies only to secto	2206
(B) Division (A) of this section applies only to costs	3386
associated with the original term of a contract described in-	3387
that division and entered into before April 1, 2014. This-	3388
section does not permit recovery of costs associated with an	3389
extension of such a contract. This section does not permit	3390
	2201

recovery of costs associated with an amendment of such a-

contract if that amendment was made on or after April 1, 2014.	3392
(D) Subject to the requirements for recovery of ongoing	3393
costs under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code, the public	3394
utilities commission shall, in accordance with division (E) of	3395
this section, approve an accounting mechanism for each electric	3396
distribution utility that demonstrates that it has incurred or	3397
will incur ongoing costs as described in division (B) of this	3398
section.	3399
(E) All of the following shall apply to the accounting	3400
mechanism:	3401
(1) Subject to division (F) of this section, the	3402
accounting mechanism shall reflect the forecasted annual net	3403
costs to be incurred by the utility under each contract	3404
described in division (C) of this section, subject to subsequent	3405
reconciliation to actual net costs.	3406
(2) The book value of an electric distribution utility's	3407
inventory of renewable energy credits, as of the effective date	3408
of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general	3409
assembly, shall be reflected in the accounting mechanism over an	3410
amortization period that is substantially similar to the	3411
remaining term of any contracts described in division (C) of	3412
this section.	3413
(3) The electric distribution utility shall, in a timely	3414
manner, liquidate the renewable energy credits in its inventory	3415
and apply the resulting revenue against such recovery.	3416
(F) Not later than ninety days after the effective date of	3417
the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general	3418
assembly, the commission shall approve an appropriate accounting	3419
mechanism that is reasonable and appropriate to implement the	3420

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requirements of this section and permits a full recovery of the	3421
utility's net costs, including the accounting authority for the	3422
utility to establish and adjust regulatory assets and regulatory	3423
liabilities consistent with this section. The electric	3424
distribution utility shall be entitled to collect a carrying	3425
charge on such regulatory assets on the effective date of the	3426
amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general	3427
assembly and continuing until the regulatory asset is completely	3428
recovered. Such carrying charge shall include the electric	3429
distribution utility's cost of capital including the most recent	3430
authorized rate of return on equity. The carrying charge shall	3431
also be applied to any regulatory liability created as a result	3432
of the cost recovery mechanism. In each subsequent rate	3433
proceeding under Chapter 4909. of the Revised Code or section	3434
4928.143 of the Revised Code involving the electric distribution	3435
utility, the commission shall permit recovery as a distribution	3436
expense of the regulatory assets existing at that time until the	3437
utility's net costs are fully recovered. Those costs shall be	3438
assigned to each customer class using the base distribution	3439
revenue allocation.	3440
(G) The electric distribution utility shall apply to the	3441
Ohio air quality development authority for reimbursement of its	3442
net costs, in accordance with section 3706.485 of the Revised	3443
Code. To facilitate the authority's consideration of the	3444
utility's application, the commission shall annually certify	3445
each electric distribution utility's forecasted net costs under	3446
this section to the authority. The commission shall credit any	3447
revenue received by the utility from the Ohio clean air program	3448
fund under section 3706.485 of the Revised Code against the net	3449
costs that would otherwise be recovered through the utility's	3450

<u>rates.</u>

Sec. 4928.645. (A) An electric distribution utility or 3452 electric services company may use, for the purpose of complying 3453 with the requirements under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of section 3454 4928.64 of the Revised Code, renewable energy credits any time 3455 in the five calendar years following the date of their purchase 3456 or acquisition from any entity, including, but not limited to, 3457 the following: 3458

(1) A mercantile customer;

(2) An owner or operator of a hydroelectric generating
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or
within or bordering an adjoining state, or that produces power
3463
that can be shown to be deliverable into this state;

(3) A seller of compressed natural gas that has been
produced from biologically derived methane gas, provided that
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the seller may only provide renewable energy credits for metered
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amounts of gas.

