## As Reported by the Senate Education Committee

### **133rd General Assembly**

Regular Session 2019-2020

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 231

# **Representative Greenspan**

Cosponsors: Representatives Jones, Miller, J., Patterson, Abrams, Carruthers, Crawley, Crossman, Ghanbari, Hicks-Hudson, Liston, Patton, Perales, Richardson, Robinson, Rogers, Russo, Scherer, Seitz, Sobecki, Sweeney, Sykes, Upchurch, West

#### **Senators Brenner, Fedor**

#### A BILL

ГО	amend sections 3313.713, 3313.719, 4723.50,	1
	4729.01, 4729.51, 4729.513, 4729.541, 4729.60,	2
	and 4729.88 and to enact sections 3301.135,	3
	3313.7115, 3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60,	4
	3328.38, 4723.484, 4730.434, 4731.92, and	5
	5101.78 of the Revised Code to require the	6
	Department of Education to notify public and	7
	private schools of free and reduced cost	8
	epinephrine autoinjector programs, to enact the	9
	"Allison Rose Act" with regard to food allergy	10
	training for public schools, and to permit	11
	schools and camps to procure and use glucagon in	12
	certain circumstances.	13

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 3313.719 be amended and section	14
3301.135 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	15
Sec 3301 135 The department of education annually shall	16

compile a list of organizations and companies that offer free	17
and reduced cost epinephrine autoinjectors to qualifying school	18
districts, other public schools, and chartered nonpublic	19
schools. The department shall make this information readily	20
available on their web site and send a copy of the list by mail	21
or electronically to each school district, other public school,	22
and chartered nonpublic school.	23
As used in this section, "other public school" has the	24
same meaning as in section 3301.0711 of the Revised Code.	25
Sec. 3313.719. (A) The board of education of each city,	26
local, exempted village, and joint vocational school district	27
and the governing authority of each chartered nonpublic school	28
shall establish a written policy with respect to protecting	29
students with <del>peanut or other</del> food allergies. The policy shall	30
be developed in consultation with parents, school nurses and	31
other school employees, school volunteers, students, and	32
community members.	33
(B) Each school district board may create training for all	34
staff members and age-appropriate instruction for students in	35
grades kindergarten through twelve on food allergies and ways in	36
which to assist an individual experiencing an allergic reaction.	37
(C) Training completed under division (B) of this section	38
may include instruction in food allergies, signs and symptoms of	39
anaphylaxis, prevention of allergic reactions, management and	40
administration of epinephrine, and follow-up and reporting	41
procedures.	42
(D) Training completed under division (B) of this section	43
shall qualify as a professional development activity for the	44
renewal of educator licenses, in addition to activities approved	45

by local professional development committees under division (F)	46
of section 3319.22 of the Revised Code.	47
(E)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil_	48
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	49
allegedly arise from an act or omission associated with any	50
training under divisions (B) and (C) of this section, unless the	51
act or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	52
(a) A school or school district;	53
(b) A member of a district board of education;	54
(c) A district or school employee or contractor;	55
(d) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	56
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes epinephrine	57
autoinjectors, consults with a superintendent, or issues a	58
protocol pursuant to section 3313.7110 of the Revised Code;	59
(e) An anaphylaxis training organization and its personnel	60
where leadership includes a physician authorized under Chapter	61
4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or	62
osteopathic medicine and surgery who is board-certified in	63
allergy and immunology as that designation is issued by a	64
medical specialty certifying board recognized by the American	65
board of medical specialties or American osteopathic	66
association.	67
(2) This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	68
other immunity or defense that a school or school district,	69
member of a district board of education, district or school	70
employee or contractor, or licensed health professional may be	71
entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of the	72
Revised Code or under the common law of this state.	73

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administered;

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employed by the board shall, in the course of such employment,	102
administer any drug prescribed to any student enrolled in the	103
schools of the district.	104
(2) Designated persons employed by the board are	105
authorized to administer to a student a drug prescribed for the	106
student. Effective July 1, 2011, only employees of the board who	107
are licensed health professionals, or who have completed a drug	108
administration training program conducted by a licensed health	109
professional and considered appropriate by the board, may	110
administer to a student a drug prescribed for the student.	111
Except as otherwise provided by federal law, the board's policy	112
may provide that certain drugs or types of drugs shall not be	113
administered or that no employee shall use certain procedures,	114
such as injection, to administer a drug to a student.	115
(C) No drug prescribed for a student shall be administered	116
pursuant to federal law or a policy adopted under division (B)	117
of this section until the following occur:	118
(1) The board, or a person designated by the board,	119
receives a written request, signed by the parent, guardian, or	120
other person having care or charge of the student, that the drug	121
be administered to the student.	122
(2) The board, or a person designated by the board,	123
receives a statement, signed by the prescriber, that includes	124
all of the following information:	125
(a) The name and address of the student;	126
(b) The school and class in which the student is enrolled;	127
(c) The name of the drug and the dosage to be	128

(d) The times or intervals at which each dosage of the 130 drug is to be administered; 131 (e) The date the administration of the drug is to begin; 132 (f) The date the administration of the drug is to cease; 133 (g) Any severe adverse reactions that should be reported 134 to the prescriber and one or more phone numbers at which the 135 prescriber can be reached in an emergency; 136 (h) Special instructions for administration of the drug, 137 including sterile conditions and storage. 138 (3) The parent, guardian, or other person having care or 139 charge of the student agrees to submit a revised statement 140 signed by the prescriber to the board or a person designated by 141 the board if any of the information provided by the prescriber 142 pursuant to division (C)(2) of this section changes. 143 (4) The person authorized by the board to administer the 144 drug receives a copy of the statement required by division (C) 145 (2) or (3) of this section. 146 (5) The drug is received by the person authorized to 147 administer the drug to the student for whom the drug is 148 149 prescribed in the container in which it was dispensed by the prescriber or a licensed pharmacist. 150 (6) Any other procedures required by the board are 151 followed. 152 (D) If a drug is administered to a student, the board of 153 education shall acquire and retain copies of the written 154 requests required by division (C)(1) and the statements required 155 by divisions (C)(2) and (3) of this section and shall ensure 156 that by the next school day following the receipt of any such 157

statement a copy is given to the person authorized to administer	158
drugs to the student for whom the statement has been received.	159
The board, or a person designated by the board, shall establish	160
a location in each school building for the storage of drugs to	161
be administered under this section and federal law. All such	162
drugs shall be stored in that location in a locked storage	163
place, except that drugs that require refrigeration may be kept	164
in a refrigerator in a place not commonly used by students.	165

- (E) No person who has been authorized by a board of education to administer a drug and has a copy of the most recent statement required by division (C)(2) or (3) of this section given to the person in accordance with division (D) of this section prior to administering the drug is liable in civil damages for administering or failing to administer the drug, unless such person acts in a manner that constitutes gross negligence or wanton or reckless misconduct.
- (F) A board of education may designate a person or persons to perform any function or functions in connection with a drug policy adopted under this section either by name or by position, training, qualifications, or similar distinguishing factors.
- (G) A policy adopted by a board of education pursuant to this section may be changed, modified, or revised by action of the board.
- (H) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a person employed by a board of education to administer a drug to a student unless the board's policy adopted in compliance with this section establishes such a requirement. A board shall not require an employee to administer a drug to a student if the employee objects, on the basis of religious convictions, to administering the drug.

