

Calendar No. 527

117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S. 3904

[Report No. 117-177]

To enhance the cybersecurity of the Healthcare and Public Health Sector.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 23, 2022

Ms. Rosen (for herself, Mr. Cassidy, Ms. Hassan, Mr. Ossoff, Mr. Tillis, Mrs. Feinstein, and Mr. King) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

OCTOBER 18, 2022

Reported under authority of the order of the Senate of October 14, 2022, by Mr. Peters, with an amendment and an amendment to the title

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To enhance the cybersecurity of the Healthcare and Public Health Sector.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Healthcare Cybersecu-
- 5 rity Act of 2022".

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act—
3	(1) the term "Agency" means the Cybersecurity
4	and Infrastructure Security Agency;
5	(2) the term "Cybersecurity State Coordinator"
6	means a Cybersecurity State Coordinator appointed
7	under section 2217(a) of the Homeland Security Act
8	of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 665c(a));
9	(3) the term "Department" means the Depart-
10	ment of Health and Human Services;
11	(4) the term "Director" means the Director of
12	the Agency;
13	(5) the term "Healthcare and Public Health
14	Sector" means the Healthcare and Public Health
15	sector, as identified in Presidential Policy Directive
16	21 (February 12, 2013; relating to critical infra-
17	structure security and resilience);
18	(6) the term "Information Sharing and Anal-
19	ysis Organizations" has the meaning given that term
20	in section 2222 of the Homeland Security Act of
21	2002 (6 U.S.C. 671); and
22	(7) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
23	of Health and Human Services.
24	SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

25 Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Healthcare and Public Health Sector assets
 2 are increasingly the targets of malicious
 3 eyberattacks, which result not only in data breaches,
 4 but also increased healthcare delivery costs, and can
 5 ultimately affect patient health outcomes.
 - (2) Data reported to the Department shows that almost every month in 2020, more than 1,000,000 people were affected by data breaches at healthcare organizations. Cyberattacks on healthcare facilities rose 55 percent in 2020, and these attacks also resulted in a 16 percent increase in the average cost of recovering a patient record in 2020, as compared to 2019.
 - (3) According to data from the Office for Civil Rights of the Department, health information breaches have increased since 2016, and in 2020 alone, the Department reported 663 breaches on covered entities, as defined under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191), affecting more than 500 people, with over 33,000,000 total people affected by health information breaches.

23 SEC. 4. AGENCY COLLABORATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT.

24 (a) In General.—The Agency shall collaborate with 25 the Department, including by entering into an agreement,

1	as appropriate, to improve eybersecurity in the Healthcare
2	and Public Health Sector.
3	(b) Assistance.—
4	(1) In General.—The Agency shall coordinate
5	with and make resources available to Information
6	Sharing and Analysis Organizations, information
7	sharing and analysis centers, and non-Federal enti-
8	ties that are receiving information shared through
9	programs managed by the Department.
10	(2) Scope.—The coordination under paragraph
11	(1) shall include—
12	(A) developing products specific to the
13	needs of Healtheare and Public Health Sector
14	entities; and
15	(B) sharing information relating to eyber
16	threat indicators and appropriate defensive
17	measures.
18	SEC. 5. TRAINING FOR HEALTHCARE EXPERTS.
19	The Cyber Security Advisors and Cybersecurity State
20	Coordinators of the Agency shall, in coordination, as ap-
21	propriate, with private sector healthcare experts, provide
22	training to Healthcare and Public Health Sector asset
23	aware and appreture an

1	(1) cybersecurity risks to the Healthcare and				
2	Public Health Sector and assets within the sector;				
3	and				
4	(2) ways to mitigate the risks to information				
5	systems in the Healthcare and Public Health Sector.				
6	SEC. 6. SECTOR-SPECIFIC STUDY AND REPORT.				
7	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the				
8	date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in consultation				
9	with the Secretary, shall conduct a study and issue a re-				
10	port, which shall include the following elements:				
11	(1) An analysis of how identified eybersecurity				
12	risks specifically impact Healthcare and Public				
13	Health Sector assets, including the impact on rural				
14	and small and medium-sized Healthcare and Public				
15	Health Sector assets.				
16	(2) An evaluation of the challenges Healthcare				
17	and Public Health Sector assets face in—				
18	(A) securing—				
19	(i) updated information systems				
20	owned, leased, or relied upon by				
21	Healthcare and Public Health Sector as-				
22	sets;				
23	(ii) medical devices or equipment				
24	owned, leased, or relied upon by				
25	Healthcare and Public Health Sector as-				