(B) (1) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules 3469 specifying that one unit of credit shall equal one megawatt hour 3470 of electricity derived from renewable energy resources, except 3471 that, for a generating facility of seventy-five megawatts or 3472 greater that is situated within this state and has committed by 3473 December 31, 2009, to modify or retrofit its generating unit or 3474 units to enable the facility to generate principally from 3475 biomass energy by June 30, 2013, each megawatt hour of 3476 electricity generated principally from that biomass energy shall 3477 equal, in units of credit, the product obtained by multiplying 3478 the actual percentage of biomass feedstock heat input used to 3479 generate such megawatt hour by the quotient obtained by dividing 3480 the then existing unit dollar amount used, on December 31, 2019, 3481

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to determine a renewable energy compliance payment as provided 3482 under former division (C) (2) (b) of section 4928.64 of the 3483 Revised Code by the then existing market value of one renewable 3484 energy credit, but such megawatt hour shall not equal less than 3485 one unit of credit. Renewable energy resources do not have to be 3486 converted to electricity in order to be eligible to receive 3487 renewable energy credits. The rules shall specify that, for 3488 purposes of converting the quantity of energy derived from 3489 biologically derived methane gas to an electricity equivalent, 3490 one megawatt hour equals 3,412,142 British thermal units. 3491

(2) The rules also shall provide for this state a system 3492 of registering renewable energy credits by specifying which of 3493 any generally available registries shall be used for that 3494 purpose and not by creating a registry. That selected system of 3495 registering renewable energy credits shall allow a hydroelectric 3496 generating facility to be eligible for obtaining renewable 3497 energy credits and shall allow customer-sited projects or 3498 actions the broadest opportunities to be eligible for obtaining 3499 renewable energy credits. 3500

Sec. 5501.311. (A) Notwithstanding sections 123.01 and 3501 127.16 of the Revised Code the director of transportation may 3502 3503 lease or lease-purchase all or any part of a transportation facility to or from one or more persons, one or more 3504 governmental agencies, a transportation improvement district, or 3505 any combination thereof, and may grant leases, easements, or 3506 licenses for lands under the control of the department of 3507 transportation. The director may adopt rules necessary to give 3508 effect to this section. 3509

(B) Plans and specifications for the construction of a 3510transportation facility under a lease or lease-purchase 3511

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agreement are subject to approval of the director and must meet 3512 or exceed all applicable standards of the department. 3513 (C) Any lease or lease-purchase agreement under which the 3514 department is the lessee shall be for a period not exceeding the 3515 then current two-year period for which appropriations have been 3516 made by the general assembly to the department, and such 3517 agreement may contain such other terms as the department and the 3518 other parties thereto agree, notwithstanding any other provision 3519 of law, including provisions that rental payments in amounts 3520 3521 sufficient to pay bond service charges payable during the 3522 current two-year lease term shall be an absolute and unconditional obligation of the department independent of all 3523 other duties under the agreement without set-off or deduction or 3524 any other similar rights or defenses. Any such agreement may 3525 provide for renewal of the agreement at the end of each term for 3526 another term, not exceeding two years, provided that no renewal 3527 shall be effective until the effective date of an appropriation 3528 enacted by the general assembly from which the department may 3529 3530 lawfully pay rentals under such agreement. Any such agreement may include, without limitation, any agreement by the department 3531 with respect to any costs of transportation facilities to be 3532 included prior to acquisition and construction of such 3533 transportation facilities. Any such agreement shall not 3534 constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the 3535 state, or of any political subdivision of the state, and the 3536 lessor shall have no right to have taxes or excises levied by 3537 the general assembly, or the taxing authority of any political 3538 subdivision of the state, for the payment of rentals thereunder. 3539 Any such agreement shall contain a statement to that effect. 3540

(D) A municipal corporation, township, or county may use 3541service payments in lieu of taxes credited to special funds or 3542