Nothing in this section affects the application of section

2305.23, 2305.231, 3313.712, 3313.7110, 3313.7112, or 3313.7113,

or 3313.7115 of the Revised Code to the administration of

emergency care or treatment to a student.

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Nothing in this section affects the ability of a public or 192 nonpublic school to participate in a school-based fluoride mouth 193 rinse program established by the director of health pursuant to 194 section 3701.136 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this section 195 affects the ability of a person who is employed by, or who 196 volunteers for, a school that participates in such a program to 197 administer fluoride mouth rinse to a student in accordance with 198 section 3701.136 of the Revised Code and any rules adopted by 199 the director under that section. 200

(I) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require 201 a school district to obtain written authorization or 202 instructions from a health care provider to apply 203 nonprescription topical ointments designed to prevent sunburn. 204 Furthermore, nothing in this section shall be construed to 205 prohibit a student to possess and self-apply nonprescription 206 topical ointment designed to prevent sunburn while on school 207 property or at a school-sponsored event without written 208 209 authorization or instructions from a healthcare provider. The policy adopted by a school district pursuant to this section 210 shall not require written authorization from a health care 211 provider, but may require parental authorization, for the 212 possession or application of such sunscreen. A designated person 213 employed by the board of education of a school district shall 214 apply sunscreen to a student in accordance with the school 215 district's policy upon request. 216

Sec. 3313.7115. (A) As used in this section, "licensed

health professional authorized to prescribe drugs" and	218
"prescriber" have the same meanings as in section 4729.01 of the	219
Revised Code.	220
(B) The board of education of each city, local, exempted	221
village, or joint vocational school district may procure	222
injectable or nasally administered glucagon for each school	223
operated by the district to have on the school premises for use	224
in emergency situations identified under division (D)(5) of this	225
section by doing one of the following:	226
(1) Having a licensed health professional authorized to	227
prescribe drugs, acting in accordance with section 4723.484,	228
4730.434, or 4731.92 of the Revised Code, personally furnish the	229
injectable or nasally administered glucagon to the school or	230
school district or issue a prescription for the drug in the name	231
of the school or district;	232
(2) Having the district's superintendent obtain a	233
prescriber-issued protocol that includes definitive orders for	234
injectable or nasally administered glucagon and the dosages to	235
<pre>be administered.</pre>	236
A district board that elects to procure injectable or	237
nasally administered glucagon under this section is encouraged	238
to maintain, at all times, at least two doses of the drug at	239
each school operated by the district.	240
(C) A district board that elects to procure injectable or	241
nasally administered glucagon under this section shall require	242
the district's superintendent to adopt a policy governing	243
maintenance and use of the drug. Before adopting the policy, the	244
superintendent shall consult with a licensed health professional	245
authorized to prescribe drugs	246

(D) The policy adopted under division (C) of this section	247
shall do all of the following:	248
(1) Identify the one or more locations in each school	249
operated by the district in which injectable or nasally	250
administered glucagon must be stored;	251
(2) Specify the conditions under which injectable or	252
nasally administered glucagon must be stored, replaced, and	253
disposed;	254
(3) Specify the individuals employed by or under contract	255
with the district board, in addition to a school nurse licensed	256
under section 3319.221 of the Revised Code or an athletic	257
trainer licensed under Chapter 4755. of the Revised Code, who	258
may access and use injectable or nasally administered glucagon	259
in an emergency situation identified under division (D)(5) of	260
this section;	261
(4) Specify any training that employees or contractors	262
specified under division (D)(3) of this section, other than a	263
school nurse or athletic trainer, must complete before being	264
authorized to access and use injectable or nasally administered	265
<pre>glucagon;</pre>	266
(5) Identify the emergency situations in which a school	267
nurse, athletic trainer, or other employees or contractors	268
specified under division (D)(3) of this section may access and	269
use injectable or nasally administered glucagon;	270
(6) Specify that assistance from an emergency medical	271
service provider must be requested immediately after a dose of	272
<pre>glucagon is administered;</pre>	273
(7) Specify the individuals, if any, in addition to	274
students, to whom a dose of glucagon may be administered in an	275

emergency situation specified under division (D)(5) of this	276
section.	277
(E)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil	278
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	279
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	280
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using injectable or	281
nasally administered glucagon under this section, unless the act	282
or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	283
(a) A school or school district;	284
(b) A member of a district board of education;	285
(c) A district or school employee or contractor;	286
(d) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	287
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes injectable or	288
nasally administered glucagon, consults with a superintendent,	289
or issues a protocol pursuant to this section.	290
(2) This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	291
other immunity or defense that a school or school district,	292
member of a district board of education, district or school	293
employee or contractor, or licensed health professional may be	294
entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of the	295
Revised Code or under the common law of this state.	296
(F) A school district board of education may accept	297
donations of injectable or nasally administered glucagon from a	298
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs or manufacturer of	299
dangerous drugs, as defined in section 4729.01 of the Revised	300
Code, and may accept donations of money from any person to	301
purchase the drug.	302
(C) A district board that places to progure injectable or	303

nasally administered glucagon under this section shall report to	304
the department of education each procurement and each occurrence	305
in which a dose of the drug is used from a school's supply.	306
Sec. 3313.7116. (A) With the approval of its governing	307
authority, a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school may	308
procure injectable or nasally administered glucagon in the	309
manner prescribed by section 3313.7115 of the Revised Code. A	310
chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school that elects to do so	311
shall comply with all provisions of that section as if it were a	312
school district.	313
(B)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil	314
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	315
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	316
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using injectable or	317
nasally administered glucagon under this section, unless the act	318
or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	319
(a) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school;	320
(b) A member of a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic	321
<pre>school governing authority;</pre>	322
(c) An employee or contractor of the school;	323
(d) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	324
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes injectable or	325
nasally administered glucagon, provides a consultation, or	326
issues a protocol pursuant to this section.	327
(2) This division does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	328
other immunity or defense that a chartered or nonchartered	329
nonpublic school or governing authority, member of a chartered	330
or nonchartered nonpublic school governing authority, chartered	331
or nonchartered nonpublic school employee or contractor, or	332

