As Introduced

132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 167

Representative Edwards

Cosponsor: Representative Householder

A BILL

То	amend sections 4715.302, 4729.75, 4729.77,	1
	4729.79, 4731.052, and 4731.055 and to enact	2
	sections 4715.303, 4731.058, 4731.059, and	3
	5119.373 of the Revised Code regarding addiction	4
	treatment and opioid prescribing by physicians	5
	and dentists.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1 . That sections 4715.302, 4729.75, 4729.77,	7
4729.79, 4731.052, and 4731.055 be amended and sections	8
4715.303, 4731.058, 4731.059, and 5119.373 of the Revised Code	9
be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 4715.302. (A) As used in this section:	11
(1) "Drug database" means the database established and	12
maintained by the state board of pharmacy pursuant to section	13
4729.75 of the Revised Code.	14
(2) "Opioid analgesic" and "benzodiazepine" have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	15 16
(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (E) of this	17
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section, a dentist shall comply with all of the following as	18
conditions of prescribing a drug that is either an opioid	19
analgesic or a benzodiazepine, or personally furnishing a	20
complete or partial supply of such a drug, as part of a	21
patient's course of treatment for a particular condition:	22
(1) Before initially prescribing or furnishing the drug,	23
the dentist or the dentist's delegate shall request from the	24
drug database a report of information related to the patient	25
that covers at least the twelve months immediately preceding the	26
date of the request. If the dentist practices primarily in a	27
county of this state that adjoins another state, the dentist or	28
delegate also shall request a report of any information	29
available in the drug database that pertains to prescriptions	30
issued or drugs furnished to the patient in the state adjoining	31
that county.	32
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(2) If the patient's course of treatment for the condition	33
continues for more than ninety days after the initial report is	34
requested, the dentist or delegate shall make periodic requests	35
for reports of information from the drug database until the	36
course of treatment has ended. The requests shall be made at	37
intervals not exceeding ninety days, determined according to the	38
date the initial request was made. The request shall be made in	39
the same manner provided in division (B)(1) of this section for	40
requesting the initial report of information from the drug	41
database.	42
(3) On receipt of a report under division (B)(1) or (2) of	43
this section, the dentist shall assess the information in the	44
report. The dentist shall document in the patient's record that	45
the report was received and the information was assessed.	46

(C) (1) Division (B) of this section does not apply if a

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drug database report regarding the patient is not available. In	48
this event, the dentist shall document in the patient's record	49
the reason that the report is not available.	50
(2) Division (B) of this section does not apply if the	51
drug is prescribed or personally furnished in an amount	52
indicated for a period not to exceed seven days.	53
(D) The state dental board may adopt rules that establish	54
standards and procedures to be followed by a dentist regarding	55
the review of patient information available through the drug	56
database under division (A)(5) of section 4729.80 of the Revised	57
Code. The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119.	58
of the Revised Code.	59
(E) This section and any rules adopted under it do not	60
apply if the state board of pharmacy no longer maintains the	61
drug database.	62
Sec. 4715.303. (A) As used in this section, "opioid	63
analgesic" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the	64
Revised Code.	65
(B) The state dental board shall determine, for the	66
purposes of this section, what constitutes the practice of	67
general dentistry.	68
(C) A dentist whose practice is primarily general	69
dentistry shall not prescribe or personally furnish an opioid	70
analgesic if either of the following is the case:	71
(1) The morphine equivalent daily dose for the drug	72
exceeds fifty milligrams.	73
(2) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	74
the drug is prescribed or furnished in an amount indicated for a	75