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accounts pursuant to sections 5709.43, 5709.47, 5709.75, and35435709.80 of the Revised Code to provide its contribution to the3544cost of a transportation facility, provided such facility was3545among the purposes for which such service payments were3546authorized. The contribution may be in the form of a lump sum or3547periodic payments.3548

(E) Pursuant to the "Telecommunications Act of 1996," 110
Stat. 152, 47 U.S.C. 332 note, the director may grant a lease,
a stansportation facility to a
telecommunications service provider for construction, placement,
or operation of a telecommunications facility. An interest
granted under this division is subject to all of the following
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3554

(1) The transportation facility is owned in fee simple or 3556
easement by this state at the time the lease, easement, or 3557
license is granted to the telecommunications provider. 3558

(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
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(3) The telecommunications facility shall be designed to
accommodate the state's multi-agency radio communication system,
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the intelligent transportation system, and the department's
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communication system as the director may determine is necessary
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for highway or other departmental purposes.

(4) The telecommunications facility shall be designed to
accommodate such additional telecommunications equipment as may
feasibly be co-located thereon as determined in the discretion
of the director.

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(5) The telecommunications service providers awarded the 3572 lease, easement, or license, agree to permit other 3573 telecommunications service providers to co-locate on the 3574 telecommunications facility, and agree to the terms and 3575 conditions of the co-location as determined in the discretion of 3576 the director. 3577 (6) The director shall require indemnity agreements in 3578 favor of the department as a condition of any lease, easement, 3579 or license granted under this division. Each indemnity agreement 3580 shall secure this state and its agents from liability for 3581 damages arising out of safety hazards, zoning, and any other 3582 matter of public interest the director considers necessary. 3583 (7) The telecommunications service provider fully complies 3584 with any permit issued under section 5515.01 of the Revised Code 3585 pertaining to land that is the subject of the lease, easement, 3586 or license. 3587 (8) All plans and specifications shall meet with the 3588 director's approval. 3589 (9) Any other conditions the director determines 3590 3591 necessary. (F) In accordance with section 5501.031 of the Revised 3592 Code, to further efforts to promote energy conservation and 3593 energy efficiency, the director may grant a lease, easement, or 3594 license in a transportation facility to a utility service 3595 provider that has received its certificate from the Ohio power 3596 siting board or appropriate local entity for construction, 3597 placement, or operation of an alternative energy generating 3598 facility service provider as defined in section 4928.64 of the 3599 Revised Code as that section existed prior to January 1, 2020. 3600 An interest granted under this division is subject to all of the

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following conditions:	3602
(1) The transportation facility is owned in fee simple or	3603
in easement by this state at the time the lease, easement, or	3604
license is granted to the utility service provider.	3605
(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a	3606
competitive basis in accordance with policies and procedures to	3607
be determined by the director. The policies and procedures may	3608
include provisions for master leases for multiple sites.	3609
(3) The alternative energy generating facility shall be	3610
designed to provide energy for the department's transportation	3611
facilities with the potential for selling excess power on the	3612
power grid, as the director may determine is necessary for	3613
highway or other departmental purposes.	3614
(4) The director shall require indemnity agreements in	3615
favor of the department as a condition of any lease, easement,	3616
or license granted under this division. Each indemnity agreement	3617
shall secure this state from liability for damages arising out	3618
of safety hazards, zoning, and any other matter of public	3619
interest the director considers necessary.	3620
(5) The alternative energy service provider fully complies	3621
with any permit issued by the Ohio power siting board under	3622
Chapter 4906. of the Revised Code and complies with section	3623
5515.01 of the Revised Code pertaining to land that is the	3624
subject of the lease, easement, or license.	3625
(6) All plans and specifications shall meet with the	3626
director's approval.	3627
(7) Any other conditions the director determines	3628
necessary.	3629

