AUTHENTICATED U.S. COVERNMENT INFORMATION GPO

116TH CONGRESS 2D Session

AN ACT

S. 3798

- To impose sanctions with respect to foreign persons involved in the erosion of certain obligations of China with respect to Hong Kong, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the

3 "Hong Kong Autonomy Act".

4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

5 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Findings.
- Sec. 4. Sense of Congress regarding Hong Kong.
- Sec. 5. Identification of foreign persons involved in the erosion of the obligations of China under the Joint Declaration or the Basic Law and foreign financial institutions that conduct significant transactions with those persons.
- Sec. 6. Sanctions with respect to foreign persons that contravene the obligations of China under the Joint Declaration or the Basic Law.
- Sec. 7. Sanctions with respect to foreign financial institutions that conduct significant transactions with foreign persons that contravene the obligations of China under the Joint Declaration or the Basic Law.
- Sec. 8. Waiver, termination, exceptions, and congressional review process.
- Sec. 9. Implementation; penalties.
- Sec. 10. Rule of construction.

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

| 8 | (1) ALIEN; NATIONAL; NATIONAL OF THE |
|----|--|
| 9 | UNITED STATES.—The terms "alien", "national", |
| 10 | and "national of the United States" have the mean- |
| 11 | ings given those terms in section 101 of the Immi- |
| 12 | gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101). |
| 13 | (2) Appropriate congressional commit- |

- 14 TEES AND LEADERSHIP.—The term "appropriate
 15 congressional committees and leadership" means—
- 16 (A) the Committee on Armed Services, the17 Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban

| 1 | Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, |
|----|---|
| 2 | the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov- |
| 3 | ernmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judi- |
| 4 | ciary, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and |
| 5 | the majority leader and the minority leader of |
| 6 | the Senate; and |
| 7 | (B) the Committee on Armed Services, the |
| 8 | Committee on Financial Services, the Com- |
| 9 | mittee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on |
| 10 | Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judi- |
| 11 | ciary, the Permanent Select Committee on In- |
| 12 | telligence, and the Speaker and the minority |
| 13 | leader of the House of Representatives. |
| 14 | (3) Basic law.—The term "Basic Law" means |
| 15 | the Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Adminis- |
| 16 | trative Region of the People's Republic of China. |
| 17 | (4) CHINA.—The term "China" means the Peo- |
| 18 | ple's Republic of China. |
| 19 | (5) ENTITY.—The term "entity" means a part- |
| 20 | nership, joint venture, association, corporation, orga- |
| 21 | nization, network, group, or subgroup, or any other |
| 22 | form of business collaboration. |
| 23 | (6) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi- |
| 24 | nancial institution" means a financial institution |

specified in section 5312(a)(2) of title 31, United
 States Code.

3 (7) HONG KONG.—The term "Hong Kong"
4 means the Hong Kong Special Administrative Re5 gion of the People's Republic of China.

6 (8) JOINT DECLARATION.—The term "Joint 7 Declaration" means the Joint Declaration of the 8 Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain 9 and Northern Ireland and the Government of the 10 People's Republic of China on the Question of Hong 11 Kong, done at Beijing on December 19, 1984.

(9) KNOWINGLY.—The term "knowingly", with
respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
means that a person has actual knowledge of the
conduct, the circumstance, or the result.

16 (10) PERSON.—The term "person" means an17 individual or entity.

18 (11) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
19 "United States person" means—

20 (A) any citizen or national of the United
21 States;

(B) any alien lawfully admitted for perma-nent residence in the United States;

24 (C) any entity organized under the laws of
25 the United States or any jurisdiction within the

| \mathbf{b} |
|--|
| United States (including a foreign branch of |
| such an entity); or |
| (D) any person located in the United |
| States. |
| SEC. 3. FINDINGS. |
| Congress makes the following findings: |
| (1) The Joint Declaration and the Basic Law |
| clarify certain obligations and promises that the |
| Government of China has made with respect to the |
| future of Hong Kong. |
| (2) The obligations of the Government of China |
| under the Joint Declaration were codified in a le- |
| gally-binding treaty, signed by the Government of |
| the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern |
| Ireland and registered with the United Nations. |
| (3) The obligations of the Government of China |
| under the Basic Law originate from the Joint Dec- |
| laration, were passed into the domestic law of China |
| by the National People's Congress, and are widely |
| considered by citizens of Hong Kong as part of the |
| de facto legal constitution of Hong Kong. |
| (4) Foremost among the obligations of the Gov- |
| ernment of China to Hong Kong is the promise that, |
| pursuant to Paragraph 3b of the Joint Declaration, |
| "the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region will |
| |

| | 0 |
|----|--|
| 1 | enjoy a high degree of autonomy, except in foreign |
| 2 | and defence affairs which are the responsibilities of |
| 3 | the Central People's Government". |
| 4 | (5) The obligation specified in Paragraph 3b of |
| 5 | the Joint Declaration is referenced, reinforced, and |
| 6 | extrapolated on in several portions of the Basic Law, |
| 7 | including Articles 2, 12, 13, 14, and 22. |
| 8 | (6) Article 22 of the Basic Law establishes that |
| 9 | "No department of the Central People's Government |
| 10 | and no province, autonomous region, or municipality |
| 11 | directly under the Central Government may interfere |
| 12 | in the affairs which the Hong Kong Special Admin- |
| 13 | istrative Region administers on its own in accord- |
| 14 | ance with this Law.". |
| 15 | (7) The Joint Declaration and the Basic Law |
| 16 | make clear that additional obligations shall be un- |
| 17 | dertaken by China to ensure the "high degree of au- |
| 18 | tonomy" of Hong Kong. |
| 19 | (8) Paragraph 3c of the Joint Declaration |
| 20 | states, as reinforced by Articles 2, 16, 17, 18, 19, |
| 21 | and 22 of the Basic Law, that Hong Kong "will be |
| 22 | vested with executive, legislative and independent ju- |
| 23 | dicial power, including that of final adjudication". |
| 24 | (9) On multiple occasions, the Government of |
| 25 | China has undertaken actions that have contravened |
| | |

