

117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 3344

AN ACT

- To prioritize the efforts of and enhance coordination among United States agencies to encourage countries in Central and Eastern Europe to improve the security of their telecommunications networks, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Transatlantic Tele-
- 3 communications Security Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS; STATEMENT OF POLICY.
- 5 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-6 gress that—
- 7 (1) fifth and future generation's telecommuni8 cation networks in allied and partner countries
 9 based on common, secure, transparent, democratic
 10 standards have the potential to increase cultural, po11 litical, and economic exchanges leading to mutual
 12 job creation, closer citizen relations, and stronger
 13 democratic institutions;
 - (2) Russia's unprovoked, unjustified, and illegal invasion of Ukraine and the People's Republic of China's tacit support for Russian Federation's actions demonstrate the importance of secure telecommunication infrastructure in Central and Eastern European nations;
 - (3) the United States has national security and economic interests in assisting Central and Eastern European countries to improve the security of their telecommunication networks by reducing dependence on covered telecommunication equipment or services that are often offered with predatory economic in-

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- ducements and replacing them with secure telecommunication equipment or services;
- (4) China's Belt and Road Initiative and the 17+1 Initiative seek to undermine Central and Eastern Europe's infrastructure resilience and sovereignty through predatory inducements from statelinked providers of telecommunication equipment or services such as Huawei Technologies Company and ZTE Corporation;
 - (5) China's 2017 National Intelligence Law obligates Chinese businesses to fully cooperate with state intelligence work, and thereby compromises the integrity of any network that utilizes equipment from Chinese companies because providers could be forced to hand over sensitive data or shut down networks at the command of China;
 - (6) Russia's campaign to elect a Russian national, who is a former Huawei Technologies Company executive, to serve as the Secretary-General of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) is indicative of China and Russia's efforts to use international organizations to promote their interests and their malign influence;
- 24 (7) at global for such as the ITU, the United 25 States Government should actively support can-

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- didates that espouse democratic values, internet
 freedoms, and secure telecommunication networks;
- 3 (8) the United States International Develop4 ment Finance Corporation's development priorities,
 5 as described in section 1412 of the Better Utiliza6 tion of Investments Leading to Development Act of
 7 2018, properly includes a focus on less developed
 8 countries;
 - (9) the United States should assemble a coalition of democratic and like-minded allies and partners to counter the rise of global malign actors such as China and Russia and build resilience in Central and Eastern Europe against malign influences; and
 - (10) in order to ensure robust military coordination and interoperability with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and transatlantic allies and partners, the United States should ensure that allies and partners' telecommunication networks are secure and free from potential threats in accordance with the 2019 NATO London Declaration.
- 21 (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the 22 United States—
- 23 (1) to strengthen the transatlantic alliance 24 based on shared values in the face of rising malign 25 influence from the People's Republic of China and

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- the Russian Federation, countries that seek to undermine democratic institutions and values;
 - (2) to encourage public and private sector investment in European telecommunication infrastructure projects to ensure secure telecommunication and to catalyze economic advancement through the highest standards of transparency, accessibility, and competition;
 - (3) to provide economically feasible alternatives to financing from providers of covered telecommunication equipment or services;
 - (4) to engage in diplomacy with European allies and partners to strengthen the United States and European private sector efforts to develop common telecommunication technology and industry standards, and in turn promote them globally;
 - (5) to support the Three Seas Initiative organized by 12 Central and Eastern European countries of the European Union to increase infrastructure resiliency and reduce reliance on malign actors, including in the telecommunication space;
 - (6) to enhance telecommunication security and freedom around the globe by engaging in elections at the ITU and promoting the candidacies of individuals that will promote democratic values, the rule of

1	law, technological freedoms, and telecommunication
2	security;
3	(7) to support the people of Ukraine, Moldova,
4	Georgia, and the Western Balkan countries in their
5	desire for integration into Euro-Atlantic institutions
6	and economies through enhanced cross-border tele-
7	communication infrastructure connectivity; and
8	(8) to ensure that frontline NATO allies have
9	telecommunication services that cannot be controlled
10	by China or Russia, especially considering Russia's
11	illegal and unjustifiable invasion of Ukraine.
12	SEC. 3. INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION SE-
13	CURITY CAMPAIGN DIRECTOR.
14	(a) APPOINTMENT.—Not later than 30 days after the
15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State
16	shall appoint, from among existing personnel of the De-
17	partment of State, an International Telecommunication
18	Union Security Campaign Director (in this section re-
19	ferred to as the "Director").
20	(b) Duties.—The Director shall—
	(b) Duties.—The Director shall—(1) lead efforts to promote candidates for elec-
20	
20 21	(1) lead efforts to promote candidates for elec-
202122	(1) lead efforts to promote candidates for elec- tions at the International Telecommunication Union