(G) Money the department receives under this section shall	3630
be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the	3631
highway operating fund.	3632
(H) A lease, easement, or license granted under division	3633
(E) or (F) of this section, and any telecommunications facility	3634
or alternative energy generating facility relating to such	3635
interest in a transportation facility, is hereby deemed to	3636
further the essential highway purpose of building and	3637
maintaining a safe, energy-efficient, and accessible	3638
transportation system.	3639
Section 6. That existing sections 1710.06, 4928.142,	3640
4928.143, 4928.20, 4928.61, 4928.62, 4928.641, 4928.645, and	3641
5501.311 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	3642
Section 7. That sections 1710.061, 4928.64, 4928.643,	3643
4928.644, and 4928.65 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	3644
Section 8. Sections 5, 6, and 7 of this act take effect	3645
January 1, 2020.	3646
Section 9. (A) Not earlier than two years after the	3647
effective date of this section, the Director of Environmental	3648
Protection may apply to the Administrator of the United States	3649
Environmental Protection Agency for an exemption from the	3650
requirement to implement the decentralized motor vehicle	3651
inspection and maintenance program established under section	3652
3704.14 of the Revised Code. In making the application and for	3653
purposes of complying with the "Federal Clean Air Act," the	3654
Director shall request the Administrator to authorize the	3655
implementation of the Ohio Clean Air Program established by this	3656
act as an alternative to the decentralized program in those	3657
areas of the state where the program is currently operating.	3658

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(B) As used in this section, "Federal Clean Air Act" has3659the same meaning as in section 3704.01 of the Revised Code.3660

Section 10. (A) In 2020, the Public Utilities Commission 3661 shall review an electric distribution utility's or electric 3662 services company's compliance with the benchmarks for 2019 under 3663 division (B)(2) of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code as that 3664 division existed on the effective date of this section, and in 3665 the course of that review, shall identify any undercompliance or 3666 noncompliance of the utility or company that it determines is 3667 weather-related, related to equipment or resource shortages for 3668 qualifying renewable energy resources as applicable, or is 3669 otherwise outside the utility's or company's control. 3670

(B) Subject to the cost cap provisions of division (C)(3) 3671 of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code as that section existed 3672 on the effective date of this section, if the commission 3673 determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, and based 3674 upon its findings in the review under division (A) of this 3675 section regarding avoidable undercompliance or noncompliance, 3676 but subject to the force-majeure provisions of division (C)(4) 3677 (a) of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code as that section 3678 existed on the effective date of this section, that the utility 3679 or company has failed to comply with the benchmarks for 2019, 3680 the commission shall impose a renewable energy compliance 3681 3682 payment on the utility or company.

(1) The compliance payment pertaining to the solar energy
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 resource benchmark for 2019 shall be two hundred dollars per
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 megawatt hour of undercompliance or noncompliance in the period
 3685
 under review.
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(2) The compliance payment pertaining to the renewable3687energy resource benchmark for 2019 shall be assessed in3688

accordance with division (C)(2)(b) of section 4928.64 of the	3689
Revised Code as that section existed on the effective date of	3690
this section.	3691
(C) Division (C)(2)(c) of section 4928.64 of the Revised	3692
Code as that section existed on the effective date of this	3693
section applies to compliance payments imposed under this	3694
section.	3695
Section 11. If any provisions of a section as amended or	3696

enacted by this act, or the application thereof to any person or 3697 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect 3698 other provisions or applications of the section or related 3699 sections that can be given effect without the invalid provision 3700 or application, and to this end the provisions are severable. 3701

 Section 12. The amendment by this act of divisions (B)(1)
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 (c), (C)(2), (E), and (F)(4), (5), and (7) of section 5727.75 of
 3703

 the Revised Code applies to both of the following:
 3704

(A) Energy projects certified by the Director of 3705Development Services on or after the effective date of this 3706section; 3707

(B) Existing qualified energy projects that, on the 3708effective date of this section, have a nameplate capacity of 3709fewer than five megawatts. 3710