| 1 | the letter or intent of the obligation described in |
|----|---|
| 2 | paragraph (8) of this section, including the fol- |
| 3 | lowing: |
| 4 | (A) In 1999, the Standing Committee of |
| 5 | the National People's Congress overruled a de- |
| 6 | cision by the Hong Kong Court of Final Appeal |
| 7 | on the right of abode. |
| 8 | (B) On multiple occasions, the Government |
| 9 | of Hong Kong, at the advice of the Government |
| 10 | of China, is suspected to have not allowed per- |
| 11 | sons entry into Hong Kong allegedly because of |
| 12 | their support for democracy and human rights |
| 13 | in Hong Kong and China. |
| 14 | (C) The Liaison Office of China in Hong |
| 15 | Kong has, despite restrictions on interference in |
| 16 | the affairs of Hong Kong as detailed in Article |
| 17 | 22 of the Basic Law— |
| 18 | (i) openly expressed support for can- |
| 19 | didates in Hong Kong for Chief Executive |
| 20 | and Legislative Council; |
| 21 | (ii) expressed views on various policies |
| 22 | for the Government of Hong Kong and |
| 23 | other internal matters relating to Hong |
| 24 | Kong; and |

| 1 | (iii) on April 17, 2020, asserted that |
|----|---|
| 2 | both the Liaison Office of China in Hong |
| 3 | Kong and the Hong Kong and Macau Af- |
| 4 | fairs Office of the State Council "have the |
| 5 | right to exercise supervision on affairs |
| 6 | regarding Hong Kong and the mainland, |
| 7 | in order to ensure correct implementation |
| 8 | of the Basic Law". |
| 9 | (D) The National People's Congress has |
| 10 | passed laws requiring Hong Kong to pass laws |
| 11 | banning disrespectful treatment of the national |
| 12 | flag and national anthem of China. |
| 13 | (E) The State Council of China released a |
| 14 | white paper on June 10, 2014, that stressed |
| 15 | the "comprehensive jurisdiction" of the Govern- |
| 16 | ment of China over Hong Kong and indicated |
| 17 | that Hong Kong must be governed by "patri- |
| 18 | ots". |
| 19 | (F) The Government of China has directed |
| 20 | operatives to kidnap and bring to the mainland, |
| 21 | or is otherwise responsible for the kidnapping |
| 22 | of, residents of Hong Kong, including business- |
| 23 | man Xiao Jianhua and bookseller Gui Minhai. |
| 24 | (G) The Government of Hong Kong, acting |
| 25 | with the support of the Government of China, |

introduced an extradition bill that would have permitted the Government of China to request and enforce extradition requests for any individual present in Hong Kong, regardless of the legality of the request or the degree to which it compromised the judicial independence of Hong Kong.

8 (H) The spokesman for the Standing Com-9 mittee of the National People's Congress said, 10 "Whether Hong Kong's laws are consistent 11 with the Basic Law can only be judged and de-12 cided by the National People's Congress Stand-13 ing Committee. No other authority has the 14 right to make judgments and decisions.".

(10) Paragraph 3e of the Joint Declaration
states, as reinforced by Article 5 of the Basic Law,
that the "current social and economic systems in
Hong Kong will remain unchanged, as so will the
life-style.".

(11) On multiple occasions, the Government of
China has undertaken actions that have contravened
the letter or intent of the obligation described in
paragraph (10) of this section, including the following:

1

2

3

4

5

6

| 1 | (A) In 2002, the Government of China |
|----|---|
| 2 | pressured the Government of Hong Kong to in- |
| 3 | troduce "patriotic" curriculum in primary and |
| 4 | secondary schools. |
| 5 | (B) The governments of China and Hong |
| 6 | Kong proposed the prohibition of discussion of |
| 7 | Hong Kong independence and self-determina- |
| 8 | tion in primary and secondary schools, which |
| 9 | infringes on freedom of speech. |
| 10 | (C) The Government of Hong Kong man- |
| 11 | dated that Mandarin, and not the native lan- |
| 12 | guage of Cantonese, be the language of instruc- |
| 13 | tion in Hong Kong schools. |
| 14 | (D) The governments of China and Hong |
| 15 | Kong agreed to a daily quota of mainland im- |
| 16 | migrants to Hong Kong, which is widely be- |
| 17 | lieved by citizens of Hong Kong to be part of |
| 18 | an effort to "mainlandize" Hong Kong. |
| 19 | (12) Paragraph 3e of the Joint Declaration |
| 20 | states, as reinforced by Articles 4, 26, 27, 28, 29, |
| 21 | 30, 31, 32 33, 34, and 39 of the Basic Law, that |
| 22 | the "rights and freedoms, including those of person, |
| 23 | of speech, of the press, of assembly, of association, |
| 24 | of travel, of movement, of correspondence, of strike, |
| 25 | of choice of occupation, of academic research and of |

religious belief will be ensured by law" in Hong

1

7

lowing:

2 Kong.
3 (13) On multiple occasions, the Government of
4 China has undertaken actions that have contravened
5 the letter or intent of the obligation described in
6 paragraph (12) of this section, including the fol-

8 (A) On February 26, 2003, the Govern9 ment of Hong Kong introduced a national secu10 rity bill that would have placed restrictions on
11 freedom of speech and other protected rights.

(B) The Liaison Office of China in Hong
Kong has pressured businesses in Hong Kong
not to advertise in newspapers and magazines
critical of the governments of China and Hong
Kong.

17 (C) The Hong Kong Police Force selec18 tively blocked demonstrations and protests ex19 pressing opposition to the governments of China
20 and Hong Kong or the policies of those govern21 ments.