1	sets, which shall include an analysis of the
2	threat landscape and cybersecurity
3	vulnerabilities of such medical devices or
4	equipment; and
5	(iii) sensitive patient health informa-
6	tion and electronic health records;
7	(B) implementing cybersecurity protocols;
8	and
9	(C) responding to data breaches or eyber-
10	security attacks, including the impact on pa-
11	tient access to care, quality of patient care,
12	timeliness of health care delivery, and health
13	outcomes.
14	(3) An evaluation of best practices for the de-
15	ployment of trained Cyber Security Advisors and Cy-
16	bersecurity State Coordinators of the Agency into
17	Healthcare and Public Health Sector assets before,
18	during, and after data breaches or eybersecurity at-
19	tacks.
20	(4) An assessment of relevant Healthcare and
21	Public Health Sector cybersecurity workforce short-
22	ages, including—
23	(A) training, recruitment, and retention
24	issues; and

- 1 (B) recommendations for how to address 2 these shortages and issues, particularly at rural 3 and small and medium-sized Healthcare and 4 Public Health Sector assets.
 - (5) An identification of cybersecurity challenges related to or brought on by the public health emergency declared by the Secretary under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d) on January 27, 2020, with respect to COVID-19.
- 10 (6) An evaluation of the most accessible and 11 timely ways for the Agency and the Department to 12 communicate and deploy cybersecurity recommenda-13 tions and tools to Healthcare and Public Health Sec-14 tor assets.
- 15 (b) REPORT TRANSMITTAL.—Not later than 60 days after completing the study and report required under sub-16 17 section (a), the Director shall present the completed report to the Secretary, which the Secretary may, in consultation 18 with the Director, consult when updating the Healthcare and Public Health Sector Specific Plan of the Secretary. (c) Congressional Briefing.—Not later than 120
 - days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in consultation with the Secretary, as appropriate, shall provide a briefing on the status of the study and report required under subsection (a) to—

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1	(1) the Committee on Health, Education,				
2	Labor, and Pensions and the Committee on Home-				
3	land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-				
4	ate; and				
5	(2) the Committee on Energy and Commerce				
6	and the Committee on Homeland Security of the				
7	House of Representatives.				
8	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.				
9	This Act may be cited as the "Healthcare Cybersecu-				
10	rity Act of 2022".				
11	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.				
12	In this Act—				
13	(1) the term "Agency" means the Cybersecurity				
14	and Infrastructure Security Agency;				
15	(2) the term "Cybersecurity State Coordinator"				
16	means a Cybersecurity State Coordinator appointed				
17	under section 2217(a) of the Homeland Security Act				
18	of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 665c(a));				
19	(3) the term "Department" means the Depart-				
20	ment of Health and Human Services;				
21	(4) the term "Director" means the Director of the				
22	Agency;				
23	(5) the term "Healthcare and Public Health Sec-				
24	tor" means the Healthcare and Public Health sector,				
25	as identified in Presidential Policy Directive 21 (Feb-				

- 1 ruary 12, 2013; relating to critical infrastructure se-2 curity and resilience);
- 3 (6) the term "Information Sharing and Analysis 4 Organizations" has the meaning given that term in 5 section 2222 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 6 U.S.C. 671); and
- 7 (7) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of 8 Health and Human Services.

9 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

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- 10 Congress finds the following:
 - (1) Healthcare and Public Health Sector assets are increasingly the targets of malicious cyberattacks, which result not only in data breaches, but also increased healthcare delivery costs, and can ultimately affect patient health outcomes.
 - (2) Data reported to the Department shows that almost every month in 2020, more than 1,000,000 people were affected by data breaches at healthcare organizations. Cyberattacks on healthcare facilities rose 55 percent in 2020, and these attacks also resulted in a 16 percent increase in the average cost of recovering a patient record in 2020, as compared to 2019.
 - (3) According to data from the Office for Civil
 Rights of the Department, health information
 breaches have increased since 2016, and in 2020

