

## 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## S. 1778

To prohibit transfers of individuals between ICE facilities and Federal, State, and local facilities, to ensure physical distancing inside ICE facilities, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 20, 2021

Mr. Bennet (for himself, Ms. Warren, and Mr. Blumenthal) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

## A BILL

- To prohibit transfers of individuals between ICE facilities and Federal, State, and local facilities, to ensure physical distancing inside ICE facilities, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "End Transfers of De-
  - 5 tained Immigrants Act".
  - 6 SEC. 2. LIMITATION ON TRANSFERS FROM ICE DETENTION
  - 7 FACILITIES.
  - 8 (a) Transfers Between ICE Facilities.—

- (1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-section (c), no person in the custody of U.S. Immi-gration and Customs Enforcement (referred to in this Act as "ICE") may be transferred between ICE facilities during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the date on which the public health emergency declared by the Department of Health and Human Services on Jan-uary 27, 2020 has concluded.
  - (2) Determination of conclusion of public Health emergency.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the public health emergency referred to in such paragraph shall be deemed to conclude when the daily transmission rate of the novel coronavirus (2019–nCoV) that causes COVID–19 has been sufficiently contained so that the daily transmission rate of the virus in the United States during the prior 2-week period is at or below 1 per 1,500,000 individuals.
  - (3) Transfers described.—The restriction under subsection (a)(1) shall apply to any transfer between any 2 ICE facilities utilized for the purpose of civil immigration detention, including—
- 24 (A) service processing centers;
- 25 (B) contract detention facilities;

1	(C) facilities operating under intergovern-
2	mental service agreements (whether dedicated
3	or nondedicated with ICE);
4	(D) juvenile facilities; and
5	(E) family residential centers.
6	(b) Transfers Between Federal, State, or
7	LOCAL FACILITIES.—
8	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
9	graph (2) or subsection (c), an ICE officer may not
10	apprehend or transfer any individual to or from any
11	ICE detention facility and—
12	(A) a Federal prison, including any facility
13	operated by the Bureau of Prisons or the
14	United States Marshals Service and any other
15	facility used for the detention of Federal pris-
16	oners;
17	(B) a detention facility operated by a State
18	or local law enforcement agency;
19	(C) a shelter or facility, whether perma-
20	nent or temporary in nature, housing unaccom-
21	panied minors in the custody of the Office of
22	Refugee Resettlement; or
23	(D) a State or local prison or jail.
24	(2) Requirements.—Notwithstanding para-
25	graph (1), a medical professional may authorize the

1	transfer of an individual between an ICE detention
2	facility and a State or local prison or jail if the med-
3	ical professional—
4	(A) administers a COVID-19 test; and
5	(B) quarantines the individual in a non-
6	punitive medical unit immediately before or
7	after conducting the transfer—
8	(i) for a period of 14 consecutive
9	days; or
10	(ii) until the test comes back negative.
11	(3) Defined term.—As used in paragraph
12	(2)(B), the term "nonpunitive medical unit" ex-
13	cludes any punitive holding area, including isolation,
14	solitary confinement, and administrative segregation.
15	(c) Release of Detainees.—Nothing in sub-
16	sections (a) and (b) may be construed to prohibit—
17	(1) the transfer of any individual solely for the
18	purpose of necessary processing related to the indi-
19	vidual's release from custody; or
20	(2) the transfer of a minor from the custody of
21	ICE to the custody of the Office of Refugee Reset-
22	tlement.
23	SEC. 3. PHYSICAL DISTANCING INSIDE ICE FACILITIES.
24	(a) In General.—If, at any time, the Department
25	of Homeland Security Office of the Inspector General, the

- 1 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, State or local
- 2 public health officials, court-appointed investigators, or
- 3 the Director of ICE determine that ICE cannot ensure
- 4 adherence to guidelines issued by the Centers for Disease
- 5 Control and Prevention to mitigate against the spread of
- 6 COVID-19 at any ICE facility, including maintaining
- 7 physical distance between individuals in custody at all
- 8 times, due to population levels or facility structures that
- 9 necessitates housing and sleeping large groups of people
- 10 in a single room, the Director shall—
- 11 (1) immediately conduct a custody review of all
- the individuals detained at such facility; and
- 13 (2) release all individuals who are determined
- eligible for release, with priority given to individuals
- who are most medically vulnerable to the effects of
- 16 COVID-19.
- 17 (b) Effect of Failure To Maintain Physical
- 18 DISTANCING.—If the Director of ICE is unable to ensure
- 19 physical distancing between all individuals in ICE custody
- 20 at all times by the end of the 30-day period beginning
- 21 on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director
- 22 shall—
- 23 (1) immediately initiate a custody review of all
- the individuals detained by ICE; and

1 (2) not later than 45 days after the date of the 2 enactment of this Act, release sufficient numbers of 3 detainees to ensure adherence to the guidelines 4 issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-5 vention regarding physical distancing to mitigate the 6 spread of COVID-19.

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