<u>licensed health professional may be entitled to under any other</u>	333
provision of the Revised Code or the common law of this state.	334
(C) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school may	335
accept donations of injectable or nasally administered glucagon	336
from a wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs or manufacturer	337
of dangerous drugs, as defined in section 4729.01 of the Revised	338
Code, and may accept donations of money from any person to	339
purchase the drug.	340
(D) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school that	341
elects to procure injectable or nasally administered glucagon	342
under this section shall report to the department of education	343
each procurement and each occurrence in which a dose of the drug	344
is used from the school's supply.	345
Sec. 3314.147. (A) With the approval of its governing	346
authority, a community school established under this chapter may	347
procure injectable or nasally administered glucagon in the	348
manner prescribed by section 3313.7115 of the Revised Code. A	349
community school that elects to do so shall comply with all	350
provisions of that section as if it were a school district.	351
(B)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil	352
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	353
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	354
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using injectable or	355
nasally administered glucagon under this section, unless the act	356
or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	357
(a) A community school;	358
(b) A member of a community school governing authority;	359
(c) A community school employee or contractor:	360

(d) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	361
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes injectable or	362
nasally administered glucagon, provides a consultation, or	363
issues a protocol pursuant to this section.	364
(2) This division does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	365
other immunity or defense that a community school or governing	366
authority, member of a community school governing authority,	367
community school employee or contractor, or licensed health	368
professional may be entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other	369
provision of the Revised Code or under the common law of this	370
state.	371
(C) A community school may accept donations of injectable	372
or nasally administered glucagon from a wholesale distributor of	373
dangerous drugs or a manufacturer of dangerous drugs, as defined	374
in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code, and may accept donations	375
of money from any person to purchase the drug.	376
(D) A community school that elects to procure injectable	377
or nasally administered glucagon under this section shall report	378
to the department of education each procurement and each	379
occurrence in which a dose of the drug is used from the school's	380
supply.	381
Sec. 3326.60. (A) With the approval of its governing body,	382
a STEM school established under this chapter may procure	383
injectable or nasally administered glucagon in the manner	384
prescribed by section 3313.7115 of the Revised Code. A STEM	385
school that elects to do so shall comply with all provisions of	386
that section as if it were a school district.	387
(B)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil_	388
action for injury doath or loss to porson or proporty that	300

allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	390
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using injectable or	391
nasally administered glucagon under this section, unless the act	392
or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	393
(a) A STEM school;	394
(b) A member of a STEM school governing body;	395
(c) A STEM school employee or contractor;	396
(d) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	397
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes injectable or	398
nasally administered glucagon, provides a consultation, or	399
issues a protocol pursuant to this section.	400
(2) This division does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	401
other immunity or defense that a STEM school or governing body,	402
member of a STEM school governing body, STEM school employee or	403
contractor, or licensed health professional may be entitled to	404
under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of the Revised Code	405
or under the common law of this state.	406
(C) A STEM school may accept donations of injectable or	407
nasally administered glucagon from a wholesale distributor of	408
dangerous drugs or a manufacturer of dangerous drugs, as defined	409
in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code, and may accept donations	410
of money from any person to purchase the drug.	411
(D) A STEM school that elects to procure injectable or	412
nasally administered glucagon under this section shall report to	413
the department of education each procurement and each occurrence	414
in which a dose of the drug is used from the school's supply.	415
Sec. 3328.38. (A) With the approval of its board of	416
trustees, a college-preparatory boarding school established	417

under this chapter may procure injectable or nasally	418
administered glucagon in the manner prescribed by section	419
3313.7115 of the Revised Code. A college-preparatory boarding	420
school that elects to do so shall comply with all provisions of	421
that section as if it were a school district.	422
(B)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil	423
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	424
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	425
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using injectable or	426
nasally administered glucagon under this section, unless the act	427
or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	428
(a) A college-preparatory boarding school;	429
(b) A member of a college-preparatory boarding school	430
board of trustees;	431
(c) A college-preparatory boarding school employee or	432
<pre>contractor;</pre>	433
(d) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	434
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes injectable or	435
nasally administered glucagon, provides a consultation, or	436
issues a protocol pursuant to this section.	437
(2) This division does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	438
other immunity or defense that a college-preparatory boarding	439
school or board of trustees, member of a college-preparatory	440
boarding school board of trustees, college-preparatory boarding	441
school employee or contractor, or licensed health professional	442
may be entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of	443
the Revised Code or under the common law of this state.	444
(C) A college-preparatory boarding school may accept	445
donations of injectable or masally administered glucagon from a	446

wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs or a manufacturer of	447
dangerous drugs, as defined in section 4729.01 of the Revised	448
Code, and may accept donations of money from any person to	449
purchase the drug.	450
(D) A college-preparatory boarding school that elects to	451
procure injectable or nasally administered glucagon under this	452
section shall report to the department of education each	453
procurement and each occurrence in which a dose of the drug is	454
used from the school's supply.	455
Sec. 4723.484. (A) (1) Subject to division (A) (2) of this	456
section, and notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or	457
rule adopted by the board of nursing, a clinical nurse	458
specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse	459
practitioner licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse	460
under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code may do either of the	461
following without having examined an individual to whom glucagon	462
<pre>may be administered:</pre>	463
(a) Personally furnish a supply of injectable or nasally	464
administered glucagon for use in accordance with sections	465
3313.7115, 3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, and 5101.78 of	466
the Revised Code;	467
(b) Issue a prescription for injectable or nasally	468
administered glucagon for use in accordance with sections	469
3313.7115, 3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, and 5101.78 of	470
the Revised Code.	471
(2) Injectable or nasally administered glucagon personally	472
furnished or prescribed under division (A)(1) of this section	473
must be furnished or prescribed in such a manner that it may be	474
administered only in a manufactured desage form	175