period that exceeds three days.	76
(D) A dentist whose practice is primarily general	77
dentistry may prescribe or personally furnish an opioid	78
analgesic in an amount indicated for a period that exceeds three	79
days but is not more than seven days if all of the following	80
<pre>conditions are met:</pre>	81
(1) The dentist has completed at least eight hours of	82
training approved by the state dental board relating to opioids	83
and addiction.	84
(2) The dentist or dentist's employer or dental practice	85
utilizes an electronic medical records system that provides	86
direct access to reports of patient information from the drug	87
database established and maintained by the state board of	88
pharmacy pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code.	89
(3) The dentist annually completes at least two hours of	90
continuing education approved by the state dental board relating	91
to prescribing opioids.	92
(4) The dentist is able to refer patients to treatment for	93
opioid dependence or addiction, which may include medication-	94
assisted treatment and behavioral health services.	95
(E) The state dental board may establish limits on the	96
amount or morphine equivalent daily dose of an opioid analgesic	97
that may be prescribed or personally furnished by a dentist	98
whose practice is primarily in a specialty other than general	99
dentistry.	100
Sec. 4729.75. The state board of pharmacy may establish	101
and maintain a drug database. The board shall use the drug	102
database to monitor the misuse and diversion of the following:	103
controlled substances, as defined in section 3719.01 of the	104

Revised Code; medical marijuana, as authorized under Chapter	105
3796. of the Revised Code; <u>naltrexone</u>; and other dangerous drugs	106
the board includes in the database pursuant to rules adopted	107
under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code. In establishing and	108
maintaining the database, the board shall electronically collect	109
information pursuant to sections 4729.77, 4729.771, and 4729.79	110
of the Revised Code and shall disseminate information as	111
authorized or required by sections 4729.80 and 4729.81 of the	112
Revised Code. The board's collection and dissemination of	113
information shall be conducted in accordance with rules adopted	114
under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code.	115
Sec. 4729.77. (A) If the state board of pharmacy	116
establishes and maintains a drug database pursuant to section	117
4729.75 of the Revised Code, each pharmacy licensed as a	118
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs that dispenses drugs to	119
patients in this state and is included in the types of	120
pharmacies specified in rules adopted under section 4729.84 of	121
the Revised Code shall submit to the board the following	122
prescription information:	123
(1) Terminal distributor identification;	124
(2) Patient identification;	125
(3) Prescriber identification;	126
(4) Date prescription was issued by prescriber;	127
(5) Date drug was dispensed;	128
(6) Indication of whether the drug dispensed is new or a	129
refill;	130
(7) Name, strength, and national drug code of the drug	131
dispensed;	132

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(8) Quantity of drug dispensed;	133
(9) Number of days' supply of drug dispensed;	134
(10) Serial or prescription number assigned by the	135
terminal distributor;	136
(11) Source of payment for the drug dispensed;	137
(12) If applicable, the morphine equivalent daily dose of	138
the drug dispensed.	139
(B)(1) The information shall be transmitted as specified	140
by the board in rules adopted under section 4729.84 of the	141
Revised Code.	142
(2) The information shall be submitted electronically in	143
the format specified by the board, except that the board may	144
grant a waiver allowing the distributor to submit the	145
information in another format.	146
(3) The information shall be submitted in accordance with	147
any time limits specified by the board, except that the board	148
may grant an extension if either of the following occurs:	149
(a) The distributor suffers a mechanical or electronic	150
failure, or cannot meet the deadline for other reasons beyond	151
the distributor's control.	152
(b) The board is unable to receive electronic submissions.	153
(C) This section does not apply to a prescriber personally	154
furnishing or administering dangerous drugs to the prescriber's	155
patient.	156
Sec. 4729.79. (A) If the state board of pharmacy	157
establishes and maintains a drug database pursuant to section	158
4729.75 of the Revised Code, each licensed health professional	159