(D) The Government of Hong Kong refused to renew work visa for a foreign journalist, allegedly for hosting a speaker from the
banned Hong Kong National Party.

| 1 | (E) The Justice Department of Hong |
|----|---|
| 2 | Kong selectively prosecuted cases against lead- |
| 3 | ers of the Umbrella Movement, while failing to |
| 4 | prosecute police officers accused of using exces- |
| 5 | sive force during the protests in 2014. |
| 6 | (F) On April 18, 2020, the Hong Kong |
| 7 | Police Force arrested 14 high-profile democracy |
| 8 | activists and campaigners for their role in orga- |
| 9 | nizing a protest march that took place on Au- |
| 10 | gust 18, 2019, in which almost 2,000,000 peo- |
| 11 | ple rallied against a proposed extradition bill. |
| 12 | (14) Articles 45 and 68 of the Basic Law assert |
| 13 | that the selection of Chief Executive and all mem- |
| 14 | bers of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong should |
| 15 | be by "universal suffrage.". |
| 16 | (15) On multiple occasions, the Government of |
| 17 | China has undertaken actions that have contravened |
| 18 | the letter or intent of the obligation described in |
| 19 | paragraph (14) of this section, including the fol- |
| 20 | lowing: |
| 21 | (A) In 2004, the National People's Con- |
| 22 | gress created new, antidemocratic procedures |
| 23 | restricting the adoption of universal suffrage |
| 24 | for the election of the Chief Executive of Hong |
| 25 | Kong. |

| 1 | (B) The decision by the National People's |
|----|--|
| 2 | Congress on December 29, 2007, which ruled |
| 3 | out universal suffrage in 2012 elections and set |
| 4 | restrictions on when and if universal suffrage |
| 5 | will be implemented. |
| 6 | (C) The decision by the National People's |
| 7 | Congress on August 31, 2014, which placed |
| 8 | limits on the nomination process for the Chief |
| 9 | Executive of Hong Kong as a condition for |
| 10 | adoption of universal suffrage. |
| 11 | (D) On November 7, 2016, the National |
| 12 | People's Congress interpreted Article 104 of the |
| 13 | Basic Law in such a way to disqualify 6 elected |
| 14 | members of the Legislative Council. |
| 15 | (E) In 2018, the Government of Hong |
| 16 | Kong banned the Hong Kong National Party |
| 17 | and blocked the candidacy of pro-democracy |
| 18 | candidates. |
| 19 | (16) The ways in which the Government of |
| 20 | China, at times with the support of a subservient |
| 21 | Government of Hong Kong, has acted in contraven- |
| 22 | tion of its obligations under the Joint Declaration |
| 23 | and the Basic Law, as set forth in this section, are |
| 24 | deeply concerning to the people of Hong Kong, the |
| 25 | United States, and members of the international |

community who support the autonomy of Hong
 Kong.

3 SEC. 4. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING HONG KONG.

4 It is the sense of Congress that—

5 (1) the United States continues to uphold the 6 principles and policy established in the United 7 States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 8 5701 et seq.) and the Hong Kong Human Rights 9 and Democracy Act of 2019 (Public Law 116–76; 10 22 U.S.C. 5701 note), which remain consistent with 11 China's obligations under the Joint Declaration and 12 certain promulgated objectives under the Basic Law, 13 including that—

14 (A) as set forth in section 101(1) of the 15 United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5711(1)), "The United States 16 17 should play an active role, before, on, and after 18 July 1, 1997, in maintaining Hong Kong's con-19 fidence and prosperity, Hong Kong's role as an 20 international financial center, and the mutually 21 beneficial ties between the people of the United 22 States and the people of Hong Kong."; and

(B) as set forth in section 2(5) of the
United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992
(22 U.S.C. 5701(5)), "Support for democratiza-

| 1 | tion is a fundamental principle of United States |
|----|---|
| 2 | foreign policy. As such, it naturally applies to |
| 3 | United States policy toward Hong Kong. This |
| 4 | will remain equally true after June 30, 1997."; |
| 5 | (2) although the United States recognizes that, |
| 6 | under the Joint Declaration, the Government of |
| 7 | China "resumed the exercise of sovereignty over |
| 8 | Hong Kong with effect on 1 July 1997", the United |
| 9 | States supports the autonomy of Hong Kong in fur- |
| 10 | therance of the United States-Hong Kong Policy Act |
| 11 | of 1992 and the Hong Kong Human Rights and De- |
| 12 | mocracy Act of 2019 and advances the desire of the |
| 13 | people of Hong Kong to continue the "one country, |
| 14 | two systems" regime, in addition to other obligations |
| 15 | promulgated by China under the Joint Declaration |
| 16 | and the Basic Law; |
| 17 | (3) in order to support the benefits and protec- |
| 18 | tions that Hong Kong has been afforded by the Gov- |
| 19 | ernment of China under the Joint Declaration and |
| 20 | the Basic Law, the United States should establish a |
| 21 | clear and unambiguous set of penalties with respect |
| 22 | to foreign persons determined by the Secretary of |
| 23 | State, in consultation with the Secretary of the |
| 24 | Treasury, to be involved in the contravention of the |
| | |

25 obligations of China under the Joint Declaration and

| 1 | the Basic Law and the financial institutions |
|----|--|
| 2 | transacting with those foreign persons; |
| 3 | (4) the Secretary of State should provide an un- |
| 4 | classified assessment of the reason for imposition of |
| 5 | certain economic penalties on entities, so as to per- |
| 6 | mit a clear path for the removal of economic pen- |
| 7 | alties if the sanctioned behavior is reversed and |
| 8 | verified by the Secretary of State; |
| 9 | (5) relevant Federal agencies should establish a |
| 10 | multilateral sanctions regime with respect to foreign |
| 11 | persons involved in the contravention of the obliga- |
| 12 | tions of China under the Joint Declaration and the |
| 13 | Basic Law; and |
| 14 | (6) in addition to the penalties on foreign per- |
| 15 | sons, and financial institutions transacting with |
| 16 | those foreign persons, for the contravention of the |
| 17 | obligations of China under the Joint Declaration and |
| 18 | the Basic Law, the United States should take steps, |
| 19 | in a time of crisis, to assist permanent residents of |
| 20 | Hong Kong who are persecuted or fear persecution |
| 21 | as a result of the contravention by China of its obli- |
| 22 | gations under the Joint Declaration and the Basic |
| 23 | Law to become eligible to obtain lawful entry into |

the United States.