- 1 (2) coordinate with other officials of the De2 partment of State, the Department of Commerce,
 3 the Federal Communications Commission, and other
 4 Federal departments and agencies to ensure efforts
 5 described in paragraph (1) are carried out in an or6 ganized, nimble, efficient, and effective manner;
 - (3) work with stakeholders in the private sector to harmonize efforts and to galvanize focus on elections at the ITU;
 - (4) use diplomatic tools of the Department of State to bolster support for candidates for elections at the ITU who will support and defend democratic values, internet freedom, and telecommunication security;
 - (5) brief Congress regularly on the implementation of the duties described in paragraphs (1) through (4) and, if appropriate, on requests for additional legislative authority necessary to enhance telecommunication security and freedom around the globe as described in section 2(b)(6); and
 - (6) report to the Assistant Secretary of State for International Organization Affairs regularly on development, progress, or setbacks with respect to support to the people of Ukraine, Moldova, Georgia,

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- and the Western Balkan countries as described in
- 2 section 2(b)(7).
- 3 (c) Sunset.—This section shall terminate on Octo-
- 4 ber 31, 2022.
- 5 SEC. 4. PRIORITIZATION OF EFFORTS AND ASSISTANCE
- 6 FOR TELECOMMUNICATION INFRASTRUC-
- 7 TURE PROJECTS IN CENTRAL AND EASTERN
- 8 EUROPE.
- 9 (a) In General.—In carrying out the policy de-
- 10 scribed in section 2(b), the Secretary of State, in consulta-
- 11 tion with the Secretary of Commerce, the Chief Executive
- 12 Officer of the United States International Development
- 13 Finance Corporation, the Director of the Trade and Devel-
- 14 opment Agency, the head of the Federal Communications
- 15 Commission, and the heads of other relevant Federal de-
- 16 partments and agencies, shall, as appropriate, prioritize
- 17 and expedite the efforts of the Department of State and
- 18 those departments and agencies in supporting the efforts
- 19 of the European Commission and the governments of Cen-
- 20 tral and Eastern European countries to improve the secu-
- 21 rity of their telecommunication networks, including
- 22 through providing diplomatic and political support to the
- 23 European Commission and Central and Eastern European
- 24 countries, as necessary—

- (1) to ensure European telecommunication networks are built securely, consistent with democratic values and principles such as privacy, including through early-stage project support and late-stage project support for the construction or improvement of telecommunication and related infrastructure;
 - (2) to remove covered telecommunication equipment or services and replace such equipment or services with secure telecommunication equipment or services;
 - (3) to support the development of telecommunication networks that are inclusive, transparent, economically viable, financially, environmentally, and socially sustainable, compliant with international standards, laws, and regulations, and supplied by providers of secure telecommunication equipment or services; and
 - (4) to facilitate international coordination on cross-border telecommunication infrastructure construction and security standards to ensure cross-border telecommunications are secure.

22 (b) Project Selection.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, and the

1	Director of the Trade and Development Agency shall
2	jointly identify telecommunication infrastructure
3	projects that would advance the United States na-
4	tional security and be appropriate for United States
5	assistance under this section.
6	(2) Project eligibility.—A project is eligible
7	for United States assistance under this section if—
8	(A) the project—
9	(i) improves telecommunication net-
10	works through either hard infrastructure,
11	such as telecommunication lines, towers,
12	antennas, or other equipment, or soft in-
13	frastructure, such as innovative software
14	development or cloud services;
15	(ii) is inclusive, transparent, economi-
16	cally viable, financially, environmentally,
17	and socially sustainable, compliant with
18	international standards, laws, and regula-
19	tions, and supplied with secure tele-
20	communication equipment or services solely
21	by providers of secure telecommunication
22	equipment or services; and
23	(iii) does not use covered tele-
24	communication equipment or services or
25	removes covered telecommunication equip-

1	ment or services and replaces such equip-
2	ment or services with secure telecommuni-
3	cation equipment or services; and
4	(B) the project is located in a covered
5	country.
6	(3) Preference.—In selecting among projects
7	that are eligible under paragraph (2), the heads of
8	the Federal departments and agencies specified in
9	subsection (a) shall give preference to projects
10	that—
11	(A) are located in Ukraine;
12	(B) can attract funding from the private
13	sector, an international financial institution, the
14	government of the country in which the project
15	will be carried out, or the European Commis-
16	sion;
17	(C) have been designated as available for
18	funding through the Three Seas Initiative In-
19	vestment Fund;
20	(D) are to be carried out in the Three Seas
21	Initiative member nations;
22	(E) are to be carried out in NATO mem-
23	ber states that meet or are making progress to-
24	ward meeting their commitments to upholding
25	the rule of law and preserving democratic insti-

- tutions in accordance with the preamble and
 Article 2 of the North Atlantic Treaty;
 - (F) are to be carried out in NATO member states that meet or are making demonstrable progress toward meeting their defense spending commitments in accordance with the 2014 NATO Wales Summit Declaration; or
 - (G) have the potential to advance United States economic interests.