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authorized to prescribe drugs, except as provided in division	160
(C) of this section, who personally furnishes to a patient a	161
controlled substance <u>, naltrexone,</u> or other dangerous drug the	162
board includes in the database pursuant to rules adopted under	163
section 4729.84 of the Revised Code shall submit to the board	164
the following information:	165
(1) Prescriber identification;	166
(2) Patient identification;	167
(3) Date drug was furnished by the prescriber;	168
(4) Indication of whether the drug furnished is new or a	169
refill;	170
(5) Name, strength, and national drug code of drug	171
furnished;	172
(6) Quantity of drug furnished;	173
(7) Number of days' supply of drug furnished;	174
(8) Source of payment for the drug furnished;	175
(9) Identification of the owner of the drug furnished:	176
(10) If applicable, the morphine equivalent daily dose of	177
the drug furnished.	178
(B)(1) The information shall be transmitted as specified	179
by the board in rules adopted under section 4729.84 of the	180
Revised Code.	181
(2) The information shall be submitted electronically in	182
the format specified by the board, except that the board may	183
grant a waiver allowing the prescriber to submit the information	184
in another format.	185

(3) The information shall be submitted in accordance with	186
any time limits specified by the board, except that the board	187
may grant an extension if either of the following occurs:	188
(a) The prescriber's transmission system suffers a	189
mechanical or electronic failure, or the prescriber cannot meet	190
the deadline for other reasons beyond the prescriber's control.	191
(b) The board is unable to receive electronic submissions.	192
(C)(1) The information required to be submitted under	193
division (A) of this section may be submitted on behalf of the	194
prescriber by the owner of the drug being personally furnished	195
or by a delegate approved by that owner.	196
(2) The requirements of this section to submit information	197
to the board do not apply to a prescriber who is a veterinarian.	198
(D) If the board becomes aware of a prescriber's failure	199
to comply with this section, the board shall notify the	200
government entity responsible for licensing the prescriber.	201
Sec. 4731.052. (A) As used in this section:	202
(1) "Chronic pain" means pain that has persisted after	203
reasonable medical efforts have been made to relieve the pain or	204
cure its cause and that has continued, either continuously or	205
episodically, for longer than three continuous months. "Chronic	206
pain" does not include pain associated with a terminal condition	207
or with a progressive disease that, in the normal course of	208
progression, may reasonably be expected to result in a terminal	209
condition.	210
(2) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	211
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	212
(3) "Physician" means an individual authorized under this	213

chapter to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	214
and surgery.	215
(B) The state medical board shall adopt rules in	216
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that establish	217
standards and procedures to be followed by physicians in the	218
diagnosis and treatment of chronic pain, including standards for	219
a physician's consultation with one or more other physicians who	220
specialize in the treatment of the area, system, or organ of the	221
body perceived as the source of pain and managing chronic pain	222
by prescribing, personally furnishing, or administering	223
controlled substances or products containing tramadol.	224
(C) When a physician diagnoses a patient as having chronic	225
pain, the physician may, subject to division (D) of this	226
section, treat the pain by managing it with controlled	227
substances and products containing tramadol. The physician's	228
diagnosis and treatment decisions shall be made according to	229
accepted and prevailing standards for medical care. For the	230
purpose of assisting with the diagnosis of chronic pain, the	231
physician shall obtain and review all available medical records	232
or detailed written summaries of the patient's treatment for	233
chronic pain or the condition causing the chronic pain. It is	234
recommended that the physician also consider having the patient	235
evaluated by one or more other physicians who specialize in the	236
treatment of the area, system, or organ of the body perceived as	237
the source of the pain.	238
(D) (1) To be authorized to treat chronic pain with a	239
controlled substance or product containing tramadol, a physician	240
must do all of the following:	241
(a) Complete at least eight hours of training approved by	242

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the state medical board relating to addiction;