(B) A nurse who acts in good faith in accordance with this	476
section is not liable for or subject to any of the following for	477
any action or omission of an entity to which injectable or	478
nasally administered glucagon is furnished or a prescription is	479
issued: damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	480
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	481
Sec. 4723.50. (A) As used in this section:	482
(1) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	483
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	484
(2) "Medication-assisted treatment" has the same meaning	485
as in section 340.01 of the Revised Code.	486
(B) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	487
the board of nursing shall adopt rules as necessary to implement	488
the provisions of this chapter pertaining to the authority of	489
advanced practice registered nurses who are designated as	490
clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse-midwives, and	491
certified nurse practitioners to prescribe and furnish drugs and	492
therapeutic devices.	493
The board shall adopt rules that are consistent with a	494
recommended exclusionary formulary the board receives from the	495
committee on prescriptive governance pursuant to section	496
4723.492 of the Revised Code. After reviewing a formulary	497
submitted by the committee, the board may either adopt the	498
formulary as a rule or ask the committee to reconsider and	499
resubmit the formulary. The board shall not adopt any rule that	500
does not conform to a formulary developed by the committee.	501
The exclusionary formulary shall permit, in a manner	502
consistent with section 4723.481 of the Revised Code, the	503
prescribing of controlled substances, including drugs that	504

contain buprenorphine used in medication-assisted treatment and	505
both oral and long-acting opioid antagonists. The formulary	506
shall not permit the prescribing or furnishing of any of the	507
following:	508
(1) A drug or device to perform or induce an abortion;	509
(2) A drug or device prohibited by federal or state law.	510
(C) In addition to the rules described in division (B) of	511
this section, the board shall adopt rules under this section	512
that do the following:	513
(1) Establish standards for board approval of the course	514
of study in advanced pharmacology and related topics required by	515
section 4723.482 of the Revised Code;	516
(2) Establish requirements for board approval of the two-	517
hour course of instruction in the laws of this state as required	518
under division (C)(1) of section 4723.482 of the Revised Code	519
and division (B) (2) of section 4723.484 of the Revised Code;	520
(3) Establish criteria for the components of the standard	521
care arrangements described in section 4723.431 of the Revised	522
Code that apply to the authority to prescribe, including the	523
components that apply to the authority to prescribe schedule II	524
controlled substances. The rules shall be consistent with that	525
section and include all of the following:	526
(a) Quality assurance standards;	527
(b) Standards for periodic review by a collaborating	528
physician or podiatrist of the records of patients treated by	529
the clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or	530
certified nurse practitioner;	531
(c) Acceptable travel time between the location at which	532

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(6) Performing drug utilization reviews with licensed	560
health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs when the	561
pharmacist determines that an individual with a prescription has	562
a drug regimen that warrants additional discussion with the	563
prescriber;	564
(7) Advising an individual and the health care	565
professionals treating an individual with regard to the	566
<pre>individual's drug therapy;</pre>	567
(8) Acting pursuant to a consult agreement with one or	568
more physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised	569
Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	570
and surgery, if an agreement has been established;	571
(9) Engaging in the administration of immunizations to the	572
extent authorized by section 4729.41 of the Revised Code;	573
(10) Engaging in the administration of drugs to the extent	574
authorized by section 4729.45 of the Revised Code.	575
(C) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing,	576
assembling, packaging, and labeling of one or more drugs in any	577
of the following circumstances:	578
(1) Pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health	579
professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	580
(2) Pursuant to the modification of a prescription made in	581
accordance with a consult agreement;	582
(3) As an incident to research, teaching activities, or	583
chemical analysis;	584
(4) In anticipation of orders for drugs pursuant to	585
prescriptions, based on routine, regularly observed dispensing	586
patterns;	587

(5) Pursuant to a request made by a licensed health	588
professional authorized to prescribe drugs for a drug that is to	589
be used by the professional for the purpose of direct	590
administration to patients in the course of the professional's	591
practice, if all of the following apply:	592
(a) At the time the request is made, the drug is not	593
commercially available regardless of the reason that the drug is	594
not available, including the absence of a manufacturer for the	595
drug or the lack of a readily available supply of the drug from	596
a manufacturer.	597
(b) A limited quantity of the drug is compounded and	598
provided to the professional.	599
(c) The drug is compounded and provided to the	600
professional as an occasional exception to the normal practice	601
of dispensing drugs pursuant to patient-specific prescriptions.	602
(D) "Consult agreement" means an agreement that has been	603
entered into under section 4729.39 of the Revised Code.	604
(E) "Drug" means:	605
(1) Any article recognized in the United States	606
pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them,	607
intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,	608
or prevention of disease in humans or animals;	609
(2) Any other article intended for use in the diagnosis,	610
cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans	611
or animals;	612
(3) Any article, other than food, intended to affect the	613
structure or any function of the body of humans or animals;	614
(4) Any article intended for use as a component of any	615

article specified in division (E)(1), (2), or (3) of this	616
section; but does not include devices or their components,	617
parts, or accessories.	618
(F) "Dangerous drug" means any of the following:	619
(1) Any drug to which either of the following applies:	620
(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	621
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is	622
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal	623
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution:	624
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a	625
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or	626
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription;	627
(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the	628
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription.	629
(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled	630
substance and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised	631
Code or to which that chapter does not apply;	632
(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into	633
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human	634
body;	635
(4) Any drug that is a biological product, as defined in	636
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	637
(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning	638
as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	639
(H) "Prescription" means all of the following:	640
(1) A written, electronic, or oral order for drugs or	641
combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used by a particular	642

individual or for treating a particular animal, issued by a	643
licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	644
(2) For purposes of sections 2925.61, 4723.488, 4730.431,	645
and 4731.94 of the Revised Code, a written, electronic, or oral	646
order for naloxone issued to and in the name of a family member,	647
friend, or other individual in a position to assist an	648
individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of	649
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	650
(3) For purposes of section 4729.44 of the Revised Code, a	651
written, electronic, or oral order for naloxone issued to and in	652
the name of either of the following:	653
(a) An individual who there is reason to believe is at	654
risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose;	655
(b) A family member, friend, or other individual in a	656
position to assist an individual who there is reason to believe	657
is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	658
(4) For purposes of sections 4723.4810, 4729.282,	659
4730.432, and 4731.93 of the Revised Code, a written,	660
electronic, or oral order for a drug to treat chlamydia,	661
gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis issued to and in the name of a	662
patient who is not the intended user of the drug but is the	663
sexual partner of the intended user;	664
(5) For purposes of sections 3313.7110, 3313.7111,	665
3314.143, 3326.28, 3328.29, 4723.483, 4729.88, 4730.433,	666
4731.96, and 5101.76 of the Revised Code, a written, electronic,	667
or oral order for an epinephrine autoinjector issued to and in	668
the name of a school, school district, or camp;	669
(6) For purposes of Chapter 3728. and sections 4723.483,	670
4729.88, 4730.433, and 4731.96 of the Revised Code, a written,	671