| 1 | SEC. 5. IDENTIFICATION OF FOREIGN PERSONS INVOLVED |
|---|--|
| 2 | IN THE EROSION OF THE OBLIGATIONS OF |
| 3 | CHINA UNDER THE JOINT DECLARATION OR |
| 4 | THE BASIC LAW AND FOREIGN FINANCIAL IN- |
| 5 | STITUTIONS THAT CONDUCT SIGNIFICANT |
| 6 | TRANSACTIONS WITH THOSE PERSONS. |

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the 7 date of the enactment of this Act, if the Secretary of 8 9 State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, determines that a foreign person is materially contributing 10 to, has materially contributed to, or attempts to materially 11 12 contribute to the failure of the Government of China to meet its obligations under the Joint Declaration or the 13 Basic Law, the Secretary of State shall submit to the ap-14 propriate congressional committees and leadership a re-15 16 port that includes—

(1) an identification of the foreign person; and
(2) a clear explanation for why the foreign person was identified and a description of the activity
that resulted in the identification.

(b) IDENTIFYING FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—Not earlier than 30 days and not later than 60
days after the Secretary of State submits to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership the report
under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury, in
consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to

the appropriate congressional committees and leadership
 a report that identifies any foreign financial institution
 that knowingly conducts a significant transaction with a
 foreign person identified in the report under subsection
 (a).

6 (c) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.—

7 (1) INTELLIGENCE.—The Secretary of State
8 shall not disclose the identity of a person in a report
9 submitted under subsection (a) or (b), or an update
10 under subsection (e), if the Director of National In11 telligence determines that such disclosure could com12 promise an intelligence operation, activity, source, or
13 method of the United States.

14 (2) LAW ENFORCEMENT.—The Secretary of 15 State shall not disclose the identity of a person in 16 a report submitted under subsection (a) or (b), or an 17 update under subsection (e), if the Attorney General, 18 in coordination, as appropriate, with the Director of 19 the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the head of any 20 other appropriate Federal law enforcement agency, 21 and the Secretary of the Treasury, determines that 22 such disclosure could reasonably be expected—

(A) to compromise the identity of a confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institu-

| 1 | tion that furnished information on a confiden- |
|----|--|
| 2 | tial basis; |
| 3 | (B) to jeopardize the integrity or success |
| 4 | of an ongoing criminal investigation or prosecu- |
| 5 | tion; |
| 6 | (C) to endanger the life or physical safety |
| 7 | of any person; or |
| 8 | (D) to cause substantial harm to physical |
| 9 | property. |
| 10 | (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—If the Director |
| 11 | of National Intelligence makes a determination |
| 12 | under paragraph (1) or the Attorney General makes |
| 13 | a determination under paragraph (2), the Director |
| 14 | or the Attorney General, as the case may be, shall |
| 15 | notify the appropriate congressional committees and |
| 16 | leadership of the determination and the reasons for |
| 17 | the determination. |
| 18 | (d) Exclusion or Removal of Foreign Persons |
| 19 | and Foreign Financial Institutions.— |
| 20 | (1) FOREIGN PERSONS.—The President may |
| 21 | exclude a foreign person from the report under sub- |
| 22 | section (a), or an update under subsection (e), or re- |
| 23 | move a foreign person from the report or update |
| 24 | prior to the imposition of sanctions under section |
| 25 | 6(a) if the material contribution (as described in |

| 1 | subsection (g)) that merited inclusion in that report |
|----|---|
| 2 | or update— |
| 3 | (A) does not have a significant and lasting |
| 4 | negative effect that contravenes the obligations |
| 5 | of China under the Joint Declaration and the |
| 6 | Basic Law; |
| 7 | (B) is not likely to be repeated in the fu- |
| 8 | ture; and |
| 9 | (C) has been reversed or otherwise miti- |
| 10 | gated through positive countermeasures taken |
| 11 | by that foreign person. |
| 12 | (2) Foreign financial institutions.—The |
| 13 | President may exclude a foreign financial institution |
| 14 | from the report under subsection (b), or an update |
| 15 | under subsection (e), or remove a foreign financial |
| 16 | institution from the report or update prior to the |
| 17 | imposition of sanctions under section 7(a) if the sig- |
| 18 | nificant transaction or significant transactions of the |
| 19 | foreign financial institution that merited inclusion in |
| 20 | that report or update— |
| 21 | (A) does not have a significant and lasting |
| 22 | negative effect that contravenes the obligations |
| 23 | of China under the Joint Declaration and the |
| 24 | Basic Law; |
| | |

| 1 | (B) is not likely to be repeated in the fu- |
|----|--|
| 2 | ture; and |
| 3 | (C) has been reversed or otherwise miti- |
| 4 | gated through positive countermeasures taken |
| 5 | by that foreign financial institution. |
| 6 | (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—If the Presi- |
| 7 | dent makes a determination under paragraph (1) or |
| 8 | (2) to exclude or remove a foreign person or foreign |
| 9 | financial institution from a report under subsection |
| 10 | (a) or (b), as the case may be, the President shall |
| 11 | notify the appropriate congressional committees and |
| 12 | leadership of the determination and the reasons for |
| 13 | the determination. |
| 14 | (e) Update of Reports.— |
| 15 | (1) IN GENERAL.—Each report submitted |
| 16 | under subsections (a) and (b) shall be updated in an |
| 17 | ongoing manner and, to the extent practicable, up- |
| 18 | dated reports shall be resubmitted with the annual |
| 19 | report under section 301 of the United States-Hong |
| 20 | Kong Policy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5731). |
| 21 | (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this |
| 22 | subsection shall be construed to terminate the re- |
| 23 | quirement to update the reports under subsections |
| 24 | (a) and (b) upon the termination of the requirement |
| 25 | to submit the annual report under section 301 of the |