(b) Utilize an electronic medical records system that	244
provides direct access to reports of patient information from	245
the drug database established and maintained by the state board	246
of pharmacy pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	247
(c) Annually complete at least two hours of continuing	248
education approved by the state medical board relating to	249
<pre>prescribing controlled substances.</pre>	250
(2) A physician shall not prescribe, furnish, or	251
administer a controlled substance or product containing tramadol	252
for treatment of chronic pain if its morphine equivalent daily	253
dose exceeds fifty milligrams.	254
(3) For each patient a physician diagnoses as having	255
chronic pain, the physician shall maintain a written record of	256
all of the following:	257
(1) (a) Medical history and physical examination of the	258
patient;	259
(2) (b) The diagnosis of chronic pain, including signs,	260
symptoms, and causes;	261
(3) (c) The plan of treatment proposed, the patient's	262
response to treatment, and any modification to the plan of	263
treatment, including all of the following:	264
$\frac{(a)}{(i)}$ Documentation that other medically reasonable	265
treatments for relief of the patient's chronic pain have been	266
offered or attempted without adequate or reasonable success;	267
(b) (ii) Periodic assessment and documentation of the	268
patient's functional status, including the ability to engage in	269
work or other purposeful activities, the pain intensity and its	270
interference with activities of daily living, quality of family	271

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life and social activities, and physical activity of the	272
patient;	273
(c) (iii) Periodic assessment and documentation of the	274
patient's progress toward treatment objectives, including the	275
intended role of controlled substances or products containing	276
tramadol within the overall plan of treatment;	277
(d) (iv) Periodic assessment and documentation for	278
indicators of possible addiction, drug abuse, or drug diversion;	279
(e) (v) Notation of any adverse drug effects.	280
(4) (d) The dates on which controlled substances or	281
products containing tramadol were prescribed, furnished, or	282
administered, the name and address of the patient to or for whom	283
the controlled substances or products containing tramadol were	284
prescribed, furnished, or administered, and the amounts—and—	285
dosage forms, and if applicable, morphine equivalent daily dose	286
for the controlled substances or products containing tramadol	287
prescribed, furnished, or administered;	288
(5) (e) A copy of any record or report made by another	289
physician that was used or consulted for the purpose of	290
diagnosing the patient's chronic pain or treating the patient	291
for chronic pain.	292
(4) For each patient diagnosed as having chronic pain who	293
a physician determines will no longer benefit from treatment	294
with a controlled substance or product containing tramadol, the	295
physician shall do both of the following:	296
(a) Review the guidelines regarding opioid tapering or	297
discontinuation established by the federal centers for disease	298
control and prevention and presented in the document "CDC	299
Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain - United	300

States, 2016" or a successor document, unless the guidelines are	301
no longer in effect at the time of the physician's	302
<pre>determination;</pre>	303
(b) Modify the plan of treatment to cause the patient's	304
dosage to be tapered until the controlled substance or product	305
is no longer prescribed, furnished, or administered.	306
(E) A physician shall not prescribe, personally furnish,	307
or administer to a patient a controlled substance or product	308
containing tramadol without taking into account the potential	309
for abuse of the controlled substance or product, the	310
possibility the controlled substance or product may lead to	311
dependence, the possibility the patient will obtain the	312
controlled substance or product for a nontherapeutic use or	313
distribute it to other persons, and the potential existence of	314
an illicit market for the controlled substance or product. In	315
addition, the physician shall address with the patient the risks	316
associated with protracted treatment with controlled substances	317
or products containing tramadol, including informing the patient	318
of the potential for dependence, tolerance, and addiction and	319
the clinical or monitoring tools the physician may use if signs	320
of addiction, drug abuse, or drug diversion are present.	321
(F) A physician who treats chronic pain by managing it	322
with controlled substances or products containing tramadol is	323
not subject to disciplinary action by the board under section	324
4731.22 of the Revised Code solely because the physician treated	325
the chronic pain with controlled substances or products	326
containing tramadol.	327
Sec. 4731.055. (A) As used in this section:	328
(1) "Drug database" means the database established and	329