(c) Types of Assistance.—

- (1) DIPLOMATIC AND POLITICAL SUPPORT.—
 The Secretary of State shall provide diplomatic and political support to the covered countries, as necessary, including by using the diplomatic and political influence and expertise of the Department of State to build the capacity of covered countries to resolve any impediments to the development of projects selected under subsection (b).
- (2) International financial institutions support.—The Secretary of State shall seek to encourage international financial institutions, including the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the European Investment Bank, and the International Monetary Fund, the Foreign, Commonwealth, and Development Office of the Govern-

- ment of the United Kingdom, the Agency for International Cooperation of the Government of Germany, and the Development Agency of the Government of France to invest in telecommunication infrastructure resilience in Central and Eastern Europe.
 - (3) Early-stage project support.—The Director of the Trade and Development Agency shall provide early-stage project support with respect to projects selected under subsection (b), as necessary.
 - (4) Late-stage project support.—The heads of the Federal departments and agencies specified in subsection (a) that provide late-stage project support shall do so, with respect to projects selected under subsection (b), as necessary.
 - (5) United States International Development Finance Corporation is authorized to provide support for projects under this section in covered countries that are countries with upper-middle-income economies or high-income economies (as those terms are defined by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Development Association (collectively referred to as the "World Bank")), notwithstanding the restriction contained

1	in section 1412(c)(2) of the Better Utilization of In-
2	vestments Leading to Development Act of 2018 (22
3	U.S.C. $9612(e)(2)$).
4	SEC. 5. REPORT.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
6	date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
7	for 5 years, the President shall submit to the appropriate
8	congressional committees a report on the progress made
9	in providing assistance for projects under section 4 that
10	includes—
11	(1) a description of the telecommunications in-
12	frastructure projects the United States has identi-
13	fied for such assistance; and
14	(2) for each such project—
15	(A) a description of the role of the United
16	States in the project, including in early-stage
17	project support and late-stage project support;
18	(B) the amount and form of debt financ-
19	ing, equity financing, and insurance provided by
20	the United States Government, the Three Seas
21	Initiative Investment Fund, and international
22	financial institutions, including the European
23	Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the
24	European Investment Bank, and the Inter-
25	national Monetary Fund, the Foreign, Com-

1	monwealth, and Development Office of the Gov-
2	ernment of the United Kingdom, the Agency for
3	International Cooperation of the Government of
4	Germany, and the Development Agency of the
5	Government of France for the project;
6	(C) the contractual terms of the project
7	that preclude the use of covered telecommuni-
8	cation equipment or services and steps taken to
9	ensure providers of telecommunication equip-
10	ment or services meet such contractual terms;
11	and
12	(D) an update on the progress made on
13	the project as of the date of the report.
14	(b) Appropriate Congressional Committees
15	Defined.—In this section, the term "appropriate con-
16	gressional committees" means—
17	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
18	Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-
19	resentatives; and
20	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations and
21	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
22	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
23	In this Act:
24	(1) COVERED COUNTRY.—The term "covered
25	country" includes—

1	(A) any member state of the North Atlan-
2	tic Treaty Organization that—
3	(i) shares a border with the Russian
4	Federation; and
5	(ii) according to World Bank official
6	data for 2020, has a Gross Domestic Prod-
7	uct per capita, adjusted for purchasing
8	power parity, of less than \$45,000; and
9	(B) any European country that—
10	(i) has not participated or aided in
11	Russia's invasion of Ukraine; and
12	(ii) according to World Bank official
13	data for 2020, has a Gross Domestic Prod-
14	uct per capita, adjusted for purchasing
15	power parity, of less than \$34,000.
16	(2) COVERED TELECOMMUNICATION EQUIP-
17	MENT OR SERVICES.—The term "covered tele-
18	communication equipment or services" means any of
19	the following:
20	(A) Telecommunication equipment or serv-
21	ices produced or provided by Huawei Tech-
22	nologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any
23	subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
24	(B) Telecommunication equipment or serv-
25	ices produced or provided by an entity that the

1	Secretary of State, in consultation with the Di-
2	rector of National Intelligence, reasonably be-
3	lieves to be an entity owned or controlled by, or
4	otherwise connected to, the People's Republic of
5	China or the Russian Federation.
6	(3) EARLY-STAGE PROJECT SUPPORT.—The
7	term "early-stage project support" includes—
8	(A) feasibility studies;
9	(B) resource evaluations;
10	(C) project appraisal and costing;
11	(D) pilot projects;
12	(E) commercial support, such as trade
13	missions, reverse trade missions, technical
14	workshops, international buyer programs, and
15	international partner searchers to link suppliers
16	to projects;
17	(F) technical assistance and other guid-
18	ance to improve the local regulatory environ-
19	ment and market frameworks to encourage
20	transparent competition and enhance tele-
21	communication security; and
22	(G) long-term telecommunication sector
23	planning.
24	(4) LATE-STAGE PROJECT SUPPORT.—The term
25	"late-stage project support" includes debt financing,

[equity financing,	insurance,	and	transaction	advisory
2	services.				

3 (5) SECURE TELECOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT
4 OR SERVICES.—The term "secure telecommunication
5 equipment or services" means telecommunication
6 equipment or services that are not, and do not con7 tain, covered telecommunication equipment or services.
8 ices.

Passed the House of Representatives April 27, 2022. Attest:

Clerk.

117th CONGRESS H. R. 3344

AN ACT

To prioritize the efforts of and enhance coordination among United States agencies to encourage countries in Central and Eastern Europe to improve the security of their telecommunications networks, and for other purposes.