| 1 | United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 (22 |
|----|---|
| 2 | U.S.C. 5731). |
| 3 | (f) Form of Reports.— |
| 4 | (1) IN GENERAL.—Each report under sub- |
| 5 | section (a) or (b) (including updates under sub- |
| 6 | section (e)) shall be submitted in unclassified form |
| 7 | and made available to the public. |
| 8 | (2) CLASSIFIED ANNEX.—The explanations and |
| 9 | descriptions included in the report under subsection |
| 10 | (a)(2) (including updates under subsection (e)) may |
| 11 | be expanded on in a classified annex. |
| 12 | (g) Material Contributions Related to Obli- |
| 13 | GATIONS OF CHINA DESCRIBED.—For purposes of this |
| 14 | section, a foreign person materially contributes to the fail- |
| 15 | ure of the Government of China to meet its obligations |
| 16 | under the Joint Declaration or the Basic Law if the per- |
| 17 | son— |
| 18 | (1) took action that resulted in the inability of |
| 19 | the people of Hong Kong— |
| 20 | (A) to enjoy freedom of assembly, speech, |
| 21 | press, or independent rule of law; or |
| 22 | (B) to participate in democratic outcomes; |
| 23 | or |
| 24 | (2) otherwise took action that reduces the high |
| 25 | degree of autonomy of Hong Kong. |

| 1 | SEC. 6. SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOREIGN PERSONS |
|----|---|
| 2 | THAT CONTRAVENE THE OBLIGATIONS OF |
| 3 | CHINA UNDER THE JOINT DECLARATION OR |
| 4 | THE BASIC LAW. |
| 5 | (a) Imposition of Sanctions.— |
| 6 | (1) IN GENERAL.—On and after the date on |
| 7 | which a foreign person is included in the report |
| 8 | under section 5(a) or an update to that report under |
| 9 | section 5(e), the President may impose sanctions de- |
| 10 | scribed in subsection (b) with respect to that foreign |
| 11 | person. |
| 12 | (2) MANDATORY SANCTIONS.—Not later than |
| 13 | one year after the date on which a foreign person is |
| 14 | included in the report under section $5(a)$ or an up- |
| 15 | date to that report under section 5(e), the President |
| 16 | shall impose sanctions described in subsection (b) |
| 17 | with respect to that foreign person. |
| 18 | (b) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions de- |
| 19 | scribed in this subsection with respect to a foreign person |
| 20 | are the following: |
| 21 | (1) PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS.—The President |
| 22 | may, pursuant to such regulations as the President |
| 23 | may prescribe, prohibit any person from— |
| 24 | (A) acquiring, holding, withholding, using, |
| 25 | transferring, withdrawing, transporting, or ex- |
| | |

| | 21 |
|----|--|
| 1 | risdiction of the United States and with respect |
| 2 | to which the foreign person has any interest; |
| 3 | (B) dealing in or exercising any right, |
| 4 | power, or privilege with respect to such prop- |
| 5 | erty; or |
| 6 | (C) conducting any transaction involving |
| 7 | such property. |
| 8 | (2) EXCLUSION FROM THE UNITED STATES |
| 9 | AND REVOCATION OF VISA OR OTHER DOCUMENTA- |
| 10 | TION.—In the case of a foreign person who is an in- |
| 11 | dividual, the President may direct the Secretary of |
| 12 | State to deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Home- |
| 13 | land Security to exclude from the United States, the |
| 14 | foreign person, subject to regulatory exceptions to |
| 15 | permit the United States to comply with the Agree- |
| 16 | ment regarding the Headquarters of the United Na- |
| 17 | tions, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and |
| 18 | entered into force November 21, 1947, between the |
| 19 | United Nations and the United States, or other ap- |
| 20 | plicable international obligations. |
| | |

| 1 | SEC. 7. SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOREIGN FINANCIAL |
|---|---|
| 2 | INSTITUTIONS THAT CONDUCT SIGNIFICANT |
| 3 | TRANSACTIONS WITH FOREIGN PERSONS |
| 4 | THAT CONTRAVENE THE OBLIGATIONS OF |
| 5 | CHINA UNDER THE JOINT DECLARATION OR |
| 6 | THE BASIC LAW. |

7 (a) Imposition of Sanctions.—

8 (1) INITIAL SANCTIONS.—Not later than one 9 year after the date on which a foreign financial in-10 stitution is included in the report under section 5(b) 11 or an update to that report under section 5(e), the 12 President shall impose not fewer than 5 of the sanc-13 tions described in subsection (b) with respect to that 14 foreign financial institution.

15 (2) EXPANDED SANCTIONS.—Not later than
16 two years after the date on which a foreign financial
17 institution is included in the report under section
18 5(b) or an update to that report under section 5(e),
19 the President shall impose each of the sanctions de20 scribed in subsection (b).

(b) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions described in this subsection with respect to a foreign financial institution are the following:

24 (1) LOANS FROM UNITED STATES FINANCIAL
25 INSTITUTIONS.—The United States Government
26 may prohibit any United States financial institution
⁺S 3798 ES

from making loans or providing credits to the for eign financial institution.

3 (2) PROHIBITION ON DESIGNATION AS PRIMARY
4 DEALER.—Neither the Board of Governors of the
5 Federal Reserve System nor the Federal Reserve
6 Bank of New York may designate, or permit the
7 continuation of any prior designation of, the foreign
8 financial institution as a primary dealer in United
9 States Government debt instruments.