1	alone, the Department reported 663 breaches on cov-
2	ered entities, as defined under the Health Insurance
3	Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public
4	Law 104–191), affecting more than 500 people, with
5	over 33,000,000 total people affected by health infor-
6	mation breaches.
7	SEC. 4. AGENCY COORDINATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT.
8	(a) In General.—The Agency and the Department
9	shall coordinate, including by entering into an agreement,
10	as appropriate, to improve cybersecurity in the Healthcare
11	and Public Health Sector.
12	(b) Assistance.—
13	(1) In General.—The Agency shall coordinate
14	with and make resources available to Information
15	Sharing and Analysis Organizations, information
16	sharing and analysis centers, and non-Federal enti-
17	ties that are receiving information shared through
18	programs managed by the Department.
19	(2) Scope.—The coordination under paragraph
20	(1) shall include—
21	(A) developing products specific to the needs
22	of Healthcare and Public Health Sector entities,
23	and

1	(B) sharing information relating to cyber					
2	threat indicators and appropriate defensive					
3	measures.					
4	SEC. 5. TRAINING FOR HEALTHCARE EXPERTS.					
5	The Secretary, in coordination with the Cyber Secu-					
6	rity Advisors and Cybersecurity State Coordinators of the					
7	Agency and private sector healthcare experts, as appro-					
8	priate, shall provide training to Healthcare and Public					
9	Health Sector asset owners and operators on—					
10	(1) cybersecurity risks to the Healthcare and					
11	Public Health Sector and assets within the sector; and					
12	(2) ways to mitigate the risks to information					
13	systems in the Healthcare and Public Health Sector.					
14	SEC. 6. SECTOR-SPECIFIC PLAN.					
15	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date					
16	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordination with					
17	the Director, shall update the Healthcare and Public Health					
18	Sector Specific Plan (referred to in this section as the					
19	"Plan"), which shall include the following elements:					
20	(1) An analysis of how identified cybersecurity					
21	risks specifically impact Healthcare and Public					
22	Health Sector assets, including the impact on rural					
23	and small and medium-sized Healthcare and Public					
24	Health Sector assets.					

1	(2) An evaluation of the challenges Healthcare
2	and Public Health Sector assets face in—
3	(A) securing—
4	(i) updated information systems
5	owned, leased, or relied upon by Healthcare
6	and Public Health Sector assets;
7	(ii) medical devices or equipment
8	owned, leased, or relied upon by Healthcare
9	and Public Health Sector assets, which shall
10	include an analysis of the threat landscape
11	and cybersecurity vulnerabilities of such
12	medical devices or equipment; and
13	(iii) sensitive patient health informa-
14	tion and electronic health records;
15	(B) implementing cybersecurity protocols;
16	and
17	(C) responding to data breaches or cyberse-
18	curity attacks, including the impact on patient
19	access to care, quality of patient care, timeliness
20	of health care delivery, and health outcomes.
21	(3) An evaluation of best practices for the de-
22	ployment of trained Cyber Security Advisors and Cy-
23	bersecurity State Coordinators of the Agency into
24	Healthcare and Public Health Sector assets before,

1	during, and after data breaches or cybersecurity at-
2	tacks.
3	(4) An assessment of relevant Healthcare and
4	Public Health Sector cybersecurity workforce short-
5	ages, including—
6	(A) training, recruitment, and retention
7	issues; and
8	(B) recommendations for how to address
9	these shortages and issues, particularly at rural
10	and small and medium-sized Healthcare and
11	Public Health Sector assets.
12	(5) An identification of cybersecurity challenges
13	related to or brought on by the public health emer-
14	gency declared by the Secretary under section 319 of
15	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d) on
16	January 27, 2020, with respect to COVID-19.
17	(6) An evaluation of the most accessible and
18	timely ways for the Agency and the Department to
19	communicate and deploy cybersecurity recommenda-
20	tions and tools to Healthcare and Public Health Sec-
21	tor assets.
22	(b) Congressional Briefing.—Not later than 120
23	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary,
24	in consultation with the Director, shall provide a briefing
25	on the updating of the Plan under subsection (a) to—

1	(1) the Committee on Health, Education, Labor,
2	and Pensions and the Committee on Homeland Secu-
3	rity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
4	(2) the Committee on Energy and Commerce and
5	the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of
6	Representatives.

Amend the title so as to read: "A bill to enhance the cybersecurity of the Healthcare and Public Health Sector and update the Healthcare and Public Health Sector Specific Plan.".

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OCTOBER 18, 2022

Reported under authority of the order of the Senate of October 14, 2022, with an amendment and an amendment to the title