electronic, or oral order for an epinephrine autoinjector issued	672
to and in the name of a qualified entity, as defined in section	673
3728.01 of the Revised Code;	674
(7) For purposes of sections 3313.7115, 3313.7116,	675
3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, 4723.484, 4730.434, 4731.92, and	676
5101.78 of the Revised Code, a written, electronic, or oral	677
order for injectable or nasally administered glucagon in the	678
name of a school, school district, or camp.	679
(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	680
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by	681
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy	682
related devices in the course of the individual's professional	683
practice, including only the following:	684
(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised	685
Code;	686
(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	687
or certified nurse practitioner who holds a current, valid	688
license to practice nursing as an advanced practice registered	689
nurse issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;	690
(3) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	691
Revised Code to practice optometry under a therapeutic	692
pharmaceutical agents certificate;	693
(4) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	694
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic	695
medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery;	696
(5) A physician assistant who holds a license to practice	697
as a physician assistant issued under Chapter 4730. of the	698
Revised Code, holds a valid prescriber number issued by the	699
state medical board, and has been granted physician-delegated	700

prescriptive authority;	701
(6) A veterinarian licensed under Chapter 4741. of the	702
Revised Code.	703
(J) "Sale" or "sell" includes any transaction made by any	704
person, whether as principal proprietor, agent, or employee, to	705
do or offer to do any of the following: deliver, distribute,	706
broker, exchange, gift or otherwise give away, or transfer,	707
whether the transfer is by passage of title, physical movement,	708
or both.	709
(K) "Wholesale sale" and "sale at wholesale" mean any sale	710
in which the purpose of the purchaser is to resell the article	711
purchased or received by the purchaser.	712
(L) "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" mean any sale other	713
than a wholesale sale or sale at wholesale.	714
(M) "Retail seller" means any person that sells any	715
dangerous drug to consumers without assuming control over and	716
responsibility for its administration. Mere advice or	717
instructions regarding administration do not constitute control	718
or establish responsibility.	719
(N) "Price information" means the price charged for a	720
prescription for a particular drug product and, in an easily	721
understandable manner, all of the following:	722
(1) The proprietary name of the drug product;	723
(2) The established (generic) name of the drug product;	724
(3) The strength of the drug product if the product	725
contains a single active ingredient or if the drug product	726
contains more than one active ingredient and a relevant strength	727
can be associated with the product without indicating each	728

active ingredient. The established name and quantity of each	729
active ingredient are required if such a relevant strength	730
cannot be so associated with a drug product containing more than	731
one ingredient.	732
(4) The dosage form;	733
(5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug	734
product. The stated price shall include all charges to the	735
consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug	736
product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a	737
statement identifying professional services routinely furnished	738
by the pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be	739
stated separately without repetition. The information shall not	740
be false or misleading.	741
(O) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" or	742
"wholesale distributor" means a person engaged in the sale of	743
dangerous drugs at wholesale and includes any agent or employee	744
of such a person authorized by the person to engage in the sale	745
of dangerous drugs at wholesale.	746
(P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" or "manufacturer"	747
means a person, other than a pharmacist or prescriber, who	748
manufactures dangerous drugs and who is engaged in the sale of	749
those dangerous drugs.	750
(Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" or "terminal	751
distributor" means a person who is engaged in the sale of	752
dangerous drugs at retail, or any person, other than a	753
manufacturer, repackager, outsourcing facility, third-party	754
logistics provider, wholesale distributor, or pharmacist, who	755
has possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for any	756

purpose other than for that person's own use and consumption.

"Terminal distributor" includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing	758
homes, and laboratories and all other persons who procure	759
dangerous drugs for sale or other distribution by or under the	760
supervision of a pharmacist, licensed health professional	761
authorized to prescribe drugs, or other person authorized by the	762
state board of pharmacy.	763
(R) "Promote to the public" means disseminating a	764
representation to the public in any manner or by any means,	765
other than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that is	766
likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of a	767
dangerous drug at retail.	768
(S) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,	769
association, limited liability company, or corporation, the	770
state, any political subdivision of the state, and any district,	771
department, or agency of the state or its political	772
subdivisions.	773
(T) "Animal shelter" means a facility operated by a humane	774
society or any society organized under Chapter 1717. of the	775
Revised Code or a dog pound operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of	776
the Revised Code.	777
(U) "Food" has the same meaning as in section 3715.01 of	778
the Revised Code.	779
(V) "Pain management clinic" has the same meaning as in	780
section 4731.054 of the Revised Code.	781
(W) "Investigational drug or product" means a drug or	782
product that has successfully completed phase one of the United	783
States food and drug administration clinical trials and remains	784
under clinical trial, but has not been approved for general use	785

by the United States food and drug administration.

"Investigational drug or product" does not include controlled	787
substances in schedule I, as defined in section 3719.01 of the	788
Revised Code.	789
(X) "Product," when used in reference to an	790
investigational drug or product, means a biological product,	791
other than a drug, that is made from a natural human, animal, or	792
microorganism source and is intended to treat a disease or	793
medical condition.	794
(Y) "Third-party logistics provider" means a person that	795
provides or coordinates warehousing or other logistics services	796
pertaining to dangerous drugs including distribution, on behalf	797
of a manufacturer, wholesale distributor, or terminal	798
distributor of dangerous drugs, but does not take ownership of	799
the drugs or have responsibility to direct the sale or	800
disposition of the drugs.	801
(Z) "Repackager of dangerous drugs" or "repackager" means	802
a person that repacks and relabels dangerous drugs for sale or	803
distribution.	804
(AA) "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is	805
engaged in the compounding and sale of sterile drugs and is	806
registered as an outsourcing facility with the United States	807
food and drug administration.	808
(BB) "Laboratory" means a laboratory licensed under this	809
chapter as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs and	810
entrusted to have custody of any of the following drugs and to	811
use the drugs for scientific and clinical purposes and for	812
purposes of instruction: dangerous drugs that are not controlled	813
substances, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code;	814

dangerous drugs that are controlled substances, as defined in

that section; and controlled substances in schedule I, as	816
defined in that section.	817
Sec. 4729.51. (A) No person other than a licensed	818
manufacturer of dangerous drugs, outsourcing facility, third-	819
party logistics provider, repackager of dangerous drugs, or	820
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs shall possess for sale,	821
sell, distribute, or deliver, at wholesale, dangerous drugs or	822
investigational drugs or products, except as follows:	823
(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	824
that is a pharmacy may make occasional sales of dangerous drugs	825
or investigational drugs or products at wholesale.	826
(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	827
having more than one licensed location may transfer or deliver	828
dangerous drugs from one licensed location to another licensed	829
location owned by the terminal distributor if the license issued	830
for each location is in effect at the time of the transfer or	831
delivery.	832
(3) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	833
that is not a pharmacy may make occasional sales of naloxone at	834
wholesale.	835
(4) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	836
that is not a pharmacy may make occasional sales of dangerous	837
drugs at wholesale if the drugs being sold are in shortage, as	838
defined in rules adopted by the state board of pharmacy under	839
section 4729.26 of the Revised Code.	840
(B) No licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	841
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor	842
shall possess for sale, sell, or distribute, at wholesale,	843
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products to any	844