10 (3) PROHIBITION ON SERVICE AS A REPOSI11 TORY OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS.—The foreign finan12 cial institution may not serve as agent of the United
13 States Government or serve as repository for United
14 States Government funds.

(4) FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The President may,
pursuant to such regulations as the President may
prescribe, prohibit any transactions in foreign exchange that are subject to the jurisdiction of the
United States and involve the foreign financial institution.

(5) BANKING TRANSACTIONS.—The President
may, pursuant to such regulations as the President
may prescribe, prohibit any transfers of credit or
payments between financial institutions or by,
through, or to any financial institution, to the extent

| 1 | that such transfers or payments are subject to the |
|----|--|
| 2 | jurisdiction of the United States and involve the for- |
| 3 | eign financial institution. |
| 4 | (6) PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS.—The President |
| 5 | may, pursuant to such regulations as the President |
| 6 | may prescribe, prohibit any person from— |
| 7 | (A) acquiring, holding, withholding, using, |
| 8 | transferring, withdrawing, transporting, import- |
| 9 | ing, or exporting any property that is subject to |
| 10 | the jurisdiction of the United States and with |
| 11 | respect to which the foreign financial institution |
| 12 | has any interest; |
| 13 | (B) dealing in or exercising any right, |
| 14 | power, or privilege with respect to such prop- |
| 15 | erty; or |
| 16 | (C) conducting any transaction involving |
| 17 | such property. |
| 18 | (7) RESTRICTION ON EXPORTS, REEXPORTS, |
| 19 | AND TRANSFERS.—The President, in consultation |
| 20 | with the Secretary of Commerce, may restrict or |
| 21 | prohibit exports, reexports, and transfers (in-coun- |
| 22 | try) of commodities, software, and technology sub- |
| 23 | ject to the jurisdiction of the United States directly |
| 24 | or indirectly to the foreign financial institution. |

(8) BAN ON INVESTMENT IN EQUITY OR
 DEBT.—The President may, pursuant to such regu lations or guidelines as the President may prescribe,
 prohibit any United States person from investing in
 or purchasing significant amounts of equity or debt
 instruments of the foreign financial institution.

7 (9) EXCLUSION OF CORPORATE OFFICERS.— 8 The President may direct the Secretary of State, in 9 consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and 10 the Secretary of Homeland Security, to exclude from 11 the United States any alien that is determined to be 12 a corporate officer or principal of, or a shareholder 13 with a controlling interest in, the foreign financial 14 institution, subject to regulatory exceptions to per-15 mit the United States to comply with the Agreement 16 regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, 17 signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered 18 into force November 21, 1947, between the United 19 Nations and the United States, or other applicable 20 international obligations.

(10) SANCTIONS ON PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.—The President may impose on the principal executive officer or officers of the foreign financial institution, or on individuals performing
similar functions and with similar authorities as

such officer or officers, any of the sanctions de scribed in paragraphs (1) through (8) that are appli cable.

4 (c) TIMING OF SANCTIONS.—The President may im5 pose sanctions required under subsection (a) with respect
6 to a financial institution included in the report under sec7 tion 5(b) or an update to that report under section 5(e)
8 beginning on the day on which the financial institution
9 is included in that report or update.

10SEC. 8. WAIVER, TERMINATION, EXCEPTIONS, AND CON-11GRESSIONAL REVIEW PROCESS.

(a) NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.—Unless a disapproval resolution is enacted under subsection (e), the
President may waive the application of sanctions under
section 6 or 7 with respect to a foreign person or foreign
financial institution if the President—

17 (1) determines that the waiver is in the national18 security interest of the United States; and

19 (2) submits to the appropriate congressional
20 committees and leadership a report on the deter21 mination and the reasons for the determination.

(b) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS AND REMOVAL
FROM REPORT.—Unless a disapproval resolution is enacted under subsection (e), the President may terminate
the application of sanctions under section 6 or 7 with re-

| 1 | spect to a foreign person or foreign financial institution |
|--|--|
| 2 | and remove the foreign person from the report required |
| 3 | under section 5(a) or the foreign financial institution from |
| 4 | the report required under section 5(b), as the case may |
| 5 | be, if the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Sec- |
| 6 | retary of the Treasury, determines that the actions taken |
| 7 | by the foreign person or foreign financial institution that |
| 8 | led to the imposition of sanctions— |
| 9 | (1) do not have a significant and lasting nega- |
| 10 | tive effect that contravenes the obligations of China |
| 11 | under the Joint Declaration and the Basic Law; |
| 12 | (2) are not likely to be repeated in the future; |
| 13 | and |
| | |
| 14 | (3) have been reversed or otherwise mitigated |
| 14 15 | (3) have been reversed or otherwise mitigated through positive countermeasures taken by that for- |
| | |
| 15 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- |
| 15 16 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- eign person or foreign financial institution. |
| 15 16 17 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- eign person or foreign financial institution.(c) TERMINATION OF ACT.— |
| 15 16 17 18 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- eign person or foreign financial institution. (c) TERMINATION OF ACT.— (1) REPORT.— |
| 15 16 17 18 19 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- eign person or foreign financial institution. (c) TERMINATION OF ACT.— (1) REPORT.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1, |
| 15 16 17 18 19 20 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- eign person or foreign financial institution. (c) TERMINATION OF ACT.— (1) REPORT.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1, 2046, the President, in consultation with the |
| 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | through positive countermeasures taken by that for- eign person or foreign financial institution. (c) TERMINATION OF ACT.— (1) REPORT.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1, 2046, the President, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treas- |