maintained by the state board of pharmacy pursuant to section	330
4729.75 of the Revised Code.	331
(2) "Physician" means an individual authorized under this	332
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	333
and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery.	334
(3) "Opioid analgesic" and "benzodiazepine" have the same	335
meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	336
(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (E) of this	337
section, a physician shall comply with all of the following as	338
conditions of prescribing a drug that is either an opioid	339
analgesic or a benzodiazepine, or personally furnishing a	340
complete or partial supply of such a drug, as part of a	341
patient's course of treatment for a particular condition:	342
(1) Before initially prescribing or furnishing the drug,	343
the physician or the physician's delegate shall request from the	344
drug database a report of information related to the patient	345
that covers at least the twelve months immediately preceding the	346
date of the request. If the physician practices primarily in a	347
county of this state that adjoins another state, the physician	348
or delegate also shall request a report of any information	349
available in the drug database that pertains to prescriptions	350
issued or drugs furnished to the patient in the state adjoining	351
that county.	352
(2) If the patient's course of treatment for the condition	353
continues for more than ninety days after the initial report is	354
requested, the physician or delegate shall make periodic	355
requests for reports of information from the drug database until	356
the course of treatment has ended. The requests shall be made at	357
intervals not exceeding ninety days, determined according to the	358

date the initial request was made. The request shall be made in	359
the same manner provided in division (B)(1) of this section for	360
requesting the initial report of information from the drug	361
database.	362
(3) On receipt of a report under division (B)(1) or (2) of	363
this section, the physician shall assess the information in the	364
report. The physician shall document in the patient's record	365
that the report was received and the information was assessed.	366
(C) Division (B) of this section does not apply in any of	367
the following circumstances:	368
(1) A drug database report regarding the patient is not	369
available, in which case the physician shall document in the	370
patient's record the reason that the report is not available.	371
(2) The drug is prescribed or personally furnished in an	372
amount indicated for a period not to exceed seven days.	373
(3)—The drug is prescribed or personally furnished for the	374
treatment of cancer or another condition associated with cancer.	375
$\frac{(4)-(3)}{(3)}$ The drug is prescribed or personally furnished to	376
a hospice patient in a hospice care program, as those terms are	377
defined in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code, or any other	378
patient diagnosed as terminally ill.	379
$\frac{(5)}{(4)}$ The drug is prescribed or personally furnished for	380
administration in a hospital, nursing home, or residential care	381
facility.	382
$\frac{(6)-(5)}{(5)}$ The drug is prescribed or personally furnished to	383
treat acute pain resulting from a surgical or other invasive	384
procedure or a delivery.	385
(D) The state medical board may adopt rules that establish	386

standards and procedures to be followed by a physician regarding	387
the review of patient information available through the drug	388
database under division (A)(5) of section 4729.80 of the Revised	389
Code. The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119.	390
of the Revised Code.	391
(E) This section and any rules adopted under it do not	392
apply if the state board of pharmacy no longer maintains the	393
drug database.	394
Sec. 4731.058. (A) As used in this section:	395
(1) "Opioid agonist treatment medication" and "opioid	396
treatment program" have the same meanings as in 42 C.F.R. 8.2.	397
(2) "Physician" means an individual authorized under this	398
<pre>chapter to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine</pre>	399
and surgery.	400
(B) To the extent permitted by federal law, a patient	401
accepted for treatment of opioid dependence or addiction by	402
either of the following shall be offered treatment with	403
<pre>naltrexone:</pre>	404
(1) An opioid treatment program that is the subject of a	405
valid certification pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11;	406
(2) A physician who practices in a location other than an	407
opioid treatment program, but holds a waiver pursuant to 21	408
U.S.C. 823(g)(2) and is authorized to issue prescriptions for	409
buprenorphine from the practice location.	410
(C) When offering treatment with naltrexone, a physician	411
described in division (B)(2) of this section or practicing in an	412
opioid treatment program shall do all of the following:	413
(1) Discuss with the patient the benefits and risks of	414