person other than the following:	845
(1) Subject to division (D) of this section, a licensed	846
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	847
(2) Subject to division (C) of this section, any person	848
exempt from licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous	849
drugs under section 4729.541 of the Revised Code;	850
(3) A licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	851
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor;	852
(4) A terminal distributor, manufacturer, outsourcing	853
facility, third-party logistics provider, repackager, or	854
wholesale distributor that is located in another state, is not	855
engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs within this state, and is	856
actively licensed to engage in the sale of dangerous drugs by	857
the state in which the distributor conducts business.	858
(C) No licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	859
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor	860
shall possess for sale, sell, or distribute, at wholesale,	861
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products to either	862
of the following:	863
(1) A prescriber who is employed by either of the	864
following:	865
(a) A pain management clinic that is not licensed as a	866
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management	867
clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 of the	868
Revised Code;	869
(b) A facility, clinic, or other location that provides	870
office-based opioid treatment but is not licensed as a terminal	871
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	872

treatment classification issued under section 4729.553 of the	873
Revised Code if such a license is required by that section.	874
(2) A business entity described in division (A)(2) or (3)	875
of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code that is, or is	876
operating, either of the following:	877
(a) A pain management clinic without a license as a	878
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management	879
clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 of the	880
Revised Code;	881
(b) A facility, clinic, or other location that provides	882
office-based opioid treatment without a license as a terminal	883
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	884
treatment classification issued under section 4729.553 of the	885
Revised Code if such a license is required by that section.	886
(D) No licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	887
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor	888
shall possess dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or	889
products for sale at wholesale, or sell or distribute such drugs	890
at wholesale, to a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous	891
drugs, except as follows:	892
(1) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	893
II license, only dangerous drugs in category II, as defined in	894
division (A)(1) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	895
(2) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	896
III license, dangerous drugs in category II and category III, as	897
defined in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 4729.54 of the	898
Revised Code;	899
(3) In the case of a terminal distributor with a limited	900
category II or III license, only the dangerous drugs specified	901

in the license.	902
(E)(1) Except as provided in division (E)(2) of this section, no person shall do any of the following:	903 904
(a) Sell or distribute, at retail, dangerous drugs;	905
(b) Possess for sale, at retail, dangerous drugs;	906
(c) Possess dangerous drugs.	907
(2) (a) Divisions (E) (1) (a), (b), and (c) of this section do not apply to any of the following:	908
(i) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	910
(ii) A person who possesses, or possesses for sale or sells, at retail, a dangerous drug in accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4725., 4729., 4730., 4731., and 4741. of the Revised Code;	911 912 913 914
(iii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to (5) and (13) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent specified in that section.	915 916 917
(b) Division (E)(1)(c) of this section does not apply to any of the following:	918 919
(i) A licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third- party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor;	920 921
(ii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(6) to (12) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent specified in that section.	922 923 924
(F) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs or person that is exempt from licensure under section 4729.541 of the Revised Code shall purchase dangerous drugs or	925 926 927
investigational drugs or products from any person other than a	928

licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-party	929
logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor, except	930
as follows:	931
(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs or	932
person that is exempt from licensure under section 4729.541 of	933
the Revised Code may make occasional purchases of dangerous	934
drugs or investigational drugs or products that are sold in	935
accordance with division (A)(1) or (3) of this section.	936
(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	937
having more than one licensed location may transfer or deliver	938
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products from one	939
licensed location to another licensed location if the license	940
issued for each location is in effect at the time of the	941
transfer or delivery.	942
(G) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	943
shall engage in the retail sale or other distribution of	944
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products or maintain	945
possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs or	946
investigational drugs or products for any purpose other than the	947
distributor's personal use or consumption, at any establishment	948
or place other than that or those described in the license	949
issued by the board to such terminal distributor.	950
(H) Nothing in this section shall be construed to	951
interfere with the performance of official duties by any law	952
enforcement official authorized by municipal, county, state, or	953
federal law to collect samples of any drug, regardless of its	954
nature or in whose possession it may be.	955
(I) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this	956

section, the board of education of a city, local, exempted

village, or joint vocational school district may distribute	958
epinephrine autoinjectors for use in accordance with section	959
3313.7110 of the Revised Code—and, may distribute inhalers for	960
use in accordance with section 3313.7113 of the Revised Code,	961
and may distribute injectable or nasally administered glucagon	962
for use in accordance with section 3313.7115 of the Revised	963
Code.	964
Sec. 4729.513. A manufacturer of dangerous drugs may	965
donate inhalers, as defined in section 3313.7113 of the Revised	966
Code, and epinephrine autoinjectors, or injectable or nasally	967
administered glucagon to any of the following:	968
(A) The board of education of a city, local, exempted	969
village, or joint vocational school district;	970
(B) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of	971
the Revised Code;	972
(C) A STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	973
Revised Code;	974
(D) A college-preparatory boarding school established	975
under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	976
(E) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school;	977
(F) A residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of	978
the Revised Code;	979
(G) A child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the	980
Revised Code;	981
(H) A child day camp operated by any county, township,	982
municipal corporation, township park district created under	983
section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created under	984
section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation	985

district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code.	986
Sec. 4729.541. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B) to	987
(D) of this section, all of the following are exempt from	988
licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs:	989
(1) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	990
drugs;	991
(2) A business entity that is a corporation formed under	992
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	993
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	994
Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785.	995
of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is	996
a prescriber and is authorized to provide the professional	997
services being offered by the entity;	998
(3) A business entity that is a corporation formed under	999
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	1000
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	1001
Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed	1002
under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional	1003
association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if,	1004
to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is	1005
required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally	1006
authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the	1007
professional service provided by the entity and each such	1008
individual is a prescriber;	1009
(4) An individual who holds a current license,	1010
certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the	1011
Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes	1012
education by a national certifying body specified in rules	1013
adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of	1014

Revised Code;