| 1 | implementation of this Act and sanctions im- |
|----|---|
| 2 | posed pursuant to this Act. |
| 3 | (B) ELEMENTS.—The President shall in- |
| 4 | clude in the report submitted under subpara- |
| 5 | graph (A) an assessment of whether this Act |
| 6 | and the sanctions imposed pursuant to this Act |
| 7 | should be terminated. |
| 8 | (2) TERMINATION.—This Act and the sanctions |
| 9 | imposed pursuant to this Act shall remain in effect |
| 10 | unless a termination resolution is enacted under sub- |
| 11 | section (e) after July 1, 2047. |
| 12 | (d) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF |
| 13 | Goods.— |
| 14 | (1) IN GENERAL.—The authorities and require- |
| 15 | ments to impose sanctions under sections 6 and 7 |
| 16 | shall not include the authority or requirement to im- |
| 17 | pose sanctions on the importation of goods. |
| 18 | (2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the |
| 19 | term "good" means any article, natural or manmade |
| 20 | substance, material, supply, or manufactured prod- |
| 21 | uct, including inspection and test equipment, and ex- |
| 22 | cluding technical data. |
| 23 | (e) Congressional Review.— |
| 24 | (1) Resolutions.— |

| 1 | (A) DISAPPROVAL RESOLUTION.—In this |
|----|--|
| 2 | section, the term "disapproval resolution" |
| 3 | means only a joint resolution of either House of |
| 4 | Congress— |
| 5 | (i) the title of which is as follows: "A |
| 6 | joint resolution disapproving the waiver or |
| 7 | termination of sanctions with respect to a |
| 8 | foreign person that contravenes the obliga- |
| 9 | tions of China with respect to Hong Kong |
| 10 | or a foreign financial institution that con- |
| 11 | ducts a significant transaction with that |
| 12 | person."; and |
| 13 | (ii) the sole matter after the resolving |
| 14 | clause of which is the following: "Congress |
| 15 | disapproves of the action under section 8 |
| 16 | of the Hong Kong Autonomy Act relating |
| 17 | to the application of sanctions imposed |
| 18 | with respect to a foreign person that con- |
| 19 | travenes the obligations of China with re- |
| 20 | spect to Hong Kong, or a foreign financial |
| 21 | institution that conducts a significant |
| 22 | transaction with that person, on |
| 23 | relating to |
| 24 | ", with the first blank |
| 25 | space being filled with the appropriate date |

| 1 | and the second blank space being filled |
|----|--|
| 2 | with a short description of the proposed |
| 3 | action. |
| 4 | (B) TERMINATION RESOLUTION.—In this |
| 5 | section, the term "termination resolution" |
| 6 | means only a joint resolution of either House of |
| 7 | Congress— |
| 8 | (i) the title of which is as follows: "A |
| 9 | joint resolution terminating sanctions with |
| 10 | respect to foreign persons that contravene |
| 11 | the obligations of China with respect to |
| 12 | Hong Kong and foreign financial institu- |
| 13 | tions that conduct significant transactions |
| 14 | with those persons."; and |
| 15 | (ii) the sole matter after the resolving |
| 16 | clause of which is the following: "The |
| 17 | Hong Kong Autonomy Act and any sanc- |
| 18 | tions imposed pursuant to that Act shall |
| 19 | terminate on", with the blank |
| 20 | space being filled with the termination |
| 21 | date. |
| 22 | (C) COVERED RESOLUTION.—In this sub- |
| 23 | section, the term "covered resolution" means a |
| 24 | disapproval resolution or a termination resolu- |
| 25 | tion. |

| 1 | (2) INTRODUCTION.—A covered resolution may |
|----|--|
| 2 | be introduced— |
| 3 | (A) in the House of Representatives, by |
| 4 | the majority leader or the minority leader; and |
| 5 | (B) in the Senate, by the majority leader |
| 6 | (or the majority leader's designee) or the mi- |
| 7 | nority leader (or the minority leader's des- |
| 8 | ignee). |
| 9 | (3) FLOOR CONSIDERATION IN HOUSE OF REP- |
| 10 | RESENTATIVES.—If a committee of the House of |
| 11 | Representatives to which a covered resolution has |
| 12 | been referred has not reported the resolution within |
| 13 | 10 calendar days after the date of referral, that |
| 14 | committee shall be discharged from further consider- |
| 15 | ation of the resolution. |
| 16 | (4) Consideration in the senate.— |
| 17 | (A) Committee referral.— |
| 18 | (i) DISAPPROVAL RESOLUTION.—A |
| 19 | disapproval resolution introduced in the |
| 20 | Senate shall be— |
| 21 | (I) referred to the Committee on |
| 22 | Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs |
| 23 | if the resolution relates to an action |
| 24 | that is not intended to significantly |

- 35
- 1 alter United States foreign policy with 2 regard to China; and 3 (II) referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations if the resolution re-4 5 lates to an action that is intended to 6 significantly alter United States for-7 eign policy with regard to China. 8 (ii) TERMINATION RESOLUTION.—A 9 termination resolution introduced in the 10 Senate shall be referred to the Committee 11 on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs 12 and the Committee on Foreign Relations. 13 (B) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If a 14 committee to which a covered resolution was re-15 ferred has not reported the resolution within 10 16 calendar days after the date of referral of the 17 resolution, that committee shall be discharged 18 from further consideration of the resolution and 19 the resolution shall be placed on the appro-20 priate calendar. 21 (C) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.— 22 Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing 23 Rules of the Senate, it is in order at any time 24 after the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs or the Committee on Foreign Re-25

1 lations, as the case may be, reports a covered 2 resolution to the Senate or has been discharged 3 from consideration of such a resolution (even 4 though a previous motion to the same effect has 5 been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the 6 consideration of the resolution, and all points of 7 order against the resolution (and against con-8 sideration of the resolution) are waived. The 9 motion to proceed is not debatable. The motion 10 is not subject to a motion to postpone. A mo-11 tion to reconsider the vote by which the motion 12 is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in

13 order.

