

117TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. J. RES. 58

To provide for the appointment of Ulysses S. Grant to the grade of General  
of the Armies of the United States.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 14, 2021

Mrs. WAGNER (for herself, Mr. ESPALLAT, Ms. STEFANIK, Mrs. BUSTOS, and  
Mr. GUEST) submitted the following joint resolution; which was referred  
to the Committee on Armed Services

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## JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for the appointment of Ulysses S. Grant to the  
grade of General of the Armies of the United States.

1        *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*  
2        *of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3        **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4        This joint resolution may be cited as the “Ulysses  
5        S. Grant Bicentennial Recognition Act”.

6        **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.**

7        (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

8                (1) On March 3, 1799, Congress created the  
9        grade of “General of the Armies of the United  
10       States” as the commander of the Army of the

1 United States (5th Congress, Session III, Chap. 48,  
2 Section 9).

3 (2) On March 16, 1802, Congress effectively  
4 dissolved the grade of General of the Armies of the  
5 United States when it passed the Military Peace Es-  
6 tablishment Act without reference to the grade (7th  
7 Congress, Session I, Chap. 9, Sec. 3).

8 (3) On July 1, 1843, Ulysses S. Grant grad-  
9 uated from the United States Military Academy at  
10 West Point, and, on July 31, 1854, Grant resigned  
11 from the Army at the grade of Captain.

12 (4) Following President Abraham Lincoln's  
13 April 15, 1861, proclamation calling for 75,000 vol-  
14 unteers to suppress Confederate forces, Ulysses S.  
15 Grant rejoined the Army and helped recruit and  
16 train volunteer soldiers for the Union.

17 (5) Over the course of the American Civil War,  
18 Ulysses S. Grant commanded a cumulative total of  
19 over 620,000 Union soldiers and achieved major vic-  
20 tories including Fort Henry (February 1862), Fort  
21 Donelson (February 1862), Shiloh (April 1862), the  
22 Vicksburg Campaign (November 1862—July 1863),  
23 Chattanooga (November 1863), the Wilderness Cam-  
24 paign (May 1864—June 1864), the Petersburg

1 Campaign (June 1864—April 1865), and the Appo-  
2 mattox Campaign (April 1865).

3 (6) On February 29, 1864, Congress reestab-  
4 lished the grade of “Lieutenant-General of the  
5 United States Army” and authorized the President  
6 to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of  
7 the Senate, an officer who was “most distinguished  
8 for courage, skill, and ability” (38th Congress, Ses-  
9 sion I, Chap. 14, Sec. 1); that same day, President  
10 Abraham Lincoln nominated Ulysses S. Grant to be  
11 Lieutenant-General.

12 (7) On March 10, 1864, President Abraham  
13 Lincoln formally appointed Ulysses S. Grant to the  
14 grade of Lieutenant-General of the Army, a position  
15 previously held by only George Washington and Win-  
16 field Scott, although Scott’s promotion was a brevet  
17 appointment.

18 (8) On July 25, 1866, Congress established the  
19 grade of “General of the Army of the United  
20 States” (39th Congress, Session I, Chap. 232), and  
21 Ulysses S. Grant was appointed, by and with the ad-  
22 vice and consent of the Senate, to General of the  
23 Army of the United States for his role in com-  
24 manding the Union armies during the Civil War.

1           (9) On March 4, 1869, Ulysses S. Grant was  
2           sworn in as the 18th President of the United States.

3           (10) Throughout his two terms as President,  
4           Ulysses S. Grant secured the ratification of the 15th  
5           amendment to the Constitution, the creation of the  
6           Department of Justice, and the passage and imple-  
7           mentation of the Civil Rights Act of 1875.

8           (11) On October 11, 1976, Congress enacted  
9           Public Law 94–479, which re-established the grade  
10          of “General of the Armies of the United States” to  
11          posthumously request the appointment of George  
12          Washington to General of the Armies of the United  
13          States and made clear that this grade has “prece-  
14          dence over all other grades of the Army, past or  
15          present”.

16          (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this joint resolution  
17          is to—

18               (1) honor Ulysses S. Grant for his efforts and  
19               leadership in defending the union of the United  
20               States of America;

21               (2) recognize that the military victories  
22               achieved under the command of Ulysses S. Grant  
23               were integral to the preservation of the United  
24               States of America; and

1           (3) affirm that Ulysses S. Grant is among the  
2           most influential military commanders in the history  
3           of the United States of America.

4 **SEC. 3. APPOINTMENT.**

5           The President is authorized and requested to appoint  
6 Ulysses S. Grant posthumously to the grade of General  
7 of the Armies of the United States, such appointment to  
8 take effect on April 27, 2022.

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