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the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be	1015
used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes	1016
education is within the individual's scope of practice under	1017
statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession;	1018
(5) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by	1019
a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying	1020
organization approved by the state board of pharmacy under rules	1021
adopted by the board, but only with respect to medical oxygen	1022
that will be used for the purpose of emergency care or treatment	1023
at the scene of a diving emergency;	1024
(6) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1025
possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28,	1026
or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board	1027
of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	1028
vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered	1029
nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter	1030
3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under	1031
Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory	1032
boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised	1033
Code;	1034
(7) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1035
possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the	1036
following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of	1037
the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section	1038
5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any	1039
county, township, municipal corporation, township park district	1040
created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district	1041
created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint	1042
recreation district established under section 755.14 of the	1043

(8) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1045
possessed under Chapter 3728. of the Revised Code, a qualified	1046
entity, as defined in section 3728.01 of the Revised Code;	1047
(9) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under	1048
section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of	1049
the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education	1050
of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school	1051
district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a	1052
community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised	1053
Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	1054
Revised Code; or a college-preparatory boarding school	1055
established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	1056
(10) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under	1057
section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a	1058
residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised	1059
Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the	1060
Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any county,	1061
township, municipal corporation, township park district created	1062
under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created	1063
under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation	1064
district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code;	1065
(11) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	1066
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency	1067
and its peace officers;	1068
(12) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	1069
section 4729.514 of the Revised Code, a service entity, as	1070
defined in that section;	1071
(13) A facility that is owned and operated by the United	1072
States department of defense, the United States department of	1073

veterans affairs, or any other federal agency;	1074
(14) With respect to injectable or nasally administered	1075
glucagon that may be possessed under sections 3313.7115,	1076
3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, and 3328.38 of the Revised Code,	1077
any of the following: the board of education of a city, local,	1078
exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a	1079
chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school	1080
established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM	1081
school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a	1082
college-preparatory boarding school established under Chapter	1083
3328. of the Revised Code;	1084
(15) With respect to injectable or nasally administered	1085
glucagon that may be possessed under section 5101.78 of the	1086
Revised Code, any of the following: a residential camp, as	1087
defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised Code; a child day	1088
camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a	1089
child day camp operated by any county, township, municipal	1090
corporation, township park district created under section 511.18	1091
of the Revised Code, park district created under section 1545.04	1092
of the Revised Code, or joint recreation district established	1093
under section 755.14 of the Revised Code.	1094
(B) If a person described in division (A) of this section	1095
is a pain management clinic or is operating a pain management	1096
clinic, the person shall hold a license as a terminal	1097
distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic	1098
classification issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised	1099
Code.	1100
(C) If a person described in division (A) of this section	1101
is operating a facility, clinic, or other location described in	1102
division (B) of section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must	1103

hold a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1104
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification,	1105
the person shall hold a license with that classification.	1106
(D) Any of the persons described in divisions (A)(1) to	1107
(12) of this section shall hold a license as a terminal	1108
distributor of dangerous drugs in order to possess, have custody	1109
or control of, and distribute any of the following:	1110
(1) Department almost that are compounded as used for the	1111
(1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for the	1111
purpose of compounding;	1112
(2) A schedule I, II, III, IV, or V controlled substance,	1113
as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	1114
Sec. 4729.60. (A) (1) Before a licensee identified in	1115
division (B)(1)(a) of section 4729.52 of the Revised Code may	1116
sell or distribute dangerous drugs at wholesale to any person,	1117
except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, the	1118
licensee shall query the roster established pursuant to section	1119
4729.59 of the Revised Code to determine whether the purchaser	1120
is a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs.	1121
If no documented query is conducted before a sale is made,	1122
it shall be presumed that the sale of dangerous drugs by the	1123
licensee is in violation of division (B) of section 4729.51 of	1124
the Revised Code and the purchase of dangerous drugs by the	1125
purchaser is in violation of division (E) of section 4729.51 of	1126
the Revised Code. If a licensee conducts a documented query and	1127
relies on the results of the query in selling or distributing	1128
dangerous drugs at wholesale to the terminal distributor of	1129
dangerous drugs, the licensee shall be deemed not to have	1130
violated division (B) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code in	1131
making the sale.	1132

(2) Division (A)(1) of this section does not apply when a	1133
licensee identified in division (B)(1)(a) of section 4729.52 of	1134
the Revised Code sells or distributes dangerous drugs at	1135
wholesale to any of the following:	1136
(a) A person specified in division (B)(4) of section	1137
4729.51 of the Revised Code;	1138
(b) Any of the persons described in divisions (A)(1) to	1139
$\frac{(13)}{(15)}$ of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only if	1140
the purchaser is not required to obtain licensure as provided in	1141
divisions (B) to (D) of that section.	1142
(B) Before a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous	1143
drugs may purchase dangerous drugs at wholesale, the terminal	1144
distributor shall query the roster established pursuant to	1145
section 4729.59 of the Revised Code to confirm the seller is	1146
licensed to engage in the sale or distribution of dangerous	1147
drugs at wholesale.	1148
If no documented query is conducted before a purchase is	1149
made, it shall be presumed that the purchase of dangerous drugs	1150
by the terminal distributor is in violation of division (F) of	1151
section 4729.51 of the Revised Code and the sale of dangerous	1152
drugs by the seller is in violation of division (A) of section	1153
4729.51 of the Revised Code. If a licensed terminal distributor	1154
of dangerous drugs conducts a documented query at least annually	1155
and relies on the results of the query in purchasing dangerous	1156
drugs at wholesale, the terminal distributor shall be deemed not	1157
to have violated division (F) of section 4729.51 of the Revised	1158
Code in making the purchase.	1159
Sec. 4729.88. (A) Notwithstanding any provision of this	1160

chapter or rule adopted by the state board of pharmacy, a

pharmacist may dispense epinephrine autoinjectors pursuant to a	1162
prescription issued under section 4723.483, 4730.433, or 4731.96	1163
of the Revised Code.	1164
of the hevised code.	1101
A pharmacist who in good faith dispenses epinephrine	1165
autoinjectors under this <u>section_division</u> is not liable for or	1166
subject to any of the following for any action or omission of an	1167
entity to which an epinephrine autoinjector is dispensed:	1168
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	1169
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	1170
(B) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or rule	1171
adopted by the state board of pharmacy, a pharmacist may	1172
dispense injectable or nasally administered glucagon pursuant to	1173
a prescription issued under section 4723.484, 4730.434, or	1174
4731.92 of the Revised Code.	1175
A pharmacist who in good faith dispenses injectable or	1176
nasally administered glucagon under this division is not liable	1177
for or subject to any of the following for any action or	1178
omission of an entity to which the drug is dispensed: damages in	1179
any civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	1180
professional disciplinary action.	1181
Sec. 4730.434. (A) (1) Subject to division (A) (2) of this	1182
section and notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or	1183
rule adopted by the state medical board, a physician assistant	1184
who holds a valid prescriber number issued by the board and has	1185
been granted physician-delegated prescriptive authority may do	1186
either of the following without having examined an individual to	1187
<pre>whom glucagon may be administered:</pre>	1188
(a) Personally furnish a supply of injectable or nasally	1189
administered glucagon for use in accordance with section	1190