(D) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR ON PROCEDURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair
relating to the application of the rules of the
Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a covered resolution shall be decided
without debate.

20 (\mathbf{E}) CONSIDERATION OF VETO MES-21 SAGES.—Debate in the Senate of any veto mes-22 sage with respect to a covered resolution, in-23 cluding all debatable motions and appeals in 24 connection with the resolution, shall be limited 25 to 10 hours, to be equally divided between, and

| 1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|----|--|
| 1 | controlled by, the majority leader and the mi- |
| 2 | nority leader or their designees. |
| 3 | (5) RULES RELATING TO SENATE AND HOUSE |
| 4 | OF REPRESENTATIVES.— |
| 5 | (A) TREATMENT OF SENATE RESOLUTION |
| 6 | IN HOUSE.—In the House of Representatives, |
| 7 | the following procedures shall apply to a cov- |
| 8 | ered resolution received from the Senate (unless |
| 9 | the House has already passed a resolution relat- |
| 10 | ing to the same proposed action): |
| 11 | (i) The resolution shall be referred to |
| 12 | the appropriate committees. |
| 13 | (ii) If a committee to which a resolu- |
| 14 | tion has been referred has not reported the |
| 15 | resolution within 2 calendar days after the |
| 16 | date of referral, that committee shall be |
| 17 | discharged from further consideration of |
| 18 | the resolution. |
| 19 | (iii) Beginning on the third legislative |
| 20 | day after each committee to which a reso- |
| 21 | lution has been referred reports the resolu- |
| 22 | tion to the House or has been discharged |
| 23 | from further consideration thereof, it shall |
| 24 | be in order to move to proceed to consider |
| 25 | the resolution in the House. All points of |
| | |

| | 00 |
|----|---|
| 1 | order against the motion are waived. Such |
| 2 | a motion shall not be in order after the |
| 3 | House has disposed of a motion to proceed |
| 4 | on the resolution. The previous question |
| 5 | shall be considered as ordered on the mo- |
| 6 | tion to its adoption without intervening |
| 7 | motion. The motion shall not be debatable. |
| 8 | A motion to reconsider the vote by which |
| 9 | the motion is disposed of shall not be in |
| 10 | order. |
| 11 | (iv) The resolution shall be considered |
| 12 | as read. All points of order against the res- |
| 13 | olution and against its consideration are |
| 14 | waived. The previous question shall be con- |
| 15 | sidered as ordered on the resolution to |
| 16 | final passage without intervening motion |
| 17 | except 2 hours of debate equally divided |
| 18 | and controlled by the sponsor of the reso- |
| 19 | lution (or a designee) and an opponent. A |
| 20 | motion to reconsider the vote on passage of |
| 21 | the resolution shall not be in order. |
| 22 | (B) TREATMENT OF HOUSE RESOLUTION |
| 23 | IN SENATE.— |
| 24 | (i) Received before passage of |
| | |

SENATE RESOLUTION.—If, before the pas-

| 1 | sage by the Senate of a covered resolution, |
|----|---|
| 2 | the Senate receives an identical resolution |
| 3 | from the House of Representatives, the fol- |
| 4 | lowing procedures shall apply: |
| 5 | (I) That resolution shall not be |
| 6 | referred to a committee. |
| 7 | (II) With respect to that resolu- |
| 8 | tion— |
| 9 | (aa) the procedure in the |
| 10 | Senate shall be the same as if no |
| 11 | resolution had been received from |
| 12 | the House of Representatives; |
| 13 | but |
| 14 | (bb) the vote on passage |
| 15 | shall be on the resolution from |
| 16 | the House of Representatives. |
| 17 | (ii) Received after passage of |
| 18 | SENATE RESOLUTION.—If, following pas- |
| 19 | sage of a covered resolution in the Senate, |
| 20 | the Senate receives an identical resolution |
| 21 | from the House of Representatives, that |
| 22 | resolution shall be placed on the appro- |
| 23 | priate Senate calendar. |
| 24 | (iii) NO SENATE COMPANION.—If a |
| 25 | covered resolution is received from the |

| 1 | House of Representatives, and no com- |
|--|---|
| 2 | panion resolution has been introduced in |
| 3 | the Senate, the Senate procedures under |
| 4 | this subsection shall apply to the resolution |
| | |
| 5 | from the House of Representatives. |
| 6 | (C) Application to revenue meas- |
| 7 | URES.—The provisions of this paragraph shall |
| 8 | not apply in the House of Representatives to a |
| 9 | covered resolution that is a revenue measure. |
| 10 | (6) Rules of house of representatives |
| 11 | AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by Con- |
| 12 | gress— |
| | |
| 13 | (A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power |
| 13 14 | (A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representa- |
| | |
| 14 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- |
| 14 15 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part |
| 14 15 16 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and su- |
| 14 15 16 17 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and su- persedes other rules only to the extent that it |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and su- persedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and su- persedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and (B) with full recognition of the constitu- |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and su- persedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and (B) with full recognition of the constitu- tional right of either House to change the rules |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | of the Senate and the House of Representa- tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and su- persedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and (B) with full recognition of the constitu- tional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that |

1 SEC. 9. IMPLEMENTATION; PENALTIES.

2 (a) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may exercise
3 all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the
4 International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
5 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to the extent necessary to carry
6 out this Act.

7 (b) PENALTIES.—A person that violates, attempts to 8 violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of section 9 6 or 7 or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry 10 out that section shall be subject to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-11 12 national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that commits an 13 unlawful act described in subsection (a) of that section. 14

15 SEC. 10. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

16 Nothing in this Act shall be construed as an author-

17 ization of military force against China.

Passed the Senate June 25, 2020.

Attest:

Secretary.

116TH CONGRESS **S. 3798** 2D Session **S. 3798**

AN ACT

To impose sanctions with respect to foreign persons involved in the erosion of certain obligations of China with respect to Hong Kong, and for other purposes.