treatment with naltrexone as opposed to the benefits and risks	415
of treatment with an opioid agonist treatment medication such as	416
<pre>buprenorphine;</pre>	417
(2) Obtain a consent form signed by the patient indicating	418
the type of treatment to be provided;	419
(3) Sign the consent form after it is signed by the	420
<pre>patient;</pre>	421
(4) Place in the patient's medical record a copy of the	422
consent form signed by the patient and physician.	423
Sec. 4731.059. (A) As used in this section:	424
(1) "Opioid analgesic" has the same meaning as in section	425
3719.01 of the Revised Code.	426
(2) "Physician" means an individual authorized under this	427
chapter to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	428
and surgery.	429
(B) The state medical board shall determine, for the	430
purposes of this section, what constitutes a primary care	431
specialty.	432
(C) Except as provided in division (E) of this section, a	433
physician whose practice is primarily in a primary care	434
specialty shall not prescribe or personally furnish an opioid	435
analgesic if either of the following is the case:	436
(1) The morphine equivalent daily dose for the drug	437
<pre>exceeds fifty milligrams.</pre>	438
(2) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	439
the drug is prescribed or furnished in an amount indicated for a	440
period that exceeds three days.	441

(D) A physician whose practice is primarily in a primary	442
care specialty may prescribe or personally furnish an opioid	443
analgesic in an amount indicated for a period that exceeds three	444
days but is not more than seven days if all of the following	445
<pre>conditions are met:</pre>	446
(1) The physician has completed at least eight hours of	447
training approved by the state medical board relating to opioids	448
and addiction.	449
(2) The physician or physician's employer or medical	450
practice utilizes an electronic medical records system that	451
provides direct access to reports of patient information from	452
the drug database established and maintained by the state board	453
of pharmacy pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code.	454
(3) The physician completes on an annual basis at least	455
two hours of continuing education approved by the state medical	456
board relating to prescribing opioids.	457
(4) The physician is able to provide treatment for opioid	458
dependence or addiction, which may include medication-assisted	459
treatment and behavioral health services. In the case of	460
behavioral health services, a physician may refer a patient to	461
another individual who provides such services.	462
(E) This section does not apply when, as part of the	463
physician's regular practice, a physician prescribes or	464
personally furnishes opioid analgesics in any of the following	465
<pre>circumstances:</pre>	466
(1) For the treatment of cancer or another condition	467
associated with cancer;	468
(2) To a hospice patient in a hospice care program, as	469
those terms are defined in section 3712.01 of the Revised Code,	470

or to any other patient diagnosed as terminally ill;	471
(3) To an inpatient for administration in a hospital;	472
(4) To a resident of a nursing home or residential care	473
facility for administration in the home or facility;	474
(5) To treat chronic pain in accordance with section	475
4731.052 of the Revised Code.	476
(F) The state medical board may establish limits on the	477
amount or morphine equivalent daily dose of an opioid analgesic	478
that may be prescribed or personally furnished by a physician	479
whose practice is primarily in a specialty other than primary	480
care.	481
Sec. 5119.373. (A) The department of mental health and	482
addiction services shall develop and make available one or more	483
online courses that provide the counseling and other ancillary	484
services required by 21 C.F.R. 1301.28(b)(1)(ii) to the patients	485
of a physician who meets all of the following criteria:	486
(1) Is authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code	487
to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and	488
<pre>surgery;</pre>	489
(2) Holds a waiver issued pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823(g)(2);	490
(3) Practices in a location other than an opioid treatment	491
program and is authorized to issue prescriptions for	492
buprenorphine from the practice location.	493
(B) In developing the online courses required by this	494
section, the department may consult with one or more individuals	495
or entities specializing in providing services, including	496
counseling, educational, or vocational services, to persons	497
treated for opioid dependence or addiction.	498

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Section 2. That existing sections 4715.302, 4729.75,	499
4729.77, 4729.79, 4731.052, and 4731.055 of the Revised Code are	500
hereby repealed.	501
Section 3. This act shall be known as Daniel's Law.	502