3313.7115, 3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, or 5101.78 of	1191
the Revised Code;	1192
(b) Issue a prescription for injectable or nasally	1193
administered glucagon in accordance with section 3313.7115,	1194
3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, or 5101.78 of the Revised	1195
Code.	1196
(2) Injectable or nasally administered glucagon personally	1197
furnished or prescribed under division (A)(1) of this section	1198
must be furnished or prescribed in such a manner that it may be	1199
administered only in a manufactured dosage form.	1200
(B) A physician assistant who acts in good faith in	1201
accordance with this section is not liable for or subject to any	1202
of the following for any action or omission of an entity to	1203
which injectable or nasally administered glucagon is furnished	1204
or a prescription is issued: damages in any civil action,	1205
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	1206
disciplinary action.	1207
Sec. 4731.92. (A) As used in this section, "physician"	1208
means an individual authorized under this chapter to practice	1209
medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or	1210
podiatric medicine and surgery.	1211
(B) (1) Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, and	1212
notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or rule adopted by	1213
the state medical board, a physician may do either of the	1214
following without having examined an individual to whom glucagon	1215
<pre>may be administered:</pre>	1216
(a) Personally furnish a supply of injectable or nasally	1217
administered glucagon for use in accordance with section	1218
3313.7115, 3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, or 5101.78 of	1219

Revised Code;	1220
(b) Issue a prescription for injectable or nasally	1221
administered glucagon for use in accordance with section	1222
3313.7115, 3313.7116, 3314.147, 3326.60, 3328.38, or 5101.78 of	1223
the Revised Code.	1224
(2) Injectable or nasally administered glucagon personally	1225
furnished or prescribed under division (B)(1) of this section	1226
must be furnished or prescribed in such a manner that it may be	1227
administered only in a manufactured dosage form.	1228
(C) A physician who acts in good faith in accordance with	1229
this section is not liable for or subject to any of the	1230
following for any action or omission of an entity to which	1231
injectable or nasally administered glucagon is furnished or a	1232
prescription is issued: damages in any civil action, prosecution	1233
in any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	1234
Sec. 5101.78. (A) As used in this section, "licensed	1235
health professional authorized to prescribe drugs" and	1236
"prescriber" have the same meanings as in section 4729.01 of the	1237
Revised Code.	1238
(B) A residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of	1239
the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section	1240
5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any	1241
county, township, municipal corporation, township park district	1242
created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district	1243
created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint	1244
recreation district established under section 755.14 of the	1245
Revised Code may procure injectable or nasally administered	1246
glucagon for use in emergency situations identified under	1247
division (D) (5) of this section by doing one of the following:	1248

(1) Having a licensed health professional authorized to	1249
prescribe drugs, acting in accordance with section 4723.484,	1250
4730.434, or 4731.92 of the Revised Code, personally furnish the	1251
injectable or nasally administered glucagon to the camp or issue	1252
a prescription for the drug in the name of the camp;	1253
(2) Obtaining a prescriber-issued protocol that includes	1254
definitive orders for injectable or nasally administered	1255
glucagon and the dosages to be administered;	1256
A camp that elects to procure injectable or nasally	1257
administered glucagon under this section is encouraged to	1258
maintain at least two doses of the drug at all times.	1259
(C) A camp that elects to procure injectable or nasally	1260
administered glucagon under this section shall adopt a policy	1261
governing maintenance and use of the drug. Before adopting the	1262
policy, the camp shall consult with a licensed health	1263
professional authorized to prescribe drugs.	1264
(D) The policy adopted under division (C) of this section	1265
shall do all of the following:	1266
(1) Identify the one or more locations at the camp in	1267
which injectable or nasally administered glucagon must be	1268
stored;	1269
(2) Specify the conditions under which injectable or	1270
nasally administered glucagon must be stored, replaced, or	1271
disposed;	1272
(3) Specify the individuals employed by or under contract	1273
with the camp, or who volunteer at the camp, who may access and	1274
use injectable or nasally administered glucagon in an emergency	1275
situation identified under division (D)(5) of this section:	1276

(4) Specify any training that employees, contractors, or	1277
volunteers specified under division (D)(3) of this section must	1278
complete before being authorized to access and use injectable or	1279
<pre>nasally administered glucagon;</pre>	1280
(5) Identify the emergency situations, including when an	1281
individual exhibits signs and symptoms of severe hypoglycemia,	1282
in which employees, contractors, or volunteers specified under	1283
division (D)(3) of this section may access and use injectable or	1284
nasally administered glucagon;	1285
(6) Specify that assistance from an emergency medical	1286
service provider must be requested immediately after a dose of	1287
glucagon is administered;	1288
(7) Specify the individuals to whom a dose of glucagon may	1289
be administered in an emergency situation specified under	1290
division (D)(5) of this section.	1291
(E)(1) The following are not liable in damages in a civil	1292
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	1293
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	1294
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using injectable or	1295
nasally administered glucagon under this section, unless the act	1296
or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	1297
(a) A camp;	1298
(b) A camp employee, contractor, or volunteer;	1299
(c) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	1300
drugs who personally furnishes or prescribes injectable or	1301
nasally administered glucagon, provides a consultation, or	1302
issues a protocol pursuant to this section;	1303
(2) This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	1304

other immunity or defense that a camp; camp employee,	1305
<pre>contractor, or volunteer; or licensed health professional may be</pre>	1306
entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of the	1307
Revised Code or under the common law of this state.	1308
(F) A camp may accept donations of injectable or nasally	1309
administered glucagon from a wholesale distributor of dangerous	1310
drugs or manufacturer of dangerous drugs, as defined in section	1311
4729.01 of the Revised Code, and may accept donations of money	1312
from any person to purchase the drug.	1313
(G) A camp that elects to procure injectable or nasally	1314
administered glucagon under this section shall report to the	1315
department of job and family services each procurement and each	1316
occurrence in which a dose of the drug is used from the camp's	1317
supply.	1318
Section 5. That existing sections 3313.713, 4723.50,	1319
4729.01, 4729.51, 4729.513, 4729.541, 4729.60, and 4729.88 of	1320
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1321
Section 6. Section 4729.01 of the Revised Code is	1322
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1323
by both Sub. S.B. 119 and Sub. S.B. 229 of the 132nd General	1324
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	1325
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	1326
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	1327
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	1328
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	1329
as presented in this act.	1330